

# **KDD cup 2021: How many vehicles can you serve at most with a city-scale road network**

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# Overview

- Background
- The competition
- Benchmark solutions
- Get started
- Q&A

# **Background**

# KDD cup

- KDD cup is the most prestigious Data Science competition that's been run by SIGKDD (Special Interest Group on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining) since 1997.
- In KDD Cup 2019, it had more than **2,800** registered teams from over **39** countries and **230** institutions. Among the **1,200** most actively participating teams, over **5,000** individuals participated, and more than **17,000** submissions were made.
- Recently, data driven intelligent transportation has attracted a surge of interest from machine learning and data mining researchers. There are transportation-related competitions in KDD Cup 2017 and 2020.
- This year, we are hosting “**The City Brain Challenge**”, aiming for an efficient traffic coordination strategy to **serve more vehicles** in a city-scale road network.



<https://www.kdd.org/kdd2021/>



Urban traffic congestion

# Background



	Tokyo	New York City
Number of registered vehicles	3.13 million (+43%)	2.19 million
Road network mileage (km)	24,650 (+32%)	18,684
Number of traffic signals	15,000 (+15%)	13,000

- **Question:** How many **vehicles can be served** with a city-scale road network (meanwhile, maintaining an acceptable delay)?
  - Road network size (usually remain unchanged)
  - Traffic demands
  - Traffic management strategy

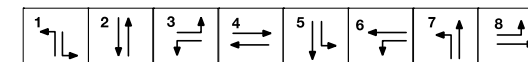
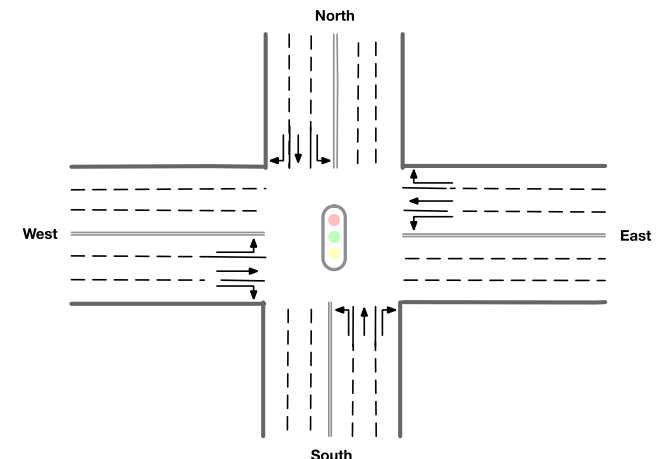
# **The competition**

# Problem statement

- **Scenario:**
  - City-scale road network (more than **1000** intersections)
  - Traffic signal timing can be optimized
- **Objective:** maximizing **total number of vehicles served** via optimizing traffic signal setting:
  - For each intersection, select a **signal phase** to be actuated for each time step.
- **Given:**
  - Road network (including traffic signal installation);
  - Sample OD demand and fixed route (mitigate the impact of randomness)



City road network



Traffic signal phase

Traffic signal

# Evaluation/scoring metrics

- **Cumulative number of vehicles served**

- The vehicles that are in the network
- The vehicles that have left the network

- **Delay index (>1.0)**

- For a trip, the delay is computed as actual travel time divided by free-flow travel time;
- For an uncompleted trip, the rest of trip travel time is estimated using free-flow speed;
- The overall delay index is computed as average over all vehicles served.

- **For scoring:**

- We will keep monitoring the **delay index** computed over all vehicles;
- Once the delay index reaches the predefined threshold (say 2.0), the test process will be terminated and the solution is scored as **cumulative number of vehicles served**
- *Note: For the first/warmup round, we did not set the delay index threshold.*

The trip delay  $D_i$  of vehicle  $i$  is defined as  $D_i = \frac{TT_i + TT_i^r}{TT_i^f}$ , where,

- $TT_i$ : travel time of vehicle  $i$ ;
- $TT_i^r$ : rest of trip travel time, estimated with free-flow speed;
- $TT_i^f$ : full trip travel time at free-flow speed

