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Daily Alerts

Change in Reco.

ICICI Bank: Strong franchise at attractive valuation; Upgrade to BUY

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KIE communication

We suspend our ratings on GMR and GVK due to constraints in determining their fair value due to a lack of clarity on key issues (1) regulatory environment in the airport vertical (which drives a large part of the value) and (2) certain corporate actions (aggressive asset acquisitions, especially in the case of GVK).

News Round-up

- ▶ The Supreme Court's decision to extend suspension of mining won't impact JSW Steel (JSTL IN), as it can access alternate source from a 25 million-tonne inventory lying unsold. (ECNT)
- ▶ The finance ministry has agreed to directly infuse about USD 652.17 mn into SBI (SBIN IN) in a compromise solution to meet the bank's immediate capital needs. The bank is now likely to defer its proposed rights issue to later in the year or even next fiscal. (ECNT)
- ▶ Uncertain market conditions have hit Gujarat State Petroleum Corporation's plan to raise finance through private placement of its equity shares and, unlocking value in city gas subsidiary (GSPC Gas- to part finance its USD 1.7 billion KG asset development plan. (THBL MON)
- ▶ ONGC (ONGC IN) is likely to start oil and gas production from Krishna-Godavari basin field GS-15 next month. While production from some oil wells in the GS-15 field is set to commence from September, ONGC plans to initiate production from its G-1 marginal field in the KG Basin from July 2012. (BSTD-MON)
- ▶ Oil India (OINL IN) is chalking out an expansion and diversification strategy that could also include an entry into the city gas distribution space. (BSTD-MON)

Source: ECNT= Economic Times, BSTD = Business Standard, FNLE = Financial Express, THBL = Business Line.

EQUITY MARKETS

India	Change %		
	26-Aug	1-day	1-mo 3-mo
Sensex	15,849	(1.8)	(12.9) (13.2)
Nifty	4,748	(1.9)	(13.4) (13.3)
Global/Regional indices			
Dow Jones	11,285	1.2	(7.1) (9.3)
Nasdaq Composite	2,480	2.5	(10.0) (11.3)
FTSE	5,130	(0.0)	(11.8) (13.6)
Nikkie	8,845	0.5	(10.0) (7.1)
Hang Seng	19,831	1.3	(11.6) (14.2)
KOSPI	1,821	2.4	(14.6) (13.3)
Value traded – India			
Cash (NSE+BSE)	126		141 134
Derivatives (NSE)	1,014		2,337 2,123
Deri. open interest	1,553		1,530 1,589

Forex/money market

	Change, basis points			
	26-Aug	1-day	1-mo	3-mo
Rs/US\$	46.2	0	197	108
10yr govt bond, %	8.3	6	(15)	(14)

Net investment (US\$mn)

	25-Aug	MTD	CYTD
FIs	(324)	(2,015)	146
MFs	44	449	(282)

Top movers -3mo basis

Best performers	Change, %			
	26-Aug	1-day	1-mo	3-mo
IDEA IN Equity	95.9	(2.8)	1.6	42.5
BJAUT IN Equity	1503.7	(0.9)	2.3	14.2
GNP IN Equity	321.4	(0.9)	(2.7)	10.1
NEST IN Equity	4380.1	(0.1)	0.5	9.7
APNT IN Equity	3263.2	(0.0)	4.1	8.5
Worst performers				
EDSL IN Equity	199.2	(2.3)	(42.4)	(57.8)
IVRC IN Equity	32.1	(8.4)	(48.4)	(53.6)
CRG IN Equity	137.0	0.1	(19.2)	(46.9)
HDIL IN Equity	95.9	(4.6)	(32.8)	(40.5)
ESOIL IN Equity	79.7	(7.0)	(31.7)	(36.9)

AUGUST 29, 2011
CHANGE IN RECO.

Coverage view: **Attractive**

Price (Rs): **820**

Target price (Rs): **1,100**

BSE-30: **15,849**

Strong franchise at attractive valuation; Upgrade to BUY. We believe the shift in liability profile, increasing share of low risk assets, healthy coverage ratio, relatively lower risk profile of international business and strong capital position provides comfort on earnings; however, medium-term RoEs will likely be moderate due to excess capitalization. The recent sharp stock correction appears to ignore the changing risk profile of the balance sheet, in our view. We upgrade our rating to BUY with a price target of ₹1,100/share and reiterate ICICI Bank as our top pick among private banks.

Company data and valuation summary

ICICI Bank

Stock data

52-week range (Rs) (high,low) 1,279-814

Market Cap. (Rs bn) 944.8

Shareholding pattern (%)

Promoters 0.0

FIs 64.7

MFs 8.0

Price performance (%)

Absolute (21.1) (20.1) (16.6)

Rel. to BSE-30 (7.8) (9.0) (4.1)

Forecasts/Valuations

2011 2012E 2013E

EPS (Rs) 44.7 58.0 63.1

EPS growth (%) 23.9 29.7 8.8

P/E (X) 18.3 14.1 13.0

NII (Rs bn) 90.2 107.0 128.1

Net profits (Rs bn) 51.5 66.8 72.6

BVPS 478.3 515.9 556.9

P/B (X) 1.7 1.6 1.5

ROE (%) 9.7 11.7 11.8

Div. Yield (%) 1.7 2.1 2.3

Valuations attractive; Upgrade to BUY

We upgrade ICICI Bank to BUY with TP at ₹1,100/share (from ₹1,270/share earlier in FY2013), representing a 35% upside from current levels. At the current price, the stock is trading attractively at 1.3X book and 10X FY2013E EPS. We expect earnings growth of 19% CAGR for FY2011-13E and RoEs to reach 14-15% levels on the back of steadily improving leverage.

Strong liability franchise to drive earnings

We see revenue growth at 18-19% CAGR for FY2011-13E with margins improving by 5-10 bps in FY2012E (as against a decline of 20-25 bps for the industry) on the back of a stronger liability profile and a change in the composition of assets. Loan growth is likely to remain at 18% CAGR with the overall composition maintained between the retail (with more secured lending) and corporate segments while lending in the international loan book is likely to remain opportunistic in nature.

Asset quality risk magnified by the street; risk profile significantly better than FY2009

We expect ICICI Bank's loan loss provisions at 1% levels and slippages at 1.5% levels for FY2011-13E as compared to 3% in FY2010. The current environment poses risks to the infrastructure loan book (10% of loans), however, the high share of retail loans (38% of loans) versus the sector (19% of loans) improves the risk profile of the bank. Notably, in 2009, unsecured retail loans primarily affected the performance of this book (9% peak NPL); currently, 6% of retail loans are unsecured.

Banking international subsidiaries pose substantially lower risk

We believe international subsidiaries pose substantially lower risk despite the increase in volatility in international markets. These currently contribute to only 20% (peak of 25%) of overall loans. These businesses provides more comfort at the current juncture as (1) some portion of these exposures are short term in nature, (2) in UK, Canada and Eurasia, the share of cash is 20% of balance sheet. (3) exposure to financial institutions in ICICI UK is only 11% of balance sheet (30% at peak) (4) CDS exposure is just 2.4% (6.6% in 2009) and (5) capital adequacy ratio is much above regulatory requirements at 25-30% across regions.

M.B. Mahesh
mb.mahesh@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1231

Nischint Chawathe
nischint.chawathe@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1545

Kotak Institutional Equities Research
kotak.research@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1100

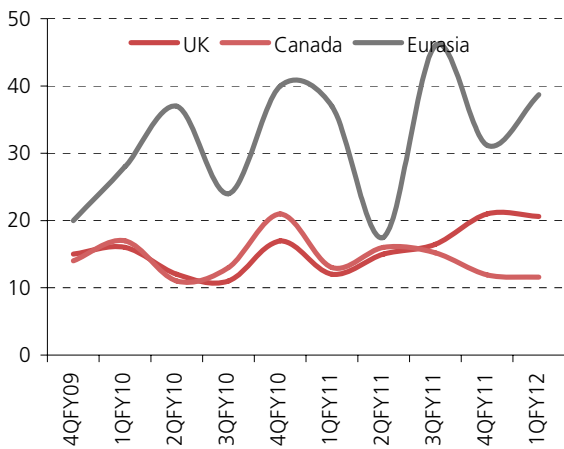
Attractive valuations for improving risk profile

We find ICICI Bank trading at attracting valuations for a risk profile that has changed over the past few years. ICICI Bank's balance sheet, over the past few years, has transformed itself, making it far more resilient to external shocks. At current price, the stock is trading at 1.3X book and 10X FY2013E EPS. The stock offers strong upside of 35% from current levels. A key risk to our call would be a substantial deterioration in the corporate balance sheet, mainly India related exposures, resulting in higher provisions led by deep restructuring of select exposures, which could delay RoE improvement and keep valuations in check.

We upgrade ICICI Bank to BUY with a target price of ₹1,100/share (from ₹1,270/share earlier in FY2013E), representing a 35% upside from current levels. We are, however, revising our target price downwards, to ₹1,100/share (from ₹1,270/share earlier) factor 7% decline in earnings (FY2013E) on the back of higher provisions in the stand-alone business, and revising our valuations downwards for the subsidiary business (life insurance and banking subsidiaries). We expect the RoEs (adjusted for subsidiaries) to improve to 14% levels from 10% levels reported in FY2011 and earnings growth to remain healthy at 19% CAGR.

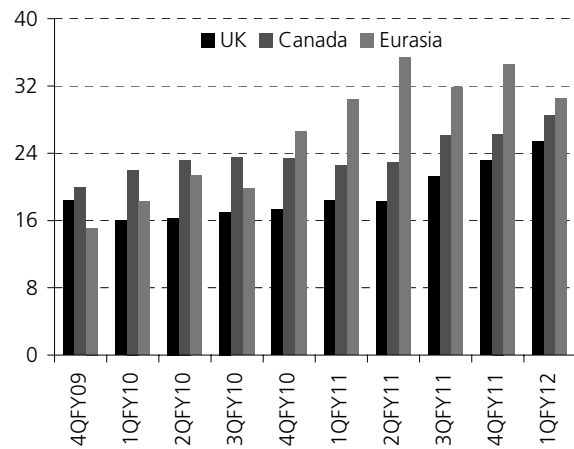
- ▶ **Improvement in liability profile.** Post FY2008, ICICI Bank has significantly changed its asset and liability profile, which is less risky and focused on improving underlying financial metrics. The standalone loan book today has lower proportion of unsecured loans while average CASA ratio is at 40% levels, one of the largest amongst banks. International balance sheets have seen a steady shift towards a higher share of retail deposits.
- ▶ **Lower NPLs, healthy coverage and better capitalization.** ICICI Bank's balance sheet is stronger with net NPLs lower at 1% levels, slippages declining to historic low levels and a healthy provision coverage ratio of about 76%. Capital adequacy ratios are healthy at 19.6% (Tier-1 ratio at 13.4%). The bank has excess capital invested in its subsidiaries (ICICI Pru Life, UK and Canada) though the repatriation exercise in some of these entities would be difficult in the medium term. Higher capitalization affects profitability, even while significantly improves the ability of the bank to withstand likely liquidity shocks.
- ▶ **Better profile of investment book as well.** The investment book has declined and the bank has lower exposure to international financial institutions. Also, exposures to risky products like CDS have declined and contribute to less than 3% of loans which should minimize the possibility of negative earnings surprises. It is important to note that this decline is visible both in the stand-alone as well as international subsidiaries.

