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Federal Department of Justice and Police FDJP
Federal Office of Metrology METAS

Pin diameter specifications and challenges

European Metrology workshop (Sweden)

Juerg Riefenacht

13.-15. April 2009



Pin diameter aspects in metrological practice

- **Air line calibration services provided at METAS**
- **Dimensional connector interface measurements**
- **IEEE Standard P287: 2.92 mm specifications**
- **Pin diameter effects in electrical quantities**



Air line calibration services provided at METAS

- **Outer Conductor diameter profile (OC)**
- **Centre Conductor diameter profile (CC)**
- **Calculation of the electrical quantities**
- **OC length measurements (direct or compressed)**
- **Pin-depth measurements (direct or compressed)**
- **Pin diameter and slotted section measurements**
- **In the future: connector modelling (CoMo70)**



Example: OC cross section f(longitudinal position)

Table 2: Measurement of the outer conductor diameter at 10 different angular positions

Position (mm)	0 deg ∅ (mm)	18 deg ∅ (mm)	36 deg ∅ (mm)	54 deg ∅ (mm)	72 deg ∅ (mm)	90 deg ∅ (mm)	108 deg ∅ (mm)	126 deg ∅ (mm)	144 deg ∅ (mm)	162 deg ∅ (mm)	Mean diameter (mm)
0	2.9252	2.9254	2.9255	2.9260	2.9258	2.9254	2.9251	2.9250	2.9250	2.9253	2.9254
145	2.9234	2.9234	2.9233	2.9232	2.9234	2.9233	2.9233	2.9233	2.9233	2.9233	2.9234
146	2.9228	2.9230	2.9225	2.9230	2.9230	2.9229	2.9229	2.9228	2.9230	2.9229	2.9229
147	2.9224	2.9226	2.9224	2.9227	2.9228	2.9227	2.9226	2.9226	2.9227	2.9226	2.9226
148	2.9225	2.9227	2.9229	2.9229	2.9228	2.9227	2.9227	2.9225	2.9226	2.9226	2.9227
149	2.9225	2.9227	2.9229	2.9229	2.9228	2.9227	2.9227	2.9225	2.9226	2.9226	2.9227
150	2.9225	2.9227	2.9229	2.9229	2.9228	2.9227	2.9227	2.9225	2.9226	2.9226	2.9227

"Outer conductor inner diameter" (OCID), measured with 0.0015 mm uncertainty:

Minimum mean diameter = 2.9213 mm

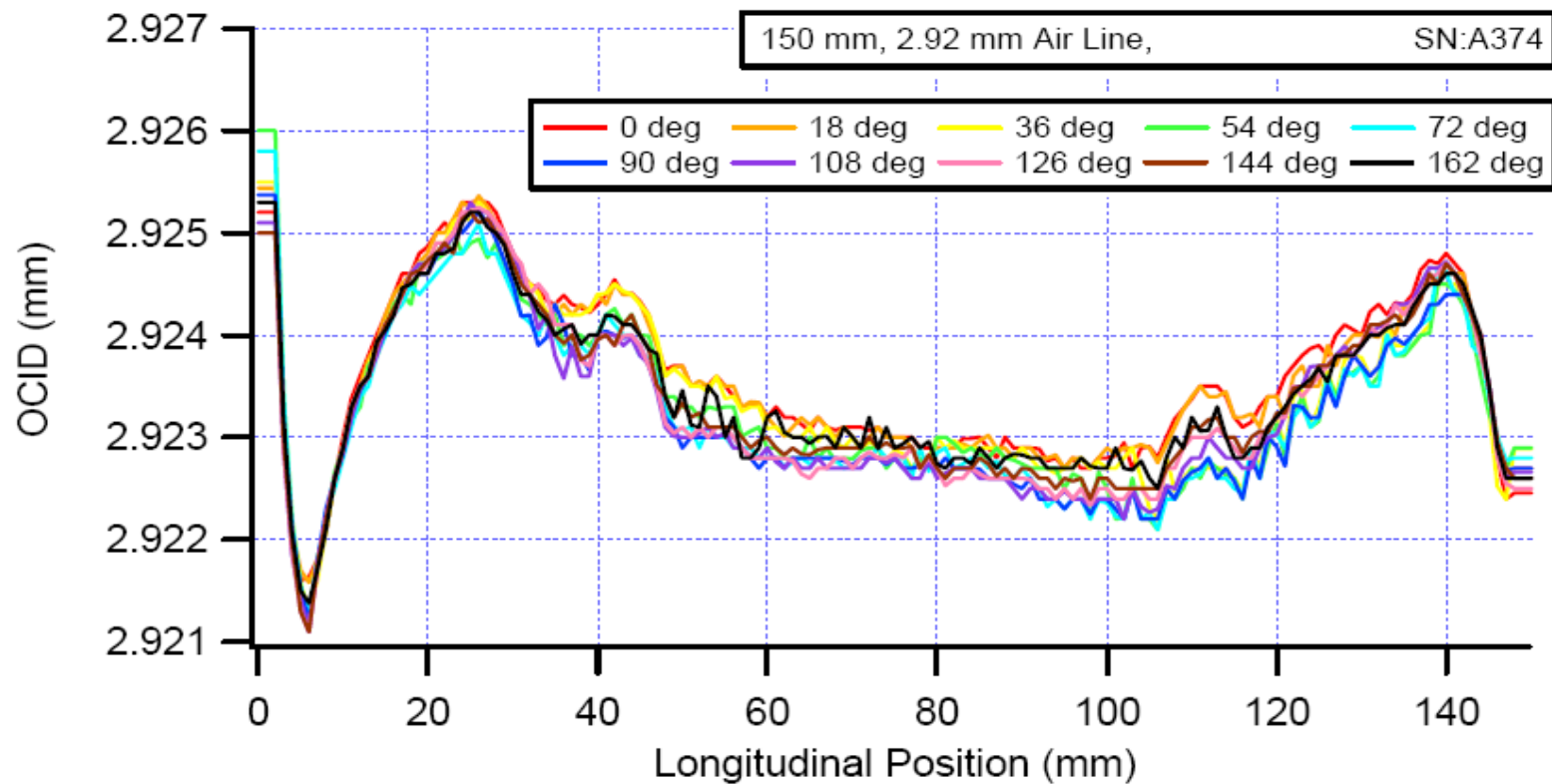
Average diameter = 2.9234 mm (Arithmetic mean of all mean diameters)

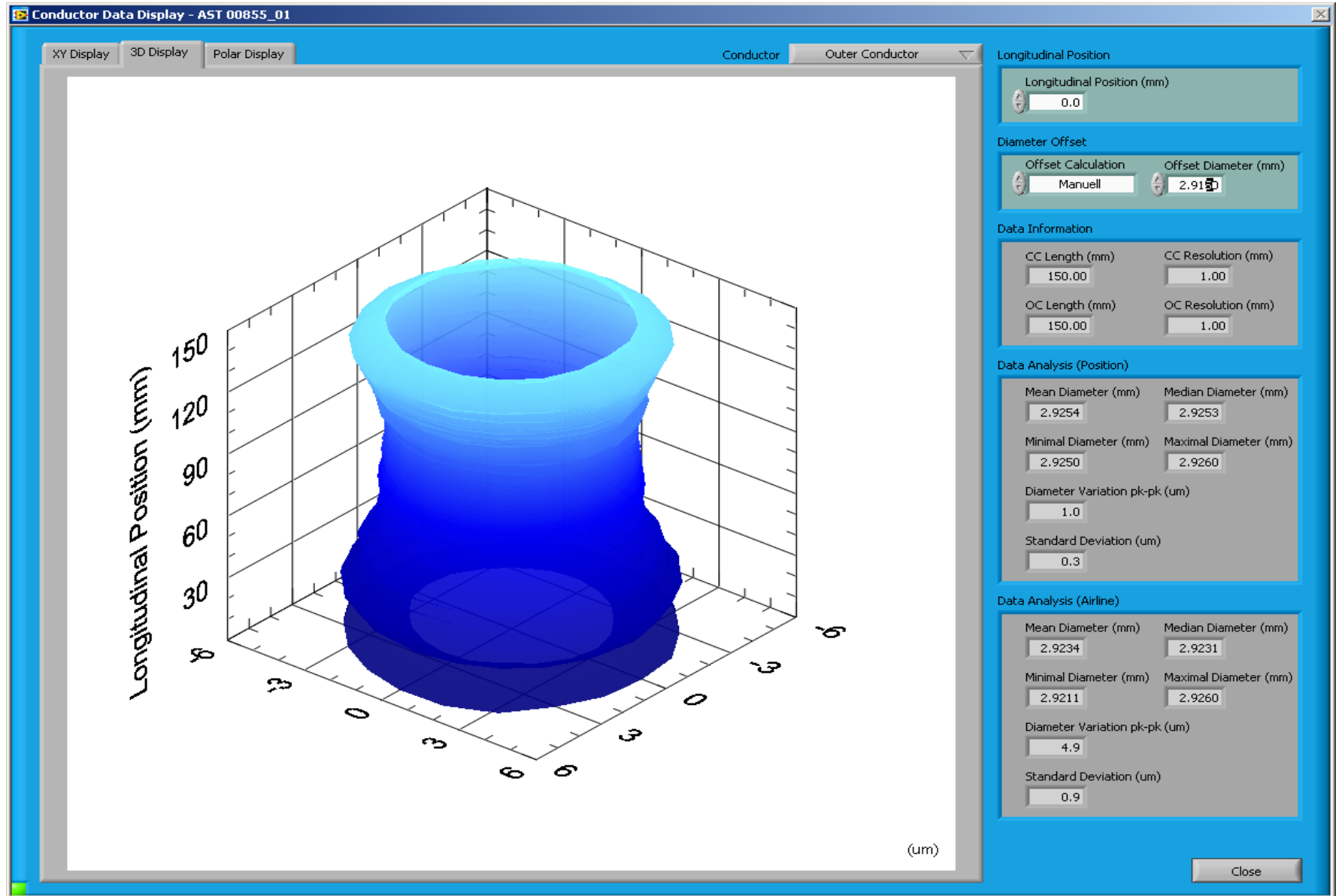
Maximum mean diameter = 2.9254 mm



Example: OC cross section f(longitudinal position)

Graphical Representation: Outer Conductor

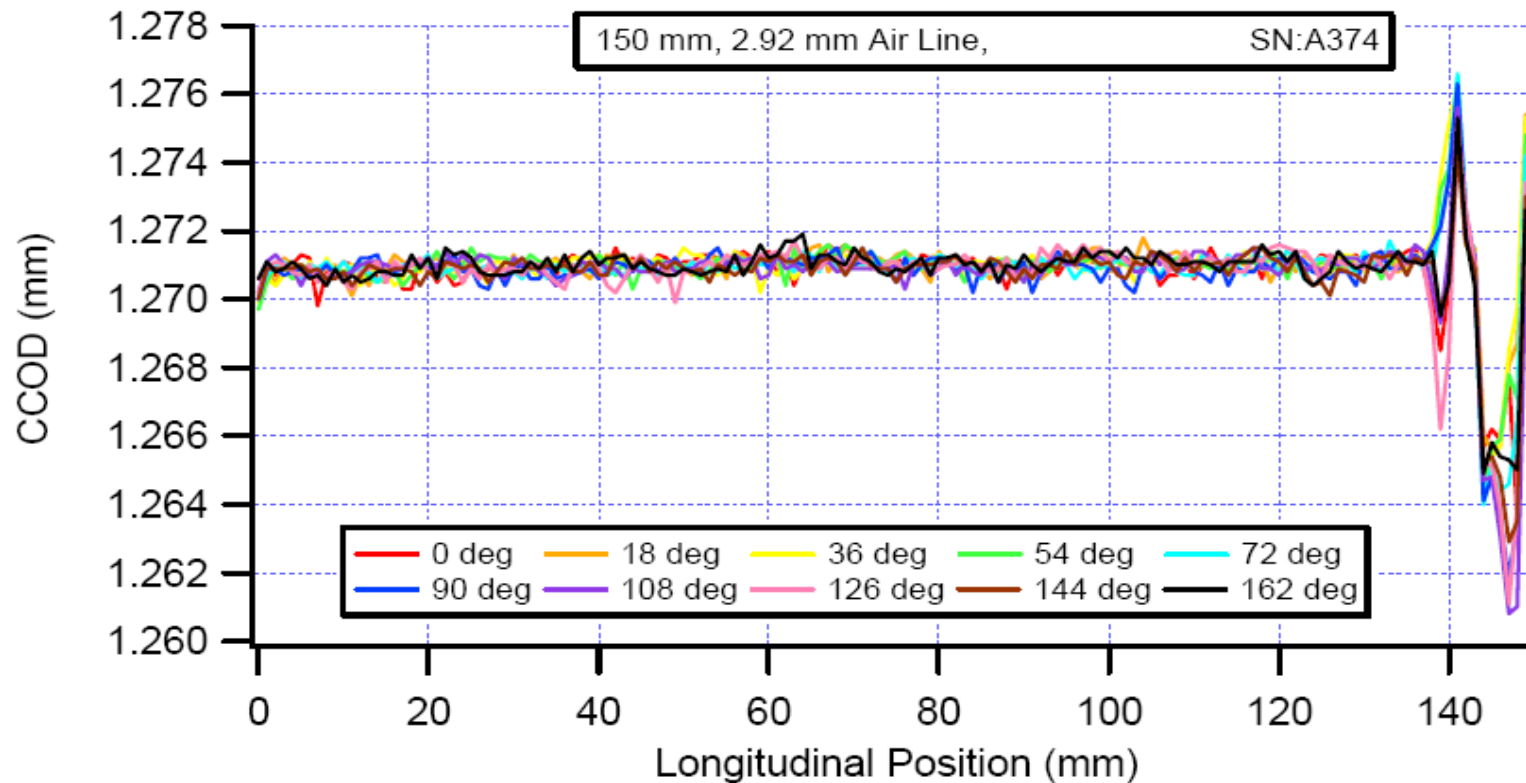






Example: CC cross section f(longitudinal position)

