

Stock Rating
Underweight

Industry View
Cautious

November 11, 2011

State Bank of India

This Tunnel Is a Long One

What's Changed

Price Target **Rs1,550.00 to Rs1,350.00**
EPS F2012e/F2013e/F2014e **-2%/-10%/-12%**

NPL problems are firmly entrenched with new NPL formation at 4.7% (annualized, 1 year lag) in F2Q – SME at 8.6% and large corporates at 4.2%. Given slowing growth and elevated rates (yield on domestic loans at ~12.5%), NPL flow will stay high, making it difficult to maintain multiple above book.

Asset quality disappointing, yet again: Credit costs were elevated at 150bp, and coverage dropped to 53% (reducing buffer to handle future bad loans). New NPL flow is large and pace of recoveries is slowing, which will cause gross NPLs to rise rapidly. The bank also said that restructured loans likely to rise meaningfully. The stock will likely struggle in this backdrop.

NIMs were up, but is it near-term gain for long-term pain: Domestic NIMs were 4.1% in F2Q12, which is similar to HDFC Bank. This is perplexing given that HDBK has a large high-yield consumer (non-mortgage) book where normalized credit costs is almost 150bp.

It seems that SBI has decided to focus solely on NIMs, but this can push some smaller companies into NPL's keeping credit costs elevated into F2013. By then the current crop of restructured loans start turning bad – implying sustained pressure on credit costs. Moreover, as NPLs keep rising, NIMs can fall. We are assuming near-flat earnings into F2013 and are almost 21% below the Street (on parent earnings).

Capital hunt is on: The government will likely put in Rs40bn of capital this year, but this is much lower than required, implying the bank will remain undercapitalized for a number of years. We believe weak earnings, capital and asset quality will cause stock to trade below book over the next year. Support for the stock could come from macro improvement or sharp fall in rates.

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Key Ratios and Statistics

Reuters: **SBI.BO** Bloomberg: **SBIN IN**
India Financial Services

Price target	Rs1,350.00
Up/downside to price target (%)	(28)
Shr price, close (Nov 9, 2011)	Rs1,862.50
52-Week Range	Rs3,292.00-1,708.55
Mkt cap, curr (mn)	Rs1,182,686
Avg daily trading value (mn)	Rs7,295

Fiscal Year ending	03/11	03/12e	03/13e	03/14e
ModelWare EPS (Rs)	168.28	212.39	218.22	237.23
Prior ModelWare EPS (Rs)	-	215.91	242.97	270.14
Net int inc (Rs mn)	426,464	527,650	563,717	653,842
ModelWare net inc (Rs mn)	106,849	137,663	155,387	186,315
P/E	16.4	8.8	8.5	7.9
P/BV	2.2	1.3	1.2	1.1
Return on avg eqty (%)**	13.2	15.3	13.9	14.2

Unless otherwise noted, all metrics are based on Morgan Stanley ModelWare framework (please see explanation later in this note).
** = Based on consensus methodology
e = Morgan Stanley Research estimates

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Risk-Reward Snapshot: State Bank of India (SBI.BO, Rs1,862.50, UW, PT Rs1,350)

Risk-Reward View: Asset-quality Concerns Will Continue to Weigh on Multiples



Investment Thesis

- Asset quality will continue to be under pressure, given peak lending rates and slowing growth.
- Margin progression is strong but is driven by loan yields increasing to new highs.
- Tier I capital ratio is one of the weakest amongst Asian peers, at 7.8% (as of Mar-11).
- Trading at 8.8x F2012e earnings. On adjusted book value, it is trading at 1.3x F2012e. Multiples could be under pressure as revenue growth slows and asset-quality pressures increase.

Key Value Drivers

- Revenues – margin progression, loan growth and fee income progression.
- New impaired loan creation trends.
- Life insurance valuation/market share.

Potential Catalysts

- System-wide loan/deposit growth trends
- Margin progression
- Deposit rate trends in India
- Impaired loan trends

Key Upside Risks

- NPL cycle improves sharply.
- Meaningful decline in interest rates in India.
- Stronger revenue progression supported by better-than-expected NIMs and fees.

Price Target Rs1,350

Derived from our probability-weighted residual income model
Bull 5%; Base 50%; Bear 45%

Bull Case Rs2,855

2.0x F2012e
BVPS

Interest rates soften sooner than expected: Loan growth is much stronger than base case. Margins stay strong in F2013, given drop in deposit rates. Asset quality trends are better than expected. Value insurance business at Rs156/share using a new business multiplier of 16x and an NBAP margin of 16%.

Base Case Rs1,580

1.1x F2012e
BVPS

Weak economic growth, rates higher for longer: Loan book expands 15.5% in F2012-13. Margins remain broadly stable through the rest of the year. Credit costs remain at elevated levels of 124bp in F2012 and 103bp in F2013. Value the insurance business at Rs120/share using a new business multiplier of 14x and an NBAP margin of 14%.

Bear Case Rs925

0.6x F2012e
BVPS

Materially weaker economic growth: Loan growth and margins are lower than base case. Impaired loan creation is higher than expected, driven by high slippages from SME and corporate capex loans + restructuring in the infrastructure space. Value the insurance business at Rs76/share using a new business multiplier of 10x and an NBAP margin of 10%.

Source: FactSet, Morgan Stanley Research estimates

Investment Case

Investors have been asking us whether we see any light at the end of the tunnel for SBI; whether NPLs in F4Q11 and F1Q12 were a part of kitchen sinking exercise, given that there was a management change toward the end of F2011. Our view is that this is not the case – a combination of slowing economic growth and higher interest rates is hurting the bank's asset quality. We expect impaired loan formation to stay elevated for a sustained period of time, which will cause the stock to continue its de-rating trend. We like the deposit franchise, but we need better visibility on the macro outlook before becoming more positive on the stock.

F2Q12 earnings: SBI reported PBT of Rs40.9bn (+9% YoY and +33% QoQ) – about 10% lower than our estimate of Rs45.4bn. Reported profit was Rs28.1bn (3% higher than our estimate as the effective tax rate was lower than expected).

The PBT miss was driven by higher-than-expected loan loss provisions – as the new NPL creation picked up to Rs80bn (4.7% of one-year lagged loans, annualized), even higher than the Rs62bn (3.8%) reported in QE Jun-11. NII growth was strong at 9% QoQ and 30% YoY, driven by a 22bp sequential expansion in margins. However, this was offset by lower fee income. As a result, total revenue was broadly in line with estimates.