Proportion of cash in balance sheet has increased in UK
Cash equivalents, March fiscal year-ends, 4QFY09-1QFY12 (%)



Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Healthy CAR across all subsidiaries
Capital adequacy ratios, March fiscal year-ends, 4QFY09-1QFY12 (%)



Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Valuing the business at ₹1,100/share

We are valuing the business at ₹1,100/share with the standalone business (adjusted for investments in subsidiaries and revised earnings) at ₹860/share (from ₹970/share earlier) giving an implied valuation of 1.9X FY2013 book and 15X EPS. We are valuing the subsidiaries at ₹240/share (₹290/share earlier) reducing our fair value for ICICI Pru Life and international banking subsidiaries.

- ▶ **Life insurance contribution at 10% of overall SOTP.** As compared to FY2007-08, the contribution of this business to our overall valuation has been gradually declining, currently at 10% of our overall SOTP, on the back of better performance of the banking business as well as headline industry pressure on insurance business. We are valuing the life insurance business at ₹107/share (₹130/share earlier) which implies margins at 11% and NBAP multiple of 16X FY2013E NBAP.
- ▶ **Reducing valuation of UK and Canada subsidiaries to factor weak performance.** We are reducing our valuation for Canada and UK subsidiaries to 0.6X FY2013E book (from 1X FY2013E book). Our Cautious outlook on loan growth and the balance sheet that is relatively under-leveraged (capital adequacy ratios exceeding 25% levels) should result in RoEs in these two key subsidiaries in single digits. A prolonged period of uncertainty in international markets may restrict the repatriation of excess capital from these entities.

ICICI Bank --forecasts and valuation

March fiscal year-ends, 2008-2013E

	PAT	EPS	P/E	BVPS	P/B	RoE	Core RoE	P/E (standalone)	BVPS (standalone)	P/B (standalone)
	(Rs bn)	(Rs)	(X)	(Rs)	(X)	(%)	(%)	(X)	(Rs)	(X)
2009	37.6	33.8	24.3	445	1.8	7.8	9.2	19.0	331	1.8
2010	40.2	36.1	22.7	463	1.8	8.0	9.7	17.8	348	1.7
2011	51.5	44.7	18.3	478	1.7	9.7	11.5	14.2	365	1.6
2012E	66.8	58.0	14.1	516	1.6	11.7	14.1	10.8	402	1.5
2013E	72.6	63.1	13.0	557	1.5	11.8	13.9	10.0	443	1.3
2014E	84.2	73.1	11.2	604	1.4	12.6	14.6	8.6	491	1.2

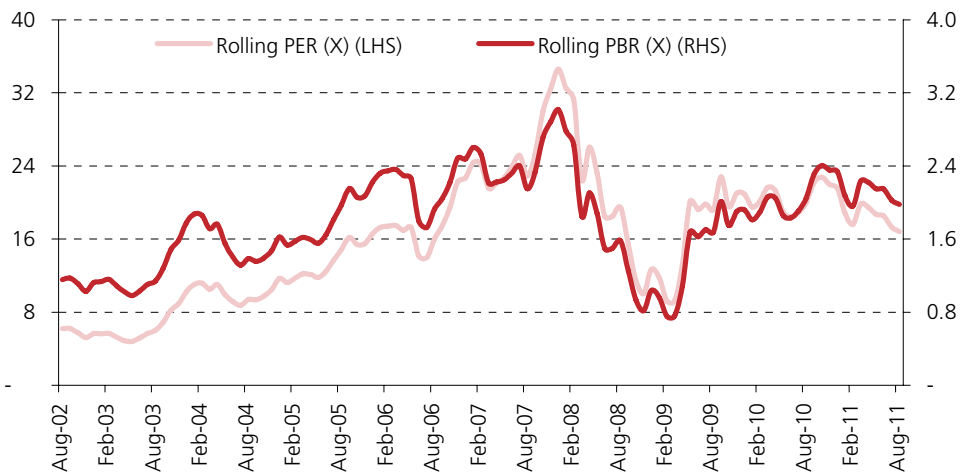
Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

ICICI Bank SOTP (FY2013) valuation

	ICICI Share (%)	FY2013 Valuation methodology adopted
Value of ICICI standalone	100	862 Based on Residual growth model
Subsidiaries		
ICICI Financial Services	94	144
ICICI Prudential Life	74*	107 16X NBAP, margin assumed is 11%
General Insurance	74*	20 1.5X FY2013 PBR
Mutual Fund	51*	17 3% of AUMs
Other subsidiaries/associates		
ICICI Securities Ltd	100	12 10X FY2013 PER
ICICI Securities Primary Dealer	100	6 1X FY2013 PBR
ICICI Homes Ltd	100	20 1.5X FY2013 PBR
ICICI Bank UK	100	17 0.6X FY2013 PBR
ICICI Bank Canada	100	23 0.6X FY2013 PBR
Venture capital/MF	100	13 10% of AUM of US\$2 bn
Value of subsidiaries		235
Value of company		1,097

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Rolling PER and PBR for ICICI Bank
March fiscal year-ends, 2002-2011 (X)



Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

ICICI Bank-- change in estimates
March fiscal year-ends, 2011-2013E (₹ mn)

	Old estimates		New estimates		% change in estimates	
	2012E	2013E	2012E	2013E	2012E	2013E
Net interest income	104,665	126,774	107,043	128,059	2.3	1.0
Spread	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2		
NIM (%)	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7		
Customer assets (Rs bn)	3,078	3,566	3,078	3,566	0.0	0.0
Loan loss provisions	17,714	21,870	18,895	30,842	6.7	41.0
Other income	81,108	96,188	81,018	96,188	(0.1)	(0.0)
Fee income	63,418	73,920	63,418	73,920	0.0	0.0
Treasury income	2,000	4,000	2,000	4,000	0.0	0.0
Operating expenses	77,905	92,011	77,905	92,011	0.0	(0.0)
Employee expenses	34,463	42,147	34,463	42,147	0.0	0.0
PBT	89,064	108,582	90,261	100,894	1.3	(7.1)
Tax	23,157	30,403	23,468	28,250	1.3	(7.1)
Net profit	65,908	78,179	66,793	72,644	1.3	(7.1)
PBT-treasury+provisions	104,778	126,451	107,156	127,736	2.3	1.0

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Revenue growth to remain strong at 19% CAGR; inline with loan growth

After having consolidated its business in the past few years, we see revenue growth at 18-19% CAGR over FY2011-13E on the back of positive margin outlook, 18-19% CAGR loan growth and a pick up in fee income business.

Maintain our positive outlook on margins; franchise strength not to be overlooked

We expect margins to improve in FY2012E by 5-10 bps as against a decline of 20-25 bps for the industry on the back of strong liability profile and change in the composition of assets.

- ▶ **Improvement in CASA.** Average CASA ratio in FY2011 improved to 39% levels from 33% in FY2010. 1QFY12 saw this improving further by 50 bps though reported period ending average balances declined qoq. Bulk exposure to overall deposits is declining (currently at about 35% of overall deposits). The bank has a strong presence in key deposit markets like Mumbai, Delhi and Southern geographies and is building a strong payment/wholesale business practice that should result in better traction on CA deposits.
- ▶ **Opportunistic lending in the international book.** On the assets side, the overall proportion of low-yielding international loans are likely to remain at current levels or decline depending on the underlying opportunity and pricing (focus on underwriting incremental loans at over 1% level margins).
- ▶ **Re-pricing of loans to continue.** We believe re-pricing in loans is yet to be fully completed as corporate loans have different reset periods. Over the past two quarters, we note that lending yields (KS calc) increased by only 70 bps while the base rate/PLR increased by over 200 bps. 1QFY12 was a bit subdued as there has been negative impact on select PSL exposures. Average interest earning assets for FY2011 is much lower than reported growth yoy, as the growth was largely back-ended.
- ▶ **One-off impact on NII to reduce.** Negative drag from higher slippages resulting in income de-recognition as well as yields stabilizing at the retail loan portfolio with unsecured loans forming less than 5% of overall loans. NIM impact due to de-recognition from securitization was about 15 bps each in FY2011 (₹5.5 bn with loans outstanding of ₹ 28 bn) and FY2010 (₹ 5.1 bn with loans outstanding of ₹ 75.6 bn). We expect a further decline in the outstanding securitized book in FY2012 as no fresh securitization has been done in FY2011 and the average maturity in retail assets, especially unsecured, are comparatively low.

Two key negatives which would add pressure on the positive outlook of margins would be the steady increase in retail term deposit rates as well as the low-yielding investment book (RIDF investments has increased to ₹150 bn - 15% of the overall investment book).

Expect stable fee income performance with higher focus on transaction banking

We expect fee income trends to grow in line with the overall balance sheet growth as the bank has been investing in the transaction banking piece during its period of consolidation. The bank has indicated that fee income from forex, derivatives, remittances and other transaction related businesses (all non balance sheet related items) are doing well when compared to income from structuring (project finance). The retail side (40% of the overall fee income) would see a bit of pressure from third party income (5% of the overall income).

Loan growth to remain inline with industry trends

We expect loan growth at 18-19% CAGR for FY2011-13E. Overall contribution is likely to be maintained between retail (though more secured in nature) and corporate segment while lending in the international loan book is likely to remain opportunistic in nature. Secured loans (housing and auto loans) would dominate retail loan growth and the bank is unlikely to increase exposure on the unsecured space. Unsecured loans (personal loans and credit cards) have declined to 6% of retail loans compared to 17% at their peak.

Past investments aimed at strengthening the payments business should result in a higher share of working capital related lending, a business can deliver better margins for the bank with the structural shift in the underlying liability structure. Near-term growth in corporate loans would be driven by sanctions made in infrastructure.

Share of non retail segment on a rise

Break-up of gross advances, March fiscal year-ends, 2007-2011 (%)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Retail loans	65.2	58.6	49.3	44.4	39.7
- Home loans	32.2	28.9	25.8	25.3	24.1
- Auto Loans	9.7	7.6	5.9	4.5	3.8
- Commercial business/SME	10.2	8.9	7.4	7.3	6.8
- Two wheeler loans	1.2	1.3	0.8	0.2	0.1
- Personal loans	6.3	6.3	4.9	3.1	1.8
- Credit cards	3.1	4.2	4.0	3.2	2.2
- LAS	2.6	1.5	0.6	0.7	0.9
Services - Non finance	2.8	6.3	7.5	7.2	7.7
Services - Finance	4.9	2.9	3.5	3.4	7.2
Crude/refining	2.5	2.5	6.4	7.1	6.3
Infrastructure ex power	1.5	2.2	4.2	5.5	5.8
Power	2.1	2.5	2.4	3.0	4.4
Iron and steel	2.5	4.1	4.4	4.6	4.2
Food and beverages	2.2	2.8	2.4	3.3	3.1
Wholesale/retail trade	1.2	1.1	1.2	2.4	2.3
Electronics and engineering	0.0	0.9	1.6	1.7	2.0
Mining	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.8
Construction	0.0	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.6
Chemical and fertilizers	2.5	1.7	2.3	2.5	1.3
Textiles	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.9
Other industries	11.7	12.1	12.9	12.7	11.5

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Healthy asset quality despite cyclical rise in slippages/ corporate restructuring

We continue to have a favorable outlook on the underlying asset quality cycle for ICICI Bank, in comparison with the industry. With a substantially higher proportion of loans in retail, primarily secured products like housing and auto, we see limited risk in comparison to the previous cycle that had a higher share of unsecured loans. On the corporate side, risks have increased in industries where the bank has seen strong loan growth in recent years: power (4% of loans) and other infrastructure (6%), pressure on pricing and availability of inputs in these industries should result in a select restructuring exercise over the next few years.