<https://kddcup2021-citybrainchallenge.readthedocs.io/en/latest/city-brain-challenge.html#evaluation>



# Competition phases

- **Warmup** (4/1/2021-4/30/2021)
- Participants will practice with regional road network with light traffic to get familiar with the simulation environment. **All participants (team members) need to sign-up by 4/30/2021.**
- **Qualification** (5/1/2021-5/31/2021)
- Participants will deal with city-scale road network (**about 1000 intersections**) traffic. Teams that can serve more vehicles will enter the final round (**test traffic will be provided**).
  - The test traffic data are given, but you are encouraged to create your own dataset for training if use data-driven method
- **Final** (6/1/2021-6/30/2021)
- Large-scale **cloud computing platform** is provided. Teams will develop methods to handle diverse unknown traffic flows at the city-scale (**about 1000 intersections**).
  - The sample traffic data are given, however, the traffic data for scoring **differs from the sample data**;
  - Hence, the solution need to adapt to changes in demands of OD pairs.

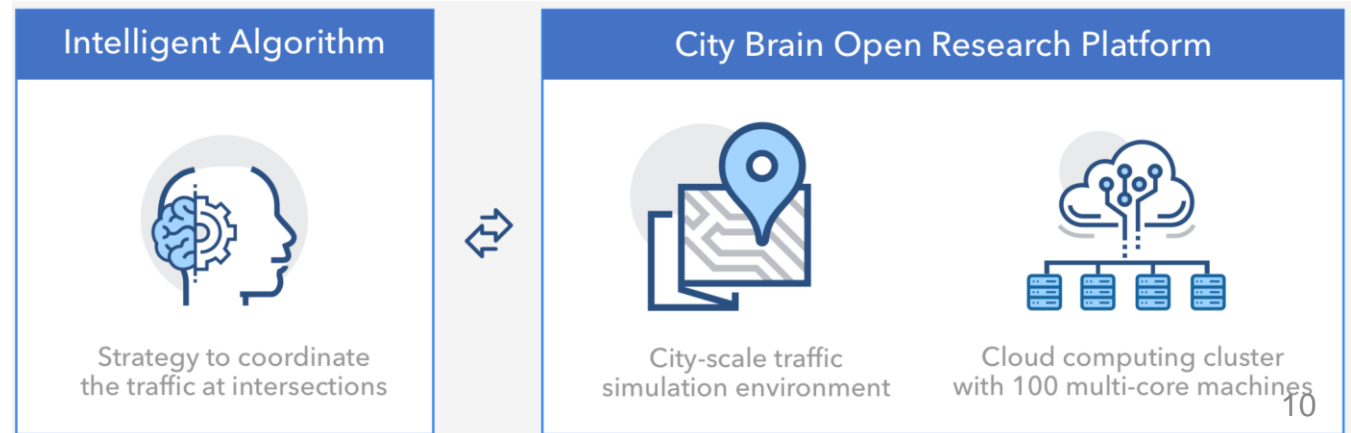
# City Brain open research platform - CBEngine

- **High-efficiency engine**

- Support experiments with more than 1000 intersections and 100,000 vehicles
- Large-scale parallel computing
- Cloud computing cluster with 100 multi-core machines

- **Microscopic traffic simulation environment**

- Fixed route (mitigate the impact of randomness)
- Safety distance car-following models
- Lane change models
  - Mandatory (for turn movement) and discretionary (deprecated to minimize randomness) lane change
  - Safety distance gap acceptance



# **Benchmark solutions**

# Benchmark solutions

## Rule based method (transportation engineering)

- Fixed time (pre-timed, e.g. Webster);
- Green wave (Maxband);
- Max-pressure (Decentralized);
- Perimeter metering control (MFD-based) ...

## Reinforcement learning based method

- IntelliLight
- PressLight ...