Exhibit 1

SBI F2Q12: Actual vs. Estimates

Rs Bn	F2Q11	F1Q12	F2Q12e	F2Q12a	Act vs. Est.	%YoY	%QoQ
Reported NII	81.1	97.0	99.9	104.2	4%	28%	7%
Adjusted NII	79.9	95.7	99.9	104.2	4%	30%	9%
Total Non Int Inc	41.3	36.7	37.9	34.3	-10%	-17%	-7%
--o/w Cap Gains	2.0	1.7	1.5	0.3	-81%	-86%	-83%
--o/w Non-Int Inc ex Cap Gains	39.3	35.0	36.4	34.0	-7%	-13%	-3%
Total Income	121.2	132.3	137.8	138.5	1%	14%	5%
Total Expenses	57.6	59.9	66.2	63.7	-4%	11%	6%
Pre Prov. Profit	63.6	72.4	71.6	74.7	4%	18%	3%
Total Provisions	26.2	41.6	26.1	33.9	29%	29%	-19%
--o/w Provisions for NPA	21.6	27.8	20.2	29.2	45%	35%	5%
PBT	37.4	30.9	45.4	40.9	-10%	9%	33%
Tax	12.3	15.0	18.2	12.8	-30%	4%	-15%
PAT	25.0	15.8	27.2	28.1	3%	12%	77%
Core Revenues	112.5	125.3	131.3	135.0	3%	20%	8%
Core PPOP	57.6	65.4	65.1	71.5	10%	24%	9%

e = Morgan Stanley Research estimates; Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Asset Quality Deteriorated Further

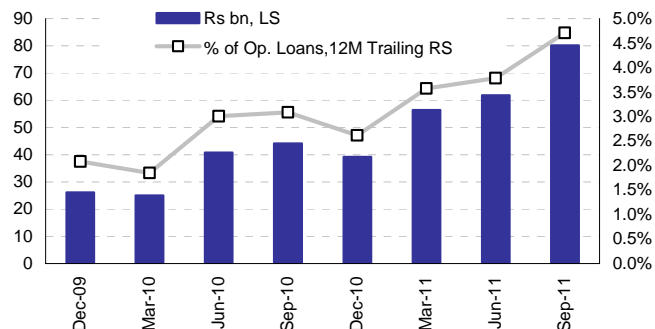
Slowing growth and higher rates caused the sharp spike in NPLs. Moreover, the bank said that it believes Indian banks are facing a sharp increase in restructured loan book. While large corporates will likely be restructured, smaller ones are struggling. For instance, management mentioned that borrowers along the infrastructure and coal supply chains are struggling. The key points in asset quality are:

1) New NPL creation pickup up: SBI's new NPL creation rate picked up Rs80bn (4.7% of one-year lagged loan book, annualized) from the previous quarter's already elevated level of Rs56bn (3.8% of loans).

The worrisome part was that almost all domestic loan segments – corporate, SME, agri and retail – saw an increase in NPL formation rates this quarter (see Exhibit 3 and 5).

Exhibit 2

New NPL Creation Increased Further

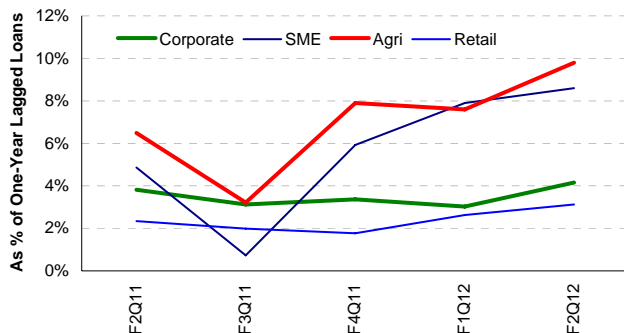


Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

The sharpest increase was in the corporate side, where new NPL creation rate moved up to 4.2% from 3%. SME new NPL creation stayed very elevated at 8.6% versus 7.9% the previous quarter. The key sectors driving the pickup in these two segments are highlighted in Exhibit 4.

Exhibit 3

What Is Driving the Increase in Slippage Rate?



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 4

Key Sectors Driving Slippage in Large and Mid-Corporate Segment

	Rs mn		% Share	
	F1Q12	F2Q12	F1Q12	F2Q12
Iron & Steel + Metals and Mining	4120	4770	11%	10%
Agro Based	1450	12680	4%	27%
Govt Sponsored	1070	2740	3%	6%
Textiles	4110	2890	11%	6%
Engineering	890	890	2%	2%
Gems & Jewellery	1170	2190	3%	5%
Infrastructure	6500	620	18%	1%
Hospitality	910	2380	2%	5%
Paper/ Plastics etc	790	1720	2%	4%
Trading & Retail	4630	1200	13%	3%
Education	630	650	2%	1%
IT	70	120	0%	0%
Miscellaneous	10430	14120	28%	30%
Total	36770	46970	100%	100%

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 5

Breakdown of New NPL Creation

	F2Q11	F3Q11	F4Q11	F1Q12	F2Q12	QoQ	YOY
Rs mn							
Corporate	19030	16320	18520	17160	24540	43%	29%
SME	11770	1870	14430	19610	22440	14%	91%
Agri	9570	4910	12590	14420	20080	39%	110%
Retail	7140	6380	5940	9200	11660	27%	63%
International	5150	2050	4970	1410	1430	1%	-72%
Total	52660	31530	56450	61800	80150	30%	52%
As % of Total Slippages							
Corporate	36%	52%	33%	28%	31%	2.9%	-5.5%
SME	22%	6%	26%	32%	28%	-3.7%	5.6%
Agri	18%	16%	22%	23%	25%	1.7%	6.9%
Retail	14%	20%	11%	15%	15%	-0.3%	1.0%
International	10%	7%	9%	2%	2%	-0.5%	-8.0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0.0%	0.0%

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Management indicated that there were two large accounts in the agro-based segment (Rs12.7bn of slippages this quarter), one of which was already restructured and that slipped into NPLs this quarter.

Slippages from restructured loans into NPLs moved up sharply to Rs17.6bn from Rs8.4bn in the previous quarter. Cumulative slippage seen from the restructured loan book now stands at 22%. We expect this trend to continue, and would not be surprised if the slippage were to go beyond 30% in the current macro environment.

2) Restructuring done this quarter was low: The good news on asset quality was that new restructuring done during that quarter was Rs5.1bn (0.3% of loans) in F2Q vs. Rs5.6bn in the previous quarter. Hence, the total impaired (NPLs + restructured loans) loan creation rate was 5.0%. Stock of impaired loans moved up 30bp QoQ to 7.8% of loan book.