We build provisions to increase to 1% levels in FY2013-14 from 80 bps previously (substantially lower than 1.7-2.2% in FY2009-10) factoring higher risk in the corporate loan portfolio, where we select possibility of restructuring of loans. In the medium term, we believe there is a strong argument for the bank to improve its coverage levels (1QFY12 at 77%) to ease the earnings pressure in the event of large slippages in the corporate loans.

Agriculture saw a sharp rise in gross NPLs in FY2011

Break-up of NPLs, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2011 (%)

	Gross NPLs (%)			Net NPLs (%)		
	2009	2010	2011	2009	2010	2011
Agriculture and allied	3.6	5.6	7.6	2.1	3.1	3.0
Industry	1.8	2.4	2.1	0.9	1.2	0.8
Services	2.5	2.6	1.8	1.7	1.2	0.5
Personal loans	7.5	9.0	9.8	3.2	3.3	1.8

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Slippages to increase on the back of cyclical low NPLs in retail as well as higher risk in corporate

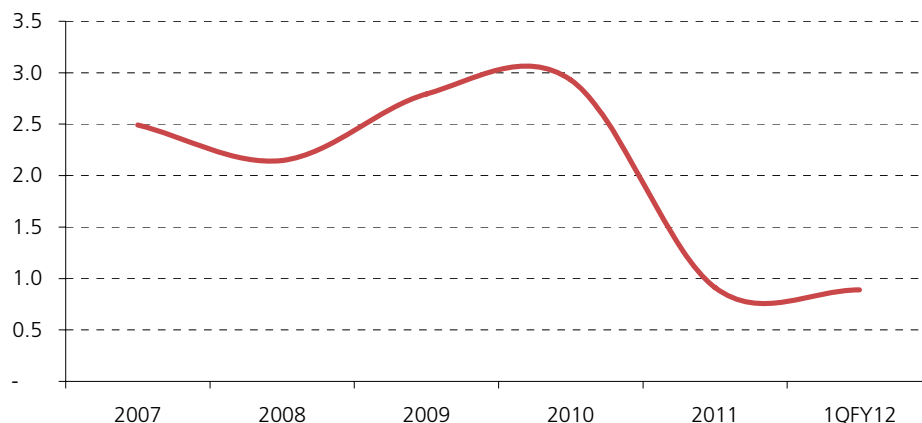
Non-performing loans, March fiscal year-ends, 2007-14E (%)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Gross NPL	2.1	3.3	4.3	4.9	4.3	3.8	3.7	3.9
Net NPL	1.0	1.5	2.1	2.1	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.1
Slippage ratio	1.5	1.9	2.2	2.9	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.5
Loan loss provisions	1.3	1.3	1.7	2.2	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.0
Provision coverage	50.5	52.0	52.8	59.5	76.0	79.7	76.3	74.4

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Expect increase in restructured loans in FY2013-14 if infrastructure exposure raises serious concerns

Restructured loans to total loans, March fiscal year-ends, 2007-1QFY12 (%)

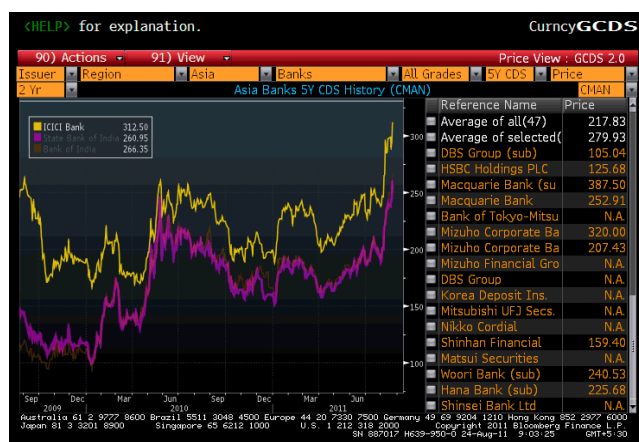


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

We see limited risks for the international book (explained later), especially from a MTM perspective. The bank has seen its own CDS spreads increasing sharply but the bank is monitoring its maturity profile carefully, has a larger proportion in cash/ cash equivalents and lower risk in the investment book.

Banks have seen an increase in CDS spreads in the past few weeks

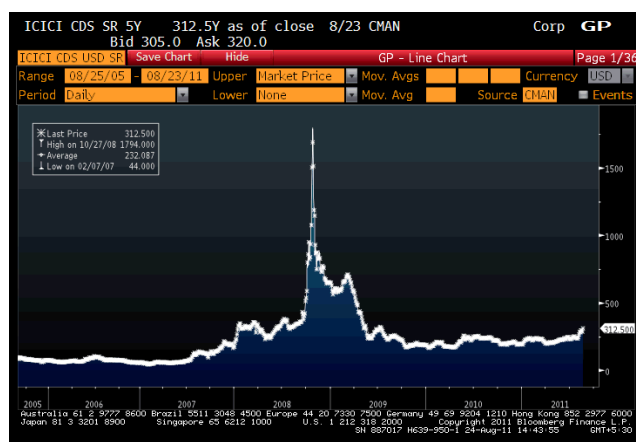
CDS spread, March fiscal year-ends, 2008-2011 (%)



Source: Bloomberg

CDS spreads have widened as risks have increased substantially in international markets

CDS spreads, March fiscal year-ends, 2008-2011 (%)



Source: Bloomberg

International subsidiaries is relatively less risky and well capitalized

We note a few key positive differences in the structure of ICICI Bank's international loan book as compared to FY2009 which is giving us tremendous comfort in the event of risk rising sharply in the international market. (1) The overall contribution of the international assets has been steadily declining especially in UK and Canada. The underlying assets holds significantly lower risk assets and higher proportion of cash and cash equivalents in the unlikely event of a relapse of liquidity freeze in international markets. (2) On the liabilities side, retail deposit composition has significantly improved, especially in the UK. Further, the bank is looking to match ALMs as closely as possible. (3) The capital adequacy ratio is much above regulatory requirements at 25-30% across regions.

Contribution of the international loans declined to 20% levels from 25% in FY2010

The overall contribution of international loans is currently lower at 20% levels (adjusting for the exposure in Canada which saw a change in reporting securitized assets in 1QFY12) compared to peak levels of 25% in FY2010. Exposure in the stand-alone balance sheet is the highest at similar levels of 12% levels.

We are broadly comfortable with the international exposure of the bank:

- ▶ The primary exposure is to Indian companies. Also, exposure in the parent entity has short-term loans (e.g. export refinancing) which are self liquidating and the bank may not take higher exposure if the situation in the international market deteriorates sharply. Also, the proportion of cash and cash equivalents (investments in short-term papers) has seen a rise in almost all markets – 21% in UK, 12% in Canada and about 40% in Eurasia.
- ▶ UK, for example, has seen a sharp reduction of risk in its underlying assets. Investments in bonds and notes of financial institutions have declined to 11% of overall assets compared to a peak of 30% in FY2009. Also, sovereign related risks are fairly low while exposure to financial entities has a wide range of banks across the world.
- ▶ Credit derivative related exposure has been coming off sharply in the past few quarters with the options expiring on maturity. It is currently at 2.4% levels compared to a peak of 6.6% levels in FY2009.

Proportion of UK and Canada to overall loans has dropped to 9% from a peak of 13% in 2QFY10
Contribution of international loans to total loans, March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY09-1QFY12

	2QFY09	3QFY09	4QFY09	1QFY10	2QFY10	3QFY10	4QFY10	1QFY11	2QFY11	3QFY11	4QFY11	1QFY12
Balance sheet (Rs bn)												
Domestic	3,850	3,744	3,793	3,674	3,664	3,563	3,634	3,597	3,900	3,929	4,062	4,152
UK	409	370	370	398	385	349	333	321	324	313	285	268
Canada	243	259	258	260	261	256	252	227	218	210	207	236
Eurasia			22	21	22	21	18	16	12	16	14	15
Total	4,501	4,373	4,443	4,353	4,331	4,189	4,237	4,161	4,455	4,469	4,569	4,671
International loans/assets (Rs bn)												
Domestic	577	553	546	515	515	466	453	479	486	504	552	558
UK	311	311	315	334	339	311	276	282	275	261	225	213
Canada	187	207	222	216	232	223	199	198	184	178	182	209
Eurasia			18	15	14	16	11	10	10	9	10	9
Total	1,075	1,070	1,100	1,080	1,100	1,016	939	969	954	953	969	989
Proportion of international loans (%)												
Domestic	12.8	12.6	12.3	11.8	11.9	11.1	10.7	11.5	10.9	11.3	12.1	12.0
UK	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.7	7.8	7.4	6.5	6.8	6.2	5.8	4.9	4.5
Canada	4.2	4.7	5.0	5.0	5.4	5.3	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.5
Eurasia	-	-	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	23.9	24.5	24.8	24.8	25.4	24.2	22.2	23.3	21.4	21.3	21.2	21.2

Notes:

- (1) Period ending currency rates have been used for translation of the balance sheet of UK and Canada.
- (2) Canada has seen an increase in total loans in 1QFY12 due to a change in accounting policy wherein ₹35.6 bn (CAD 769 mn), 0.7% of total (consolidated) assets, has been added to loans which were earlier part of off-balance sheet exposure (securitized loans).
- (3) Loans for UK and Canada only excludes cash and cash equivalents

Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities

UK has witnessed significant shift towards less risky assets in the past few quarters
Break-up of assets in UK, Canada and Eurasia, March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY09-1QFY12 (%)

