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MIDTERM EXAMINATION Spring 2010 CS502- Fundamentals of Algorithms (Session - 6)

Time: 60 min Marks: 38

Question No: 1 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Random access machine or RAM is a/an

- ► Machine build by Al-Khwarizmi
- ► Mechanical machine
- ► Electronics machine
- ► Mathematical model

Question No: 2 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

is a graphical representation of an algorithm

- $\overline{\triangleright \Sigma}$ notation
- ightharpoonup notation
- **►** Flowchart
- ► Asymptotic notation

Question No: 3 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

A RAM is an idealized machine with random-access memory.

- ► 256MB
- ► 512MB
- ► an infinitely large
- ► 100GB

Question No: 4 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

What type of instructions Random Access Machine (RAM) can execute? Choose best answer

- ► Algebraic and logic
- ► Geometric and arithmetic
- ► Arithmetic and logic
- ► Parallel and recursive

Question No: 5 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

What will be the total number of max comparisons if we run brute-force maxima algorithm with n elements? http://vustudents.ning.com



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Question No: 6 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

What is the solution to the recurrence T(n) = T(n/2) + n. http://vustudents.ning.com

- $ightharpoonup O(\log n)$
- ightharpoonup O(n)
- $ightharpoonup O(n\log n)$
- $\triangleright O(n^2)$

Question No: 7 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

```
Consider the following code: For(j=1; j<n;j++) For(k=1; k<15;k++) For(l=5; l<n; l++) { Do_something_constant(); }
```

What is the order of execution for this code.

- ightharpoonup O(n)
- $ightharpoonup O(n^3)$
- $ightharpoonup O(n^2 \log n)$
- $ightharpoonup O(n^2)$

Question No: 8 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

```
Consider the following Algorithm:

Factorial (n){
  if (n=1)
    return 1
  else
    return (n * Factorial(n-1))
{

Recurrence for the following algorithm is:
    \( \bigcup T(n) = T(n-1) + 1 \)
  \( \bigcup T(n) = nT(n-1) + 1 \)
```

Question No: 9 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

What is the total time to heapify?

► T(n)= T(n-1) +n ► T(n)=T(n(n-1)) +1

- $ightharpoonup O(\log n)$
- ightharpoonup O(n log n)

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- $ightharpoonup O(n^2 \log n)$
- $ightharpoonup O(\log^2 n)$

Question No: 10 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

When we call heapify then at each level the comparison performed takes time

- ► It will take Θ (1)
- ► Time will vary according to the nature of input data
- ► It can not be predicted
- ightharpoonup It will take Θ (log n)

Question No: 11 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

In Quick sort, we don't have the control over the sizes of recursive calls

- **►** True
- ► False
- ► Less information to decide
- ► Either true or false

Question No: 12 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Is it possible to sort without making comparisons?

- **►** Yes
- ► No

Question No: 13 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If there are Θ (n²) entries in edit distance matrix then the total running time is

- $\triangleright \Theta(1)$
- $\triangleright \Theta (n^2)$
- **▶** Θ (n)
- $\triangleright \Theta$ (n log n)

Question No: 14 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

For Chain Matrix Multiplication we can not use divide and conquer approach because.

- ► We do not know the optimum k
- ► We use divide and conquer for sorting only
- ► We can easily perform it in linear time
- ➤ Size of data is not given

Question No: 15 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The Knapsack problem belongs to the domain of problems.

- **▶** Optimization
- ► NP Complete
- ► Linear Solution
- ➤ Sorting

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Question No: 16 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Suppose we have three items as shown in the following table, and suppose the capacity of the knapsack is 50 i.e. W = 50.

Item	Value	Weight
1	60	10
2	100	20
3	120	30

The optimal solution is to pick

- ▶ Items 1 and 2
- ▶ Items 1 and 3
- ► Items 2 and 3
- ► None of these

Question No: 17 (Marks: 2)

Describe an efficient algorithm to find the *median* of a set of 10⁶ integers; it is known that there are fewer than 100 distinct integers in the set

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Question No: 18 (Marks: 2)

How we can avoid unnecessary repetitions for recursive calls?

Question No: 19 (Marks: 2)

Draw the cost table for chain matrix multiplication problem with initial state.

Question No: 20 (Marks: 3)

Solve it,

$$T(n) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{q=1}^{2} (T(q-1) + T(2-q) + 2)$$

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Question No: 21 (Marks: 3)

What are Catalan numbers? Give the formula.

Question No: 22 (Marks: 5)

What is the effect of calling Max-Heapify(A, i) when i > heap-size[A]/2?

Question No: 23 (Marks: 5)

Write the pseudo code for 0/1 knapsack algorithm developed using dynamic programming technique.

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