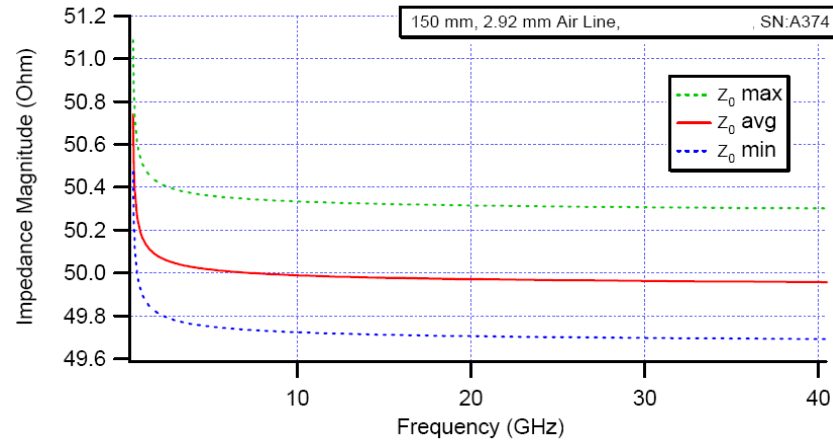
Graphical Representation: Center Conductor



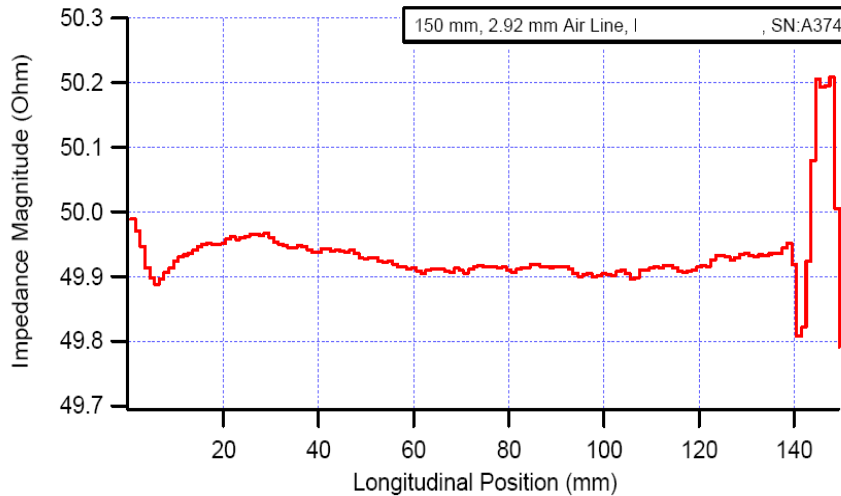
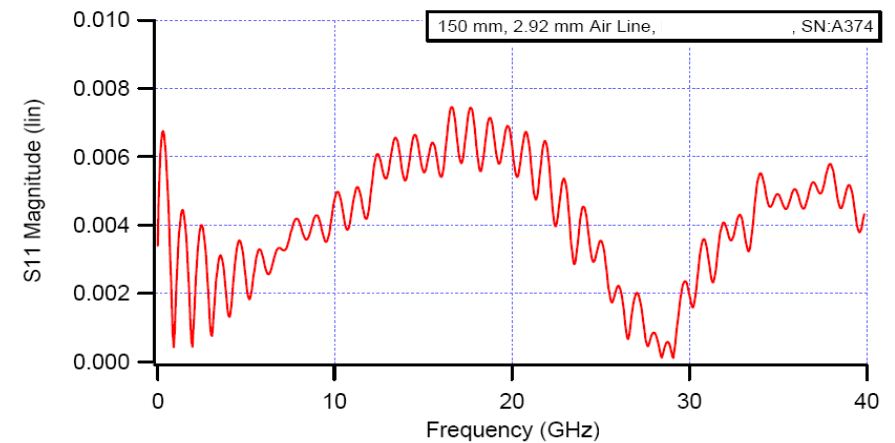