For more information, please refer to:

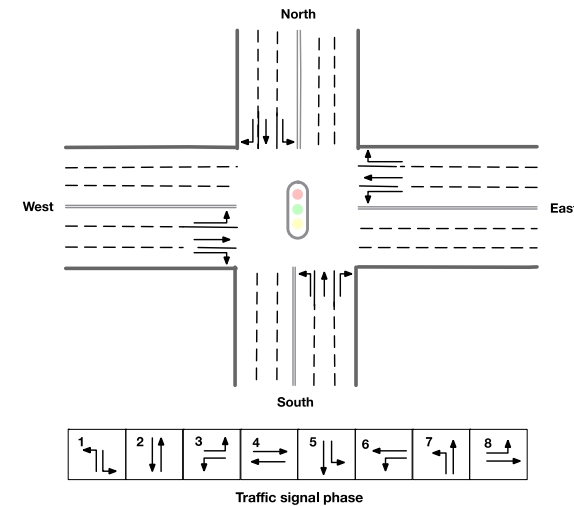
- Reinforcement learning for traffic signal control: <https://traffic-signal-control.github.io/>
- A Survey on Traffic Signal Control Methods: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1904.08117.pdf>

# Rule based method (transportation engineering)

## Fixed time (pre-timed)

- Signal phase setting (phase set and phase sequence)
- Cycle length
- Phase split

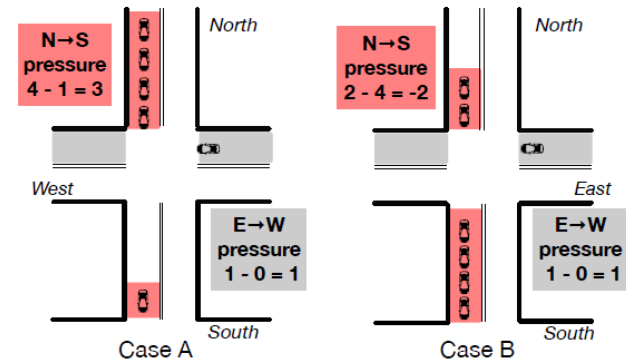
**Example:** Phase-1: 30s, Phase-2: 20s, Phase-3: 40s, Phase-4: 30s, cycle length = 120s.



## Max pressure (decentralized controller)

- A simple MP controller: Each time step (10s), actuate the signal phase with maximum difference in upstream and downstream queue lengths

**Example:** In Case-A, Phase-2 (southbound and northbound through movement) is actuated.



Reference:

Wei et al., 2019, PressLight: Learning Max Pressure Control to Coordinate Traffic Signals in Arterial Network