	2QFY09	3QFY09	4QFY09	1QFY10	2QFY10	3QFY10	4QFY10	1QFY11	2QFY11	3QFY11	4QFY11	1QFY12
ICICI Bank - UK												
Advances	29.0	36.0	45.0	46.0	50.0	52.0	52.0	57.0	55.0	56.5	56.4	57.4
Bank bonds/ FI	30.0	31.0	28.0	25.0	27.0	25.0	19.0	18.0	18.0	16.1	10.6	10.7
Asset backed securities	7.0	6.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.9	2.0
Cash and liquid investments	24.0	16.0	15.0	16.0	12.0	11.0	17.0	12.0	15.0	16.5	21.0	20.6
India linked investments	6.0	6.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.3
Others	4.0	5.0	4.0	6.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	5.1	6.1	6.0
ICICI Bank - Canada												
Loans to customers	46.0	55.0	64.0	60.0	61.0	61.0	58.0	68.0	68.0	66.1	66.0	54.1
Federally insured mortgages	22.0	17.0	14.0	13.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	7.0	4.0	6.7	6.9	21.5
Asset backed securities	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.4
Cash and liquid securities	23.0	20.0	14.0	17.0	11.0	13.0	21.0	13.0	16.0	15.2	11.9	11.6
India linked investments	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.5	1.8	0.8
Others	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	8.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.8	11.7	10.6
ICICI Bank - Eurasia												
Loans to corporates			51.0	45.0	39.0	54.0	34.0	38.0	44.0	32.7	38.0	39.0
Corporate bonds			8.0	8.0	7.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.5	1.7	2.0	2.1
Retail loans			18.0	17.0	16.0	15.0	16.0	18.0	22.0	15.7	17.4	16.0
Cash and cash equivalents			20.0	28.0	37.0	24.0	40.0	37.0	17.5	46.0	31.2	38.7
Others			3.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	6.0	3.0	13.0	3.9	11.4	4.2

Notes:

- (1) Canada has seen increase in total loans of ₹35.6 bn (CAD 769 mn) in 1QFY12 due to a change in accounting policy. Adjusting for this change cash and cash equivalents would have increased to 14% and overall assets declined qoq by 4% (compared to 14% qoq increase)

Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities

Indian corporate related credit derivatives has declined to negligible levels across all geographies

Credit derivative exposure (including off balance sheet exposure), March fiscal year-ends, (₹ bn)

	4QFY09	1QFY10	2QFY10	3QFY10	4QFY10	1QFY11	2QFY11	3QFY11	4QFY11	1QFY12
Standalone	57.1	54.1	54.1	51.9	48.3	49.4	45.1	42.4	38.8	21.3
UK	7.8	7.6	7.9	7.9	7.4	6.4	5.4	5.5	4.4	0.6
Canada	6.0	5.9	6.3	5.8	4.9	4.5	3.8	3.6	3.0	1.3
Total	70.9	67.6	68.3	65.6	60.6	60.4	54.3	51.5	46.1	23.3
% of balance sheet	6.6	6.3	6.3	6.6	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.5	4.8	2.4

Notes:

(1) Balance sheet of only these three entities has been taken.

Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities

Higher retail deposit contribution and healthy CAR can cushion a short term impact

We note that the international subsidiaries have witnessed a combination of higher retail deposits contribution (UK) and comfortable CAR that exceeds 25% across all regions.

UK, which contributes about 5% of the total international exposure of the bank, has seen a complete shift in its liability profile. The contribution of retail deposits to total deposits has increased to 76% in 1QFY12 from 58% in 4QFY09.

Across all regions, capital adequacy ratios are extremely comfortable. The parent (stand alone) has a CAR of 19.6% (tier-1 ratio of 13.4%) while the Canada is currently at 28.5% (5X leverage), UK is at 25.4% (9X leverage) and Eurasia is 30.5%. With low business growth outlook in most of these geographies (barring stand-alone) we see limited to risk to the underlying business if there is a short-term negative impact in international markets.

Strong capital adequacy and higher proportion of retail deposits should enable the bank to manage liabilities in the event of any crisis

Liability profile of UK, Canada and Eurasia (%)

	4QFY09	1QFY10	2QFY10	3QFY10	4QFY10	1QFY11	2QFY11	3QFY11	4QFY11	1QFY12
ICICI Bank - UK										
Term deposits	38.0	42.0	43.0	41.0	42.0	46.0	51.0	50.8	50.1	47.9
Long term debt	16.0	14.0	14.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	16.0	12.0	13.0	14.1
Demand deposits	25.0	24.0	22.0	22.0	20.0	19.0	16.0	14.4	15.3	15.4
Net worth	6.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.3	10.6	11.6
Others	15.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	8.0	13.5	11.0	11.0
Retail deposits % of deposits	58.0	63.0	65.0	64.0	66.0	69.0	75.0	75.0	77.0	76.0
CAR	18.4	16.0	16.3	17.0	17.3	18.4	18.3	21.2	23.1	25.4
ICICI Bank - Canada										
Term deposits		72.0	69.0	67.0	66.0	62.0	62.0	60.2	58.2	48.1
Demand deposits		9.0	11.0	14.0	14.0	15.0	15.0	15.1	15.7	14.1
Other liabilities		48.0	41.0	36.0	35.0	28.0	28.0	24.3	20.7	14.7
Net worth		15.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	19.0	19.0	20.8	21.8	19.3
CAR	19.9	22.0	23.2	23.5	23.4	22.5	22.9	26.1	26.3	28.5
ICICI Bank - Eurasia										
CAR	15.1	18.3	21.4	19.8	26.6	30.4	37.7	31.8	34.6	30.5

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Canada and UK business continue to witness weak RoE performance despite improvement in NIMs in FY2011

Break-up of RoE for Canada and UK subsidiaries, March fiscal year-ends, 2006-2011 (%)

	Canada						UK					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Net interest income	1.5	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.6	1.1
Net other income	0.4	0.9	1.8	1.4	0.6	0.7	1.6	1.6	0.9	1.5	1.0	0.6
- Fee income	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0	1.5	1.0	1.2	0.4	0.5	0.3
Total income	1.9	2.3	2.6	1.9	1.2	1.5	2.6	2.4	1.6	2.5	1.6	1.6
Operating expenses	1.5	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.6
- Employees	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Pre provision income	0.4	1.2	1.8	1.4	0.6	0.9	1.5	1.7	0.9	1.6	0.9	1.0
Loan loss provisions	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3
Invnt. depreciation	-	0.9	1.0	0.8	(0.1)	(0.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pre -tax income	(0.0)	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.4	1.7	0.8	1.4	0.7	0.7
(1- tax rate)	98.3	69.8	62.7	63.2	69.0	71.9	68.2	70.6	67.7	67.6	70.7	71.6
ROA	(0.0)	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.2	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.5
Leverage	17.1	13.1	10.9	10.8	8.4	6.0	12.5	21.4	19.9	13.8	11.5	10.2
ROE	(0.5)	1.6	3.0	2.5	3.9	4.1	11.9	24.9	11.1	13.3	5.4	5.4

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

ICICI Bank, growth rates, key ratios and Du Pont analysis
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E

	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Growth rates (%)						
Net loan growth	(3.2)	(17.0)	19.4	18.3	19.0	20.3
Customer assets growth	(2.9)	(10.4)	24.4	14.8	15.8	17.3
Corporate loans	(4.3)	(9.3)	29.8	19.5	20.8	21.6
Total retail loans	(2.2)	(24.6)	7.2	16.7	16.5	18.2
Deposits growth	(10.7)	(7.5)	11.7	18.1	19.0	20.2
Borrowings growth	5.9	2.1	16.5	18.1	9.8	12.1
Net interest income	14.5	(3.0)	11.1	18.7	19.6	19.7
Loan loss provisions	38.8	16.3	(54.7)	(4.4)	63.2	30.6
Non-interest income	(13.7)	(1.7)	(11.1)	21.9	18.7	16.0
Net fee income	0.4	(14.1)	14.2	15.0	16.6	16.6
Net capital gains	(29.0)	(43.1)	(133.3)	(182.2)	100.0	-
Total income	(0.9)	(2.4)	0.5	20.1	19.2	18.1
Operating expenses	(13.6)	(16.8)	12.9	17.7	18.1	16.5
Employee expenses	(5.2)	(2.3)	46.3	22.3	22.3	20.1
DMA	(65.7)	(76.3)	25.1	(10.4)	33.1	33.6
Asset management measures (%)						
Yield on average earning assets	8.9	7.8	7.5	8.3	8.3	8.5
Interest on advances	10.0	8.7	8.2	9.2	9.1	9.1
Interest on investments	7.6	6.4	6.8	7.5	7.8	8.1
Average cost of funds	7.0	5.7	5.3	6.2	6.1	6.1
Interest on deposits	6.8	5.5	4.7	5.8	5.6	5.7
Other interest	7.5	6.3	6.6	7.0	7.2	7.2
Difference	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3
Net interest income/earning assets	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8
New provisions/average net loans	1.7	2.2	1.0	0.8	1.1	1.2
Loans-to-deposit ratio	69.7	60.6	63.9	64.0	65.7	67.2
Share of deposits						
Current	9.9	15.3	15.4	14.3	13.5	12.7
Fixed	71.3	58.3	54.9	56.1	58.6	60.9
Savings	18.8	26.3	29.6	29.6	28.0	26.4
Tax rate	26.6	24.7	23.8	26.0	28.0	28.0
Dividend payout ratio	32.6	33.2	31.3	30.0	30.0	30.0
Asset quality metrics (%)						
Gross NPL	4.3	4.9	4.3	3.8	3.7	3.9
Net NPL	2.1	2.1	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.7
Slippages	2.2	2.9	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.5
Provision coverage (ex write-off)	51.7	57.0	74.3	79.6	79.6	81.1
ROA decomposition - % of average assets						
Net interest income	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6
Loan loss provisions	1.0	1.2	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7
Net other income	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9
Operating expenses	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8
Invt. Depreciation	—	(—)	—	—	—	—
(1- tax rate)	73.4	75.3	76.2	74.0	72.0	72.0
ROA	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4
Average assets/average equity	8.1	7.3	7.2	7.7	8.2	8.8
ROE	7.8	8.0	9.7	11.7	11.8	12.6

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

ICICI Bank income statement and balance sheet
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E