Exhibit 6

Impaired Loans Ratio

	Sep-10		Jun-11		Sep-11	
	Rs bn	As % of loans	Rs bn	As % of loans	Rs bn	As % of loans
A GNPLs	232	3.4%	278	3.6%	339	4.3%
Restructured Loans (under RBI special scheme)	168	2.5%	184	2.4%	184	2.3%
B --- Slipped into NPLs	24	0.4%	37	0.5%	44	0.6%
D --- Balance	144	2.1%	147	1.9%	140	1.8%
Other loans restructured (outside RBI scheme)	139	2.0%	165	2.1%	170	2.2%
F --- Slipped into NPLs	13	0.2%	23	0.3%	34	0.4%
G --- Balance	125	1.8%	143	1.8%	137	1.7%
H Impaired Loans (H = A + D + G)	501	7.4%	567	7.4%	616	7.8%
I Total Loans	6807		7709		7906	

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

3) Recovery and up-gradation trends also weakened:

Recovery and upgrades moved lower to 1% (of one-year lagged loans, annualized) from the 1.5-1.9% run-rate that we have been seeing in the past few quarters. SBI management indicated that the weaker macro backdrop has made the conditions more challenging for recovery / upgrades.

Exhibit 7

Flow of NPLs

% of opening loans (12M Trailing)	F2Q11	F3Q11	F4Q11	F1Q12	F2Q12
Op. NPAs	3.6%	3.9%	3.7%	3.9%	4.1%
New NPL Creation	3.7%	2.6%	3.6%	3.8%	4.7%
Organic	3.1%	2.6%	3.6%	3.8%	4.7%
--- Restructured	0.5%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%	0.3%
--- Others	2.6%	2.3%	3.5%	3.4%	4.4%
-- SB Indore	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Upgrade / recovery	-1.5%	-1.5%	-1.7%	-1.9%	-1.0%
Write-off	-0.6%	-1.0%	-0.7%	-0.4%	0.0%
Closing NPAs	4.1%	3.9%	4.0%	4.3%	5.0%

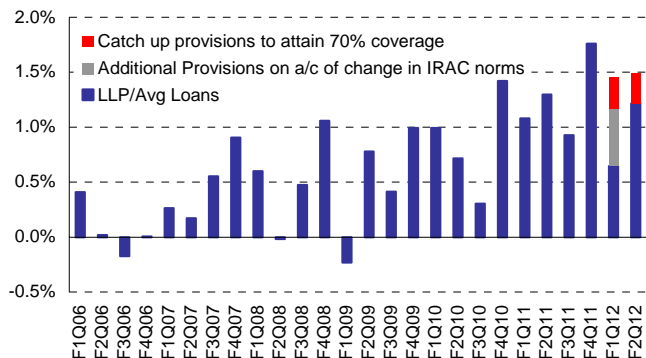
*Annualized Source: Company Data, Morgan Stanley Research

4) NPL coverage ratios deteriorated sequentially: Total credit costs this quarter were Rs29.2bn (150bp of loans, annualized). Out of this, Rs5.5bn (28bp) were catch-up provisions required to meet the 70% coverage requirement (on Sep-10 NPL base). Hence, underlying credit costs were Rs23.7bn (121bp).

After showing multiple quarters of improvement (albeit from a low base), the coverage deteriorated this quarter. Including technical write-offs, the ratio dropped to 52.5% from 55.2% while excluding technical write-offs it dropped to 63.5% from 67.3%.

Exhibit 8

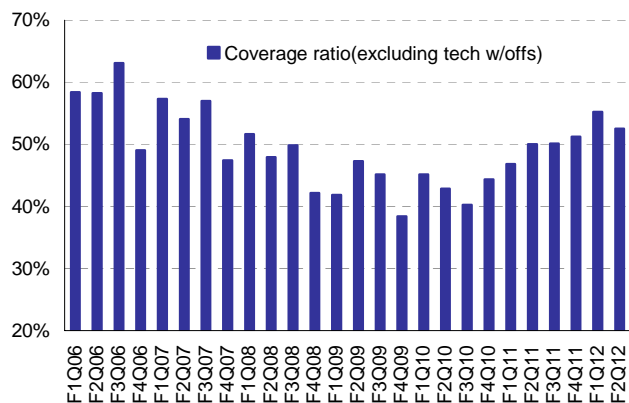
LLP / Average Loans Were Elevated



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 9

Coverage Ratio Moved Lower



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

5) Asset quality trends in subsidiaries was also weak:

SBI's banking subsidiaries also saw stress in terms of asset quality. Their combined GNPLs were up 45% QoQ and 63% YoY. The GNPL ratio moved up to 4.6% from 3.7% sequentially and the coverage ratio (excluding technical write-offs) dropped to 44% from 54%. SBI management indicated that part of the deterioration was due to transition to computer-based system of NPL recognition (similar to other SOE banks).

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Exhibit 10

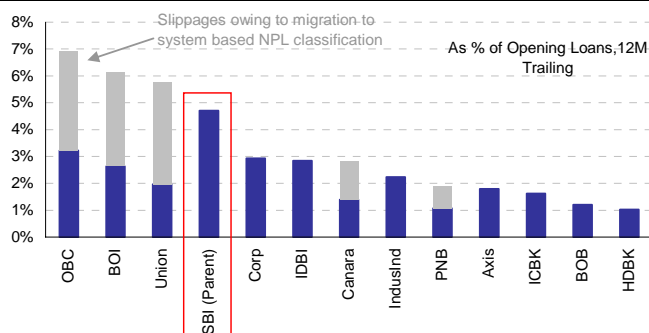
SBI Subs GNPL Ratio Increased 110bp Sequentially to 4.6%

	F2Q11	F1Q12	F2Q12	% QoQ	% YoY
GNPLs					
SBBJ	9433	10621	16520	56%	75%
SBT	8348	10374	13779	33%	65%
SBM	9697	9666	13344	38%	38%
SBP	15137	14050	18652	33%	23%
SBH	8372	12809	20953	64%	150%
Total	50987	57520	83247	45%	63%
Coverage					
SBBJ	52%	53%	34%	-19%	-18%
SBT	42%	46%	38%	-8%	-4%
SBM	53%	51%	52%	1%	-1%
SBP	59%	65%	56%	-9%	-3%
SBH	58%	51%	39%	-11%	-19%
Total	54%	54%	44%	-10%	-10%

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 11

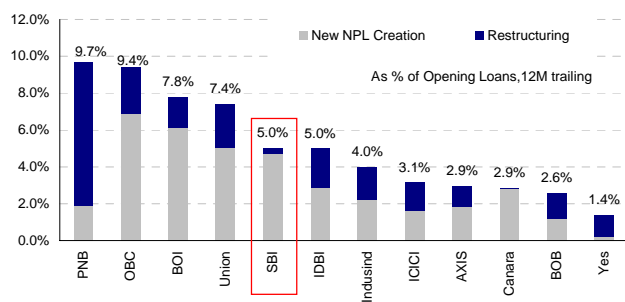
SBI's New NPL Creation Rate at the Higher End When Compared to Other Banks



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 12

Indian Banks: New Impaired Loan Creation



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Outside of loan loss provisions, SBI also had a MTM provision of Rs4.6bn on its investment book (down from Rs10.5bn in previous quarter). About Rs4.8bn of the same was due to lower values of the equity investments in other SOE IPOs in the past year. SBI also had Rs1.5bn of provisions on account of a CDS transaction on a FCCB bond that it had underwritten in 2008. This was offset by a write-back of Rs1.7bn of provision in its domestic bond book.

