Highlands Neighborhood Association



NE 85th Station Area Plan Phase 2

City of Kirkland

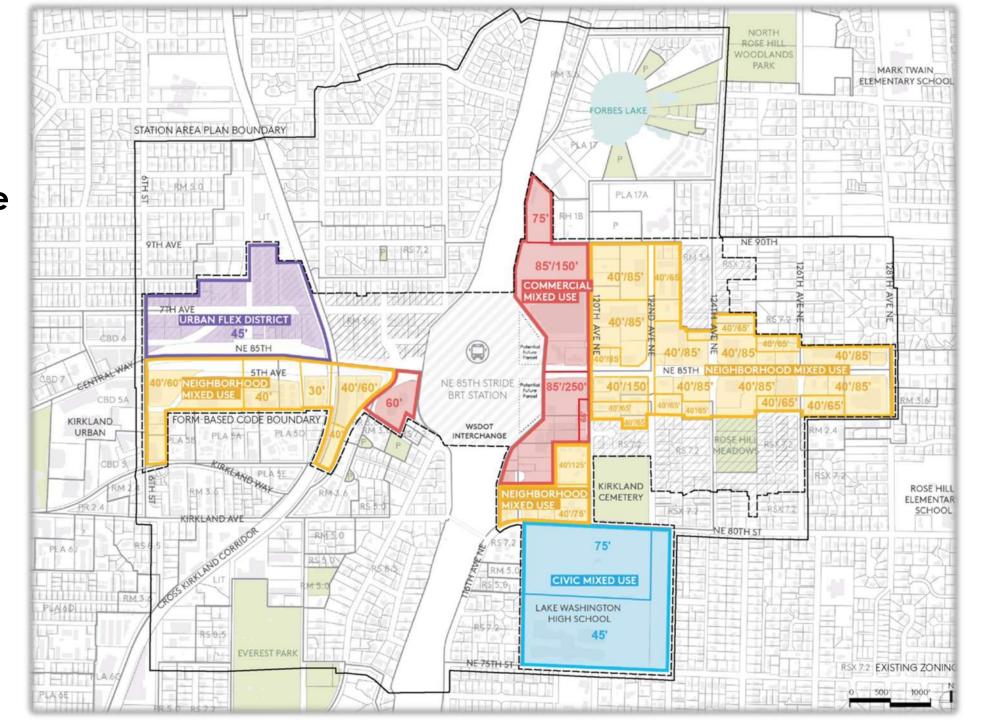
March 15, 2023



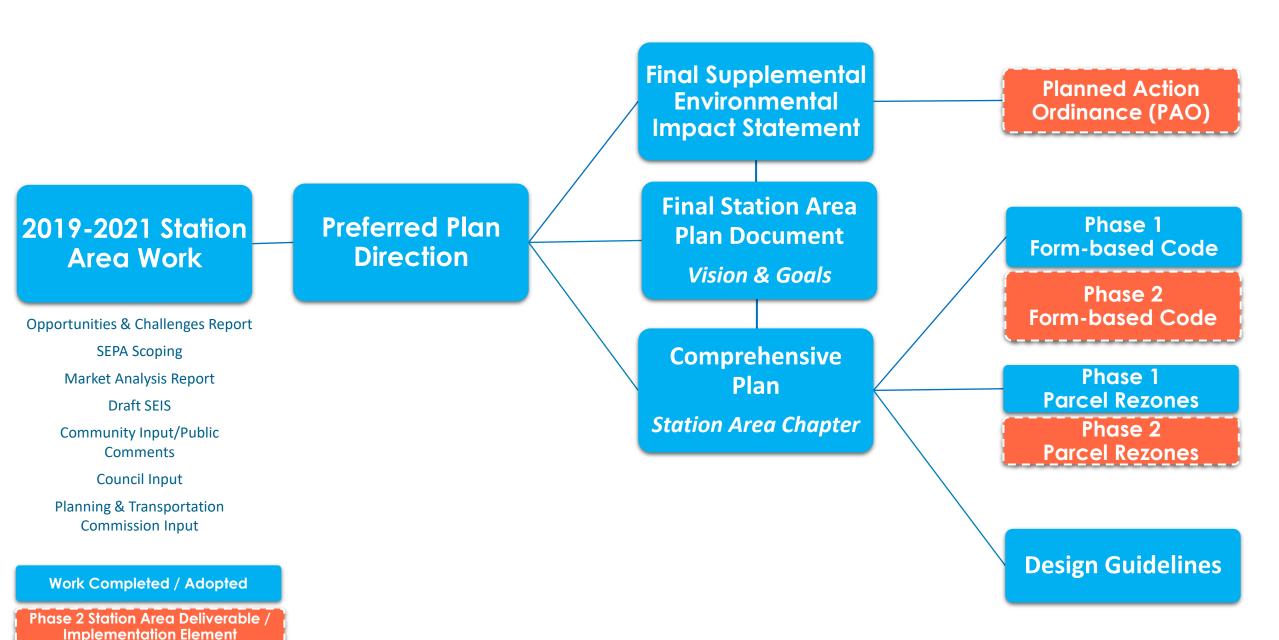


Station Area Plan

Study & Form-based Code Boundaries



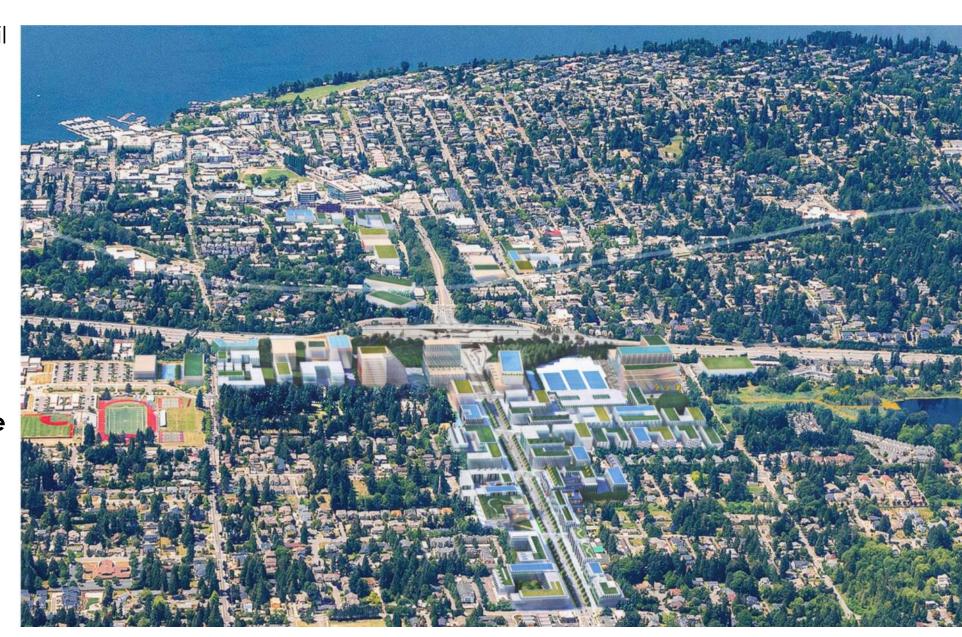
Station Area Workflow



Phase 1 Adoption: What has been decided already in planning process?

On June 28, 2022 Council adopted:

- Station Area Plan (Resolution R-5547)
- Comprehensive Plan Amendments (Ordinance O-4800)
- Phase 1 Parcel Rezones (Ordinance O-4801)
- Phase 1 Zoning Code Amendments / FBC (Ordinance O-4802)
- Municipal Code
 Amendments &
 Design Guidelines
 (Ordinance O-4803)



STATION AREA PLAN



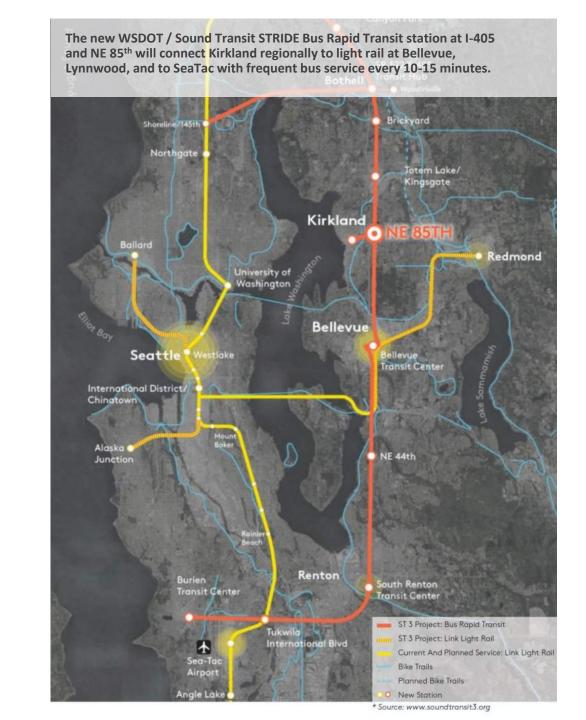


Why Plan for the NE 85th Station Area?

The Station Area Plan was directed by the City Council in 2019 to leverage the once in a generation regional BRT transit investment... and proactively plan for potential growth over the next 20+ years (adopted resolution R-5356).

The planning objective is to maximize transitoriented development, and create the most:

- Opportunity and Inclusion
- Value for the City
- Community Benefits including affordable housing, improved sustainability benefits, park and mobility improvements, and solutions for school capacity
- and Quality of Life for all



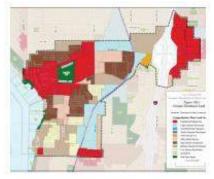
Why Plan for the NE 85th Station Area?

This is a long-term plan for 2044 that builds on

- the 2035 Comprehensive Plan;
- the Highlands, Everest, Norkirk, Moss Bay, and Rose Hill Neighborhood Plans;
- the Sustainability Master Plan;
- the CKC Master Plan;
- and others.

The Station Area is envisioned as a demonstration district that maximizes opportunity for innovation and community benefit for the next generation, with the potential to realize goals of the Sustainability Master Plan, Housing Strategy, and other city-wide initiatives on the ground.