	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Total interest income	310,925	257,069	259,741	335,159	390,565	463,025
Interest on advances	223,238	173,727	164,248	217,236	254,199	304,883
Interest on investments	74,031	64,663	79,052	99,674	118,595	138,300
Total interest expense	227,259	175,926	169,572	228,116	262,506	309,729
Deposits from customers	157,852	115,135	100,709	141,790	162,016	198,062
Net interest income	83,666	81,144	90,169	107,043	128,059	153,295
Loan loss provisions	37,500	43,622	19,769	18,895	30,842	40,282
Net interest income (after prov.)	46,166	37,522	70,400	88,148	97,217	113,013
Other income	76,037	74,777	66,479	81,018	96,188	111,599
Net fee income	56,259	48,308	55,146	63,418	73,920	86,176
Net capital gains	12,864	7,316	(2,434)	2,000	4,000	4,000
Miscellaneous income	3,306	3,054	73	73	87	105
Operating expenses	70,451	58,598	66,172	77,905	92,011	107,150
Employee expense	19,717	19,258	28,169	34,463	42,147	50,614
DMA	5,289	1,255	1,570	1,407	1,873	2,503
Pretax income	51,170	53,453	67,607	90,261	100,894	116,962
Tax provisions	13,588	13,203	16,093	23,468	28,250	32,749
Net Profit	37,581	40,250	51,514	66,793	72,644	84,213
% growth	(9.6)	7.1	28.0	29.7	8.8	15.9
PBT+provision-treasury gains	76,388	90,005	92,909	108,156	128,236	153,744
% growth	24.2	17.8	3.2	16.4	18.6	19.9
Balance sheet (Rs mn)						
Cash and bank balance	299,666	388,737	340,901	374,740	415,078	466,763
Cash	28,557	33,410	37,844	44,691	53,173	63,932
Balance with RBI	146,806	241,733	171,226	198,218	230,074	271,000
Balance with banks	44,016	45,742	56,014	56,014	56,014	56,014
Outside India	80,286	67,852	75,817	75,817	75,817	75,817
Net value of investments	1,030,583	1,208,928	1,346,860	1,570,313	1,727,533	1,932,329
Investments in India	934,784	1,117,553	1,252,941	1,471,963	1,622,536	1,817,362
Govt. and other securities	633,775	683,991	641,287	860,635	1,011,208	1,206,034
Shares	17,031	27,557	28,134	28,134	28,134	28,134
Subsidiaries	61,195	62,227	64,797	64,797	64,797	64,797
Debentures and bonds	26,001	36,354	161,463	161,463	161,463	161,463
Net loans and advances	2,183,108	1,812,056	2,163,659	2,560,032	3,047,550	3,666,111
Corporate loans	1,080,908	980,866	1,272,919	1,520,860	1,837,224	2,234,979
Total retail loans	1,102,200	831,190	890,740	1,039,172	1,210,325	1,431,132
Fixed assets	38,016	32,127	47,443	56,210	61,983	67,044
Net leased assets	4,623	3,534	2,570	4,161	3,537	3,006
Net owned assets	33,393	28,593	44,872	52,049	58,446	64,038
Other assets	241,636	192,149	163,475	163,475	163,475	163,475
Total assets	3,793,010	3,633,997	4,062,337	4,724,770	5,415,619	6,295,721
Deposits	2,183,478	2,020,166	2,256,021	2,664,218	3,169,898	3,811,262
Borrowings and bills payable	949,806	969,705	1,129,848	1,334,455	1,465,884	1,643,045
Preference capital	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
Other liabilities	164,395	127,943	125,559	131,837	138,428	145,350
Total liabilities	3,297,679	3,117,813	3,511,427	4,130,510	4,774,210	5,599,656
Paid-up capital	11,133	11,149	11,518	11,518	11,518	11,518
Reserves & surplus	484,197	505,035	539,391	582,742	629,890	684,547
Total shareholders' equity	495,330	516,184	550,909	594,260	641,408	696,065

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

AUGUST 26, 2011

UPDATE

Coverage view: **Attractive**

Price (Rs): **139**

Target price (Rs): **175**

BSE-30: **15,849**

Annual report analysis. We update our earning models for FY2011 annual report released recently. Key takeaways include (1) FY2011 earnings were impacted by one-time refinancing charges and non-cash derivative adjustments, (2) book value increased to Rs152 from Rs113 in FY2010 primarily on write-back of goodwill, and (3) operating cash generation was strong at Rs37.1 bn despite high working capital requirements for Novelis and the copper smelting business. We retain ADD rating and marginally fine-tune our earnings and TP to Rs175 (Rs180 earlier).

Company data and valuation summary

Hindalco Industries

Stock data

52-week range (Rs) (high,low)	253-128
Market Cap. (Rs bn)	266.3

Shareholding pattern (%)

Promoters	32.1
FIs	40.1
MFs	2.3

Price performance (%)

	1M	3M	12M
Absolute	(21.8)	(25.4)	(15.2)
Rel. to BSE-30	(8.6)	(15.1)	(2.5)

Forecasts/Valuations

	2011	2012E	2013E
EPS (Rs)	12.8	18.3	17.6
EPS growth (%)	(36.0)	43.3	(4.0)
P/E (X)	10.9	7.6	7.9
Sales (Rs bn)	720.8	827.3	876.2
Net profits (Rs bn)	24.5	35.1	33.7
EBITDA (Rs bn)	80.0	93.0	95.6
EV/EBITDA (X)	6.0	5.8	6.1
ROE (%)	9.7	11.4	10.0
Div. Yield (%)	1.1	1.1	1.1

Key highlights from FY2011 annual report

Hindalco released its FY2011 annual report recently. Notable points include

- ▶ Hindalco wrote back Rs35.9 bn of goodwill written off in FY2010. Accordingly, goodwill and reserves increased by an equivalent amount. Book value increased by Rs39/share (higher than EPS of Rs12) to Rs152 in FY2011. FY2011 book value excluding goodwill stands at Rs133/share.
- ▶ Reported FY2011 EPS declined to Rs12.8 from Rs22.2 in FY2010. Earnings were impacted by (1) unrealized losses on derivatives of Novelis versus gain in the previous year impacting numbers by Rs30 bn at the EBITDA level, (2) one-time interest charge resulting from refinancing of Novelis debt, (3) lower interest expense of Rs1.6 bn directly adjusted against reserves versus Rs3 bn in FY2010, and (4) non-inclusion of proportionate earnings of Idea.
- ▶ Hindalco generated operating cash flow of Rs37.1 bn in FY2011, an increase of 11% over FY2010. High cash generation was despite working capital locked in for the conversion business of Novelis and custom copper smelting business.
- ▶ Hindalco capitalized Rs3.9 bn of interest expenses. Interest expenses recognized in the profit and loss statement were Rs18.4 bn versus Rs22.3 bn paid out in FY2011.
- ▶ Capex for greenfield and brownfield projects has shown some acceleration (Exhibit 2 details project-wise capex) with total spending in excess of US\$1.7 bn in FY2011. Note that Hindalco has outlined total capex of US\$9.5 bn over the next few years on Novelis, brownfield expansion, Utkal Alumina and Mahan and Aditya Aluminium smelters.
- ▶ Net debt at end-FY2011 stood at US\$4.3 bn. Net debt increased by US\$0.8 bn. Net debt/adjusted EBITDA and net debt/adjusted equity on FY2011 numbers stood at 2.4X and 0.8X. As highlighted in our earlier notes, high leverage can be managed due to predictability of cash flows and relatively lower risks to aluminium prices (refer Exhibit 5).

Kawaljeet Saluja
kawaljeet.saluja@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1243

Karan Durante
karan.durante@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1527

Kotak Institutional Equities Research
kotak.research@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1100

- ▶ Novelis refinanced US\$4.8 bn debt with relaxed covenants to ensure cash fungibility and drive an efficient capital structure. New debt has longer tenure with debt maturity in 2017/20. Revised debt covenants provide headroom for more leverage with net debt/adjusted EBITDA of up 4.75X in FY2012E and 4X by FY2016E. Novelis has to maintain interest coverage ratio of more than 2X. Post restructuring, Novelis' debt increased to US\$4.1 bn from US\$2.5 bn in 2QFY11. Novelis also paid out US\$1.7 bn to Hindalco, resulting in decline in shareholder funds to US\$422 mn. Hindalco used this cash to retire debts in AV Minerals (Netherlands) BV of US\$1 bn and US\$650 mn was received by the standalone entity.
- ▶ Bauxite sourced from third parties declined in absolute levels to 1.1 mn tonnes from 1.4 mn tonnes. However, cost of bauxite increased by 28% yoy to Rs1,786/tonne.

Maintain ADD rating; fine-tune target price to Rs175 (Rs180 earlier)

We like Hindalco's core business for low volatility and cost-competitiveness. However, investors may have to contend with two key negatives (1) likely delay in commissioning of greenfield projects and potential escalation in project costs, and (2) high though manageable leverage. On the positive side, downside to aluminium prices is low and the stock builds in significant correction to commodity prices.

We have made minor changes to our estimates; our revised EPS stands at Rs18.3/17.6 for FY2012/13E, respectively from Rs18.5/17.8 earlier (refer Exhibit 1). Target price fine-tuned to Rs175 from Rs180 earlier.

Exhibit 1: Hindalco, change in estimates, March fiscal year-ends, 2012-14E (Rs mn)

	Revised estimates			Old estimates			Change (%)		
	2012E	2013E	2014E	2012E	2013E	2014E	2012E	2013E	2014E
Hindalco									
Aluminium metal sales (tonnes)	561,660	669,410	825,300	561,660	669,410	825,300	—	—	—
Aluminium price (US\$/tonne)	2,400	2,400	2,450	2,400	2,400	2,450	—	—	—
Net revenues	270,920	281,207	308,350	273,118	283,009	309,547	(0.8)	(0.6)	(0.4)
EBITDA	31,968	31,493	42,492	32,322	31,485	42,213	(1.1)	0.0	0.7
PAT	21,370	18,634	18,000	22,579	19,915	19,151	(5.4)	(6.4)	(6.0)
Novelis									
Shipments (tonnes)	3,236	3,382	3,450	3,236	3,382	3,450	—	—	—
Net revenues	532,944	571,766	588,040	532,944	571,766	588,040	—	—	—
EBITDA	52,539	56,263	58,753	52,539	56,263	58,753	—	—	—
PAT	11,956	13,548	15,403	11,956	13,548	15,403	—	—	—
Consolidated									
Net revenues	827,324	876,185	919,285	829,522	877,987	920,482	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.1)
EBITDA	93,007	95,604	108,836	93,362	95,596	108,557	(0.4)	0.0	0.3
PAT	35,061	33,666	34,446	35,370	34,048	34,799	(0.9)	(1.1)	(1.0)
EPS (Rs)	18.3	17.6	18.0	18.5	17.8	18.2	(0.9)	(1.2)	(1.1)

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 2: Details of Hindalco's planned capacity expansion

Project Name	Commisioning date			Project type	Capacity (ktpa)	Capex (Rs bn)
	9 months ago	Q4FY11	Revised			
1. Brownfield Expansion Projects						
Hirakud Smelter & Power expansion:						9
155 KTPA to 161 KTPA	Q4FY11	Completed	Completed	Smelter	8	
161 KTPA to 213 KTPA	Q4FY12	Q4FY12	Early 2012	Smelter	52	
213 KTPA to 360 KTPA				Smelter	147	
Flat rolled products at Hirakud	Oct-11	End- 2011	End- 2011	FRP		9
Belgaum Special Alumina Project	Not finalised	Not finalised	Not finalised	Alumina refinery	178	
2. Greenfield Projects						
UTKAL Alumina Project	Early 2012	2012	2HCY12	Alumina refinery	1500	76
Mahan Aluminium Project	Oct-11	End- 2011	End- 2011	Smelter	359	105
Aditya Aluminium Project	End 2012	Early 2013	Early 2013	Smelter	359	92
Aditya Refinery Project	End 2014	End 2014	2014	Alumina refinery	1500	60
Jharkhand Aluminium Project	Mid 2015	2015	2015	Smelter	359	100
Total						450

Note:

1. UTKAL Alumina project cost has gone up by Rs6 bn owing to additional cost incurred towards contractors.
2. Mahan Aluminium project cost has gone up by Rs13 bn on higher financing cost.
3. Aditya Alumina and Aditya and Jharkhand aluminium project costs does not include any financing costs.