### Algorithm 1: Max-pressure Control

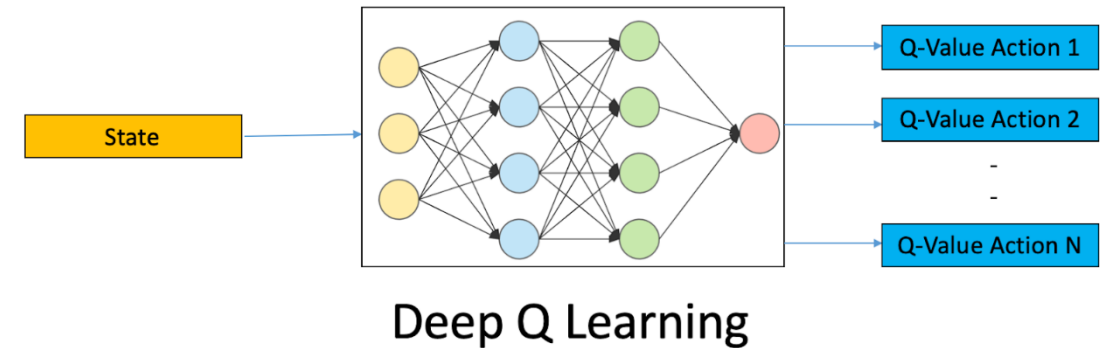
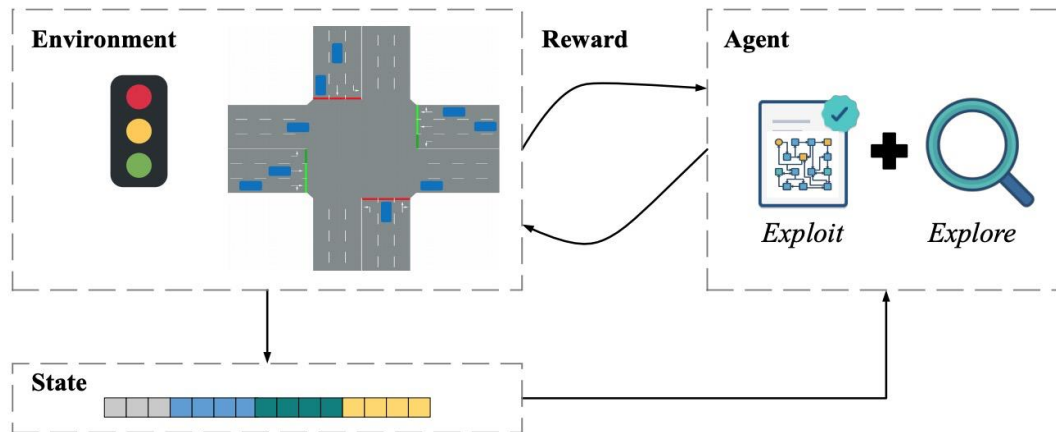
```

Input: Current phase time  $t$ , minimum phase duration length  $t_{min}$ 
1 forall timestamp do
2    $t = t + 1$ 
3   if  $t \geq t_{min}$  then
4     Calculate the pressure  $P_i$  for each phase  $i$ ;
5     Set the next phase as  $\arg \max_i \{P_i\}$ ;
6      $t = 0$ ;
7   end
8 end
  
```

# Reinforcement learning based method

A RL agent learns about the sequences of decision to inform future decisions.

- Environment
- Agent
- State
- Action
- Reward



## State (observation)

- Queue length, volume, delay, speed
- Phase duration, position of vehicles, etc.

## Reward

- Queue length, waiting time, change of delay, speed
- Number of stops, throughput, frequency of signal change, pressure, etc.

**Action:** signal phase actuation

## Sources:

[https://medium.com/@novacek\\_48158/connect-x-with-dqn-and-pbt-be11915dd860](https://medium.com/@novacek_48158/connect-x-with-dqn-and-pbt-be11915dd860)

Wei et al., 2018, IntelliLight: a Reinforcement Learning Approach for Intelligent Traffic Light Control

# Get started

- Competition environment setup
- Code structure
- Visualization
- Demos

# Get started: competition environment setup (CBEngine)

## *Step - 1 download docker image and the starter-kit*

- `docker pull citybrainchallenge/cbengine:0.1.1`
- `git clone https://github.com/CityBrainChallenge/KDDCup2021-CityBrainChallenge-starter-kit.git`

## *Step - 2 run test file in the docker*

- `docker run -it -v /path/to/your/starter-kit:/starter-kit citybrainchallenge/cbengine:0.1.1 bash`
- `cd starter-kit`
- `python3 evaluate.py --input_dir agent --output_dir out --sim_cfg cfg/simulator.cfg # run evaluate.py`

Tutorial: <https://kddcup2021-citybrainchallenge.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>



# Get started: code structure explained

**docker image** `citybrainchallenge/cbengine:0.1.1`: Simulator and OpenAI Gym APIs  
**starter-kit**: `agent.py` to be implemented, `evaluate.py` for solution evaluation.