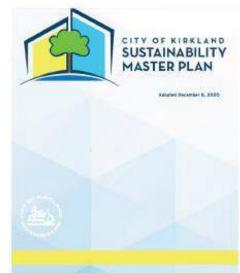




City of Kirkland
Parks, Recreation & Open Space Plan







Station Area Plan Overview

O1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

O2
PROJECT CONTEXT

O3 EXISTING CONDITIONS





06
LAND USE AND ZONING

PARKS, OPEN SPACE AND ENVIRONMENT

08
TRANSPORTATION AND MOBILITY

09
UTILITIES AND PUBLIC SERVICES

10 SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORK

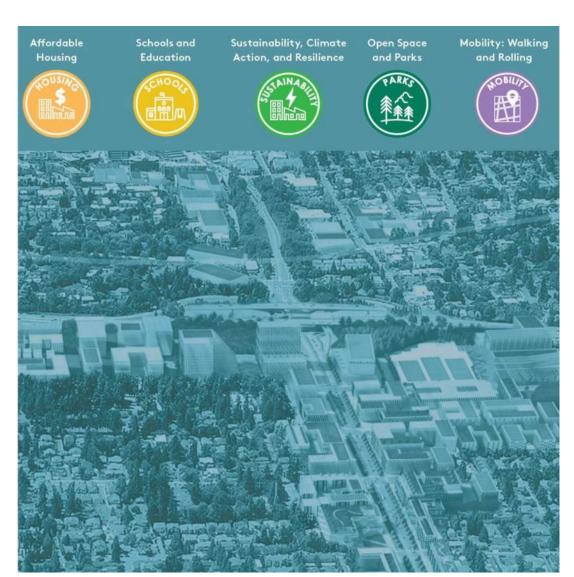
Chapter 04 Community Benefit Strategies

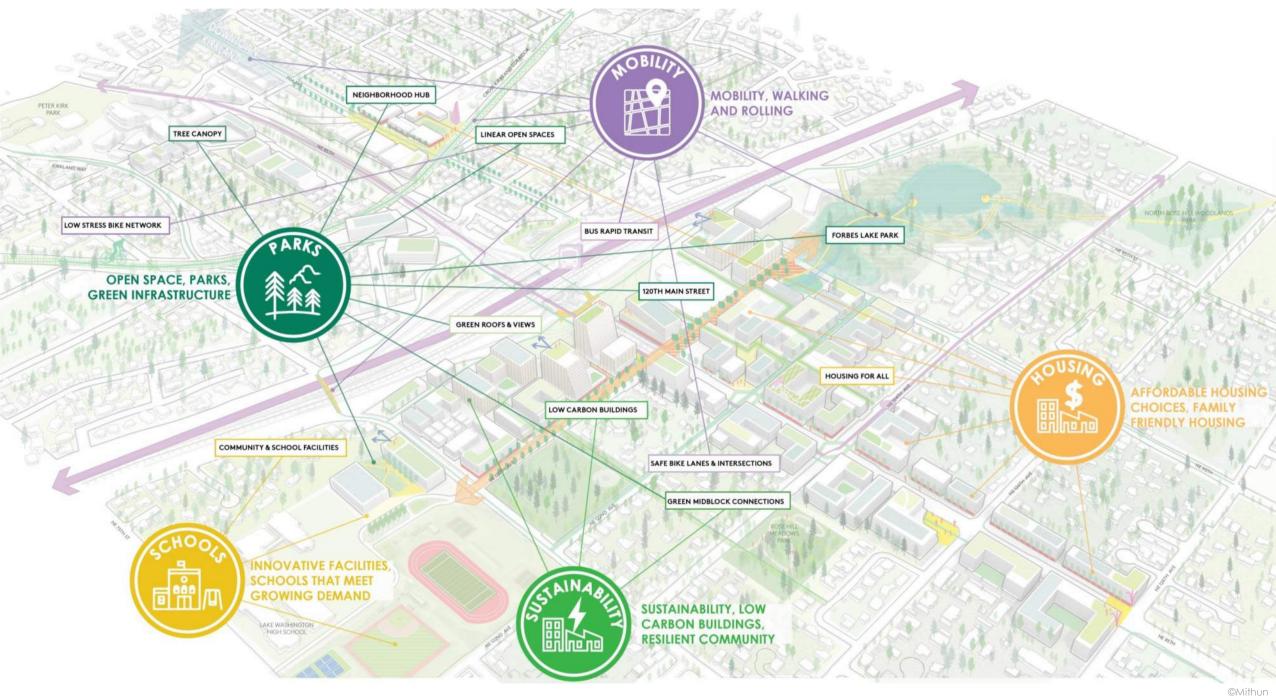
How can the public receive benefits of growth?

Priority community benefits were chosen based on community feedback, City Council and Planning Commission direction, and initial findings from DSEIS and 2020 Opportunities and Challenges Report.

Study Area (June 2020): initial growth concept that served as the basis for the draft SEIS alternatives





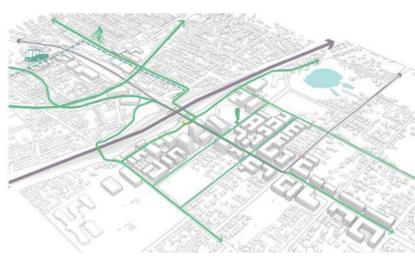


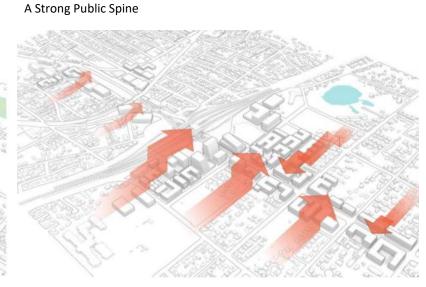
Chapter 05 Vision and Urban Design Framework

The Community Vision is supported by cohesive urban design strategies used throughout character areas.









A network of Mobility Options

Leverage Existing Natural Systems and Resources

Focus Inclusive Growth Near Transit

Transitions in Scale to Adjacent Neighborhoods

Chapter 08 Transportation and Mobility

As an example, Station Area projects are coordinated to complement other projects and planned improvements to reduce congestion and improve mobility.

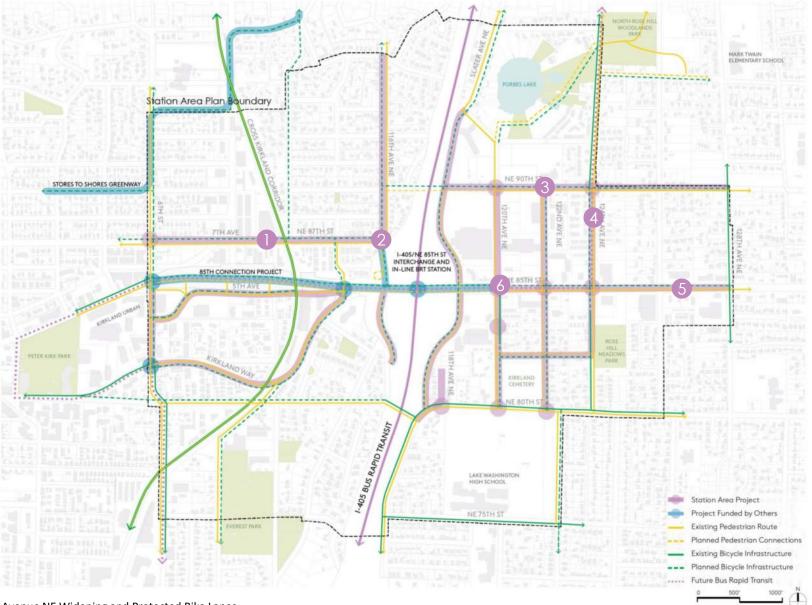
2 COMPACT ROUNDABOUTS AT NE 87TH AND 116TH AVE



