





WOCKHARDT HOSPITALS LTD

IPO REVIEW

31st January 2008

AVOID

Issue Details

Issue Price: Rs.225-260 Issue Size: Rs.564-652 cr

Issue Opens: Jan31, 2008 Issue Closes: Feb05, 2008

Basis of Allotment

QIBs	60%
(5% for Mutual Funds)	

Non-Institutional 10% **Bidders**

Retail Bidders 30%

Listing

Bombay Stock Exchange National Stock Exchange

Lead Managers

Citigroup Global Markets Kotak Mahindra Capital

Public issue of 2.5 crore equity shares of Rs.10 each for cash at a price of [Rs.225/Rs.260] per share. The issue will constitute 24.06% of the fully diluted post-issue paid up capital of the company.

Wockhardt Hospitals Ltd (WHL) is a private healthcare service company. WHL has a super specialty focus on areas such as cardiology & cardiac surgery, orthopedics, neurology & neurosurgery, urology & nephrology & critical care.

- WHL currently has a network of 15 hospitals and bed strength of 1,374 beds. After the proposed expansion the company will have 3500 beds by March-09. The company plans to have total 31 hospitals and 4,780 beds in two years.
- The debt equity ratio presently stands at 5:1 which is significantly high. But if WHL is able to mobilize the funds at upper price band it will come down to 0.59:1. Given the sector dynamics, the Debt equity ratio will become guite favorable and WHL can even raise further debt for expansion.
- Out of the total 15 hospitals, six are owned and constructed by the company whereas other 9 hospitals are located on the premises of others and only operated by WHL pursuant to revenue sharing or lease arrangements. The margins at these hospitals are lower than others.
- The private healthcare services sector is likely to witness healthy growth with the rising income levels, increase in awareness of health issues, lifestyle diseases and health insurances. However the players in secondary market are available at much cheaper valuations, making the company highly unattractive. (Kindly refer to the peer comparison done later)

Objects of the issue

	Financed from
Proposed Expenditure Program	issue(Rs Cr)
Construction, expansion and development of	569
greenfield & brownfield hospitals	
Prepayment of short term loans	285
General corporate purposes	[.]

The issue is priced at 278x and 241x its annualized earnings for 9 months of FY08 at upper and lower price band respectively. This is stiffly priced as compared to Apollo Hospitals which is trading at 30x FY07 earnings. EV per bed for WHL, Apollo and Fortis comes out to Rs 2,25 crore, Rs44 Lacs and Rs1.59 crore respectively, making WHL unattractive compared to its peers. We expect that the sector as a whole is likely to witness healthy growth in the coming years. However, considering the WHL's stiff valuations and better opportunities like Apollo available in the secondary market at much cheaper valuations, we advise investors to AVOID this issue.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

With increase in awareness of health issues, lifestyle diseases and health insurances, hospitals sector is likely to witness a high growth in coming years.

CRISINFAC expects the total healthcare delivery market in India to grow from Rs. 1,253 billion in 2006 to Rs.3,642 billion by 2016.

Private healthcare is expected by CII-McKinsey to increase to Rs.1,560 bn by 2012 if health insurance coverage becomes more widely available to the upper and middle classes. Government spending is also expected to increase. CII-McKinsey expects public spending to double by 2012. Rising income levels in India and health awareness in the society are the major positives for the hospital sector.

Thanks to a significantly lower cost of medical treatment in India, medical tourism market in India estimated at US\$ 333 million in 2004 is predicted to become a US\$ 2 billion-a-year business opportunity by 2012 as per E&Y report.

Apollo, Fortis, Max, CARE are the major Indian players in the corporate hospitality sector. But some international players like Pacific Healthcare Holding (Singapore), Columbia Asia (Malaysia) are also eyeing the pie of hospital sector and in the process of establishing in India. With this the sector will become more competitive but considering the industry structure and opportunity laying ahead it should not matter. But the players will have to ensure the better services and expansion. Here the players with established brands and having specialized services like Apollo, Wockhardt will be a better positioned to take on the competition.