Exhibit 13

Split of Total Provisions – Large Investment Depreciation Provision in F2Q

Rs Mn	F2Q11	F1Q12	F2Q12	YoY	QoQ
Total Provisions	26215	41569	33855	29%	-19%
---Loan Loss Provisions	21625	27817	29212	35%	5%
---Standard Assets Provision	146	2883	1209	730%	-58%
---Investment Depreciation	4318	10480	4583	6%	-56%
---Other Provisions	126	390	-1149	NA	NA

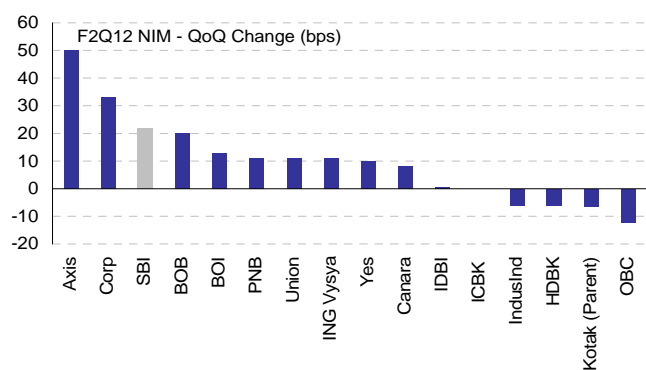
Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Margin Progression Was Strong; Aided by Higher Loan Yields

NIMs (adjusted for interest on IT refunds) expanded 22bp QoQ from the previous quarter's adjusted level of 3.57% to 3.79% (+36bp YoY). Domestic NIMs expanded 23bp QoQ to 4.1%. International NIMs were broadly stable sequentially at 1.73%.

Exhibit 14

SBI's Underlying NIMs Expanded 22bp QoQ – One of the Highest Among Peers



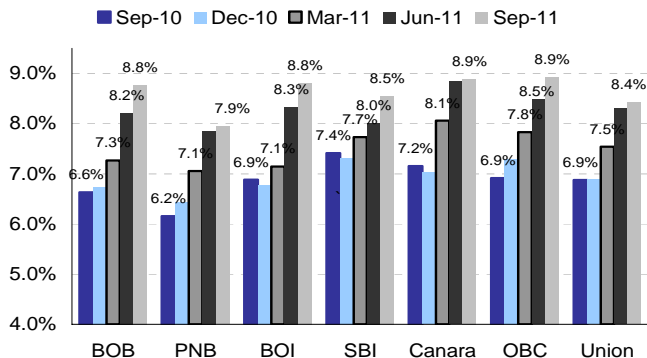
Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

What explains the margin expansion this quarter? The key driver of SBI's and other banks' margin expansion has been the increase in loan yields. On our computations, SBI's global loan yields (domestic + international) expanded 70bp QoQ to 11.1%. This helped more than offset the 34bp QoQ increase in global deposit cost (owing to a 50bp QoQ increase in term

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Exhibit 15

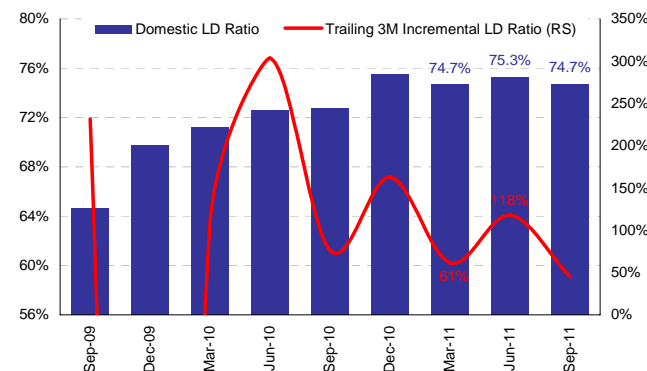
Portfolio Term Deposit Repricing Upwards



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 16

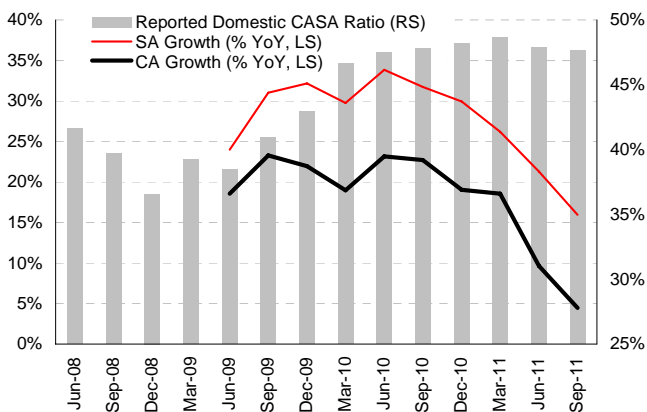
Domestic LD Ratio still Elevated



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 17

CASA Growth Moderating; CASA Ratio -27bp QoQ, -17bp YoY at 47.6%



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

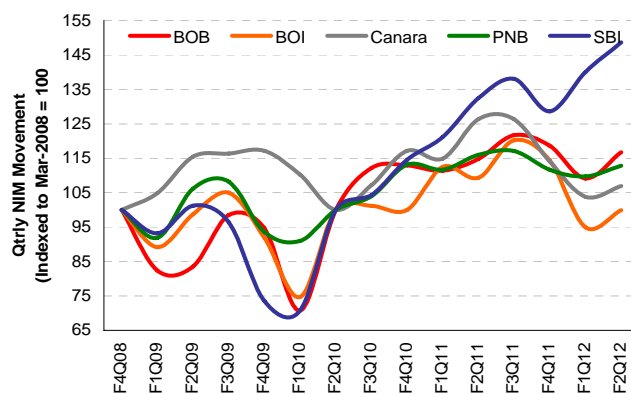
deposit costs to 8.5%). Other levers to margins – LD ratio came off 60bp QoQ to 74.7% and CASA ratio came off 27bp QoQ to 47.6%.

What is the outlook on NIM? Given the strong performance, SBI has increased its margin guidance for F2012 to average 3.65% from 3.5% previously.

