

Rectangular Coordinates

$$g = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R} = x\mathbf{e}_x + y\mathbf{e}_y + z\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\mathbf{a} = a^x\mathbf{e}_x + a^y\mathbf{e}_y + a^z\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\mathbf{A} = -k(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{R})\mathbf{R}^2\mathbf{e}_z = -k(a^x x^3 + a^x x y^2 + a^x x z^2 + a^y x^2 y + a^y y^3 + a^y y z^2 + a^z x^2 z + a^z y^2 z + a^z z^3)\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \nabla \times \mathbf{A} = -I * (\nabla \wedge \mathbf{A}) = -k(2a^x xy + a^y x^2 + 3a^y y^2 + a^y z^2 + 2a^z yz)\mathbf{e}_x + k(3a^x x^2 + a^x y^2 + a^x z^2 + 2a^y xy + 2a^z xz)\mathbf{e}_y$$

Cylindrical Coordinates

$$g = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R} = r\mathbf{e}_r + z\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\mathbf{a} = (a_x \cos(\theta) + a_y \sin(\theta))\mathbf{e}_r + (-a_x \sin(\theta) + a_y \cos(\theta))\mathbf{e}_\theta + a_z\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\mathbf{A} = -k(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{R})\mathbf{R}^2\mathbf{e}_z = -k(a_x r^3 \cos(\theta) + a_x r z^2 \cos(\theta) + a_y r^3 \sin(\theta) + a_y r z^2 \sin(\theta) + a_z r^2 z + a_z z^3)\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \nabla \times \mathbf{A} = -I * (\nabla \wedge \mathbf{A}) = k(a_x r^2 \sin(\theta) + a_x z^2 \sin(\theta) - a_y r^2 \cos(\theta) - a_y z^2 \cos(\theta))\mathbf{e}_r + k(3a_x r^2 \cos(\theta) + a_x z^2 \cos(\theta) + 3a_y r^2 \sin(\theta) + a_y z^2 \sin(\theta) + 2a_z r z)\mathbf{e}_\theta$$

Nonorthogonal Coordinates

$$g = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \cos(\theta) \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \cos(\theta) & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R} = x_a\mathbf{e}_a + x_p\mathbf{e}_p + z\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\mathbf{a} = a\mathbf{e}_a$$

$$\mathbf{A} = -k(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{R})\mathbf{R}^2\mathbf{e}_z = -ak((x_a)^3 + 3(x_a)^2 z \cos(\theta) + x_a(x_p)^2 + 2x_a z^2 \cos(\theta)^2 + x_a z^2 + (x_p)^2 z \cos(\theta) + z^3 \cos(\theta))\mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \nabla \times \mathbf{A} = -I * (\nabla \wedge \mathbf{A}) = -2akx_p(x_a + z \cos(\theta))\mathbf{e}_a + ak(3(x_a)^2 + 4x_a z \cos(\theta) + (x_p)^2 + z^2)\sin(\theta)^2\mathbf{e}_p + 2akx_p(x_a + z \cos(\theta))\cos(\theta)\mathbf{e}_z$$