ABOUT THE COMPANY

Wockhardt has a pan-India presence with a network of 10 super-specialty hospitals and 5 regional specialty ICU hospitals having superspecialty focus on core areas such as cardiology and cardiac surgery, orthopedics, neurology and neurosurgery, urology and nephrology.

WHL currently has a network of 15 hospitals and bed strength of 1,374 beds. After the proposed expansion the company will have 3500 beds by March-09. The company plans to have total 31 hospitals and 4,780 beds in two years.

WHL derives its revenue from Inpatient hospital services (76%), Outpatient services (13%) and pharmacy sales (11%).

WHL is the only hospital company in India having a strategic collaboration with Harvard Medical International (not-for-profit subsidiary of Harvard Medical School). This relationship helps it to design hospitals adhering to global standards, improve quality of services, train and educate hospital staff, reducing attrition rate.

Key concerns

- Two hospitals in Bangalore and one in Mumbai collectively contributed 68.3% of the total income of the company for 9 months ended Dec-07. These 3 hospitals collectively have only 35.2% of total beds. Such concentration may have adverse effect if the macro conditions in these cities changes. But on the other side, this poses a great opportunity of capturing business in the Tier-II and Tier III cities where the income levels are increasing and in future can generate significant revenue.
- Out of the total 15 hospitals, six are owned and constructed by the company whereas other 9 hospitals are located on the premises of others and only operated by WHL pursuant to revenue sharing or lease arrangements. Company own and operate ten pharmacies.
- The trademark, brand name and logo of "Wockhardt" is owned by Wockhardt Ltd and taken on license by WHL in consideration of annual license fees.

PEER COMPARISON

*(Figures in Rs Crore except for numbers)

(Tigates III No crore e		Fortis	Wockhardt**		
No of hospitals	40	13	15		
No of beds	7076	1400	1374		
	For FY0	7			
Revenue	950	512	236		
Operating profit	152	48	39		
OPM	16%	9%	17%		
Net profit	95	-98	16		
Market cap	2859	1813	2711		
EV	3147	2225	3085		
PE(on FY07					
earnings)	30	NA	174		
Revenue per bed	0.13	0.37	0.17		
Operating profit per					
bed	0.02	0.03	0.03		
EV per bed	0.44	1.59	2.25		
EV per hospital	79	171	206		
BY 2010					
No of beds	10,000	7,000	4,780		
No of hospitals	NA	40	31		

WHL is a smaller player compared to Apollo. The expansion plans of Apollo will take it way above WHL in 2010 and will have more than double the capacity of WHL in terms of number of beds.

- On the upper band, EV per bed of WHL is significantly higher than that of Apollo and Fortis.
- Both Apollo and Wockhardt enjoy similar type of brand loyalty. There appears no supporting for such higher valuations of WHL.

VALUATION AND RECOMMENDATION

The issue is priced at 278x and 241x its annualized earnings for 9 months of FY08 at upper and lower price band respectively. This is stiffly priced as compared to Apollo Hospitals which is trading at 30x FY07 earnings. EV per bed for WHL, Apollo and Fortis comes out to Rs 2.25 crore, Rs44 Lacs and Rs1.59 crore respectively, making WHL unattractive compared to its peers. We expect that the sector as a whole is likely to witness healthy growth in the coming years. However, considering the WHL's stiff valuations and better opportunities like Apollo available in the secondary market at much cheaper valuations, we advise investors to **AVOID** this issue.