ONE 85TH STREET AND 120TH AVENUE NE IMPROVEMENTS



- NE 87th / 7th Ave Corridor
- Compact roundabout singular at NE 87th and 116th Ave
- 3 NE 90th Street Corridor



- 4 124th Avenue NE Widening and Protected Bike Lanes
- 6 NE 85th Street Improvements: I-405 to 128th Avenue NE
- NE 85th Street And 120th Avenue NE Improvements







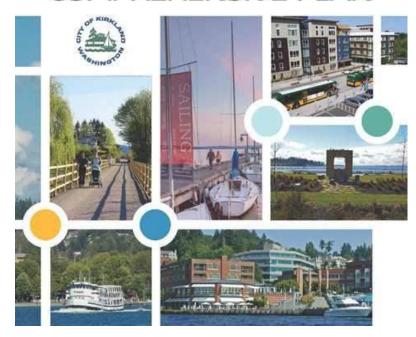
Adopted Comprehensive Plan Chapter

- New Station Area Chapter added to establish goals and policies for future growth
- Addresses Station Area relationships to Neighborhood Plans
- Includes goals and policies for Housing, Economic Development, Natural Environment & Sustainability, Parks & Open Space, Transportation, Urban Design, Public Services, Schools, and Implementation.
- Establishes Subarea household and employment growth capacities for horizon year of 2044

| 2044 Growth Capacity | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Total Households | 8,152 | | | | |
| Total Employment (Jobs) | 22,751 | | | | |



City of Kirkland, Washington COMPREHENSIVE PLAN



1 KIRKLAND ZONING CODE AMENDMENTS (KZC 57)



PROPOSED PHASE 2 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS & PC FOCUS TOPICS

February 23 Planning Commission Public Hearing – Phase 2

Planning Commission received public testimony, deliberated, and reached recommendation to City Council on 3 items.

1. Kirkland Zoning Code (KZC) Amendments

- Station Area Form-based Code for NMU, CVU, and UF districts
- Updates to district-wide standards (e.g., transitions, parking, etc.)
- Misc. Zoning Code Amendments

2. Legislative Rezones (Zoning Map Amendments)

- Applies NMU, CVU, and UF districts to specific parcels

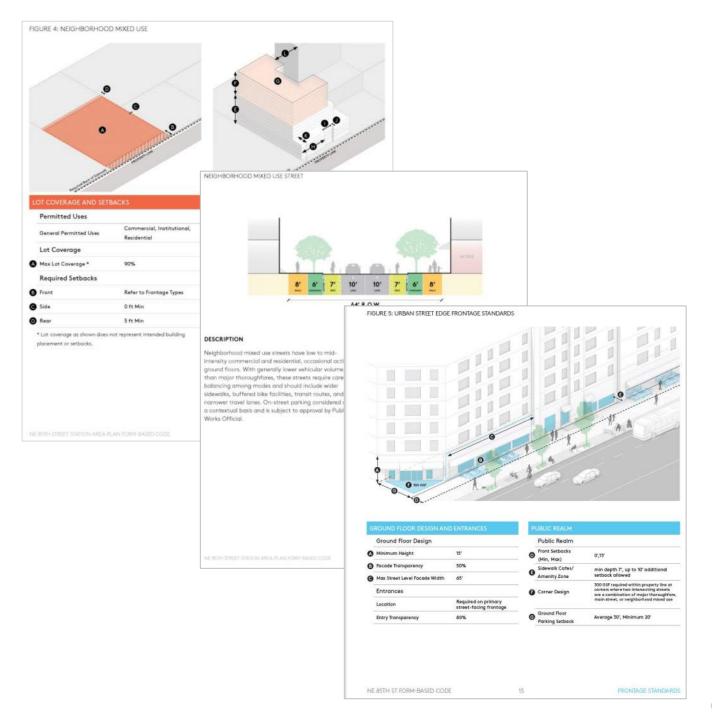
3. Kirkland Municipal Code (KMC) Amendments

- MFTE boundary adjustment to include UF district



What's Different About FBC?

Form-based codes are an approach to zoning that focuses on regulating the physical form and desired outcomes of development, rather than focusing on land uses.