The NIM expansion at SBI was among the strongest in the peer group. Indeed, following the increase, its domestic margins are now broadly comparable to that of HDFC Bank – despite having a different loan mix and much lower capital and hence free funds contribution.

Exhibit 18

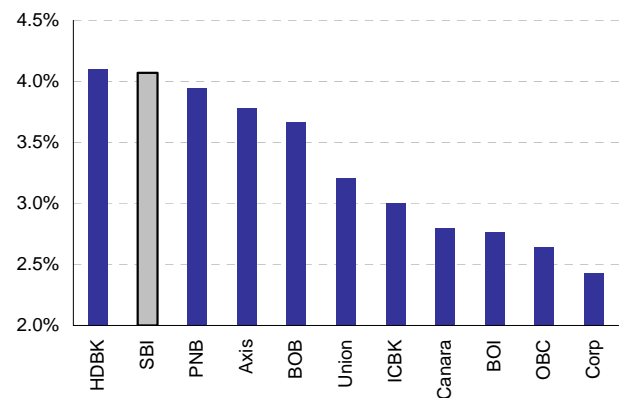
SBI's Margins Move Up to a New High



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 19

SBI's Domestic NIMs Now Among the Highest



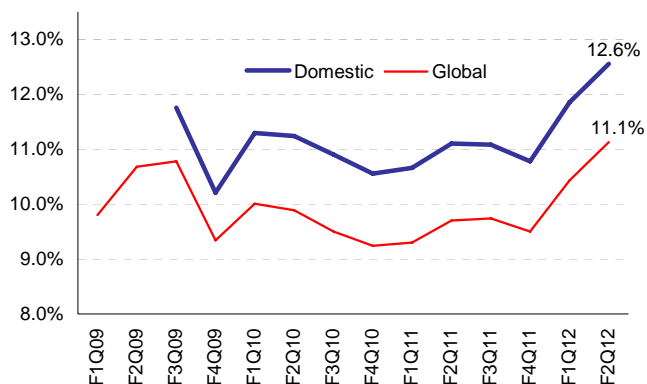
Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

We have taken up our NIM estimates to reflect the strong F2Q12 performance. However, this is coming at a cost, in our view. Given that the bank is now charging ~12.6% on the

entire domestic loan book – with large corporates paying much less – the marginal borrower is likely to be struggling, especially given the weak economic backdrop. We are building in 30bp NIM compression in F2013 as management will likely be forced to cut lending rates with corporates struggling – and higher NPLs will hurt as a larger portion of assets will generate zero yield.

Exhibit 20

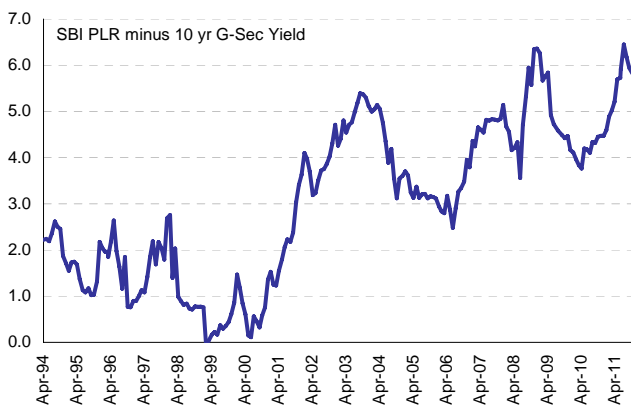
SBI: Computed* Domestic Loan Yield Trend



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research; Note: SBI only reports the year-to-date global yield on advances. We have used that to compute an approximate quarterly global yield. We then use Bank of India's international yield to derive SBI's domestic yield from this number.

Exhibit 21

Risk Spreads at Near-peak Levels



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 22

HDFC Bank and SBI Similar NIM's Now – But Higher NIMs Are Not Free

	SBI	HDFC Bank
NIM (Sept-11)	4.1%	4.1%
Credit Costs (As % of Loans)		
--- Average (F2007-11)	0.8%	1.6%

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Volume Growth Was Tepid

Total loans grew 3% QoQ and 17% YoY. The sequential growth this quarter was driven by international loans, which were up 13% QoQ (+19% YoY), aided by the impact of currency depreciation. Domestic loan book expanded by 1% QoQ (+17% YoY), moderating from +2% QoQ / +21% YoY in QE Jun-11.

Exhibit 23

SBI: Loan Mix

F2Q12	Rs bn	% of Total	%YoY	% QoQ
Large Corporate	1133	14%	21%	-4%
Mid Corporate	1613	20%	13%	1%
SME	1260	16%	21%	5%
International	1254	15%	19%	13%
Home Loans	924	11%	17%	3%
Education Loans	121	1%	16%	7%
Auto	220	3%	25%	2%
Personal	422	5%	0%	0%
Agriculture	958	12%	17%	0%
Others	200	2%	30%	7%
Total Loans	8106	100%	17%	3%

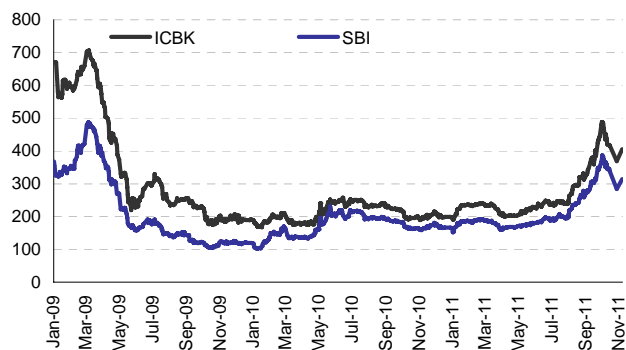
Memo:

Infrastructure	738	9%	26%	NA
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Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research;

Exhibit 24

CDS Spreads Have Been Trending Up Recently – Will Affect International Loan Growth Trend



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 25

USD/INR Has Risen Sharply; Will Also Weigh on International Loans Segment



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Fee Income Growth Was Very Weak

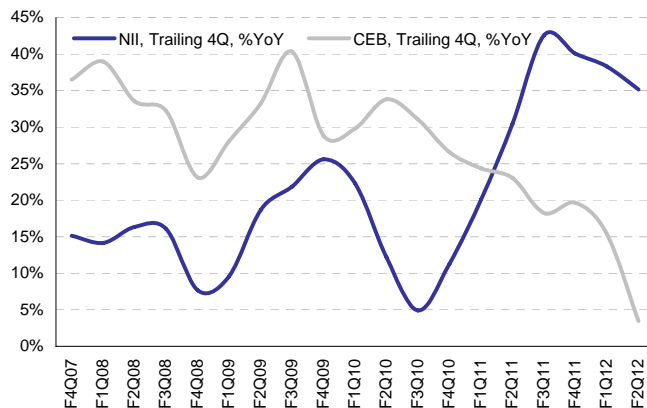
Fee income growth was very weak at -12% YoY. This compares with +9% YoY in QE June-11 and +40% YoY in QE Sep-10. SBI management indicated that part of the slowdown was due to two factors: 1) slowdown in loan originations; and 2) in the same quarter last year, it had a few large deals that generated large, chunky income, driving the YoY decline.