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 3: Details of existing and expanded capacity of Novelis (tonnes)

Location	Existing capacity		Post expansion capacity	
	tonnes	%age of total	tonnes	%age of total
North America	1,100	36.7	1,360	34.0
Europe	900	30.0	990	24.8
Asia	600	20.0	1,000	25.0
South America	400	13.3	650	16.3
	3,000	100.0	4,000	100.0

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 4: Capex plans of Novelis (US\$ mn)

		2012E capex (US\$ mn)
Pinda Mill expansion	Brazil	180
Automotive capacity expansion	North America	80
Can, automotive and electronic expansion	South Korea	80
Others		120
Maintainence capex		140
		600

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 5: Hindalco Industries consolidated leverage details, March fiscal year-ends, FY2012-14E (X)

	2011 reported	2011 adjusted	2012E	2013E	2014E
Existing					
EBITDA (Rs mn)	80,017	82,927	93,007	95,604	108,836
Shareholders funds	290,233	254,260	322,270	352,912	384,334
Net debt	196,134	196,134	254,550	296,625	298,032
Net debt/ EBITDA (X)	2.5	2.4	2.7	3.1	2.7
Net debt/ Equity (X)	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 6: Hindalco Industries, valuation, FY2013E basis (Rs mn)

		Multiple (X)	Value (Rs mn)	(Rs/share)
Hindalco FY2013E EBITDA	31,493	5.8	181,085	95
Novelis FY2013E EBITDA	56,263	6.3	351,647	184
ABML FY2013E EBITDA (proportionate stake)	4,002	5.0	20,011	10
Total Enterprise Value			552,742	289
Add: Value of listed investments (20% discount to market price)			29,663	15
Less: Net debt (adjusted for CWIP)	249,866		249,866	130
Arrived market capitalization			332,540	174
Target price (Rs)				175

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 7: Hindalco Industries, key assumptions, March fiscal-year ends, FY2009-2014E (Rs mn)

	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Aluminium						
Hindalco						
Aluminium price (US\$/tonne)	2,234	1,868	2,257	2,400	2,400	2,450
Metal sales volume (tonnes)	521,069	555,066	534,400	561,660	669,410	825,300
Blended realization (Rs/tonne)	127,384	110,516	128,533	139,296	138,463	139,394
Cost/tonne (US\$/tonne)	1,983	1,710	2,106	2,468	2,476	2,387
EBITDA/tonne (US\$/tonne)	937	722	846	775	667	799
Aluminium EBITDA (Rs mn)	22,428	19,045	20,622	19,477	20,359	29,660
Alumina price (US\$/tonne)	278	300	330	372	396	404
Alumina sales volume (tonnes)	238,350	241,095	309,566	335,675	156,697	349,352
Alumina EBITDA (Rs mn)	3,237	3,198	4,130	2,876	1,612	3,620
Alumina EBITDA (US\$/ tonne)	296	279	293	191	226	230
Novelis						
Average realization (US\$/tonne)	3,458	3,039	3,415	3,680	3,705	3,788
Conversion premium (US\$/tonne)	1,224	1,171	1,158	1,280	1,305	1,338
Shipments ('000 tonnes)	2,943	2,854	3,097	3,236	3,382	3,450
EBITDA/tonne (US\$/tonne)	192	380	302	363	365	378
EBITDA (US\$ mn)	566	1,085	935	1,174	1,233	1,306
EBITDA (Rs mn)	25,997	51,538	42,636	52,539	56,263	58,753
Copper						
Price (US\$/tonne)	5,885	6,112	8,300	8,800	8,360	8,360
Copper cathode volumes (tonnes)	153,236	185,213	207,640	202,786	208,370	213,370
Copper rods volumes (tonnes)	146,323	146,164	142,167	145,742	150,114	150,114
EBITDA (Rs mn)	5,476	8,256	7,753	10,385	10,330	10,060

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 8: Hindalco (consolidated), Profit model, balance sheet and cash flow model, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (Rs mn)

	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Profit model (Rs mn)						
Net sales	656,252	607,221	720,779	827,324	876,185	919,285
EBITDA	53,584	97,458	80,017	93,007	95,604	108,836
Other income	6,878	3,227	4,309	5,039	5,349	6,125
Interest	(12,323)	(11,041)	(18,393)	(15,403)	(17,892)	(26,082)
Depreciation	(30,378)	(27,836)	(27,500)	(28,669)	(30,787)	(33,903)
Profit before tax	17,761	61,808	38,432	53,974	52,274	54,975
Extraordinaries	(22,319)	1,030	100	—	—	—
Taxes	8,046	(19,319)	(9,739)	(14,285)	(14,180)	(16,206)
Profit after tax	3,488	43,519	28,793	39,690	38,094	38,770
Minority interest	1,718	(4,237)	(3,659)	(4,058)	(3,856)	(3,752)
Share in profit/(loss) of associates	(353)	(27)	(571)	(571)	(571)	(571)
Reported net income	4,853	39,255	24,564	35,061	33,666	34,446
Adjusted net income	19,791	38,225	24,463	35,061	33,666	34,446
Fully diluted EPS (Rs)	11.6	20.0	12.8	18.3	17.6	18.0
Balance sheet (Rs mn)						
Equity	158,536	215,446	290,233	322,270	352,912	384,334
Deferred tax liability	27,571	39,382	37,596	37,816	39,557	41,477
Total Borrowings	283,098	239,987	276,920	351,512	430,594	468,553
Current liabilities	162,602	180,166	216,840	220,834	224,237	228,199
Minority interest	12,866	17,372	22,169	26,227	30,083	33,836
Total liabilities	644,672	692,353	843,758	958,659	1,077,383	1,156,398
Net fixed assets	275,249	290,006	234,640	259,929	353,632	443,283
Capital work in progress	29,495	58,008	131,308	178,152	155,864	98,204
Goodwill	42,908	—	89,414	89,414	89,414	89,414
Investments	104,308	112,455	108,549	107,978	107,407	106,836
Cash	21,918	21,954	25,563	41,739	78,746	115,298
Other current assets	170,791	209,930	254,285	281,445	292,319	303,362
Miscellaneous expenditure	4	—	—	—	—	—
Total assets	644,672	692,353	843,758	958,658	1,077,382	1,156,397
Free cash flow (Rs mn)						
Operating cash flow excl. working	(7,156)	39,333	44,082	63,540	65,272	68,468
Working capital changes	29,309	(5,984)	(7,031)	(23,167)	(7,471)	(7,080)
Capital expenditure	(28,898)	(41,708)	(77,171)	(100,804)	(102,201)	(65,895)
Free cash flow	(6,744)	(8,359)	(40,120)	(60,431)	(44,400)	(4,507)
Ratios						
EBITDA margin (%)	8.2	16.0	11.1	11.2	10.9	11.8
EBIT margin (%)	3.5	11.5	7.3	7.8	7.4	8.2
Debt/equity (X)	1.8	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2
Net debt/equity (X)	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
Net debt/EBITDA (X)	4.1	1.6	2.4	2.7	3.1	2.7
RoAE (%)	11.9	20.4	9.7	11.4	10.0	9.3
RoACE (%)	5.4	10.4	7.7	7.4	6.4	6.6

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

AUGUST 26, 2011

UPDATE

Coverage view: **Cautious**

Price (Rs): **416**

Target price (Rs): **510**

BSE-30: **15,849**

Taking a deep dive into what matters most – insecticides category. GCPL's household insecticides category accounts for ~50% of revenues and ~55% of profits. We articulate our views on continuing good category growth and reasons for Godrej's category outperformance (near oligopolistic category structure due to strong brands, regional domination by each player, necessity for government approvals etc.). GCPL's demonstrated superior innovation capabilities (12-hour jumbo coil, dual dispensation vaporizer, low-smoke coil, magic paper etc.) help it outperform category growth, in our view. BUY. Our preferred picks in the sector are ITC, HUL, GCPL, GSK and Marico.

Company data and valuation summary

Godrej Consumer Products

Stock data		Forecasts/Valuations			
		2011	2012E	2013E	
52-week range (Rs) (high,low)	485-325	EPS (Rs)	14.9	18.4	22.7
Market Cap. (Rs bn)	134.6	EPS growth (%)	31.3	23.4	23.8
Shareholding pattern (%)		P/E (X)	27.9	22.6	18.3
Promoters	67.3	Sales (Rs bn)	36.4	43.7	50.8
FIs	19.3	Net profits (Rs bn)	4.8	5.9	7.4
MFs	1.8	EBITDA (Rs bn)	6.9	9.0	10.8
Price performance (%)		EV/EBITDA (X)	22.2	15.2	11.8
Absolute	1M (4.7) 3M 7.8 12M 7.1	ROE (%)	35.9	28.7	27.0
Rel. to BSE-30	11.3 22.8 23.2	Div. Yield (%)	1.2	0.8	0.8

Household insecticides – a fast growing and profitable category, forms ~50% of GCPL's sales mix

GCPL is the only stock with a BUY rating in our consumer universe. Large part of our bullishness stems from confidence on the strong growth and profitability of the household insecticides category which forms ~50% of overall sales mix (of which, India forms ~35% of overall sales mix). Good category growth of ~20% over the past few years is driven by changes in consumer habits, in our view. Mosquito repellent products have evolved from being just a seasonal product used during mosquito menace seasons (monsoons and the period after winter). The higher urban penetration for the category has been due to product usage as a disease prevention device, in our view.

We articulate our views on continuing good category growth and reasons for Godrej's category outperformance.

- ▶ Household insecticides are a relatively low competitive intensity category with primarily four players in the organized segment – Godrej Consumer, Reckitt Benckiser, SC Johnson and Jyothy Laboratories (JYL). While the category has grown at ~20% CAGR in the past ten years, surprisingly, there has been no new national entrant in the segment.
- ▶ There are likely three reasons for this, in our view,
 - a) The category falls under the purview of the Agricultural Ministry and any new product/format launch by new or existing player requires a license and an approval which likely acts as an entry barrier. The necessity for approvals etc. increases the go-to-market time.
 - b) Each of the players has a dominant market share in the four regions thereby creating an effective entry barrier for new entrants—for example, Godrej Consumer has ~55% market share in South India whereas Reckitt Benckiser has a leading share in North (as per industry sources).
 - c) Presence of strong brands—Good Knight, Mortein and All Out.