Example: derived electrical quantities

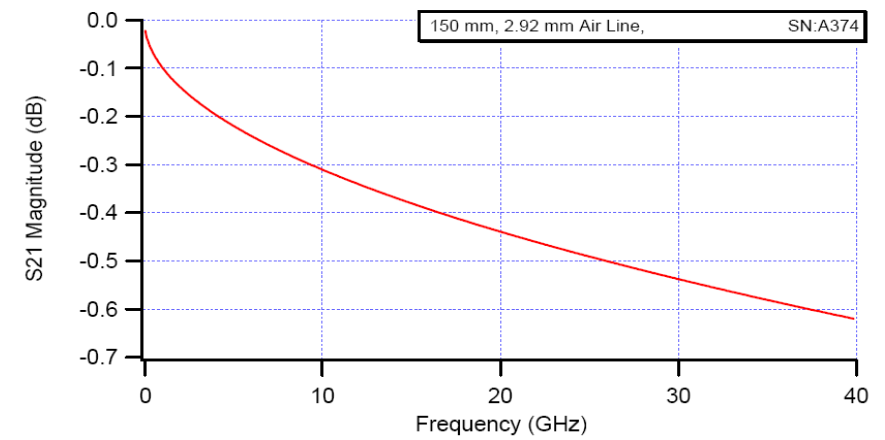
Graphical Representation: Impedance

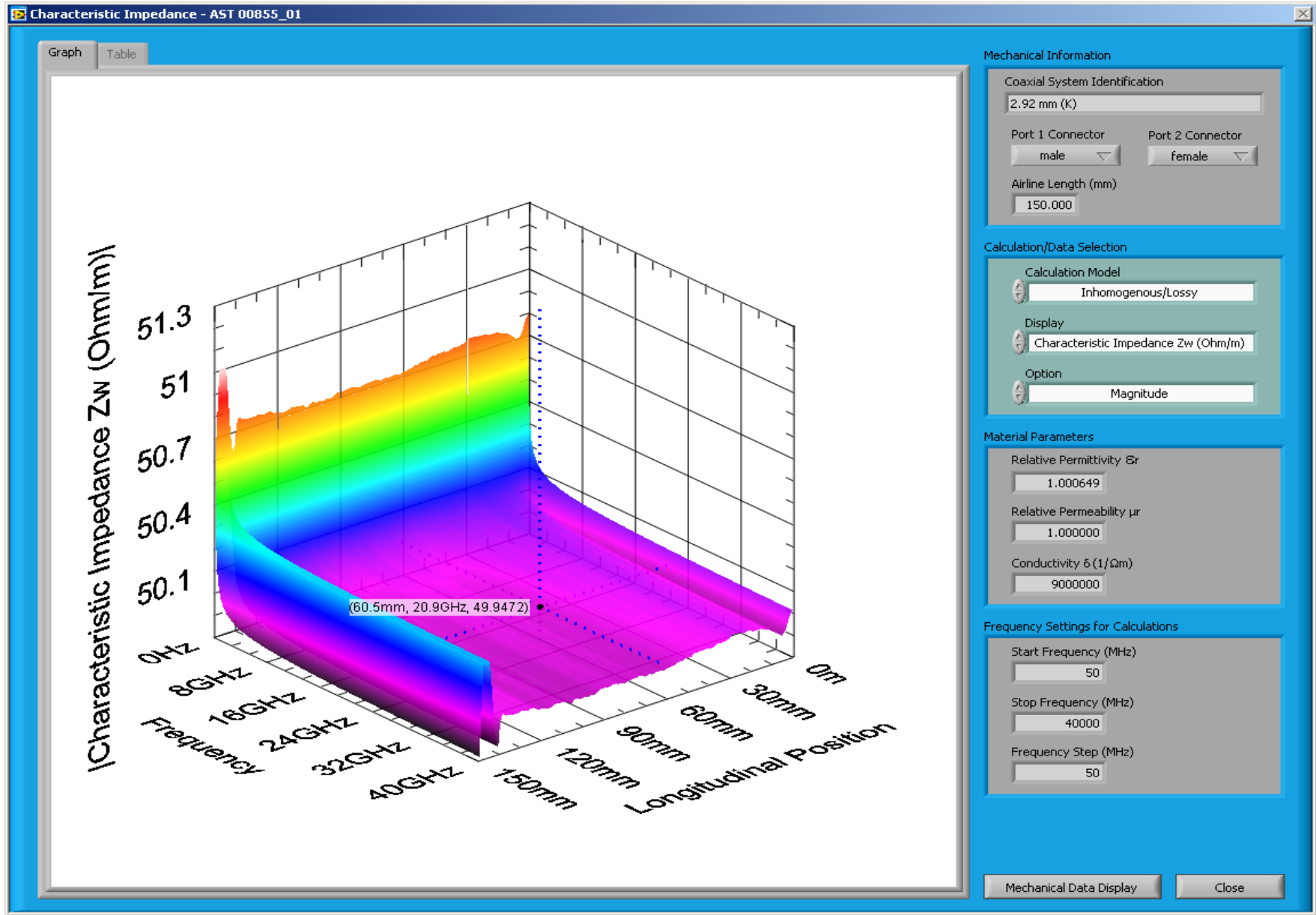


Graphical Representation: Scattering Parameter



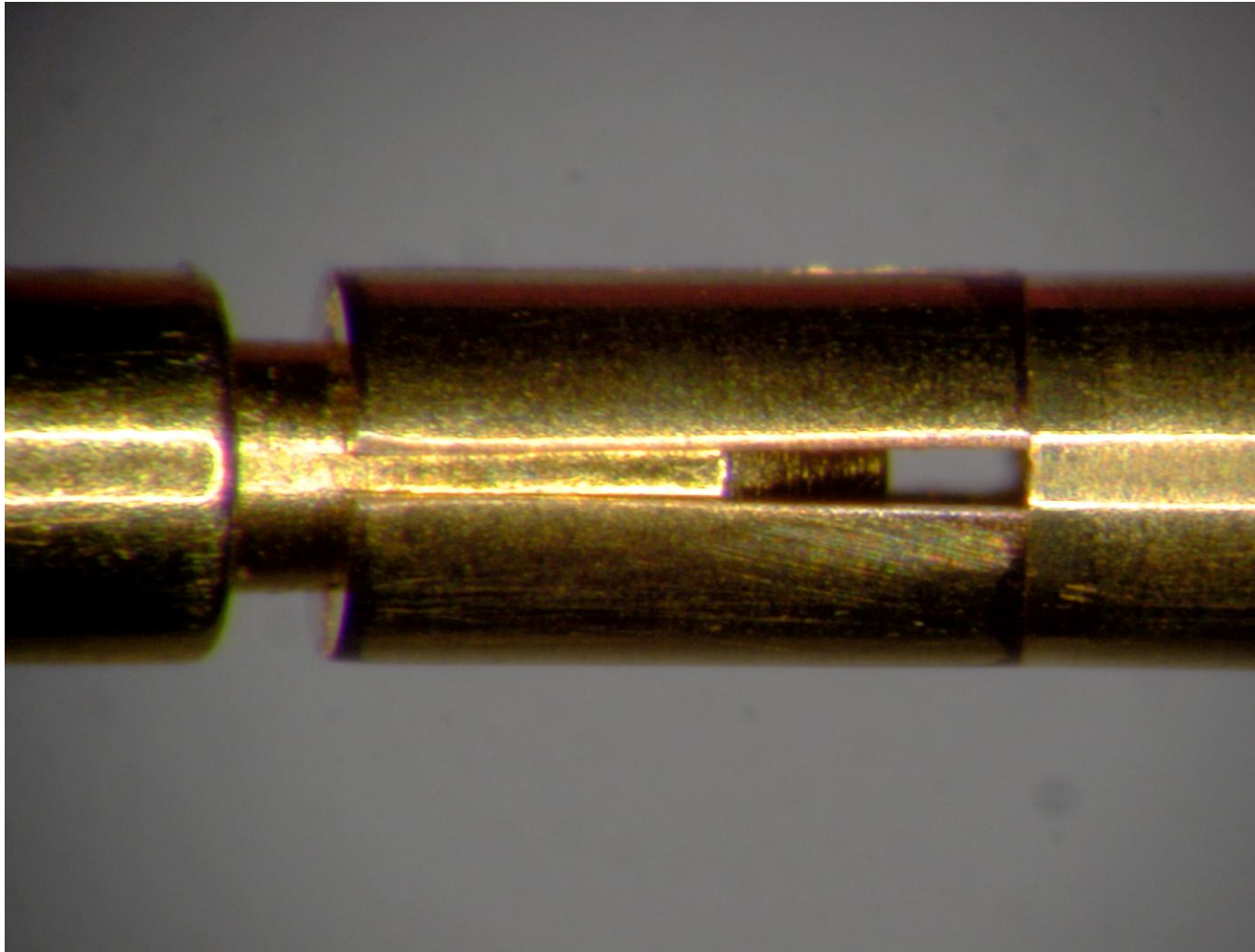
inhomogeneous and lossy case





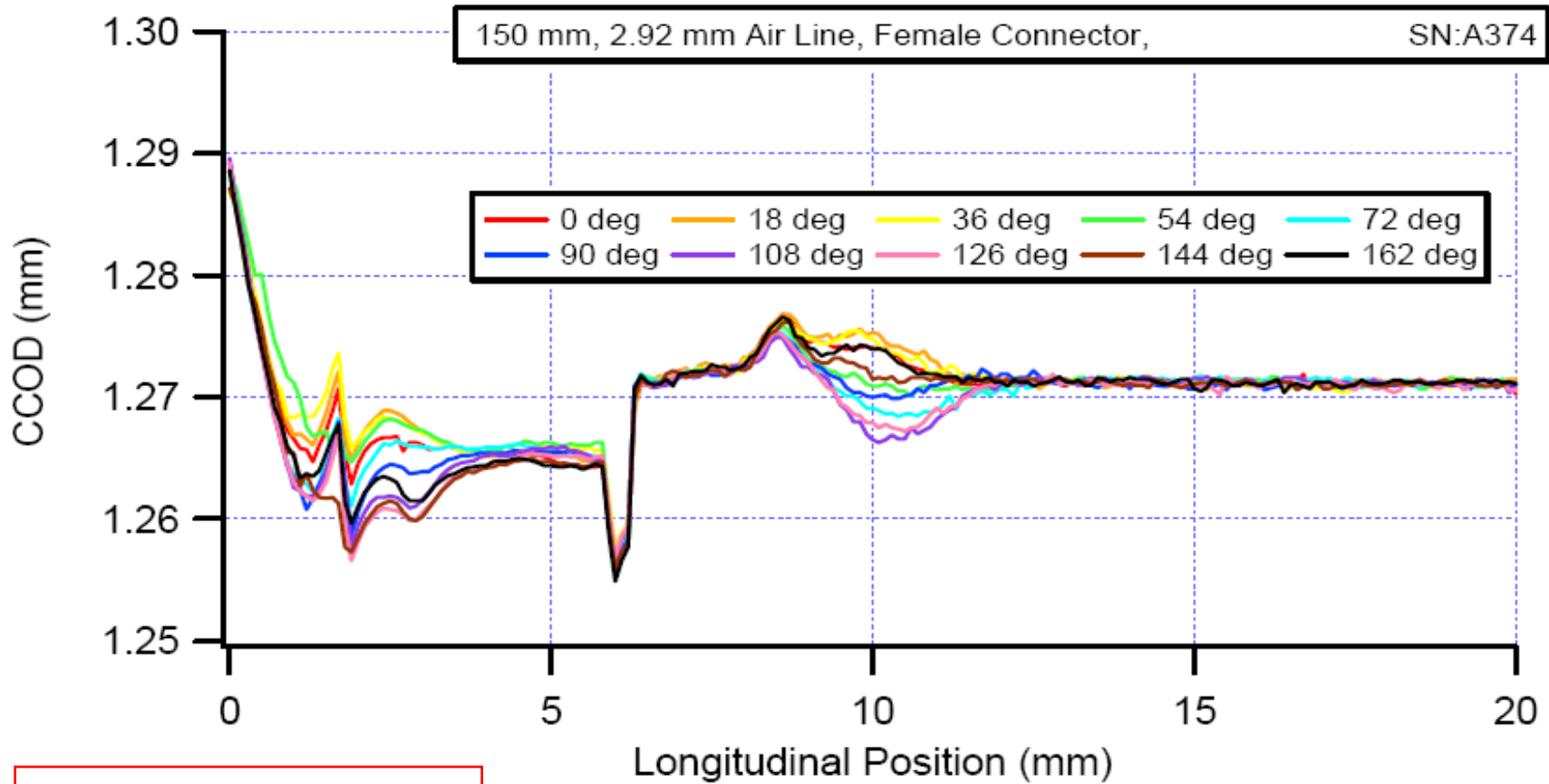


Example: connector cross section



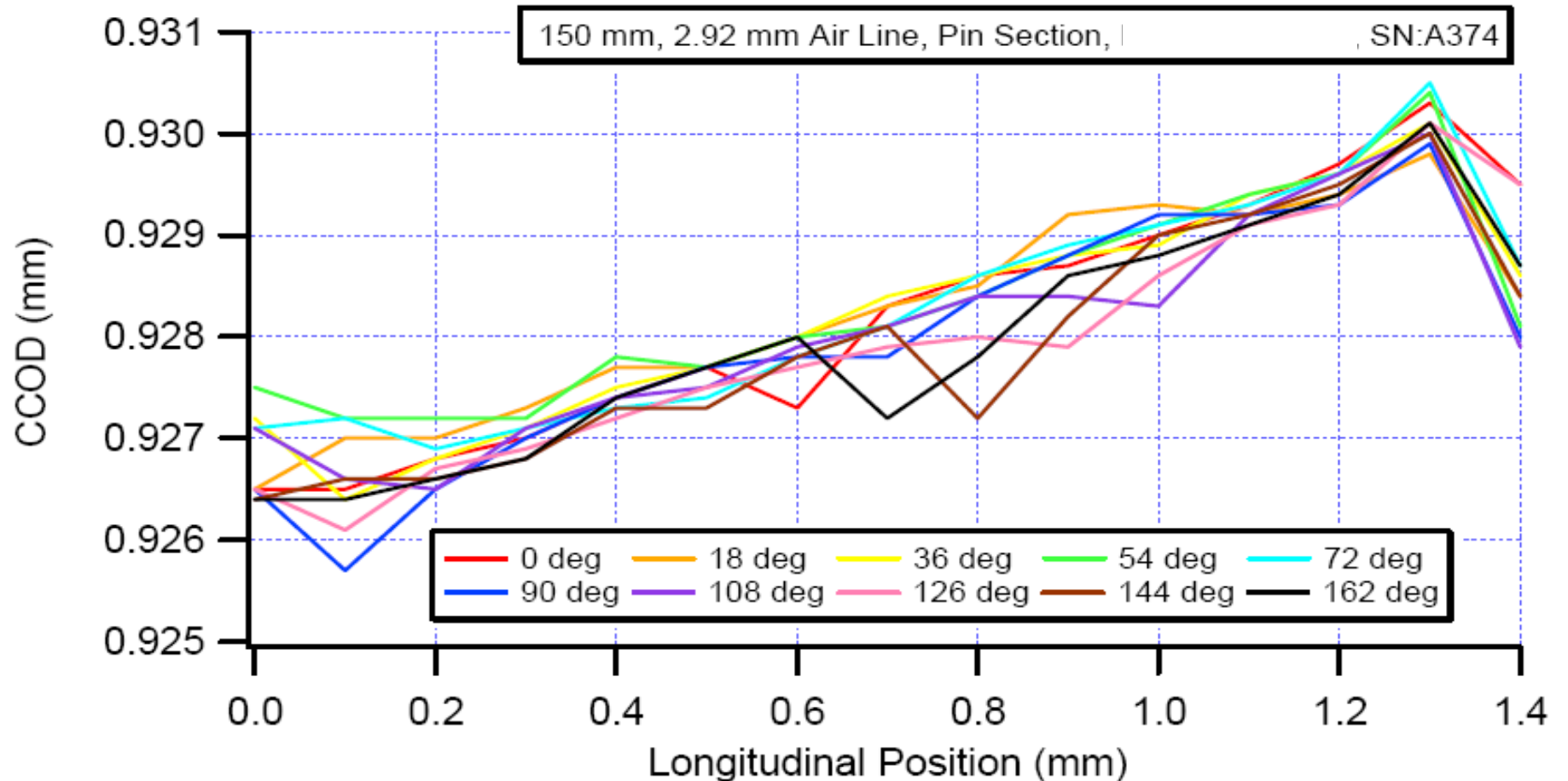


Graphical Representation: Center Conductor Female Connector Cross Section



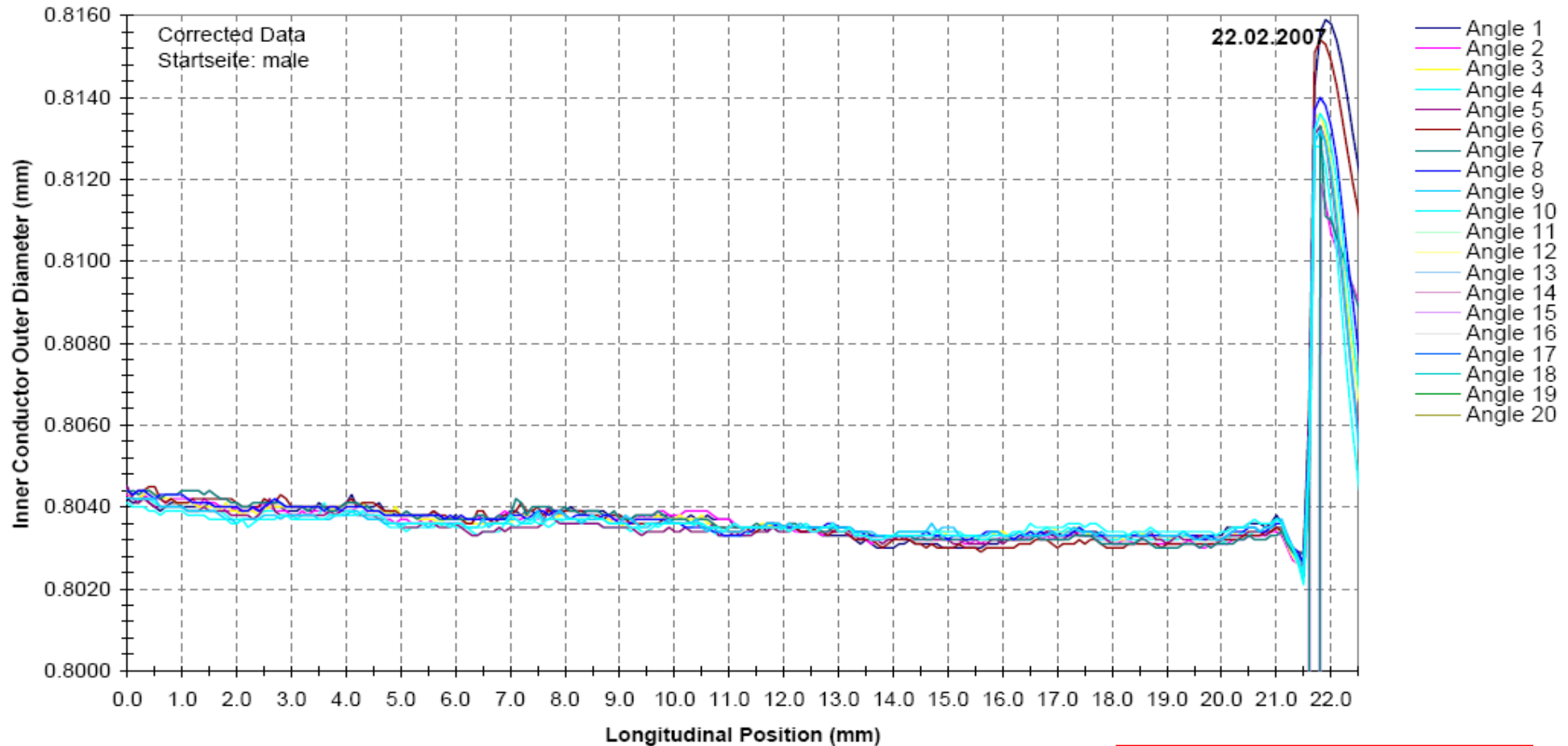


Graphical Representation: Center Conductor Male Pin Cross Section



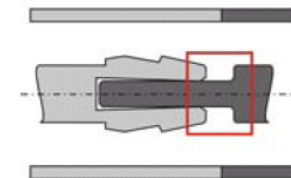
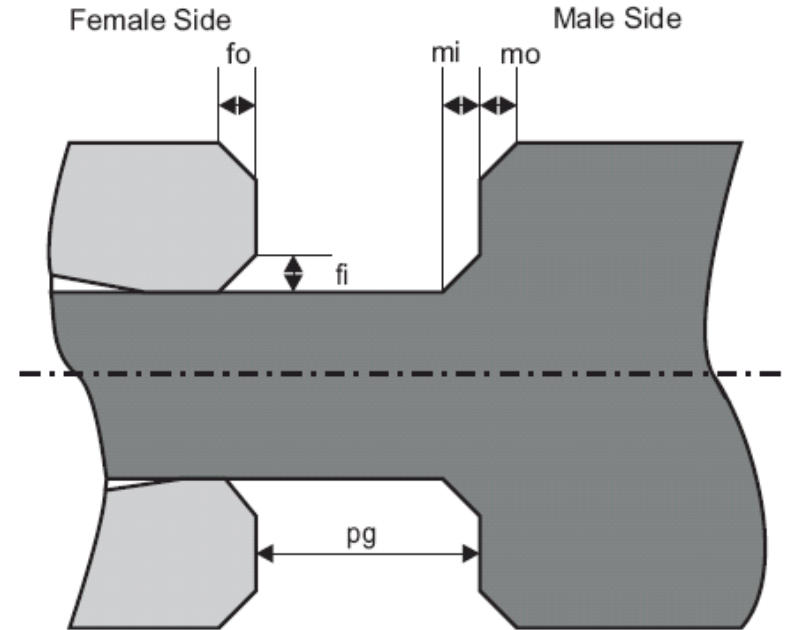
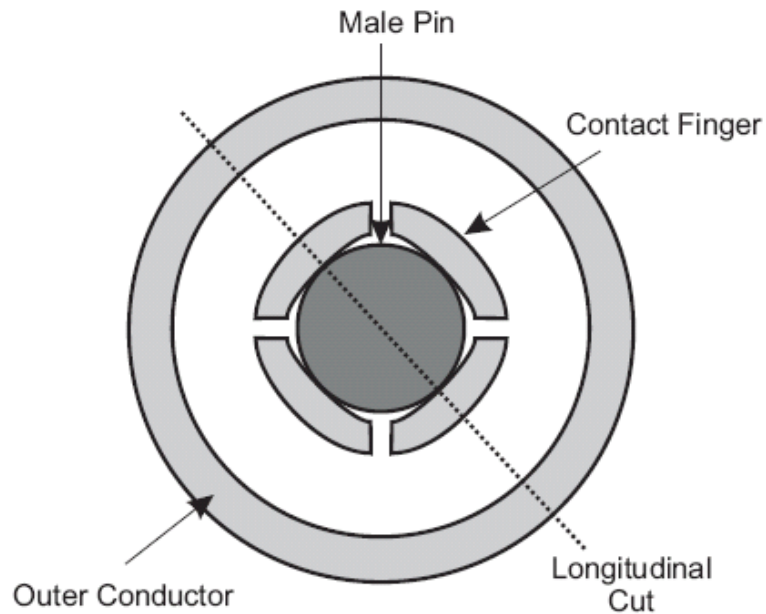


Example: 1.85 mm CC with connector cross section



Slotted female end

Future calibration services: connector characterisation and modelling



Johannes Hoffmann, ETHZ, CoMo70 project (Paper published at the EuMW 2007)



Customer request

Calibration of a 2.92 mm(female) cross section when mated with a nominal male pin having a diameter of **0.914 mm (according the new IEEE Standard P287-2007)**

Problem: the reference 2.92 mm (female) pins used at METAS have a nominal diameter of **0.927 mm +/-0.001 mm** (same reference pin used as for the 3.5 mm system)