In our view, a part of the weakness in fee income could have been driven by a shift in mix by sacrificing fees to get higher loan spreads.

The volatile FX segment income was strong at +56% YoY (driven by a weak base and higher rupee volatility). Dividend income was also down sharply (-71% YoY) as SBI is now taking lower dividends from its banking subsidiaries (given that it was not tax efficient).

Exhibit 26

Fee Income Growth Continues to Decelerate



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Operating Costs Were in Control

Operating costs were up 11% YoY. Employee expenses (outside of pensions/other one-offs) were up 7% YoY and non-employee expenses were up 18% YoY.

Exhibit 27

SBI: Costs Breakdown

(Rs million)	F2Q11	F1Q12	F2Q12	% YoY	% QoQ
---Employee Expenses	36758	37174	39143	6%	5%
-----Gratuity	2750	250			
-----Pension	5463	7282	8595	57%	18%
-----Others	28545	29641	30548	7%	3%
---Non Employee Expenses	20873	22740	24605	18%	8%
Total Operating Expenses	57631	59913	63749	11%	6%
Cost:Income	48%	45%	46%		
Cost:Avg Assets	2.1%	2.0%	2.1%		

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Earnings Changes

At the parent level, we have lowered our EPS estimates for F2012 and F2013 by 2.2% and 12.8%, respectively. At the consolidated level, our EPS estimates have moved lower by 1.6% and 10.2%, respectively. While we are now factoring in higher margins (as detailed), this is more than offset by the lower fee income and higher credit costs (see below).

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State Bank of India

Exhibit 28

SBI (Parent) – What's Changed?

	OLD			NEW	
	F2011	F2012E	F2013E	F2012E	F2013E
Loan growth	20%	16%	16%	16%	14%
NIM	3.0%	3.1%	3.0%	3.3%	3.0%
NII growth	38%	21%	18%	31%	5%
Credit Costs / Loans	1.3%	1.0%	1.0%	1.3%	1.1%
Fee Income growth	20%	5%	12%	0%	10%
Core Revenue growth	31%	16%	16%	22%	6%
Core PPOP growth	54%	17%	10%	30%	-6%
EPS growth	-10%	28%	16%	25%	4%

e = Morgan Stanley Research estimates

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 29

F2Q12 Results Summary

Rs Mln	F2Q11	F1Q12	F2Q12	% QoQ	% YoY
A Net Interest Income	79949	95665	104219	9%	30%
--CEB Income	29450	26329	26003	-1%	-12%
--Forex Income	3087	3312	4806	45%	56%
B Core Non-Int Income	32537	29641	30810	4%	-5%
Staff Expenses	34008	36924	38893	5%	14%
-- Pension	8213	7532	8595	14%	5%
-- Others	25795	29391	30298	3%	17%
Other Expenses	20873	22740	24605	8%	18%
C Total Operating Expenses	54881	59663	63499	6%	16%
Core pre-provision profit (A+B-C)	57605	65644	71530	9%	24%
E Loan Loss Provisions	21625	27817	29212	5%	35%
F Other Provisions	272	3273	60	-98%	-78%
Core Operating Profit (D-E-F)	35708	34554	42258	22%	18%
Gross Capital Gains	1973	1689	281	-83%	-86%
Less Provisions for MTM	4318	10480	4583	-56%	6%
H Net Capital Gains	-2345	-8791	-4302	-51%	83%
I Other Non-Int Income	5542	4012	3182	-21%	-43%
-- Dividends	2877	2278	840	-63%	-71%
-- Others	2664	1735	2342	35%	-12%
J One-offs:	-1550	1080	-250	NA	NA
Interest on IT refund	1200	1330			
Gratuity	2750	250	250		
K Reported PBT (G + H + I + J)	37355	30855	40888	33%	9%
L Income Tax Provisions	12342	15020	12784	-15%	4%
Effective Tax Rate	33%	49%	31%	-36%	-5%
M Net Profit (K - L)	25014	15836	28104	77%	12%
OTHER KEY METRICS (Rs Bn)					
Net Loans	6807	7709	7906	3%	16%
Deposits	8553	9501	9732	2%	14%
--Low cost deposit % (domestic) (Reported)	47.8%	47.9%	47.6%		
Gross NPA	232	278	339	22%	46%
Net NPAs	116	124	161	30%	39%
Loan Loss Coverage	50.0%	55.2%	52.5%		
Loan Loss Coverage (with tech/offers)	62.8%	67.3%	63.5%		
Tier 1 Ratio	9.8%	7.8%	8.0%		
LLP / Avg. loans (Ann.)	1.3%	1.5%	1.5%		
Cost Income Ratio	48%	45%	46%		
Cost to Income (ex cap gains) ratio	48%	46%	46%		

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research; Note: Tier I ratio has been adjusted to include YTD profits.

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State Bank of India

Exhibit 30

SBI Subsidiaries: F2Q12 Results Summary

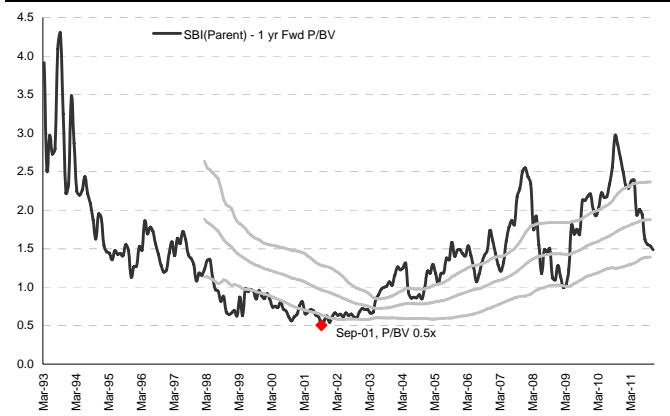
Rs Mn	F2Q11	F1Q12	F2Q12	YoY	QoQ
Interest Income	68904	83350	88040	28%	6%
Interest Expenses	43977	57068	62362	42%	9%
Net Interest Income	24927	26282	25678	3%	-2%
Total Non-Interest Income	7191	6789	8398	17%	24%
Total Income	32118	33071	34077	6%	3%
Total Expense	15763	15722	15847	1%	1%
--Employee Expense	10649	10144	9708	-9%	-4%
--Other Expense	5114	5578	6140	20%	10%
Operating Profit	16355	17349	18229	11%	5%
Provisions	5075	6686	9086	79%	36%
PBT	11280	10663	9143	-19%	-14%
Tax	3230	3305	2200	-32%	-33%
-- Effective Tax Rate	29%	31%	24%		
PAT	8051	7358	6943	-14%	-6%
GNPLs	50987	57520	83247	63%	45%
NNPLs	23552	26514	46762	99%	76%
Coverage	27435	31005	36485	33%	18%
GNPL Ratio (Computed)	3.7%	3.7%	4.6%		
NNPL Ratio (Computed)	1.1%	1.1%	1.8%		
Coverage Ratio (Ex-tech w/off)	54%	54%	44%		