**To be implemented:**

`agent/agent.py`

**To submit your results, you need to update:**

`agent/gym_cfg.py`

`cfg/simulator.cfg`

**To evaluate and score your results**

`evaluate.py`

**To train your model, you need modify**

`evaluate.py`

**A simple demo:**

`demo.py`

**Other files:**

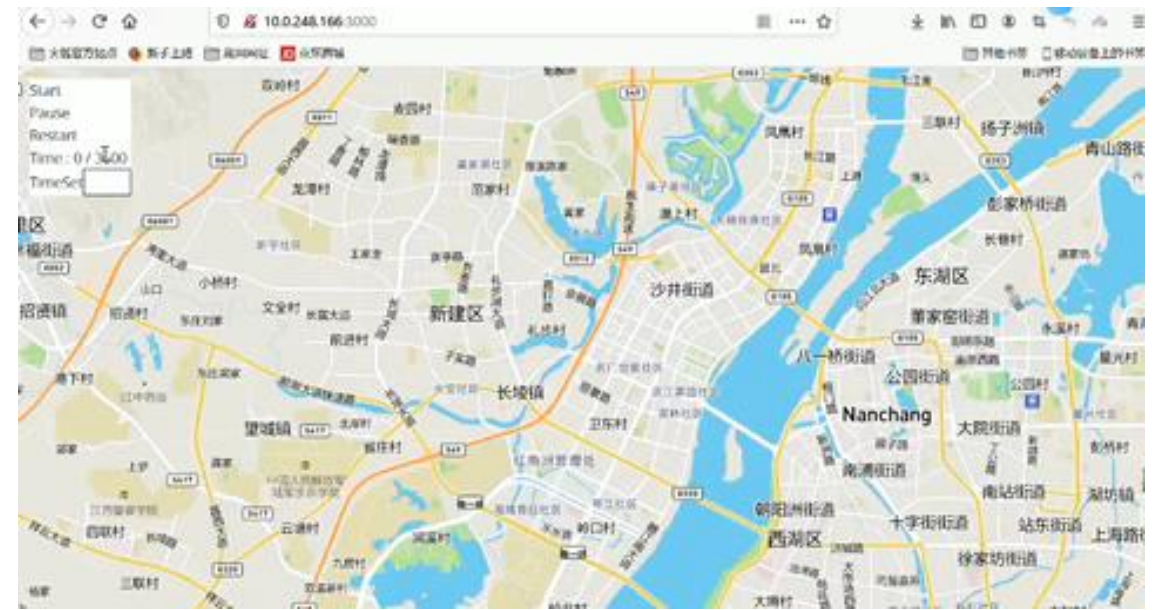
`data/`

`log/`

`out/ # output`

Tutorial: <https://kddcup2021-citybrainchallenge.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

# Get started: visualization



## Prerequisites:

- You need install **yarn**
- You need apply a **mapbox** token via creating your own [mapbox account](#)

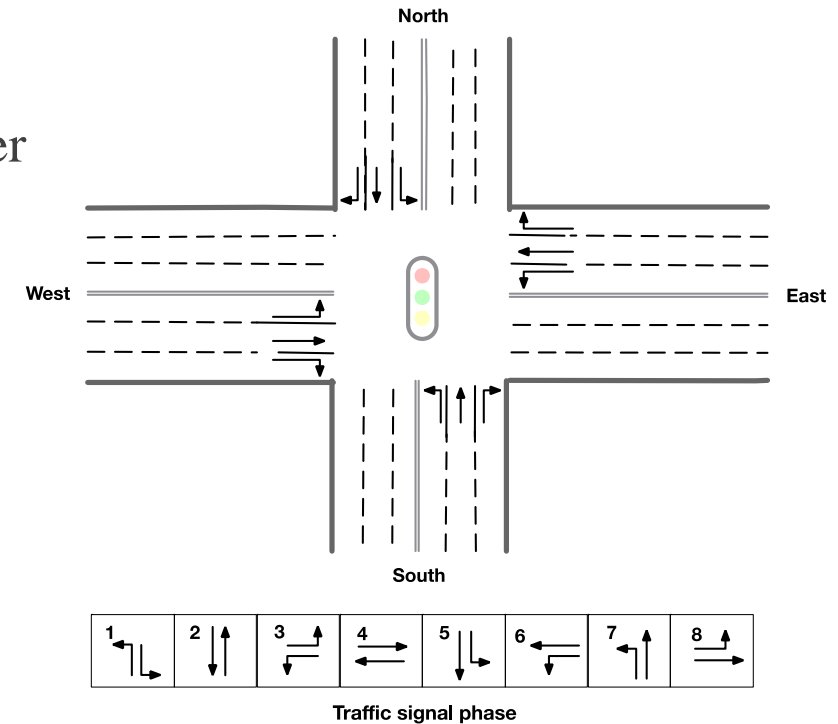
## To visualize your results:

- **Move** log/lightinfo.json, log/roadinfo.json, log/time\*.json files **into** ui/src/log
- **Modify** ui/src/index.js **and set** this.maxTime (in seconds) and mapboxgl.accessToken (Your mapbox token)
- cd (change disk) ui/, then: yarn start
- Open your browser at: localhost:3000

Tutorial: <https://kddcup2021-citybrainchallenge.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

# Get started: A demo of Fixed Time implementation

- All traffic signal phases are pre-timed;
- Traffic signal phases will be selected sequentially in a pre-defined order
- Select signal phase based on current time step.



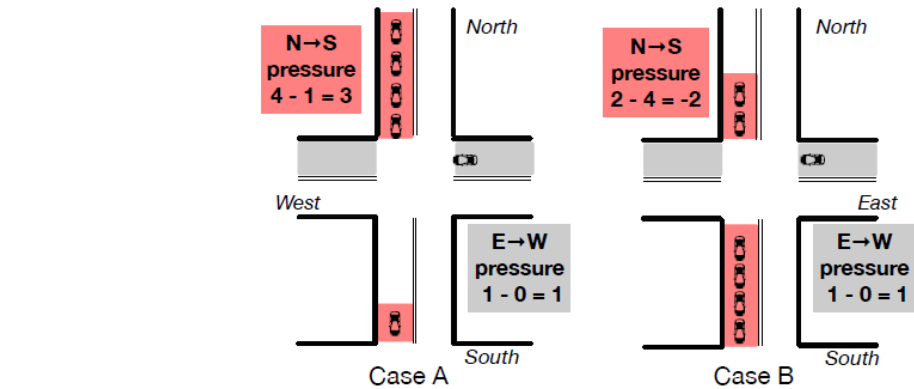
```
# get actions
for agent in self.agent_list:
    # select the now_step
    for k,v in observations_for_agent[agent].items():
        now_step = v[0]
        break
    step_diff = now_step - self.last_change_step[agent]
    if(step_diff >= self.green_sec):
        self.now_phase[agent] = self.now_phase[agent] % self.max_phase + 1
        self.last_change_step[agent] = now_step

    actions[agent] = self.now_phase[agent]
return actions
```

Tutorial: <https://kddcup2021-citybrainchallenge.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

# Get started: a demo of DQN implementation

- **State:** number of vehicles by lane
- **Action:** select signal phase each time step
- **Reward:** traffic pressure



```
# The main loop
for e in range(args.epochs):
    last_obs = env.reset()
    # Begins one simulation.
    i = 0
    while i < args.steps:
        if i % args.action_interval == 0:
            # Get the state.
            observations_for_agent = {}
            for key, val in observations.items():
                observations_for_agent[key] = val
            # Get the action, note that we use act_() for training.
            actions = agent.act(observations_for_agent)
            # We keep the same action for a certain time
            for _ in range(args.action_interval):
                i += 1
                # Interacts with the environment and get the reward.
                observations, rewards, dones, infos = env.step(actions)
            # Get next state.
            new_observations_for_agent = {}
            for key, val in observations.items():
                new_observations_for_agent[key] = val
            # Remember (state, action, reward, next_state) into memory buffer.
            for agent_id in agent_id_list:
                agent.remember(observations_for_agent[agent_id]['lane'], actions[agent_id], rewards[agent_id],
                               new_observations_for_agent[agent_id]['lane'])
            episodes_rewards[agent_id] += rewards[agent_id]
            total_decision_num += 1
            last_obs = observations
        # Update the network
        if total_decision_num > agent.learning_start and total_decision_num % agent.update_model_freq == 0:
            agent.replay()
        if total_decision_num > agent.learning_start and total_decision_num % agent.update_target_model_freq == 0:
            agent.update_target_network()
        if all(dones.values()):
            break
```

```
def get_action(self, ob):
    # The epsilon-greedy action selector.
    if np.random.rand() <= self.epsilon:
        return self.sample()
    ob = self._reshape_ob(ob)
    act_values = self.model.predict([ob])
    return np.argmax(act_values[0])
```