Resulting pin diameter difference = -0.013 mm



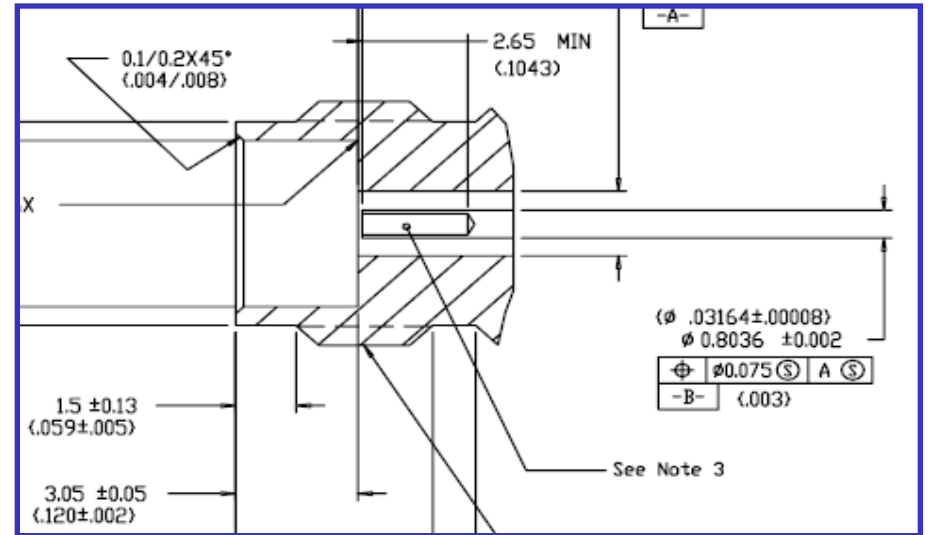
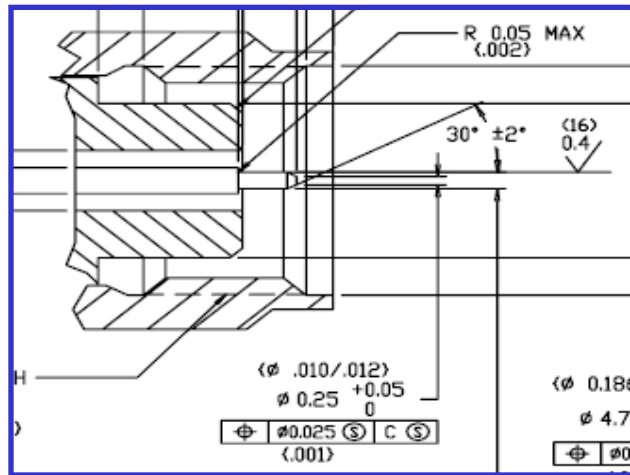
IEEE Standard for Precision Coaxial Connectors (DC to 110 GHz)

IEEE Std 287™-2007

(Revision of

IEEE Std 287-1968)

Detail specifications for the precision coaxial 1.85 mm connector (LPC)



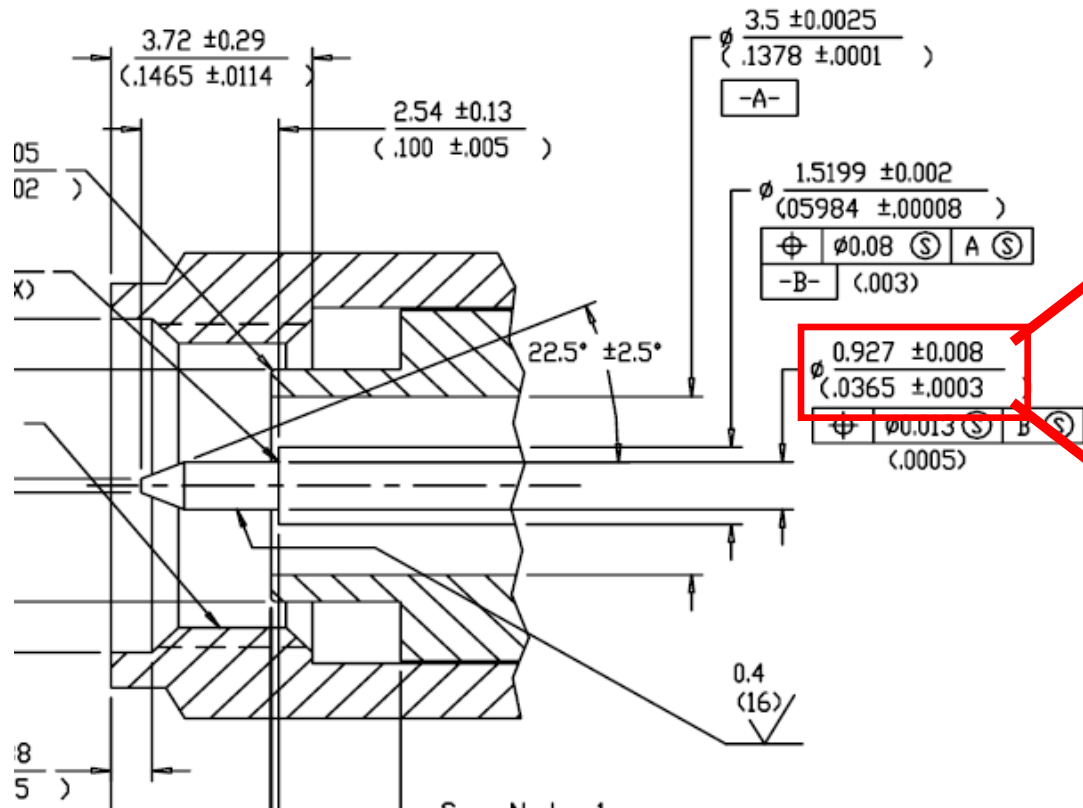
Critical mechanical specifications are missing!



IEEE Standard for Precision Coaxial Connectors (DC to 110 GHz)

IEEE Std 287™-2007
(Revision of
IEEE Std 287-1968)

Detail specifications for the precision coaxial 3.5 mm male connector (LPC)



$\varnothing 0.927$ mm ± 0.008 mm

$\varnothing 0.919$ mm - $\varnothing 0.935$ mm

Conversion factor: 25.4

$\varnothing 0.0365$ in ± 0.0003 in

$\varnothing 0.0362$ in - $\varnothing 0.0368$ in

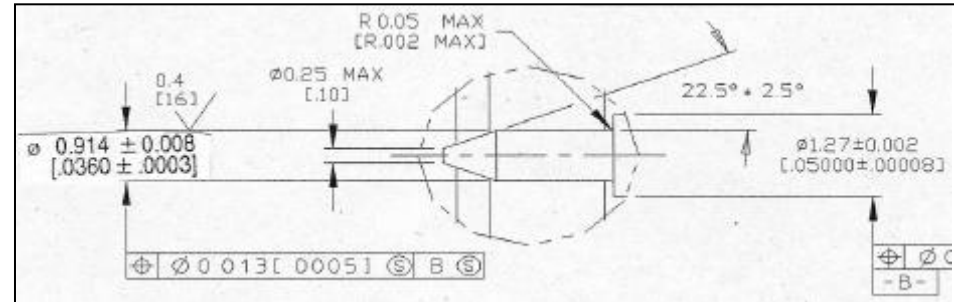
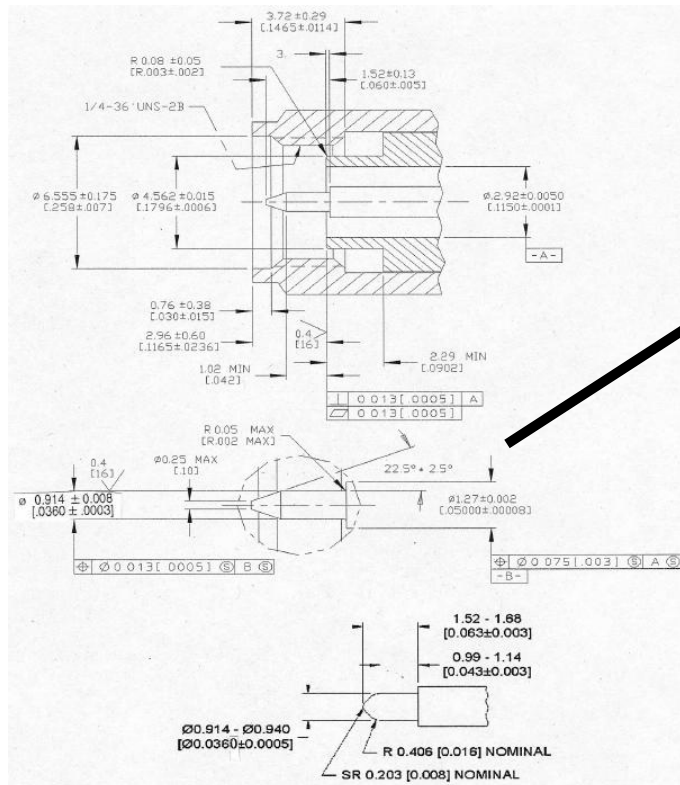


IEEE Standard for Precision Coaxial Connectors (DC to 110 GHz)

IEEE Std 287™-2007

(Revision of
IEEE Std 287-1968)

Detail specifications for the precision coaxial 2.92 mm male connector (LPC)



→ **Ø 0.914 mm +/- 0.008 mm**
Ø 0.906 mm - Ø 0.922 mm

Conversion factor: 25.4

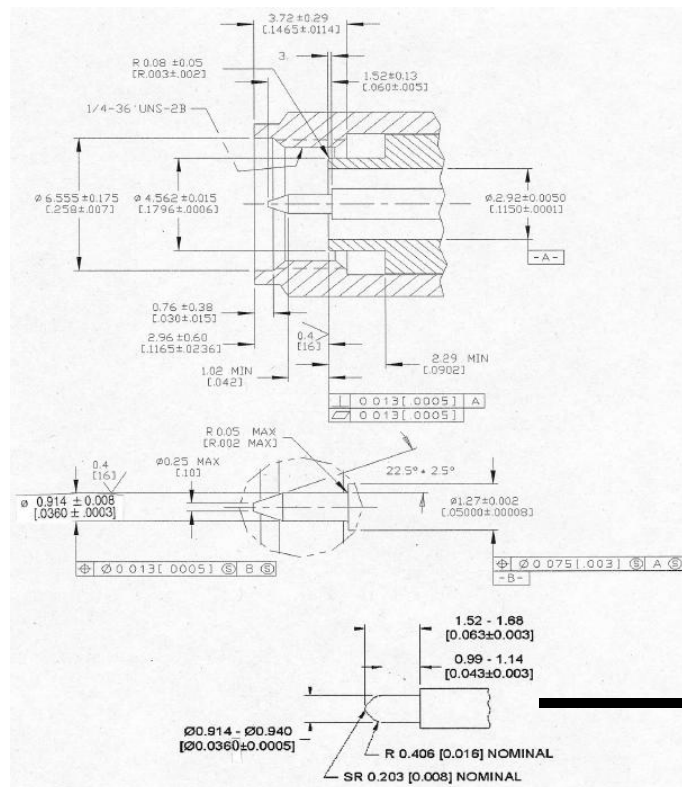
→ **Ø 0.0360 in +/- 0.0003 in**
Ø 0.0359 in - Ø 0.0363 in



IEEE Standard for Precision Coaxial Connectors (DC to 110 GHz)

IEEE Std 287™-2007
(Revision of
IEEE Std 287-1968)

Detail specifications for the precision coaxial 2.92 mm male connector (LPC)



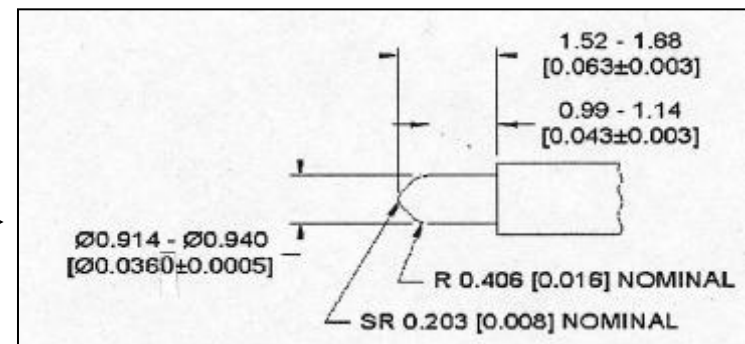
Ø 0.927 mm +/- 0.013 mm

→ Ø 0.914 mm - Ø 0.940 mm

Conversion factor: 25.75

→ Ø 0.0360 in +/- 0.0005 in

Ø 0.0355 in - Ø 0.0365 in

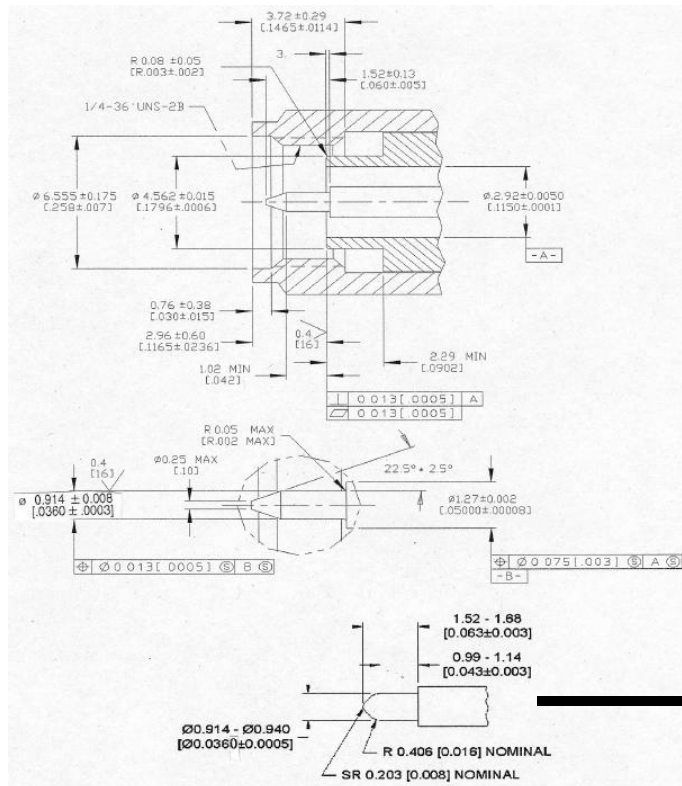




IEEE Standard for Precision Coaxial Connectors (DC to 110 GHz)