NE 85th St Form-based Code Organization

Regulating District

Building Height Building Massing Facade Modulation Side & Rear Setbacks

Frontage Type

Front Setbacks Ground Floor Design Cafe & Amenity Zones

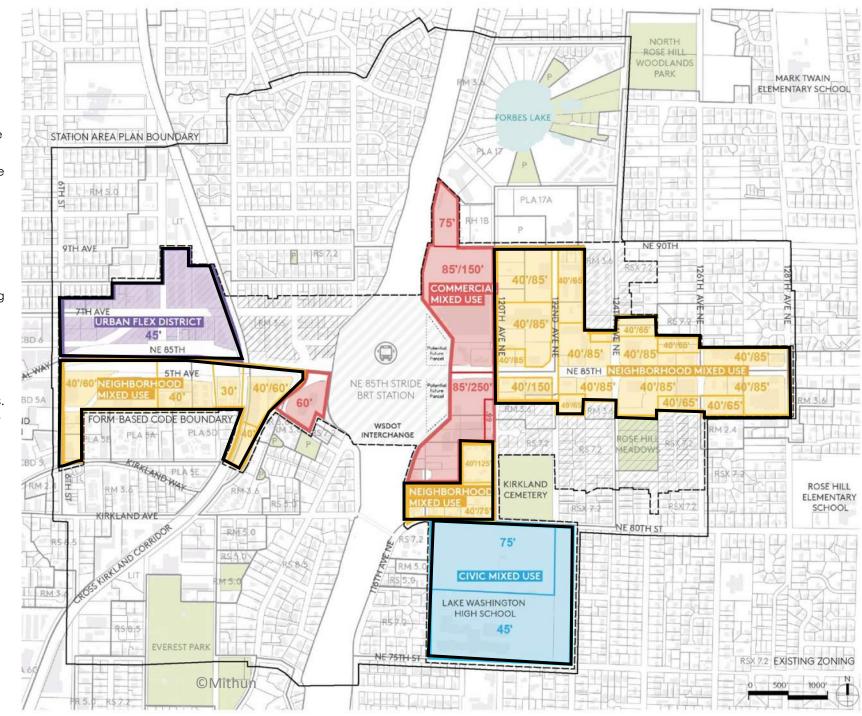
Street Type

Sidewalks Trees & Street Furnishings Bike Facilities Road Widths



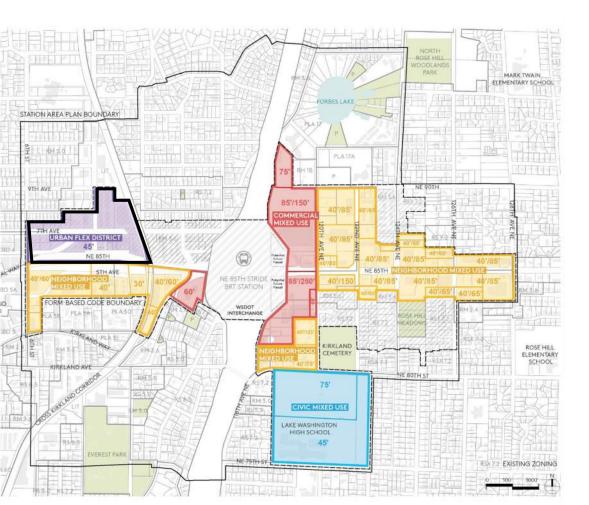
Regulating Districts

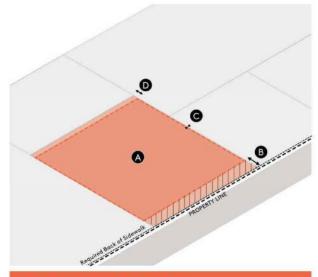
- Commercial Mixed Use (CMU): This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with large scale commercial and office development. It allows for commercial and civic/institutional uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and range from 60 ft west of I-405 to 250 ft east of I-405.
- Neighborhood Mixed Use (NMU): This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use neighborhood that includes commercial development and a range of residential development types. It allows for commercial, civic/institutional, residential uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and range from 60 ft west of I-405 to 150 ft east of I-405.
- **Urban Flex (UF)**: This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use neighborhood that supports light industrial uses consistent with an urban, walkable character. It allows for commercial, retail, civic/institutional, and residential uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and allow heights up to 45 ft west of I-405.
- Civic Mixed Use (CVU): This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use environment anchored by civic/institutional uses. It allows for commercial and civic/institutional uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and allow heights up to 75 ft east of I-405.



Urban Flex District

This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a mixed-use neighborhood that supports **light industrial uses consistent with an urban, walkable character**. It allows for commercial, retail, civic/institutional, and residential uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and allow heights up to 45 ft west of I-405.





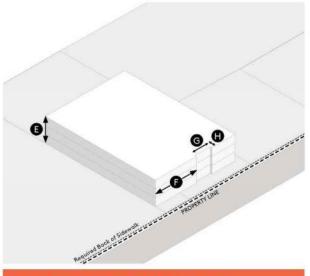
LOT COVERAGE AND SETBACKS

Permitted Uses

| | | Light Industrial, Commercial, | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | General Permitted Uses | Institutional, Residential | | | | | | |
| | Lot Coverage | | | | | | | |
| A | Max Lot Coverage * 90% | | | | | | | |
| | Required Setbacks | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Front | Refer to Frontage Types | | | | | | |
| 9 | Side | 0 ft Min | | | | | | |
| D | Rear | 5 ft Min | | | | | | |

^{*} Lot coverage as shown does not represent intended building placement or setbacks.

Properties adjoining the Cross Kirkland Corridor are also subject to the standards of KZC 115.24.



