



**MB 116 A(R)**

**Third Semester M.B.A. Examination, July 2010**  
**Elective – A : Finance**  
**(Old Scheme) (Repeater)**  
**Course – 16 A : FINANCIAL PLANNING**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

*Instruction : Simple Calculators are allowed.*

**SECTION – A**

1. Answer **any five** sub-questions. **Each** question carries **2** marks : **(5×2=10)**
- a) What is EBIT – EPS Analysis ?
  - b) Write a note on Global Depository Receipts.
  - c) Mention any two guidelines of SEBI on Right issues.
  - d) Mention any two evils of over-capitalisation.
  - e) Name any two methods of making working capital forecasts.
  - f) What do you understand by the term private placement ?
  - g) What is trading on equity ?

**SECTION – B**

- Answer **any four** questions. **Each** question carries **five** marks. **(4×5=20)**
- 2. Differentiate 'Capitalisation' and 'capital structure'.
  - 3. Distinguish between permanent and temporary working capital.
  - 4. Write a short note on Merchant-Banking.
  - 5. What is financial planning ? Explain the principles governing a sound financial plan.
  - 6. What are Bonus shares ? How do they benefit the shareholders ?
  - 7. Enumerate the functions of SEBI.

**P.T.O.**



## SECTION – C

Answer **any three** questions. **Each** question carries **10** marks.

**(3×10=30)**

8. Explain briefly the guidelines issued by SEBI regarding
  - a) Euro Issues
  - b) Merchant Bankers.
9. Write a note on the current trends in the Indian capital market.
10. What are the different sources of long term financing ? State briefly the merits of each source of long-term financing.
11. A manufacturing company is considering an investment proposal which requires Rs.80 lakhs. The company is having 5000 Eq shares outstanding. Price of each equity share is Rs.100/-. The company can mobilise the required amount by the following plans.
  - a) 50% equity and 50% debentures @ 10%
  - b) 100% equity and
  - c) 100% debentures @ 8%

Assume a tax rate of 40%. Calculate EPS. Expected EBIT after the expansion is Rs. 18,00,000/-.

12. The following is the capital structure of A Ltd.

	<b>Rs.</b>
Equity Share capital (Rs.10/- shares)	2,00,000
Share premium	3,00,000
Reserves and surplus	<u>1,50,000</u>
<b>Total Net Worth =</b>	<b><u>6,50,000</u></b>

The company issues bonus shares to its existing equity share holders in the ratio of 1 for every 10 at the market price of Rs.15/- per share.

You are required to show :

- i) the new capitalisation of the company and
- ii) earnings per share both before or after the bonus issue presuming the net earnings of Rs. 22,000/-.



SECTION – D (Compulsory)

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13. Estimate the net working capital required for the production of 1,04,000 units per annum from the following information.

**Rs.**

**Estimated cost per unit :**

Raw materials	80
Direct Labour	30
Overheads	<u>60</u>
<b>Total cost</b>	<b><u>170</u></b>

Overheads are exclusive of depreciation of Rs.10/- per unit.

Additional information :

- i) Selling price per unit Rs. 200/-
- ii) Raw materials in stock on an average 4 weeks.
- iii) Work-in-progress on an average 2 weeks.  
(Assume 50% completion stage in respect of concession costs and 100% completion in respect of materials)
- iv) Finished goods in stock, average 4 weeks
- v) Credit allowed by supplies, average 4 weeks
- vi) Credit allowed to destors, average 8 weeks.
- vii) Lag in payment of wages, average 1.5 weeks.
- viii) Cash at bank is expected to be Rs. 25,000/-

All sales are on credit basis. Assume 52 weeks in a year. Add 10% to computed figure to allow contingencies.

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