Reference: Wei et al., 2019, PressLight: Learning Max Pressure Control to Coordinate Traffic Signals in Arterial Network

Tutorial: <https://kddcup2021-citybrainchallenge.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

# Timeline

- **Important dates**
  - All participants need to sign-up by **4/30/2021 11:59 PM** (anywhere on earth).
- **Warmup** (4/1/2021-4/30/2021)
- **Qualification** (5/1/2021 - 5/31/2021)
- **Final** (6/1/2021 - 6/30/2021)

Note: all deadlines are on 23:59pm anywhere on earth

# Q&A

## Come and join the KDD Cup 2021 - City Brain Challenge!

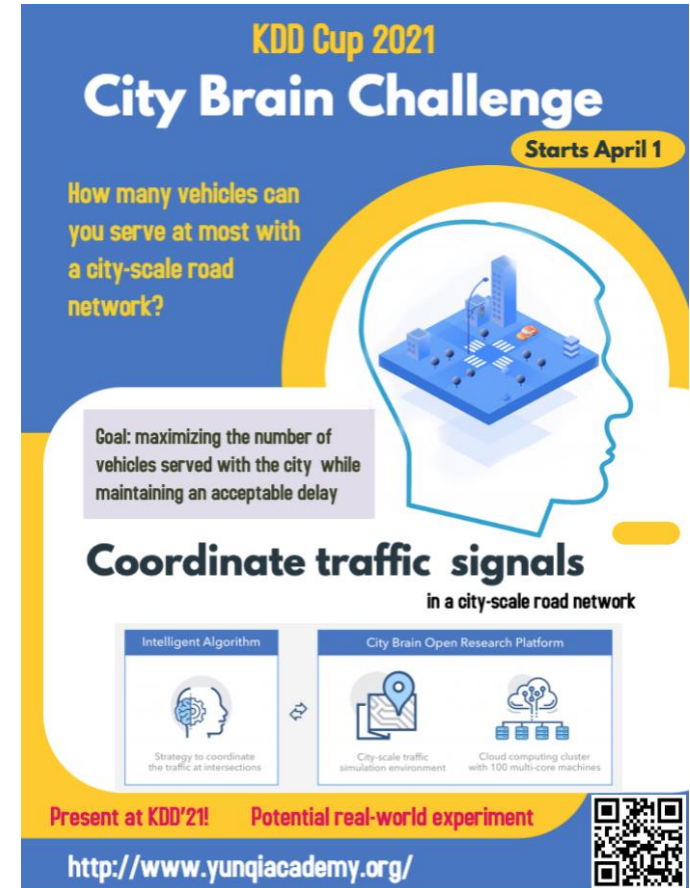
Homepage: <http://www.yunqiacademy.org/>

Tutorial:

<https://kddcup2021-citybrainchallenge.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

- Email: [CityBrainChallenge@gmail.com](mailto:CityBrainChallenge@gmail.com)
- Slack: [citybrainchal-kwx6085.slack.com](https://citybrainchal-kwx6085.slack.com)
- Google groups: <https://groups.google.com/g/citybrainchallenge>
- Github: <https://github.com/CityBrainChallenge/KDDCup2021-CityBrainChallenge-starter-kit.git>

<https://www.kdd.org/kdd2021/>



**KDD Cup 2021**  
**City Brain Challenge**  
Starts April 1

How many vehicles can you serve at most with a city-scale road network?

Goal: maximizing the number of vehicles served with the city while maintaining an acceptable delay

**Coordinate traffic signals**  
in a city-scale road network

Intelligent Algorithm  
Strategy to coordinate the traffic at intersections

City Brain Open Research Platform  
City-scale traffic simulation environment  
Cloud computing cluster with 100 multi-core machines

Present at KDD'21! Potential real-world experiment

<http://www.yunqiacademy.org/>