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Valuation

Exhibit 31

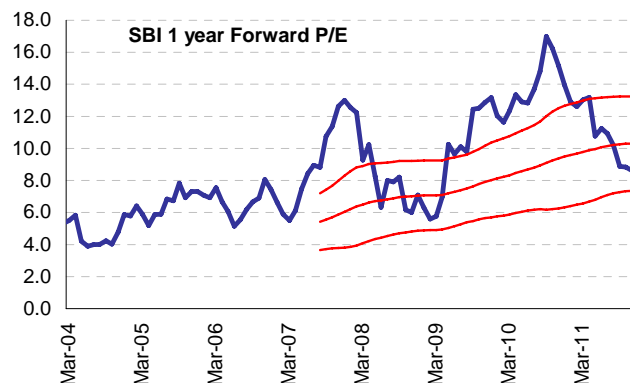
SBI Bottomed at 0.5x BV in the Last NPL Cycle



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 32

SBI – (Consol) One-year Forward P/E



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Price Target Discussion

We have lowered our price target for SBI from Rs1,550 to Rs1,350. Our new price target primarily reflects the following:

1) Lower earnings: At the parent level, we have trimmed our EPS estimates for F2012 and F2013 by 2.2% and 12.8%, respectively. At the consolidated level, our EPS estimates have moved lower by 1.6% and 10.2%, respectively. While we are now factoring in higher margins (as detailed earlier), this is more than offset by the lower fee income and higher credit costs.

2) Increased bear case weight: The combination of an aggressive increase in loan yields by SBI (and other banks), an increased uncertainty in global macro, and weak domestic trends (higher g-sec yields, weak export growth data, sharp currency depreciation) have increased the risk of asset quality being much worse than our base-case expectations. Hence, we are increasing our bear weight from 25% previously to 45% now.

Our base case weight reduces from 70% to 50% and bull case remains unchanged at 5%.

We have reduced our bull case value by 5% to Rs2,855 per share, and our base case value by 3% to Rs1,580 per share and our bear case value by 11% to Rs925 per share.

Please see page 3 for upside risks to our price target.

Exhibit 33

SBI – Sum-of-the-parts Valuation Scenarios

	Base	Bear	Bull	Wtd
Probability Weights	50%	45%	5%	
Ke	14.6%	14.6%	14.6%	
RI Based Value	1460	850	2700	1250
Implied Target P/BV (F2012E)	1.0	0.6	1.9	
Insurance	120	76	156	100
Total	1580	925	2855	1350

Source: Morgan Stanley Research estimates

We value SBI's two components on the following basis:

Consolidated banking business: We value the banking entities using a three-phase residual income model: a five-year high-growth period, a 10-year maturity period, followed by a declining period. We use a cost of equity of 14.6% (up from 14.3% previously owing to an increase in risk free rate), assuming a beta of 1.0, a risk-free rate of 8.9% (up from 8.5% previously owing to movements in Indian 10-year government bond yield), and a market risk premium of 5.5%.

Life insurance business: We use an appraised value method. We add to the embedded value the value of new business to get a value for the life business. We have revised our insurance subsidiary valuations downward moderately (base case value downward from Rs125 to Rs120; bear case value downward from Rs85 to Rs76 and bull case downward from Rs190 to Rs156). This change is driven by lower premium assumptions owing to recent trends in collections.

Exhibit 34

SBI – Life Insurance Valuation Scenarios

Rs Mn	Base Case	Bear Case	Bull Case
Embedded Value	56000	56000	56000
New Premiums, APE basis - F2013	34669	24300	43200
F2012-13 Growth YoY	8%	-10%	20%
NBAP Margin	14%	10%	16%
PV of 1 Yr New Business	4854	2527	6955
New Business Multiplier	14x	10x	16x
PV of new Business	67951	26283	111283
Appraised Value	123951	82283	167283
SBI's stake	74%	74%	74%
Value Attributable	91724	60889	123790
Value Per Share (Rs)	120	76	156