IEEE Std 287™-2007
(Revision of
IEEE Std 287-1968)

Detail specifications for the precision coaxial 2.92 mm male connector (LPC)



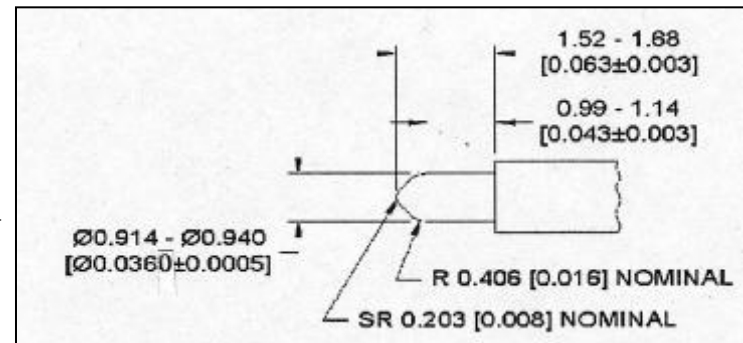
Ø 0.927 mm +/- 0.013 mm

→ Ø 0.914 mm - Ø 0.940 mm

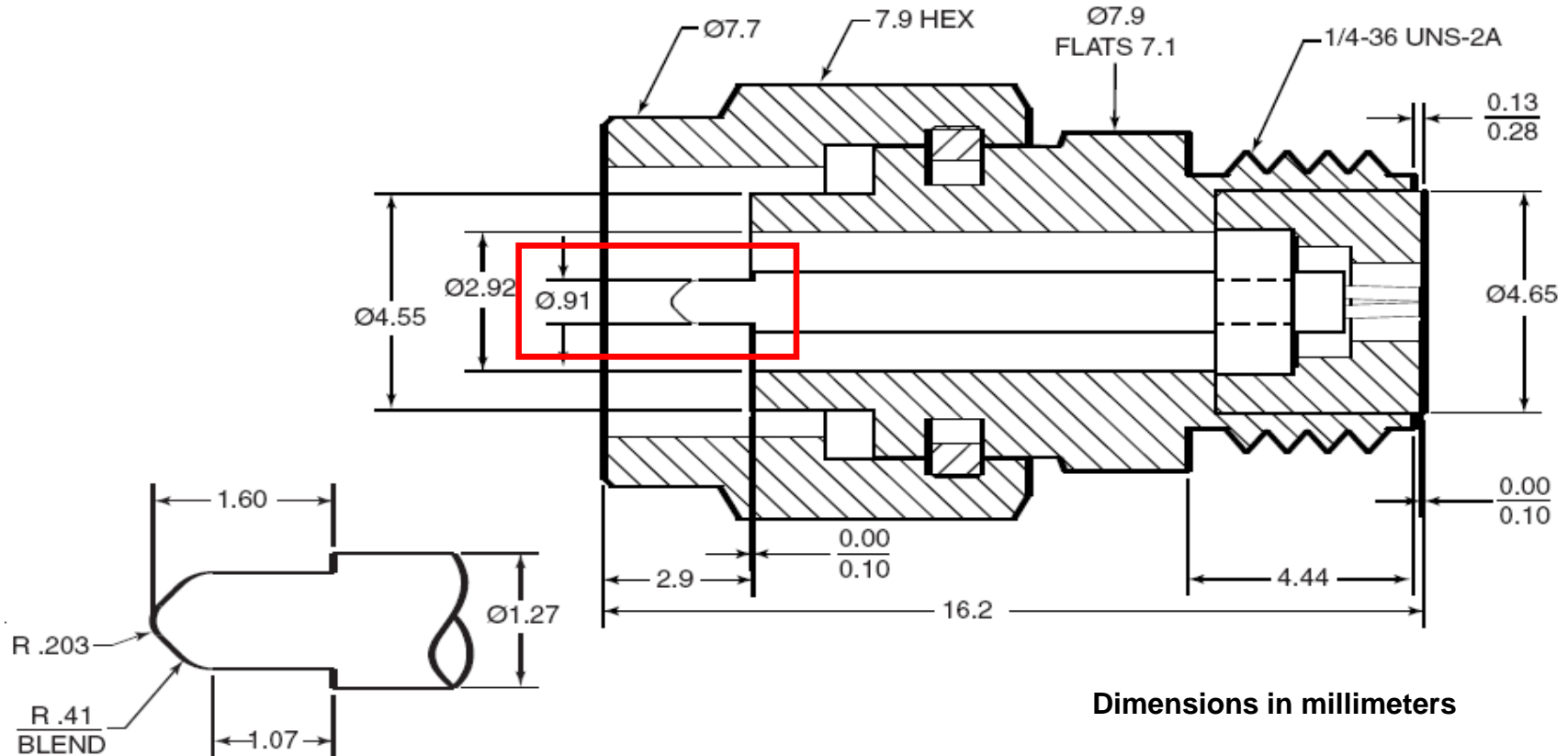
Mean comply with 3.5 mm pin spec !

→ Ø 0.0360 in +/- 0.0005 in

Comply with other 2.92 mm pin spec

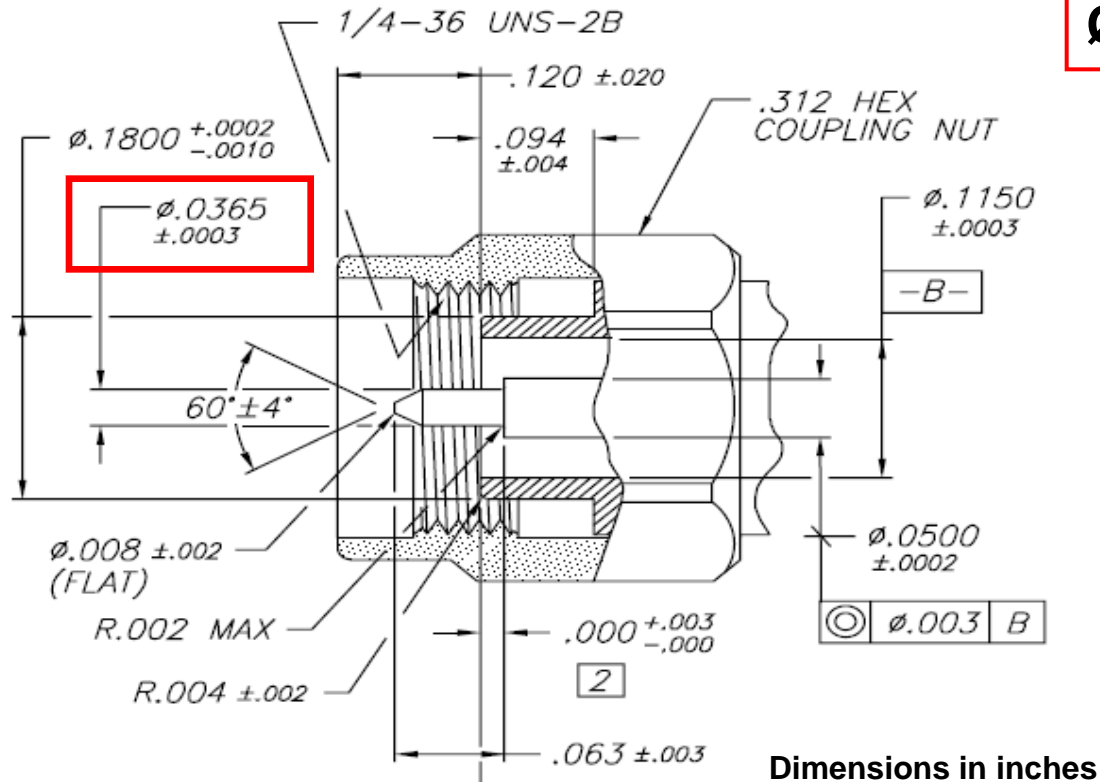


Anritsu: Precision RF & Microwave Components product catalog (2.92 mm or K connector specifications)



3.5 mm_{IEEE} – 2.92 mm_{Anritsu} pin diameter difference = - 0.017 mm

Maury: Precision 2.92 mm (K) specifications (drawing 5E-063)



$\phi 0.927 \text{ mm} \pm 0.008 \text{ mm}$

Same nominal pin diameter specification used from:

- Rosenberger
- Rohde&Schwarz
- Agilent
- Huber+Suhner
- ...

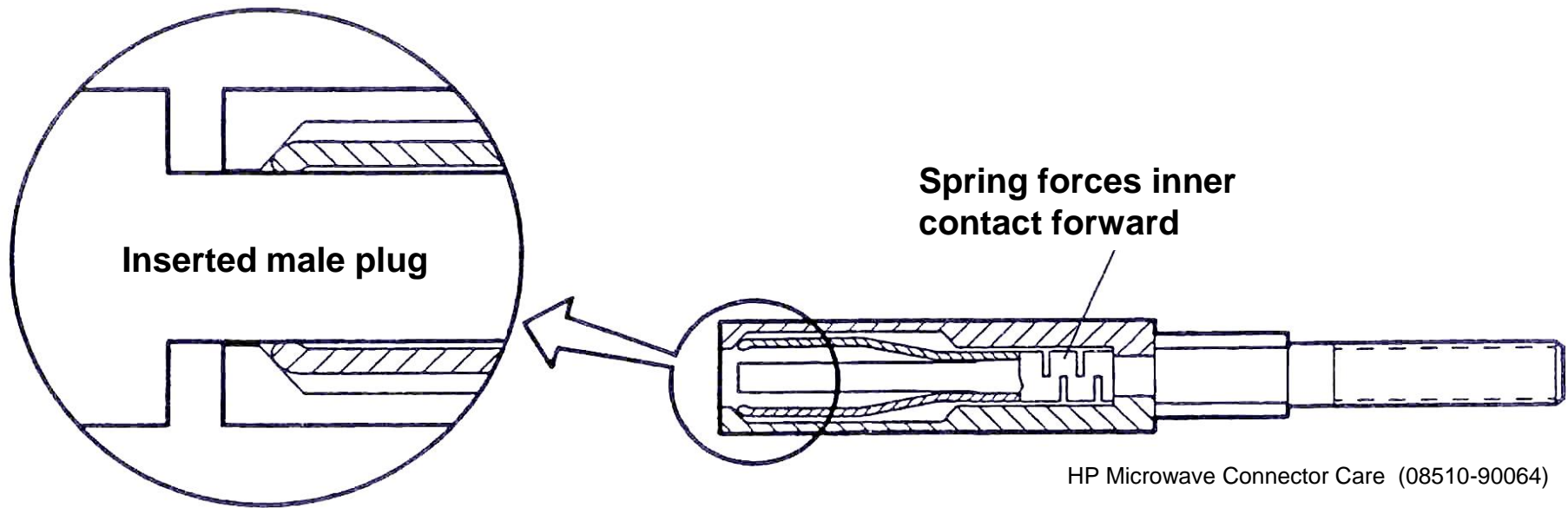
$3.5 \text{ mm}_{\text{IEEE}} - 2.92 \text{ mm}_{\text{Maury}} \text{ pin diameter difference} = - 0.000 \text{ mm}$



Pin effects and **traceability issues**

- **Slotted versus slotless connectors**
- **Spreading of the contact fingers**
- **Length and profile of the male pin**
- **Contact point**
- **Contact resistance: plating, material properties**

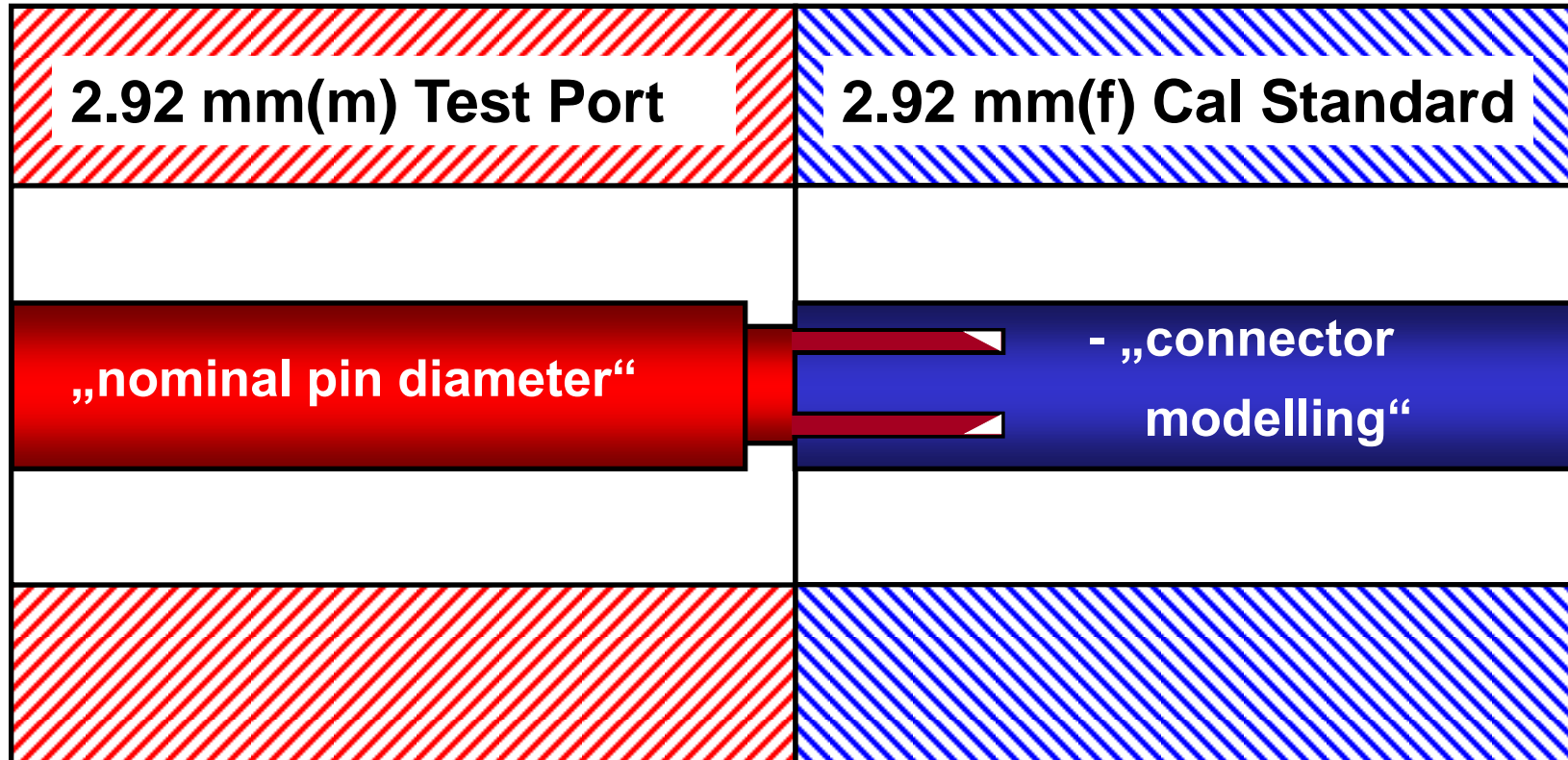
Slotted versus slotless female connector design