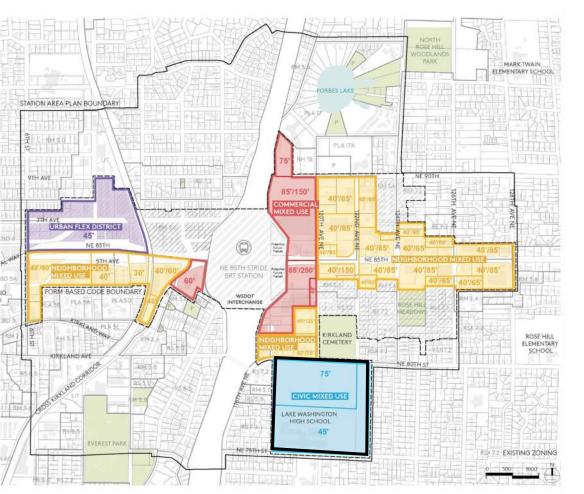
MASSING AND DEVELOPMENT INTENSITY

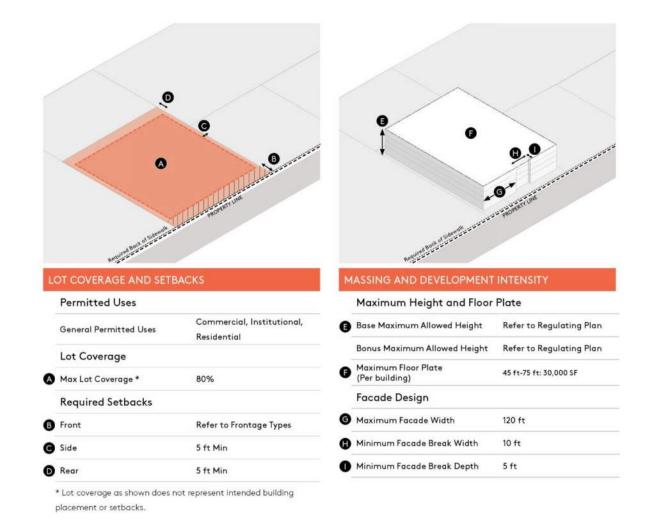
Maximum Height and Floor Plate

| 0 | Base Maximum Allowed Height | Refer to Regulating Plan | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | Facade Design | | | |
| ø | Maximum Facade Width | 160 ft | | |
| 0 | Minimum Facade Break Width | 15 ft | | |
| 0 | Minimum Facade Break Depth | 5 ft | | |

Civic Mixed Use District

This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with a **mixed-use environment anchored by civic/institutional uses**. It allows for commercial and civic/institutional uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and allow heights up to 75 ft east of I-405.

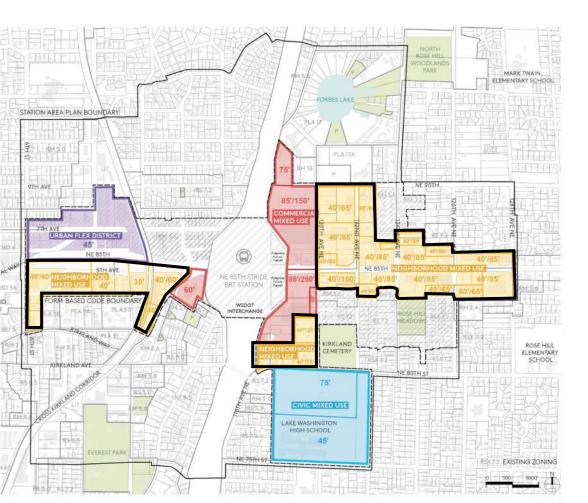


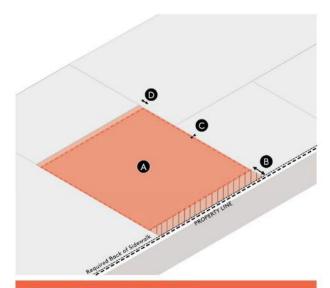


- Limited max height to fit neighborhood context
- Large floor area to support educational/civic use
- Upper story setbacks to create human-scaled neighborhood development

Neighborhood Mixed Use District

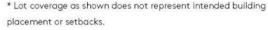
This zone is intended to encourage uses consistent with **a mixed-use neighborhood that includes commercial development and a range of residential development types**. It allows for commercial, civic/institutional, residential uses. Maximum heights are established in the Regulating Plan and range from 60 ft west of I-405 to 150 ft east of I-405.

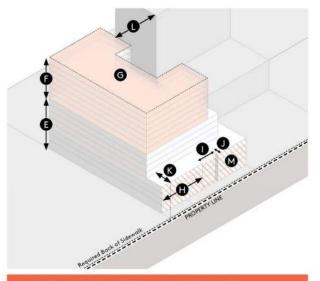




LOT COVERAGE AND SETBACKS

| | Permitted Uses | |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| | General Permitted Uses | Commercial, Institutional, |
| | General Permitted Uses | Residential |
| | Lot Coverage | |
| 0 | Max Lot Coverage * | 90% |
| | Required Setbacks | |
|) | Front | Refer to Frontage Types |
| • | Side | 0 ft Min |
| 5 | Rear | 5 ft Min |





MASSING AND DEVELOPMENT INTENSITY

| Maximum | Height and | Floor Plate |
|---------|------------|-------------|
|---------|------------|-------------|

| 3 | Base Maximum Allowed Height | Refer to Regulating Plan |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| • | Bonus Maximum Allowed Height | Refer to Regulating Plan |
| 9 | Maximum Floor Plate (per building) | 45 ft-75 ft: 30,000 SF 75 ft-85 ft: 25,000 SF Above 85 ft: 15,000 SF |
| | Facade Design | |
|) | Maximum Facade Width | 120 ft |
|) | Minimum Facade Break Width | 10 ft |
|) | Minimum Facade Break Depth | 5 ft |
| | Upper Story Massing | |
|) | Upper Story Street Setbacks | At 75 ft: 15 ft setback At 100 ft: 30 ft setback |
|) | Tower Separation | 60 ft |
| - | | Required at 45 ft |
| • | Vertical Articulation | Refer to Design Guidelines |
| , | vertical Articulation | for recommended |

articulation strategies.