^{**}Market cap and EV taken at upper price band

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Profit & Loss account	Rs. crore
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Particulars	Dec-07	Mar 07	Mar 06	Mar 05	Mar 04
No of months	9	12	12	12	12
Net sales	259.48	236.48	158.68	129.10	82.25
% increase	233.40	49	23	57	02.25
Consumption of inventories	71.47	73.82	50.57	47.18	26.15
% increase	/1.7/	46	7	80	20.15
% of net sales	28	31	32	37	32
Personnel Expenses	31.04	29.57	19.30	14.82	11.22
% increase	31.04	53	30	32	11.22
% of net sales	12	13	12	11	14
	88.83	78.93	51.72	35.06	25.70
Operating expenses % increase	88.83	78.93 53	48	35.06 36	25.70
	34	33	33	27	31
% of net sales					
General Admin Expenses	8.20	7.97	5.08	4.81	3.52
% increase	3	57 3	6 3	37	1
% of net sales				4	4
Selling Expenses	5.98	6.91	3.76	5.60	4.00
% increase		84	-33	40	_
% of net sales	2	3	2	4	5
Total expenditure	205.52	197.20	130.43	107.46	70.58
% increase		51	21	52	
% of net sales	79	83	82	83	86
PBIDT	53.96	39.28	28.25	21.64	11.67
% increase		39	31	85	
% of margin	21	17	18	17	14
Interest	23.56	11.31	5.70	9.35	8.28
% increase		98	-39	13	
% of margin	9	5	4	7	10
PBDT	30.41	27.98	22.55	12.29	3.40
% increase		24	84	262	
% of margin	12	12	14	10	4
Depreciation	14.59	12.01	8.85	9.07	8.22
% increase		36	-3	10	
% of margin	6	5	6	7	10
PBT before other income	15.82	15.96	13.71	3.22	-4.82
% increase		16	326	-167	
% of margin	6	7	9	2	-6
Other income	0.50	0.22	0.49	0.13	0.08
PBT after other income	16.32	16.18	14.19	3.35	-4.75
% increase	10.02	14	324	-171	3
% of net sales	6	7	9	3	-6
Tax	9.01	0.59	-0.18	2.04	3.92
% increase	5.01	-428	-109	-48	3.52
% of PBT	55	4	-109	61	-82
Rep. PAT	7.30	15.59	14.37	1.31	-8.66
% increase	7.30	15.59 <u>8</u>	999	-115	-0.00
		0	777	-113	

Balance Sheet Rs. crore

Particulars	Dec-07	Mar 07	Mar 06	Mar 05	Mar 04
No of months	9	12	12	12	12
Sources of funds					
Equity share capital	74.28	50.00	50.00	25.00	6.00
Reserves & surplus	9.69	21.34	5.75	0.46	0.46
Equity shareholders funds	83.97	71.34	55.75	25.46	6.46
Preference share capital	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.00	0.00
Secured loans	201.40	150.57	113.26	79.45	71.41
Unsecured loans	235.00	135.68	24.92	20.00	52.80
Loan funds	436.40	286.25	138.18	99.45	124.21
Loan Tunus	430.40	280.23	130.16	99.43	124.21
Deferred tax liability	13.27	6.72	8.37	10.06	8.26
Total	533.64	364.31	202.31	159.97	138.93
Application of funds	274.22	20111	101 50	100.10	440.55
Gross block	374.32	284.14	131.59	120.42	112.57
Depreciation	71.84	57.33	45.35	36.66	27.60
Net block	302.48	226.81	86.24	83.76	84.97
Capital WIP	139.13	80.64	99.36	37.70	13.35
Fixed assets	441.61	307.45	185.59	121.47	98.32
Goodwill on consolidation	13.84	13.84	13.84	13.84	13.84
Investments	0.00	0.00	0.07	2.50	0.00
Inventories	20.94	8.22	3.84	2.83	2.02
Sundry debtors	34.22	21.79	10.71	6.54	4.06
Cash & bank	62.69	40.92	8.45	12.57	2.42
Other current assets	2.53	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
Loans & advances	42.62	26.77	13.73	10.09	25.30
Total Current assets	162.99	97.91	36.72	32.03	33.80
Less: current liab	76.12	49.04	31.24	17.86	16.75
Provisions	8.68	5.84	2.68	1.09	0.66
Net current assets	78.19	43.03	2.81	13.09	16.39
P&L Debit balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.08	10.39
Total	533.64	364.31	202.31	159.97	138.93

SPS Share Brokers Pvt Ltd 66, Tamarind Lane, Haji Kasam Building, Mumbai 400 001. www.spssharebrokers.com

vww.spssharebrokers.com 91 22 40344034

Contact Person: Mr.Pratik Shah

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