Detail of precision slotless female centre conductor developed by Agilent

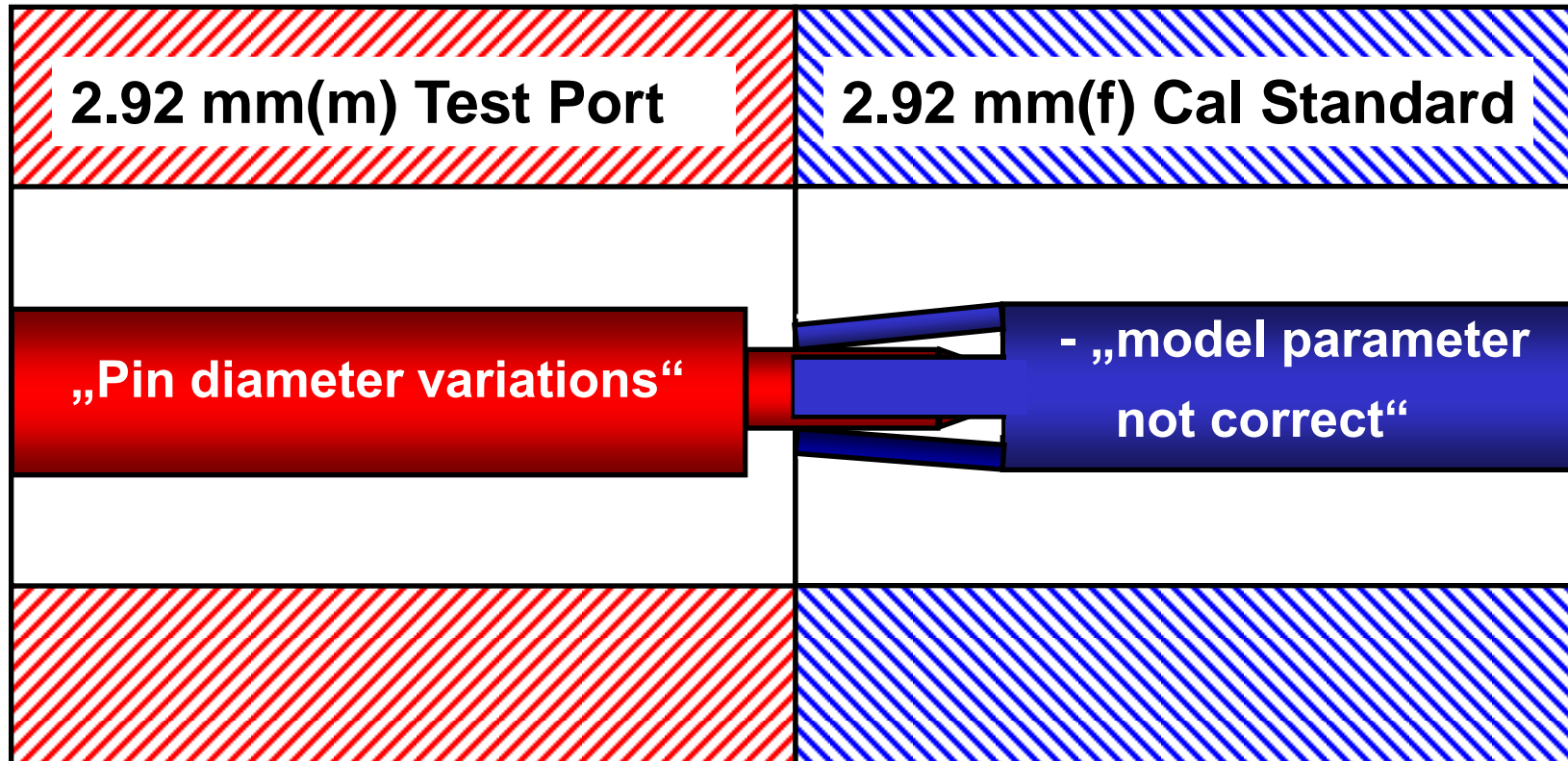
(Slotless female conductors are available for Type-N, 3.5 mm and 2.4 mm connectors)

- Slotted female CC
- Cal Standard „corrected“



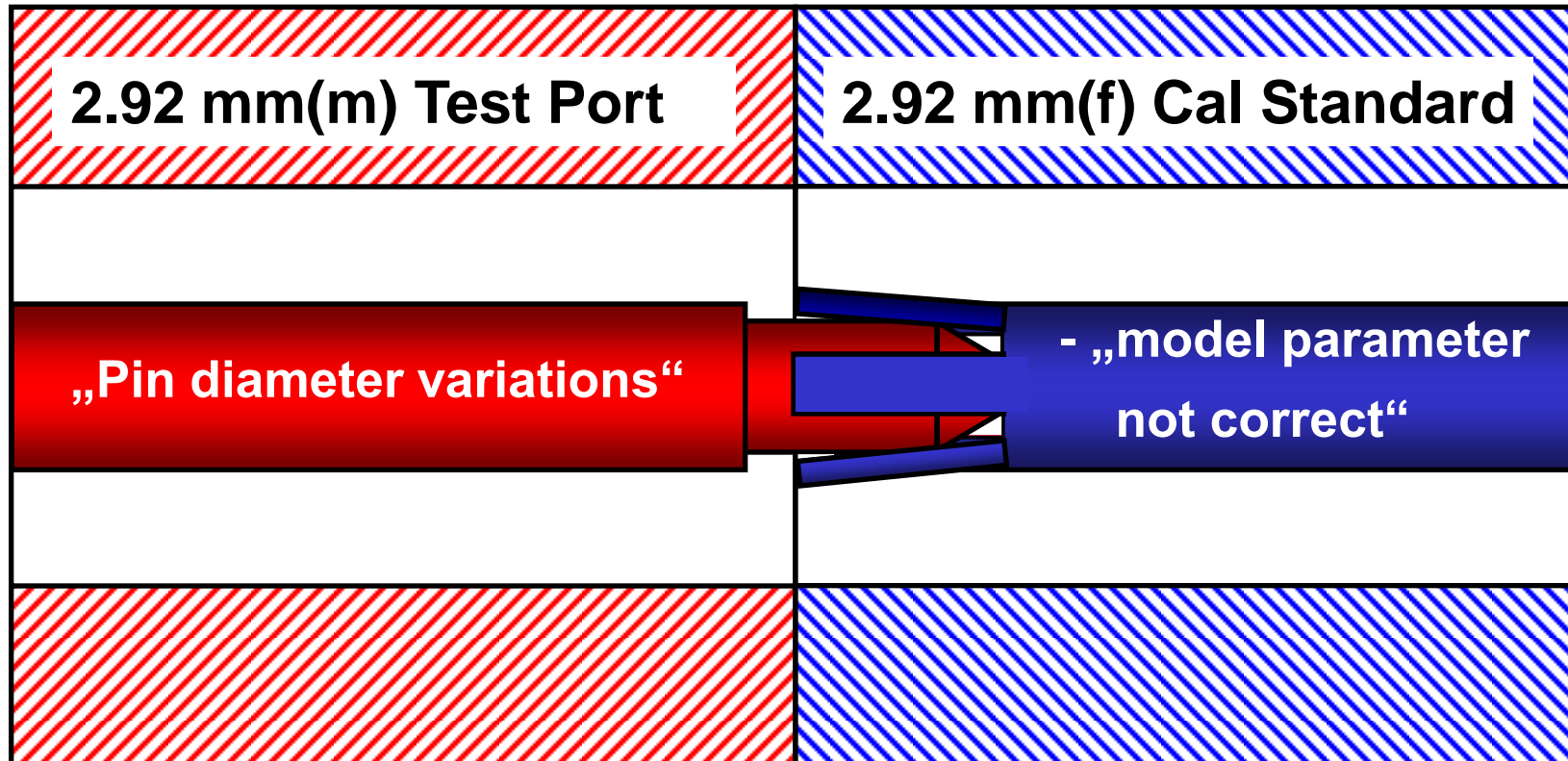
The error introduced by the TP will become „absorbed“ into the error box of the calibration model of the VNA

- Slotted female CC
- **Problem:** pin diameter



The error introduced by the TP pin will change the impedance characteristics of the connected calibration standard

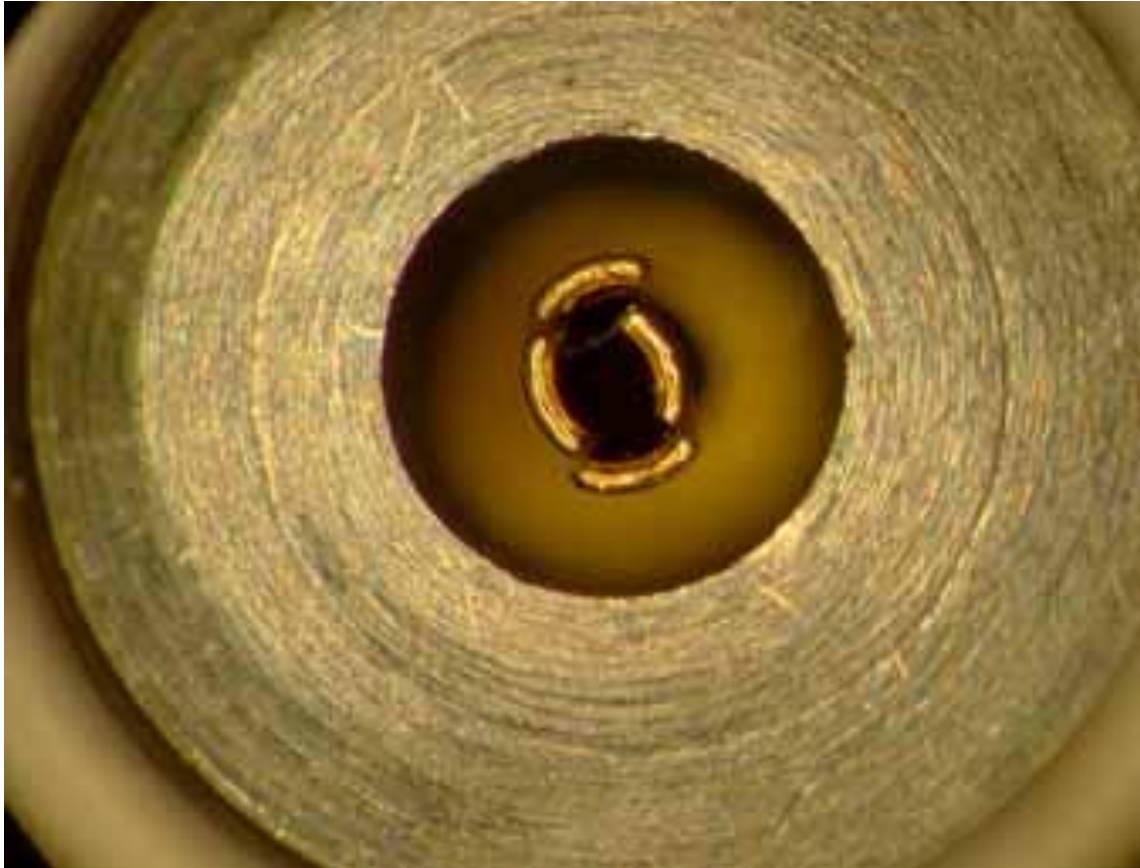
- Slotted female CC
- **Problem:** pin diameter



The error introduced by the TP pin will change the impedance characteristics of the connected calibration standard

