Sicyos angulatus L. (Cucurbitaceae): a new adventive species for the flora of India

During the course of field work in 2013-2015, specimens of a cucurbit were collected from the forest area of Shimla (Himachal Pradesh). On the basis of study of these specimens and consultation of taxonomic literature^{1,2} and online herbaria, it was identified as Sicvos angulatus, a native of eastern North America. Literature survey $^{3-5}$, searches in e-Flora of India (Botanical Survey of India, BSI) and Herbarium of BSI, Northern Regional Centre, Dehradun revealed that this species is new and adventive in India. A detailed description along with photographs is provided to facilitate its identification.

Sicyos angulatus L., Sp. Pl. 2: 1013., 1753. Common names: Bur-cucumber, oneseeded bur-cucumber, star-cucumber (English).

Annual vine, reaching 4–8 m in length (Figure 1 *a*). Stem herbaceous, angular, pubescent. Leaves simple, alternate, shallowly 5-lobed, $5-15 \times 7-15$ cm, pubescent, palmately veined, lobes acute or

acuminate with denticulate margin (Figure 1 b). Tendrils axillary, 3 or rarely 4 branched (Figure 1 c). Flowers unisexual, born on pubescent peduncles, both types occurring on the same plant (monoecious). Staminate flowers 10-12 mm in dia., in 3-10 flowered racemes, peduncles longer than the pedicels (Figure 1 d). Pistillate flowers 3-5 mm across, smaller than staminate flowers, bell-shaped, 3-10 in compact globose cymes, peduncles and pedicels equal in length (Figure 1 e). Calyx green, 5-toothed, pubescent. Corolla white with green striations, petals 5, connate at base, broadly campanulate. Stamens united to form a central column in staminate flowers (Figure 1 d). Ovary in pistillate flower unilocular, style slender, stigmas 3 (Figure 1 e). Fruits produced in star-shaped clusters, 1.5-3 cm in diameter, radiating from a central point (Figure 1g). Each fruit ovoid, 1-seeded berry, 10-15 mm, armed with slender spines, initially green, turning brown, indehiscent (Figure 1 h). Seeds 8- $10 \times 6-8$ mm, dark brown, flat, tapered

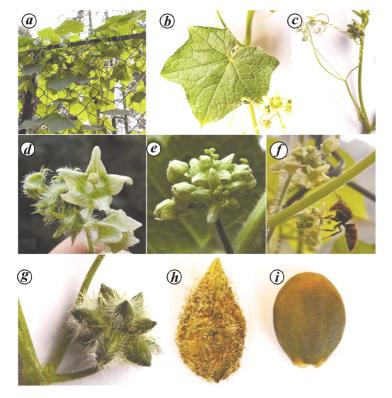


Figure 1. Sicyos angulatus; *a*, Habit; *b*, Leaf; *c*, Tendrils; *d*, Male flowers; *e*, Female flowers; *f*, Pollination; *g*, Fruit cluster; *h*, Fruit; *i*, Seed.

at one end, indehiscent (Figure 1i). Pollinated by wasps and bees (Figure 1f).

Flowering and Fruiting: September to November.

Distribution: India: Himachal Pradesh (Shimla), earlier reported from⁶ Austria, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, Korea Republic, Mexico, Poland, Romania, Russia, Spain, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom and United States of America.

Herbarium specimen: Plant specimens (AT-1) were collected near Khalini, Shimla (31°5′18.58″N, 77°10′24.89″E, altitude 1998 m) Himachal Pradesh on 20 September 2015 and submitted in BSD (Acc. No. 116042).

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