Source: Morgan Stanley Research estimates

November 11, 2011

State Bank of India

State Bank of India (Parent): Financial Summary

Profit and Loss Statement					Per Share Data and Valuations				
Rs Mn (Year end-March)	F2011	F2012E	F2013E	F2014E	Year end-March	F2011	F2012E	F2013E	F2014E
Interest Income	808444	1068792	1283521	1420223	Per Share Data (Rs)				
Interest Expense	488680	649097	844148	914972	EPS	130.2	162.4	168.4	179.1
Net Interest Income	319764	419695	439373	505251	Book Value	1023.4	1163.2	1298.2	1433.3
---Fee Income	115633	115342	126877	145908	DPS	30.0	32.5	34.0	39.0
---Forex Income	15871	15626	17969	21204	Valuations				
---Capital Gains	9257	3170	5000	7500	PE	15.0	12.0	11.6	10.9
---Less: Dividend Income	8277	3932	4325	4757	Price to Book	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.4
---Miscellaneous Inc.	14708	10813	12435	14673	Dividend Yield	1.5%	1.7%	1.7%	2.0%
Total Non Interest Income	163746	148882	166606	194042	Ratio Analysis				
Total Operating Income	483510	568577	605978	699293	Year end-March	F2011	F2012E	F2013E	F2014E
---Employee Exp	144802	160543	195183	239273	Spread Analysis				
---Other Expenses	85353	103296	119823	137797	Average yield on assets	7.5%	8.5%	8.7%	8.3%
Total Operating Expenses	230155	263839	315006	377070	Cost of earning assets	4.5%	5.2%	5.7%	5.3%
Operating Profit	253356	304738	290972	322224	Net Interest Margin (NIM)	3.0%	3.3%	3.0%	2.9%
---Prov. For Investment Dep.	6468	22062	5000	4000	Growth Ratios				
---Loan Loss Provisions	97687	116794	103296	104095	Net Interest Income	38%	31%	5%	15%
Total provisions	103813	138697	109296	109095	Non Interest Income	8%	-9%	12%	16%
Profit Before Tax	149542	166041	181676	213129	Operating expenses	15%	15%	19%	20%
Provision for Tax	66897	60808	61770	72464	Operating Profit	38%	20%	-5%	11%
Net Profit for the year	82645	105233	119906	140665	Net Profit	-10%	27%	14%	17%
Balance Sheet Data					EPS	-10%	25%	4%	6%
Rs Mn (Year end-March)	F2011	F2012E	F2013E	F2014E	Deposits	16%	17%	15%	17%
Share holders equity	649860	799854	1019601	1125673	Advances	20%	16%	14%	17%
Deposits	9339328	10906936	12542976	14675282	Total Assets	16%	16%	16%	16%
Borrowings	799451	919369	1057274	1237011	Profitability Ratios				
Other Liabilities & Prov.	1448722	1613406	1827066	2066775	Return On Equity	11.9%	14.7%	13.8%	13.1%
Total Liabilities	12237362	14239564	16446918	19104741	Return on Assets	0.7%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%
Cash & Balances with RBI	943955	982558	1057194	1233598	Efficiency Ratios				
Balances with Banks	284786	256308	299880	350860	Cost Income Ratio	47.6%	46.4%	52.0%	53.9%
Investments	2956006	3691618	4475896	5117400	Expenses/Avg Assets	2.0%	2.0%	2.1%	2.1%
Advances	7567194	8799389	10031304	11736625	Capital Ratios				
Fixed Assets	47642	50024	54026	58348	Tier 1 Ratio	7.8%	8.3%	9.0%	8.6%
Other Assets	437778	459667	528617	607910	Tier 2 Ratio	4.2%	4.1%	3.5%	3.0%
Total Assets	12237362	14239564	16446918	19104741	Capital Adequacy Ratio	12.0%	12.4%	12.6%	11.6%
Earning Assets	11751942	13729873	15864274	18438483	Asset Quality				
Asset Quality					Annual LLP / Advances (bps)	127	133	105	90
Annual LLP / Advances (bps)	127	133	105	90	Gross NPL	253263	419363	532390	631331
Gross NPL	253263	419363	532390	631331	Net NPL	123469	205213	260341	307839
Net NPL	123469	205213	260341	307839	Reserve Coverage	129794	214150	272049	323492
Reserve Coverage	129794	214150	272049	323492	Gross NPL Ratio	3.2%	4.5%	5.0%	5.1%
Gross NPL Ratio	3.2%	4.5%	5.0%	5.1%	Net NPL Ratio	1.6%	2.3%	2.6%	2.6%
Net NPL Ratio	1.6%	2.3%	2.6%	2.6%	Coverage Ratio*	65%	61%	60%	60%
Coverage Ratio*	65%	61%	60%	60%					

*Coverage Ratio includes Technical Write-offs

e= Morgan Stanley Research estimates Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research



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(as of October 31, 2011)

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Stock Rating Category	Coverage Universe		Investment Banking Clients (IBC)		
	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total IBC	% of Rating Category
Overweight/Buy	1126	40%	449	44%	40%
Equal-weight/Hold	1176	42%	431	42%	37%
Not-Rated/Hold	108	4%	23	2%	21%
Underweight/Sell	418	15%	115	11%	28%
Total	2,828		1018		

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Overweight (O or Over) - The stock's total return is expected to exceed the total return of the relevant country MSCI Index, on a risk-adjusted basis over the next 12-18 months.

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Stock Price, Price Target and Rating History (See Rating Definitions)

State Bank of India (SBI.BO) - As of 11/10/11 in INR
Industry : India Financial Services



Volatility shading indicates "more volatile" (U) flag. As of Nov-14-2008 the U flag has been discontinued.

Stock Rating History: 11/1/08 : U/C; 5/18/09 : U/I; 7/29/09 : E/I; 8/14/09 : O/I; 8/28/09 : O/A; 4/12/10 : O/I; 4/1/11 : E/I; 5/2/11 : U/C
 Price Target History: 7/4/08 : 942; 1/19/09 : 875; 7/29/09 : 1604; 8/14/09 : 2100; 8/28/09 : 2375; 9/23/09 : 2600; 10/16/09 : 3000; 8/13/10 : 3400; 9/9/10 : 3700; 1/24/11 : 3400; 3/9/11 : 3290; 4/1/11 : 3000; 5/2/11 : 2450; 5/18/11 : 2000; 8/15/11 : 1850; 9/27/11 : 1550

Source: Morgan Stanley Research Date Format: MM/DD/YY Price Target --- No Price Target Assigned (NA)
 Stock Price (Not Covered by Current Analyst) --- Stock Price (Covered by Current Analyst) ---
 Stock and Industry Ratings (abbreviations below) appear as ♦ Stock Rating/Industry View
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November 11, 2011
State Bank of India

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Industry Coverage:India Financial Services

Company (Ticker)	Rating (as of)	Price* (11/09/2011)
Anil Agarwal		
HDFC (HDFC.BO)	E (09/01/2010)	Rs680.1
HDFC Bank (HDBK.BO)	O (01/18/2010)	Rs477.45
ICICI Bank (ICBK.BO)	E (09/27/2011)	Rs861.75
State Bank of India (SBI.BO)	U (05/02/2011)	Rs1,862.5
Mihir Sheth		
AXIS Bank (AXBK.BO)	E (04/25/2011)	Rs1,112.05
Bank of Baroda (BOB.BO)	U (05/02/2011)	Rs789.1
Bank of India (BOI.BO)	U (05/02/2011)	Rs325.45
Canara Bank (CNBK.BO)	U (05/02/2011)	Rs476.6
Corporation Bank (CRBK.BO)	E (05/02/2011)	Rs424.25
IDBI (IDBI.BO)	U (10/21/2005)	Rs110.7
IDFC (IDFC.BO)	E (08/05/2010)	Rs122.65
ING Vysya Bank Ltd. (VYSA.BO)	E (12/22/2010)	Rs322.85
IndusInd Bank (INBK.BO)	O (09/27/2011)	Rs269.95
Kotak Mahindra Bank (KTKM.BO)	E (09/27/2011)	Rs494.1
LIC Housing Finance Ltd. (LICH.BO)	E (12/09/2010)	Rs231.85
Oriental Bank of Commerce (ORBC.BO)	E (05/02/2011)	Rs297.4
Punjab National Bank (PNBK.BO)	U (05/02/2011)	Rs968.45
Reliance Capital (RLCP.BO)	E (08/20/2008)	Rs358.8
Shriram Transport Finance Co. Ltd. (SRTR.BO)	E (02/25/2011)	Rs575.3
Union Bank of India (UNBK.BO)	E (05/02/2011)	Rs224.3
Yes Bank (YESB.BO)	O (10/20/2009)	Rs306.6

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* Historical prices are not split adjusted.