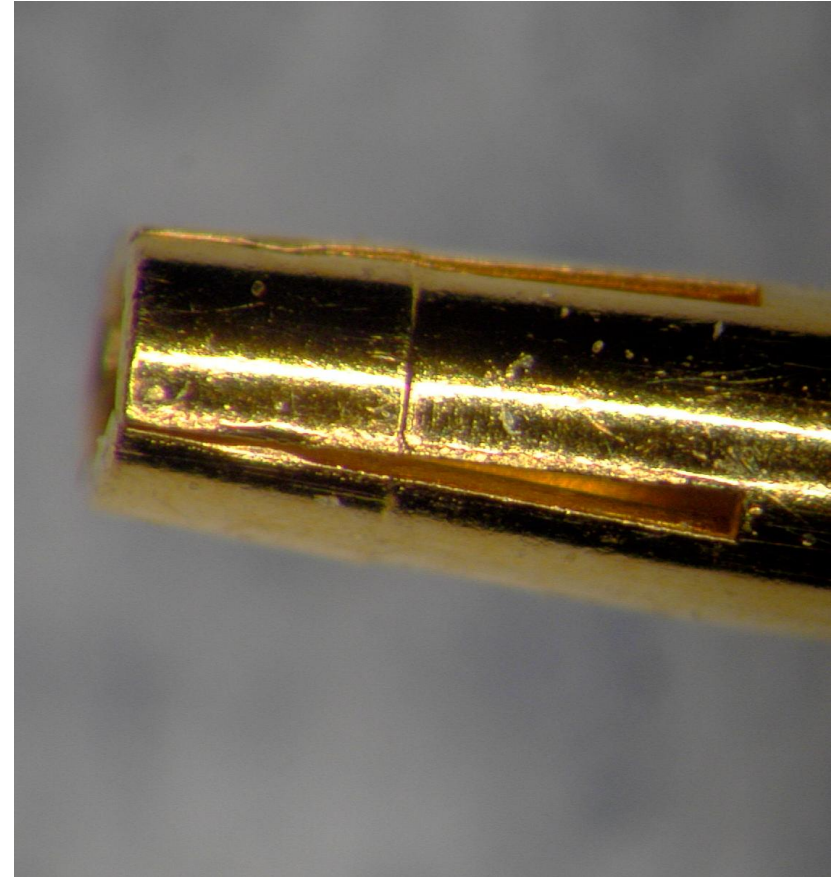
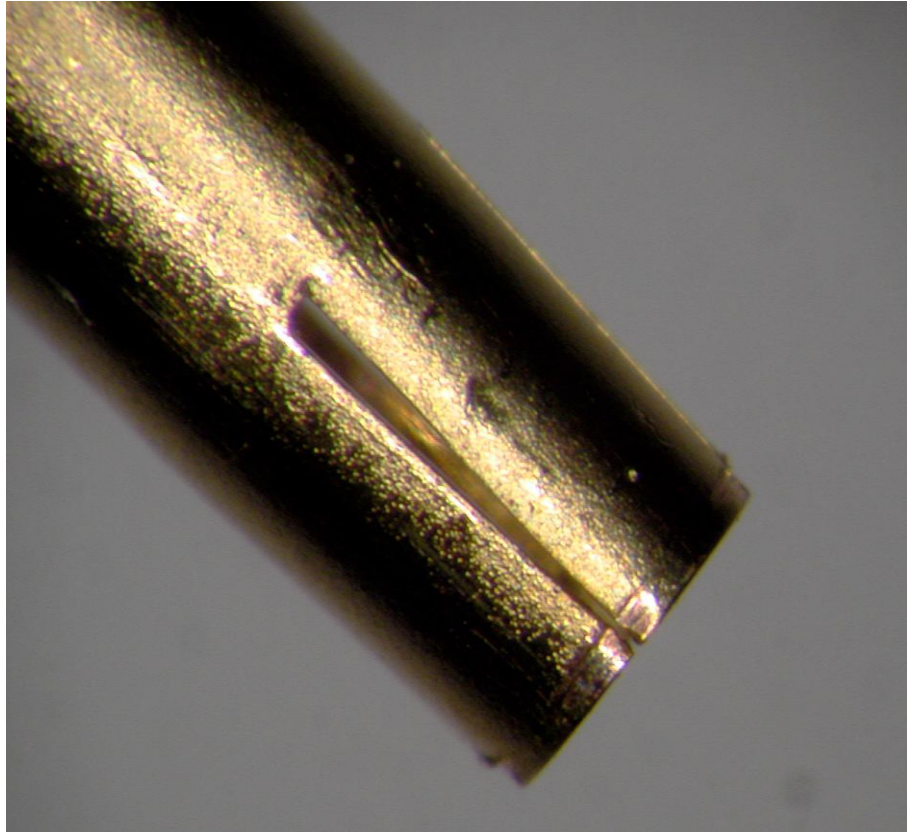


Manufacturing issues





Manufacturing issues



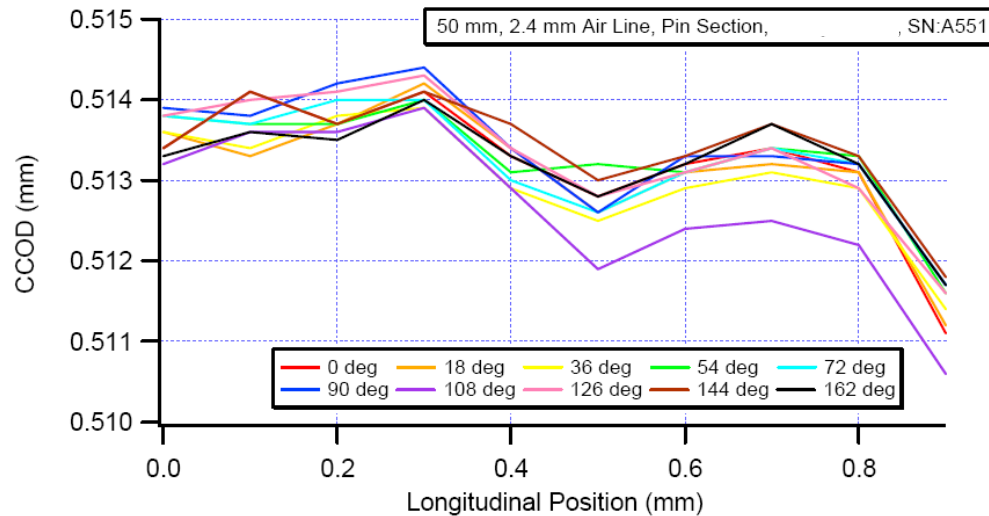
Stamping marks, bone effects or bubbles on fingers (in and outside)



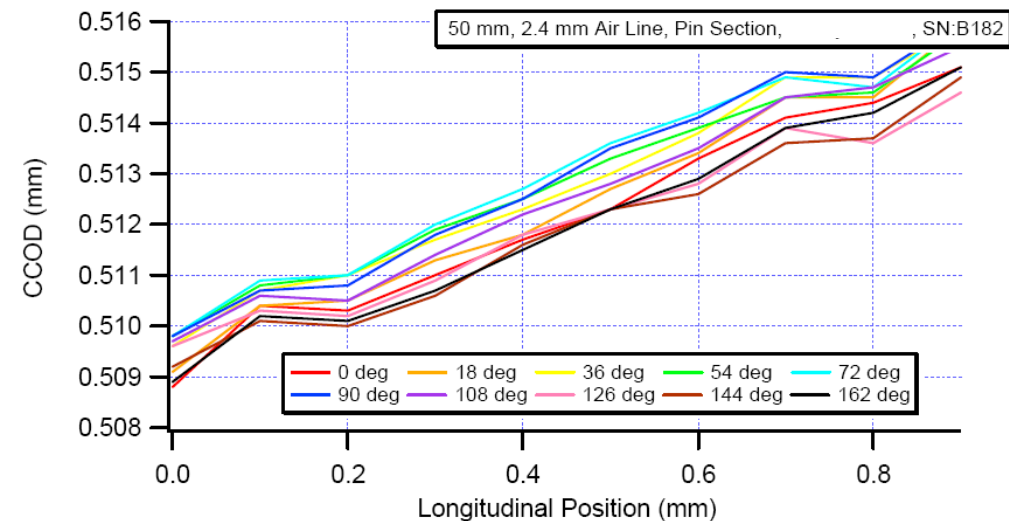
Manufacturing issues

Profile of two 2.4 mm precision air line male pins

Graphical Representation: Center Conductor



Graphical Representation: Center Conductor

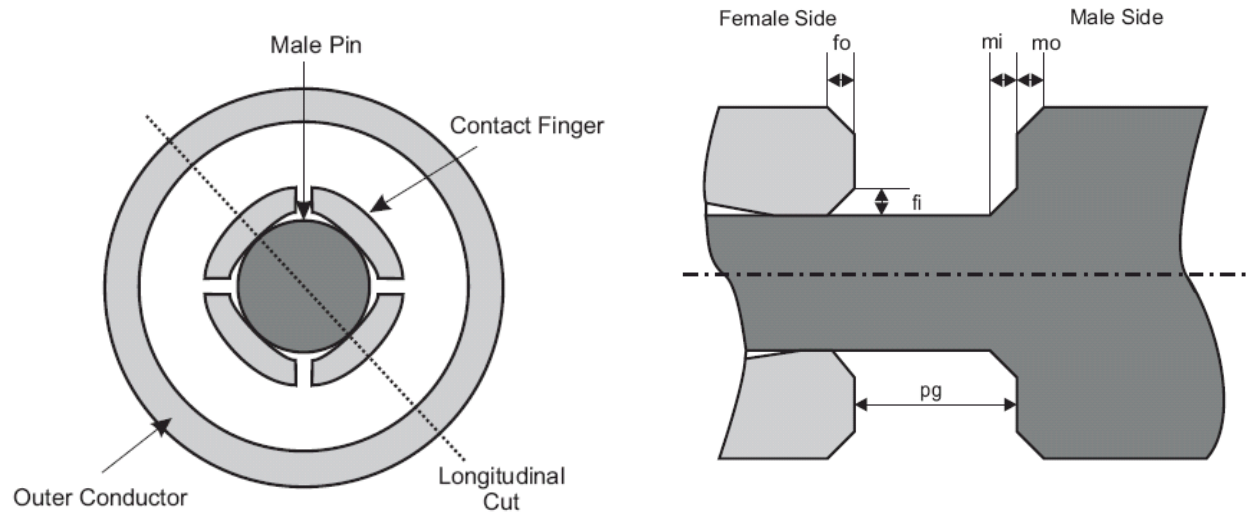
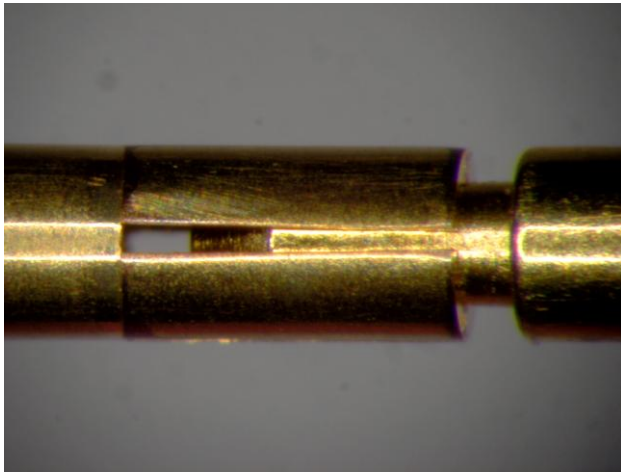


Pin diameter effects in electrical quantities

CoMo70 modelling:

1.85 mm male pin diameter reduction of 10 μm

1.85 mm nominal male pin $\varnothing = 0.511$ mm



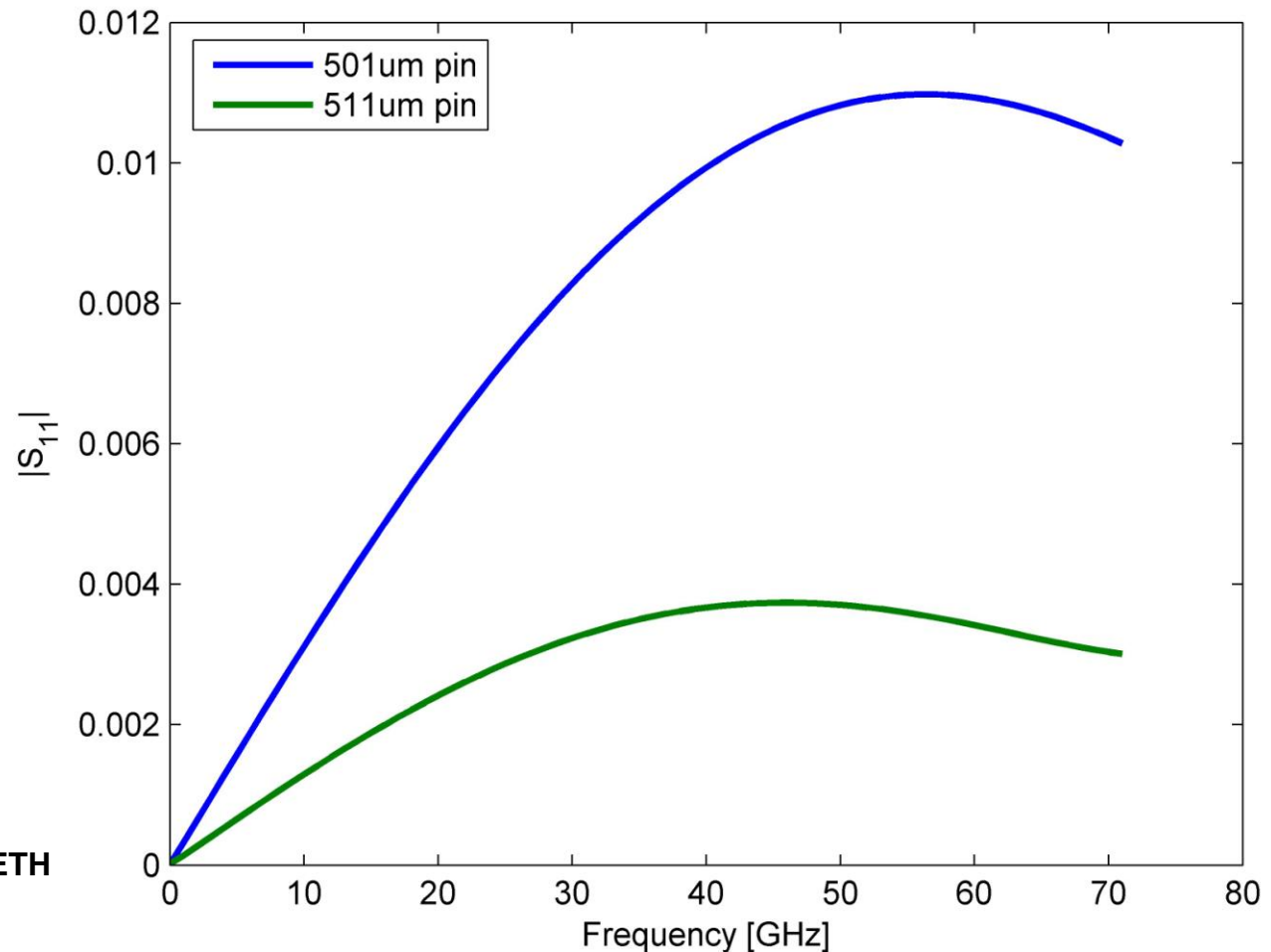
Johannes Hoffmann, ETHZ, CoMo70 project (Paper published at the EuMW 2007)



Pin diameter effects in electrical quantities

CoMo70 modelling:

1.85 mm male pin diameter reduction of 10 μm



Johannes Hoffmann, ETH



Conclusions : “Standard versus market”