STATION AREA PLAN AFFORDABLE HOUSING FRAMEWORK

Developed in coordination with A Regional Coalition for Housing (ARCH) with the goal to maximize affordable housing in the Station Area

2022 Income and Rent Lin

2022 Income and Rent Limits - Multifamily Rental Housing

Kirkland Base Affordability Requirement: 50%

| | Maximum 2022 Household Income for Multifamily Rental Properties | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Family Size | 30% | 35% | 40% | 45% | 50% | 60% | 65% | 70% | 80% | HOME* 80% | |
| 1 Person | \$27,200 | \$31,710 | \$36,240 | \$40,770 | \$45,300 | \$54,360 | \$58,890 | \$63,420 | \$66,750 | \$66,750 | |
| 2 Persons | \$31,050 | \$36,260 | \$41,440 | \$46,620 | \$51,800 | \$62,160 | \$67,340 | \$72,520 | \$76,250 | \$76,250 | |
| 3 Persons | \$34,950 | \$40,775 | \$46,600 | \$52,425 | \$58,250 | \$69,900 | \$75,725 | \$81,550 | \$85,800 | \$85,800 | |
| 4 Persons | \$38,800 | \$45,290 | \$51,760 | \$58,230 | \$64,700 | \$77,640 | \$84,110 | \$90,580 | \$95,300 | \$95,300 | |
| 5 Persons | \$41,950 | \$48,930 | \$55,920 | \$62,910 | \$69,900 | \$83,880 | \$90,870 | \$97,860 | \$102,950 | \$102,950 | |
| 6 Persons | \$45,050 | \$52,570 | \$60,080 | \$67,590 | \$75,100 | \$90,120 | \$97,630 | \$105,140 | \$110,550 | \$110,550 | |
| 7 Persons | \$48,150 | \$56,175 | \$64,200 | \$72,225 | \$80,250 | \$96,300 | \$104,325 | \$112,350 | \$118,200 | \$118,200 | |
| 8 Persons | \$51,250 | \$59,815 | \$68,360 | \$76,905 | \$85,450 | \$102,540 | \$111,085 | \$119,630 | \$125,800 | \$125,800 | |

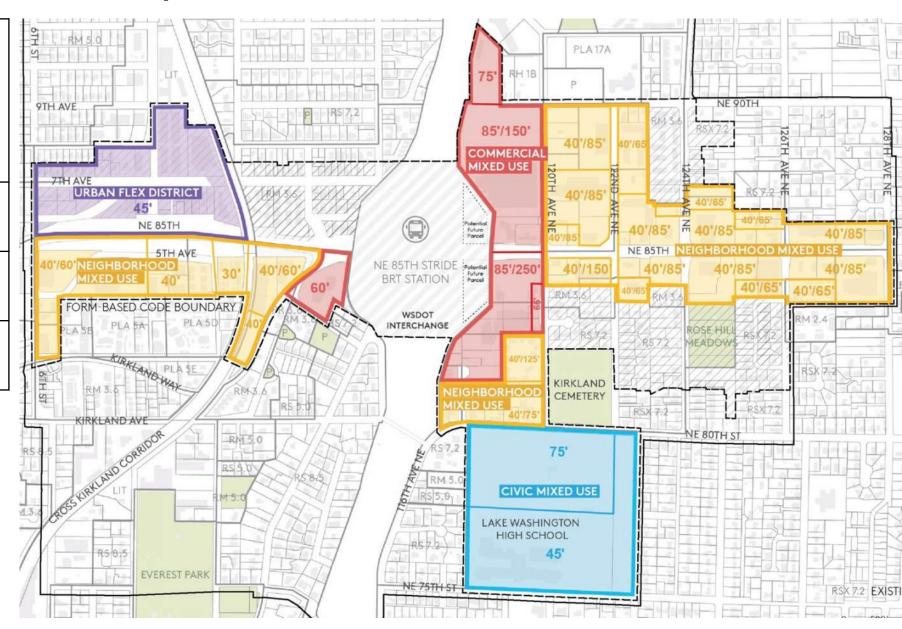
| | Maximum RENTS for Projects Based on UNIT SIZE** | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|---------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Unit Size | 30% | 35% | 40% | 45% | Low HOME | 50% | 60% | High HOME | 65% | 70% | 80% |
| 0 Bedrooms | \$680 | \$792 | \$906 | \$1,019 | \$1,132 | \$1,132 | \$1,359 | \$1,453 | \$1,472 | \$1,585 | \$1,668 |
| 1 Bedroom | \$728 | \$849 | \$971 | \$1,092 | \$1,213 | \$1,213 | \$1,456 | \$1,558 | \$1,577 | \$1,699 | \$1,787 |
| 2 Bedrooms | \$873 | \$1,019 | \$1,165 | \$1,310 | \$1,456 | \$1,456 | \$1,747 | \$1,871 | \$1,893 | \$2,038 | \$2,145 |
| 3 Bedrooms | \$1,009 | \$1,177 | \$1,346 | \$1,514 | \$1,682 | \$1,682 | \$2,019 | \$2,153 | \$2,187 | \$2,355 | \$2,478 |
| 4 Bedrooms | \$1,126 | \$1,314 | \$1,502 | \$1,689 | \$1,877 | \$1,877 | \$2,253 | \$2,383 | \$2,440 | \$2,628 | \$2,763 |
| 5 Bedrooms | \$1,242 | \$1,449 | \$1,657 | \$1,864 | \$2,071 | \$2,071 | \$2 <i>,</i> 485 | \$2,610 | \$2,692 | \$2,899 | \$3,050 |

AFFORDABLE HOUSING: MAXIMUM BASE REQUIREMENTS SUPPORTED BY UPZONE VALUE

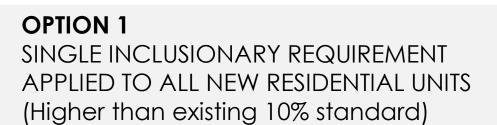
| Maximum Allowed Zone Height* | Minimum Percent of Affordable Housing Units Required** | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Less than 65' | 10% - 15% | | |
| 65' to 85' | 20% - 25% | | |
| Above 85' | 20% - 25% | | |

^{*}Required in NMU, CVU, and UF districts

^{**} Units must be affordable to households whose income does not exceed 50% of King County AMI for rental units, or 80% of King County AMI for owner-occupied units.



