



FIGURE 3. Comparative account of *Vicoa gokhalei* sp. nov. and *V. cernua*. *Vicoa gokhalei* sp. nov. A. Branch with capitula; C. Top view of capitulum; E. L.S. of capitulum; G. Ray floret; I. Disc floret; K. Achene. *V. cernua* B. Branch with capitula; D. Top view of capitulum; F. L.S. of capitulum; H. Ray floret; J. Disc floret; L. Achene. Photographs by K.V.C. Gosavi from K.V.C. Gosavi & N.A. Madhav 5101.

Type:—INDIA. Maharashtra, Ahmednagar District, Harishchandragad, 19°23'50.23"N, 73°46'39.09"E, 1432 m, 07 December 2019, K.V.C. Gosavi & N.A. Madhav 5101 (holotype CAL!, isotypes BSI!, K!, SUK!).

Annual, erect, herbs, 30–170 cm high. Stems terete, branched, pubescent above, sparsely pubescent to glabrous at base. Leaves 1.5–12 × 1.0–4.5 cm, simple, alternate, dentate margin, acute apex, hispid-scabrous on both surfaces, lower surface pale, glandular; basal to middle leaves with 4–15 mm long petiole, lanceolate-elliptic, leaf base acute to acuminate; middle to apical leaves sessile, lanceolate-elliptic to oblong-oblongeolate, leaf base acute to broadly attenuate-amplexicaulis. Capitula in terminal cymes, heterogamous, yellow, 1.3–3.5 × 0.5–0.7 cm (including rays). Peduncles 1–4 cm long, densely pubescent-puberulous, with glandular hairs. Involucre bracts unequal; outer bracts