- **IEEE Std P287-2007: be careful with the specifications**
- **Modelling: a must for millimetre-wave coaxial connectors**
- **Traceable pin-diameter and slotted area measurements – a must for modelling**
- **NMIs: need the detailed connector specifications**
- **Impact of pin diameters in measurement comparisons?**
- **Other critical effects not discussed (near field effects, ...)**



IEEE Std 287

It is planned to issue a new edition of this standard

- Sponsored by the Connectors in Measurement Technical Committee (TC-5)
- TC-5 is Chaired by Brian Lee, Anritsu, USA
- TC-5 has asked Nick Ridler to initiate the revision of the IEEE 287 standard



Federal Department of Justice and Police FDJP

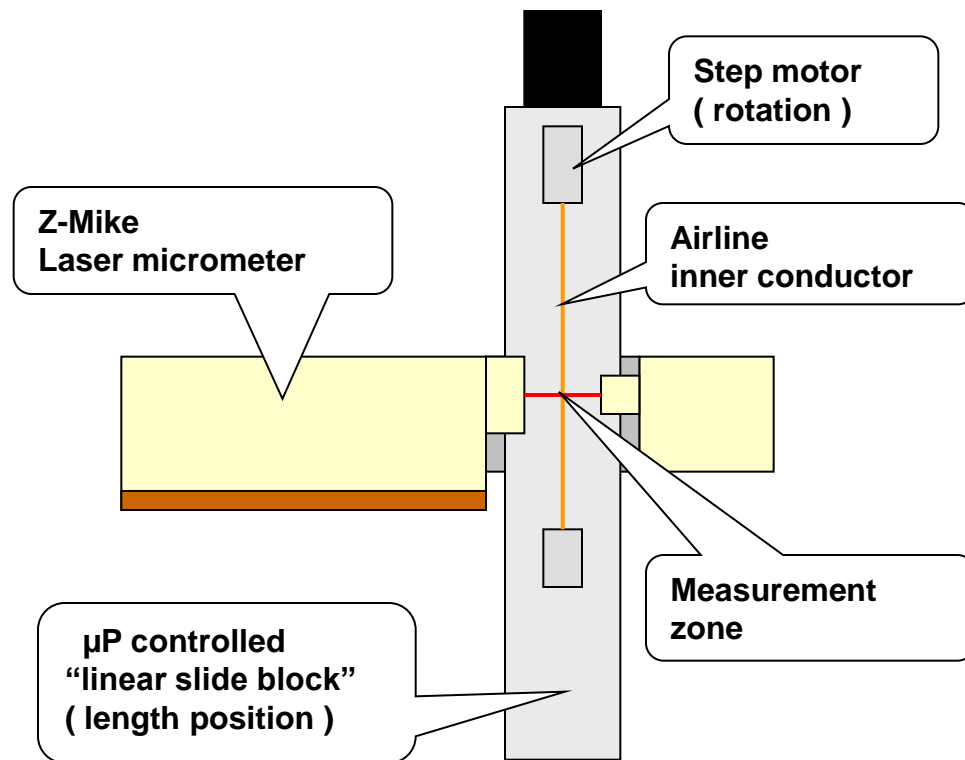
Federal Office of Metrology METAS

Thank you very much for your attention !

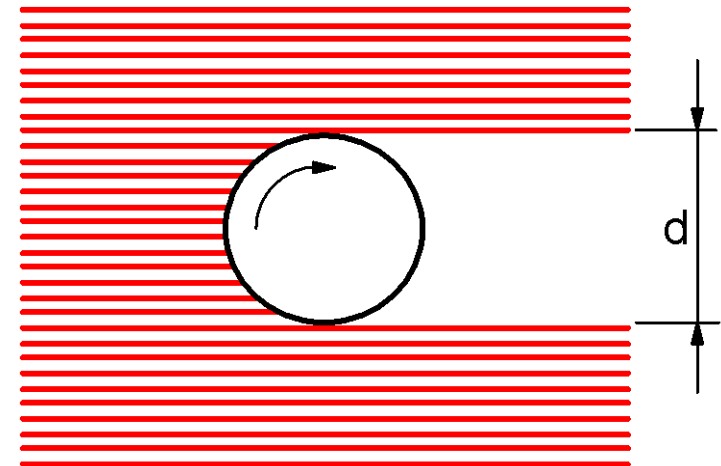




Automated **Laser Scanner** Measurement System (-> For the outer diameter of the inner conductor)

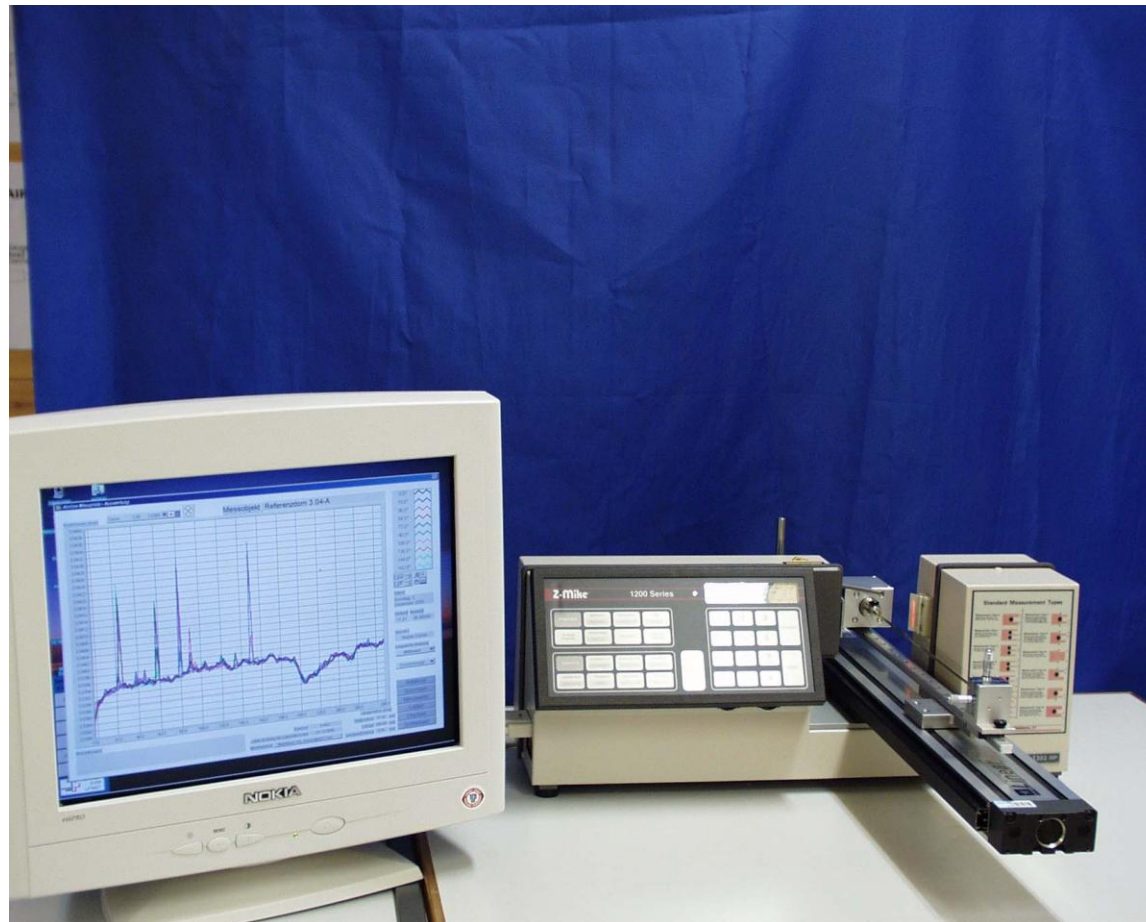


View into the measurement zone
Measurement of the diameter profile :



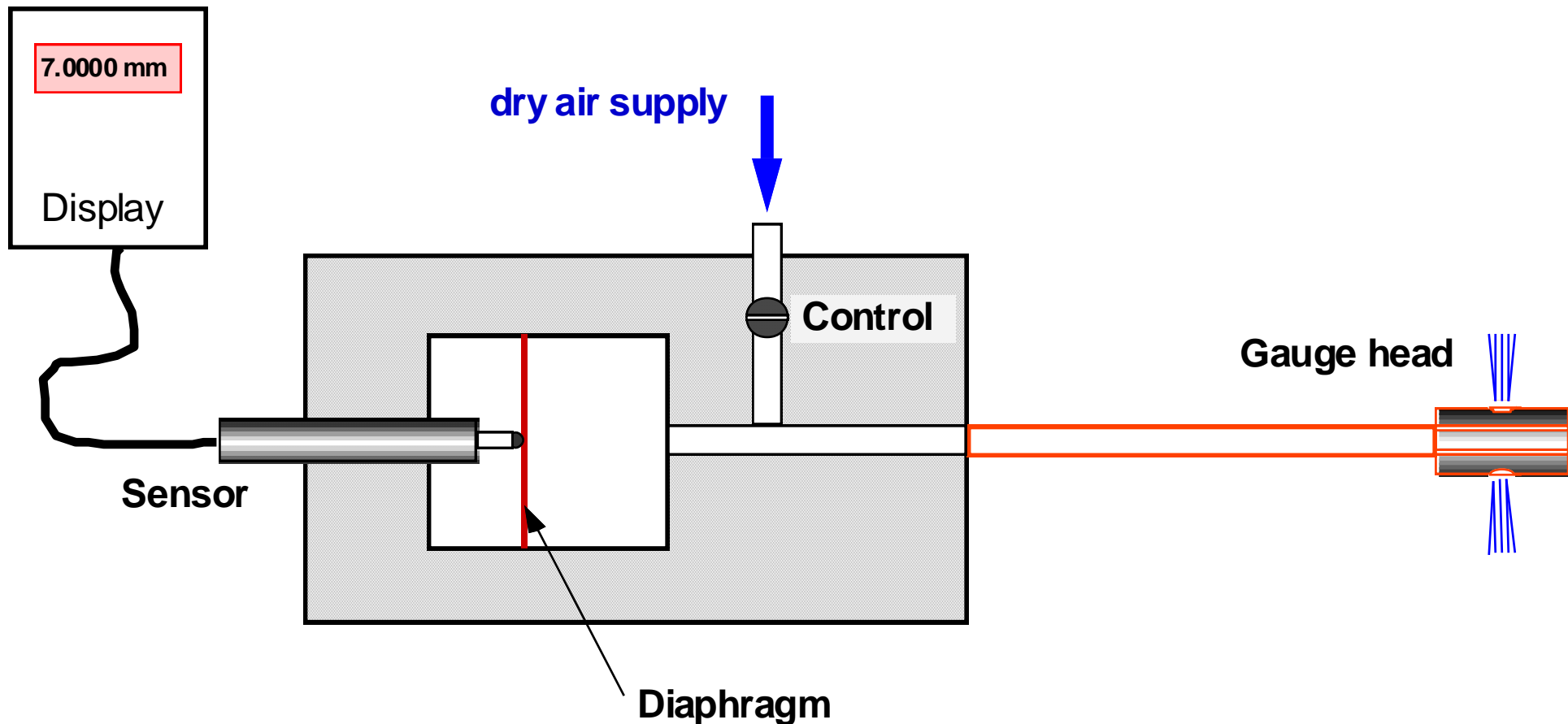


Automated Laser Scanner Measurement System (-> For the outer diameter of the inner conductor)



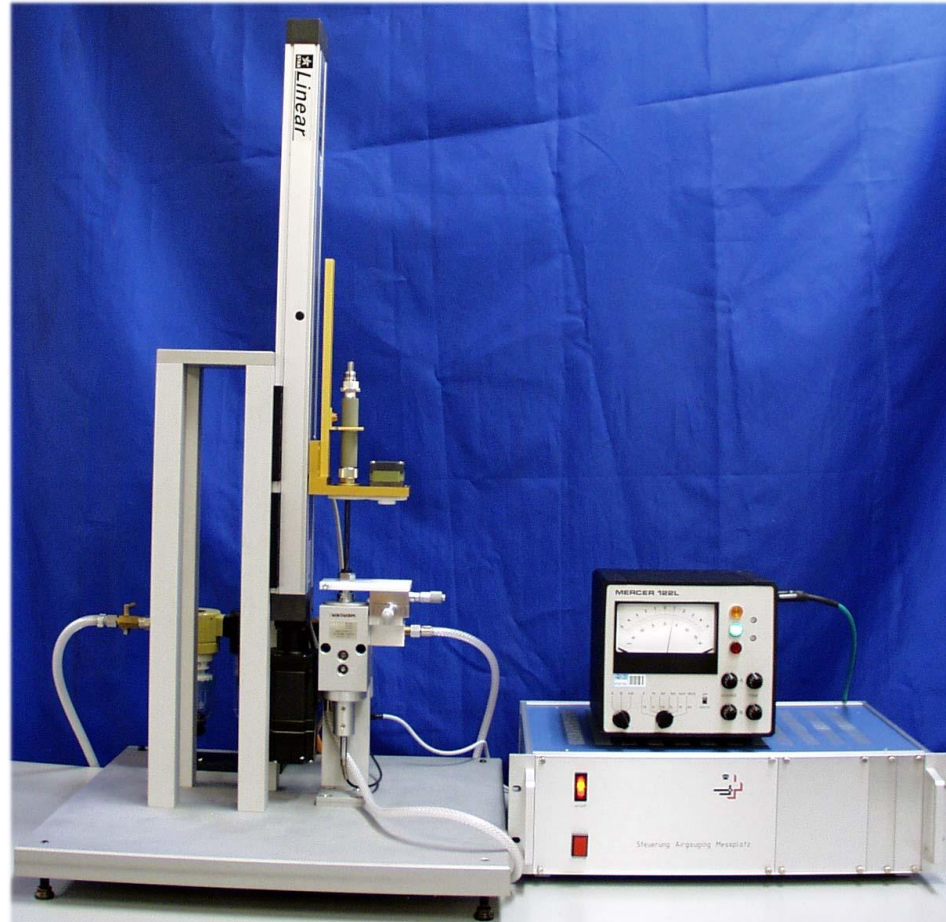
Automated **air gauging** measurement system

(-> For the inner diameter of the outer conductor)





Automated Air Gauging Measurement System (-> For the inner diameter of the outer conductor)





S-parameter traceability chain used at METAS