AFFORDABLE HOUSING PROGRAM STRUCTURE ALTERNATIVES



OPTION 2
BASE INCLUSIONARY REQUIREMENT AT
10% + BONUS INCLUSIONARY
REQUIREMENT AT HIGHER %

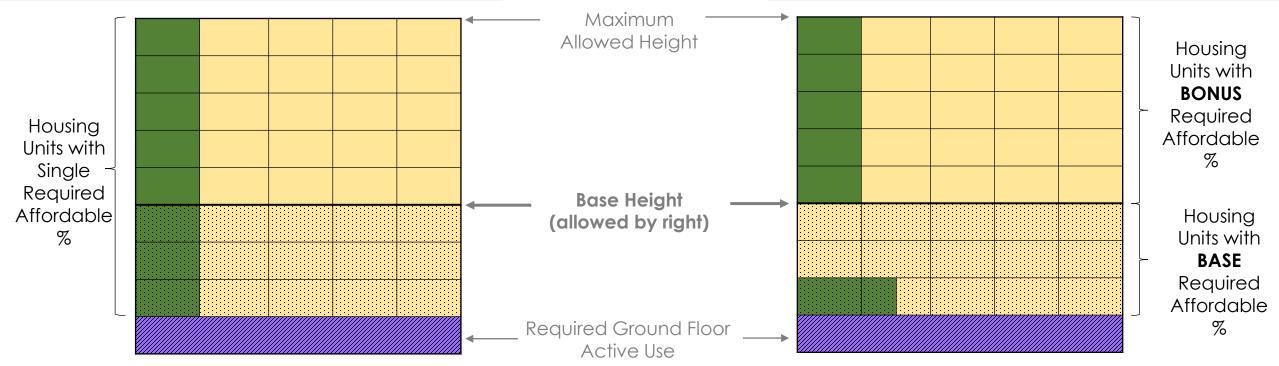


Illustration showing rough of 20% inclusionary requirement for ALL residential units

Illustration showing example of a 10% inclusionary requirement below the base height, and a 20% inclusionary requirements for all units above the base height





AFFORDABLE HOUSING: ALTERNATIVE AFFORDABILITY LEVEL OPTION

Optional Affordability Level Alternative (Sliding Scale Option)

| Maximum Allowed Height for Zone | Affordability Level (as % of King County AMI) | Minimum Percent of Affordable Housing Units Required |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Less than 65' | 60% - 80% | Increases above base requirement |
| 65' to 85' | 60% - 80% | Increases above base requirement |
| Above 85' | 60% - 80% | Increases above base requirement |

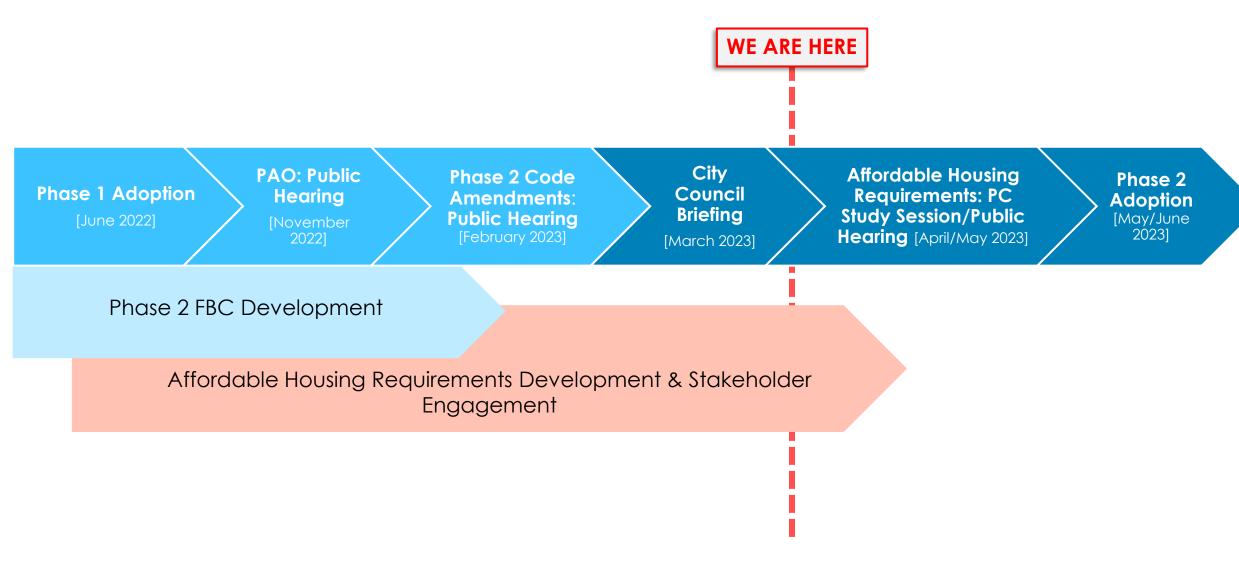
*Units may be provided to households making higher income levels, and % of total affordable units in development increases accordingly

Maximum RENTS for Projects Based on Unit Size

(King County 2022 Income and Rent Limits)

| Unit Size | 50% | 60% | 70% | 80% |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 0 Bedrooms | \$1,132 | \$1,359 | \$1,585 | \$1,668 |
| 1 Bedroom | \$1,213 | \$1,456 | \$1,699 | \$1,787 |
| 2 Bedrooms | \$1,456 | \$1,747 | \$2,038 | \$2,145 |

Station Area Phase 2 Timeline



Upcoming Meetings

April 27, 2023: PC Study Session on Affordable Housing Requirements

May 2023 (date TBD): Public Hearing on Affordable Housing Requirements

May/June 2023: City Council Phase 2 Adoption

How to Participate

Learn more at www.kirklandwa.gov/stationareaplan

Provide public testimony at the upcoming public hearing on affordable housing requirements

Email City Council and/or Planning Commission