Manoj Menon
manoj.menon@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1391

Amrita Basu
amrita.basu@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1147

Kotak Institutional Equities Research
kotak.research@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1100

In our view, GCPL is relatively well-positioned compared to competition on following grounds:

- ◆ As per industry sources, Reckitt Benckiser and SC Johnson have their research facilities for insecticides category overseas (Reckitt's in Australia and SC Johnson's in US) whereas GCPL's R&D operations are based in India. This is likely resulting in better-perceived innovations by GCPL—it has been at the forefront in terms of innovations such as 12-hour jumbo coil, dual dispensation vaporizer, low smoke coil etc.
- ◆ GCPL has a market share of ~40% in the overall insecticides category and a meaningful presence in all the segments of household insecticides including coils, mats, aerosols and liquids.
- ◆ Jyothy Laboratories (JYL) management says that it has increased the trade price of Maxo which has resulted in short-term decline in its sales (Maxo sales have been declining over the past four quarters and JYL is likely witnessing market share loss, in our view). Further, as the company is in the midst of integrating its recent acquisition of Henkel India, focus of the company in turning around this part of the business may likely be limited (as profit contribution of household insecticides for JYL is low).
- ◆ With respect to margin profile, GCPL is substantially superior to JYL. GCPL has EBITDA margin of ~20% and also generates double-digit EBITDA margins in coils (as per industry sources). JYL primarily operates in coils and has margins in low single digits (mostly losses).
- ▶ Megasari has a market share of ~35% in the household insecticides market in Indonesia. This is remarkable given that ~40% of the Indonesian market is coils and Megasari does not have any presence in this segment. Recently, the company has launched a household insecticide product in paper form (called as 'Magic Paper'), likely the first of its kind, globally, in our view. It is priced at almost half the price of coils and gross margin in the segment is higher than coils. This product has already achieved an 8% penetration in the Indonesia market, as per GCPL management. Launch of the product in India is underway.
- ▶ Erstwhile Godrej Saralee had healthy financials even before the acquisition by GCPL. As per industry sources, between FY1999 and FY2011, the company reported sales growth CAGR of ~20% and EBITDA CAGR of ~30%.

We keep a close watch on the following

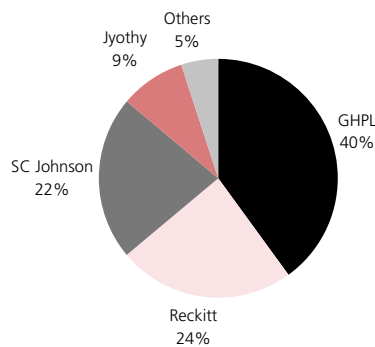
- ▶ Performance of the new launches—(1) gel-based hair color portfolio in India, (2) ammonia free hair colour in LatAm under Issue brand and (3) household insecticide in paper format in Indonesia. Gauging the success of these new launches is imperative given the high brand investments the company is making towards them.
- ▶ Likely improvement in standalone gross margins with correction in palm oil costs and price hike taken in the soap segment.
- ▶ Synergy benefits, accruing from the acquisitions made—(1) Megasari and GHPL, (2) GCPL and GHPL, (3) Darling Group and Kinky, (4) Argencos and the Indian hair color business.
- ▶ Performance of acquisitions in FY2012E—GHPL, Megasari, Tura, Argencos, Issue Group would have completed about two years under the GCPL fold.
- ▶ Movement of Re versus foreign currency basket and movement of the LIBOR rates.

Retain BUY with target price of Rs510

We retain BUY rating with a target price of Rs510. We have not included the Darling Group in our estimates. We value GCPL on an SOTP basis as the company operates in multiple categories with varying growth characteristics and multiple geographies (India, Indonesia, Africa, UK and Latin America). The key risks are (1) integration of the recent acquisitions, (2) increasing business, political and currency risks due to operations in multiple geographies and (3) any unexpected increase in competitive activity in domestic insecticides business.

GHPL is the market leader in household insecticides

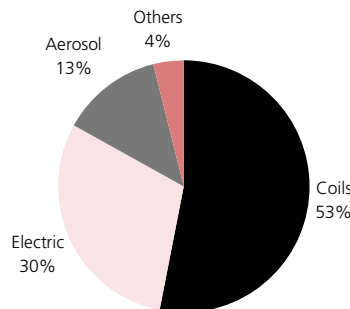
Market share of players in the household insecticides market (%)



Source: Industry sources

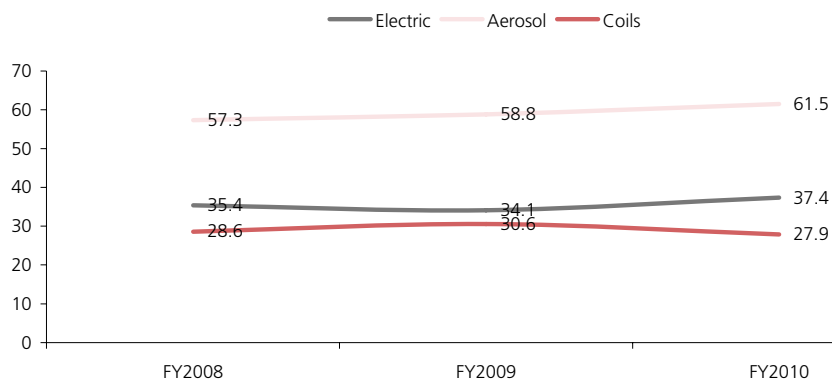
Coils dominate the household insecticides market

Break-up of the household insecticides market by format (%)



Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Break-up of GHPL's market share by segment



Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

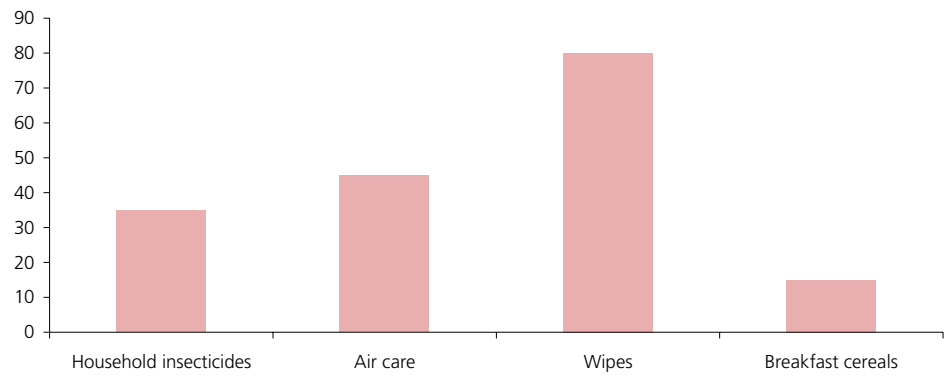
Healthy financial history of GHPL

Key financials, March fiscal year-ends, 2007-10 (Rs mn)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	CAGR (%)
Sales	5,292	6,652	7,706	9,425	16
EBITDA	824	1,119	1,341	1,736	20
% margin	15.6	16.8	17.4	18.4	
PAT	661	875	1,045	1,372	20
% margin	12.5	13.2	13.6	14.6	

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

Market share of Megasari in the categories that it operates in (%)



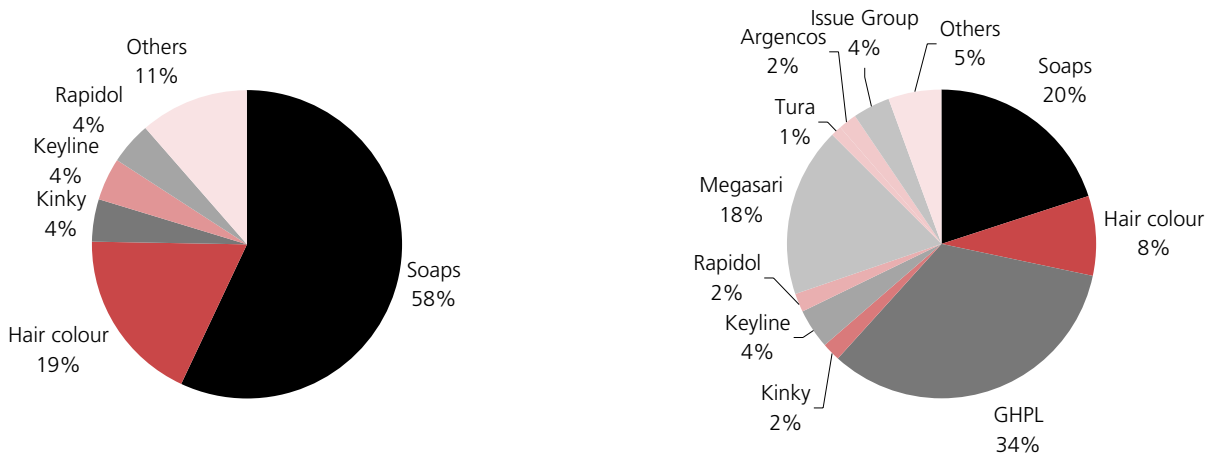
Source: Company

Paper-based household insecticide launched in Indonesia



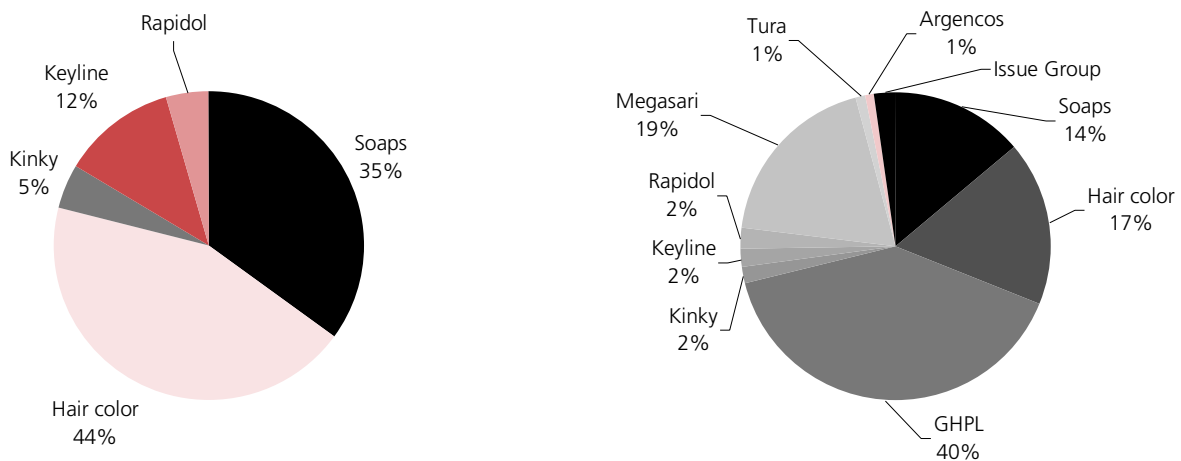
Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

Household insecticides and hair color are the key categories
 Break-up of GCPL's sales, March fiscal year-ends, 2009, 2012E (%)



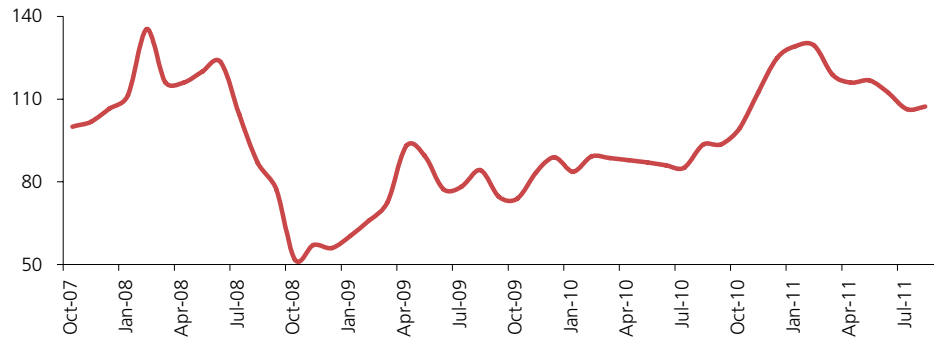
Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Household insecticides and hair color are the key categories
 Break-up of GCPL's EBITDA, March fiscal year-ends, 2009, 2012E (%)



Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Palm oil price has started correcting
Trend in palm oil price (indexed to base)



Source: Bloomberg

SOTP valuation of GCPL

Business segment	Country	EBITDA (Rs mn)		EBITDA multiple (x)	EV (Rs mn)	Remarks	as % of EBITDA			as % of EV		
		FY2012E	FY2013E				FY2013E	FY2012E	FY2013E	FY2013E		
Domestic (soaps, hair color)	India	5,858	7,113	16	115,236	(a) 16 FY2013E, at par with Dabur	71	71	73			
International	South Africa, UK	485	524	12	6,362	25% discount to (a)	6	5	4			
Tura	Nigeria	48	52	12	637	25% discount to (a)	1	1	0			
Megasari	Indonesia	1,551	1,824	16	29,548	At par with (a)	19	18	19			
Argencos	Argentina	72	119	12	1,448	25% discount to (a)	1	1	1			
Issue	Argentina	196	323	12	3,923	25% discount to (a)	2	3	2			
EV #		8,209	9,955		157,154							
Less: Net debt					7,945							
Equity value					165,098							
Price per share (Rs)					510							
Implied PE on FY2013E (x)					22							
Earnings growth CAGR (FY2011-13E)					24							

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

GCPL: Profit model, balance sheet, 2008-2014E, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Profit model (Rs mn)							
Net sales	11,026	13,930	20,412	36,430	43,654	50,769	58,168
EBITDA	2,148	2,037	4,073	6,407	8,209	9,955	11,859
Other income	60	436	473	729	785	834	877
Interest	(148)	(189)	(111)	(519)	(543)	(419)	(407)
Depreciation	(182)	(192)	(236)	(499)	(473)	(490)	(506)
Pretax profits	1,878	2,092	4,199	6,118	7,979	9,880	11,822
Tax	(283)	(366)	(803)	(1,302)	(2,035)	(2,520)	(3,692)
Net profits	1,595	1,726	3,396	4,816	5,944	7,361	8,131
Earnings per share (Rs)	7.1	6.7	11.3	14.9	18.4	22.7	25.1
Balance sheet (Rs mn)							
Total equity	1,687	5,668	9,547	17,252	24,221	30,226	35,303
Total borrowings	1,871	2,776	369	20,054	12,553	8,051	8,049
Current liabilities	3,227	3,299	5,528	8,673	6,251	10,069	13,950
Deferred tax liability	89	42	66	14	85	85	85
Total liabilities and equity	6,874	11,785	15,510	45,993	43,110	48,431	57,387
Cash	426	3,783	3,052	2,269	10,685	15,995	23,334
Current assets	3,093	3,544	6,044	12,793	8,404	8,437	10,089
Total fixed assets	2,399	2,297	2,626	15,527	12,617	12,595	12,559
Investments	0	75	670	0	0	0	0
Other non current assets	956	2,086	3,119	15,404	11,404	11,404	11,404
Total assets	6,874	11,785	15,510	45,993	43,110	48,431	57,387
Key assumptions							
Revenue Growth (%)	15.9	26.3	46.5	78.5	19.8	16.3	14.6
EBITDA Margin(%)	19.5	14.6	20.0	17.6	18.8	19.6	20.4
EPS Growth (%)	18.9	(5.3)	69.5	31.3	23.4	23.8	10.5

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

AUGUST 25, 2011

UPDATE

Coverage view: **Cautious**

Price (Rs): **36**

Target price (Rs): **40**

BSE-30: **16,146**

Risk-reward improves but sustainable upside would need more. Suzlon stock has corrected sharply (30% in 20 days) slightly improving the risk-reward even as we highlight several challenges for sustainable upside: (1) lower-than-requisite trend inflows (350-400 MW of inflows in FY2012E so far versus an asking rate of ~600 MW /quarter), (2) investment slowdown in India and Europe, (3) precarious state of balance sheet (4X debt:EBITDA and high Wcap) and (4) potential execution issues. We revise our target price to Rs40 from Rs60.

Company data and valuation summary

Suzlon Energy

Stock data

52-week range (Rs) (high,low)	66-36
Market Cap. (Rs bn)	57.1

Shareholding pattern (%)

Promoters	54.8
FIs	13.2
MFs	3.9

Price performance (%)

	1M	3M	12M
Absolute	(34.3)	(28.6)	(27.7)
Rel. to BSE-30	(23.2)	(21.1)	(18.6)

Forecasts/Valuations

	2011	2012E	2013E
EPS (Rs)	(5.4)	0.7	2.6
EPS growth (%)	(14.7)	(112.5)	290.1
P/E (X)	(6.7)	53.5	13.7
Sales (Rs bn)	167.9	217.7	241.9
Net profits (Rs bn)	(9.4)	1.2	4.6
EBITDA (Rs bn)	7.6	19.2	22.8
EV/EBITDA (X)	19.2	7.4	6.1
ROE (%)	(14.0)	1.7	6.6
Div. Yield (%)	0.6	0.6	0.6

Order inflows remain below requisite trend; high asking rate in the rest of FY2012E

Suzlon reported sedate inflows of only 350-400 MW in FY2012E to date (205 MW reported in 1QFY12 + 163 MW of announcements in 2QFY12). Our reduced inflow estimates (1,100 MW for domestic and 400 MW for international) in FY2012E imply a need for further quarterly inflow of about 1,000 MW in the rest of FY2012E - versus only about 200 MW/qtr seen in the past two quarters. Near-term sales would be led by execution of a 1,000 MW Caparo order, we would look for new similar orders laced to build in visibility for and beyond FY2013E. Traction in international business remains sedate for the fourth year and may need to grow beyond the natural constraints of the Indian market given Suzlon's high fixed cost structure. A slowdown in the domestic/ overseas markets may defer recovery.

Balance sheet remains precarious (high debt and working capital) low ability to withstand

Suzlon's balance sheet remains stretched with high debt (Rs109 bn) and working capital levels (Rs42 bn) at 1QFY12-end. Suzlon may have about 4X consolidated Debt/EBITDA and 2X EBITDA/Interest in FY13E post building in receivable from Edison, Hansen sale proceeds. Thus, the company could find it difficult to (1) withstand volume disappointments versus estimates as well as (2) deleveraging quickly. Unaccounted FCCB premium would also contribute debt (about Rs9 bn on FY2012E repayments).

Regulatory environment favorable but REC mechanism needs to settle down; 16% IRR for IPP likely

Several incentives exist to catalyze wind capacity addition, such as (1) accelerated depreciation or generation-based incentive and (2) preferential tariffs or renewable energy certificates. Withdrawal of accelerated depreciation with DTC is a risk to volume estimates. We estimate that an IPP selling at an average pooled price of Rs2.45 (and escalations each year) + floor REC price of Rs1.45 + GBI of Rs0.5 would earn 16% equity IRR at Rs60 mn/MW, 25% PLF, 12.5% interest cost.

Revise estimates and TP to Rs40 (from Rs60) on execution and inflows downwards; retain REDUCE

We revise our estimates to Rs0.7 and Rs2.6 from Rs0.6 and Rs4 for FY2012E and FY2013E on lower inflow and execution assumptions (2,054 and 2,143 MW) and revise our target price to Rs40 from Rs60 on (1) estimates revision, and (2) increased net debt (on 1.5X par value of FCCBs). We retain REDUCE as we wait for data points pointing to sustainable business upside. Upside risk originates from positive regulation and Repower's offshore lead.

Lokesh Garg
lokesh.garg@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1496

Supriya Subramanian
supriya.subramanian@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1383

Aditya Mongia
aditya.mongia@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1453

Kotak Institutional Equities Research
kotak.research@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1100

Order inflows remain elusive; implies high asking rate in 2HFY12E

We build in execution of 2,006 MW in FY2012E for Suzlon's wind business led by 1,367 MW of execution in the domestic market and 639 MW for the international market. Domestic sales would be primarily led by execution of the existing backlog (of 1,353 MW at end-FY2011). Near-term sales would be led by execution of the large 1,000 MW Caparo order won in 3QFY11, but Suzlon would need to replace this with new order wins to build in revenue visibility beyond FY2012E. Despite the company's strong foothold in the domestic market, we believe Suzlon would have to build traction in international orders versus the sharp slowdown in FY2010. We also highlight the potential for a slowdown in the domestic market led by a weak investment environment, further necessitating international order inflows.

We have reduced our order inflow estimates to 1,100 MW for the domestic business and 400 MW for international business in FY2012E on sedate order inflow traction so far.

Order backlog, booking and execution, FY2008-13E (MW)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E
Order backlog						
Domestic	160	75	230	1,353	988	550
International	3,294	1,388	896	878	589	495
Total backlog	3,454	1,463	1,126	2,231	1,577	1,044
Order inflows						
Domestic	870	664	843	2,292	1,100	1,210
International	2,937	135	280	334	300	400
Total inflows	3,807	799	1,123	2,626	1,400	1,610
Execution						
Domestic	976	749	688	1,169	1,465	1,649
International	1,335	2,041	772	352	589	495
Total execution	2,311	2,790	1,460	1,521	2,054	2,143

FY2011 inflows led by single large 1,000 MW order from Caparo

Lower inflows assumptions on sedate track record in FY2012E so far

Lower inflows assumptions on sedate track record in FY2012E so far

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Suzlon reported weak order inflows 237 MW led by 205 MW of order inflows in the domestic market. Weak order inflows led to sequential decline in the order backlog to 2,030 MW at end-1QFY12. Order inflows have remained relatively sedate in 2QFY12 (so far) as well - Suzlon has announced order to the tune of only 163 MW in post 1QFY12-end all from domestic market. We believe this increases risk of meeting management's full-year guidance as well as our estimates implying high asking rate in remaining FY2012E.

Order inflow, backlog and sales trend for Suzlon, March fiscal year-ends FY2007-09 (MW)

	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	1QFY10	2QFY10	3QFY10	4QFY10	FY2010	1QFY11	2QFY11	3QFY11	4QFY11	FY2011	1QFY12
Backlog														
Domestic	267	160	75	66	123	314	230	230	580	693	1,624	1,353	1,353	1,255
International	1,692	3,294	1,388	1,435	1,366	1,170	896	896	878	857	954	878	878	775
Total	1,958	3,454	1,463	1,501	1,489	1,484	1,126	1,126	1,458	1,550	2,578	2,231	2,231	2,030
Sales														
Domestic	956	976	749	58	129	140	361	688	139	290	325	415	1,169	304
International	500	1,335	2,041	65	154	264	289	772	68	71	136	77	352	133
Total	1,456	2,311	2,790	123	283	404	650	1,460	207	361	461	492	1,521	437
Inflows														
Domestic	1,036	870	815	49	186	331	227	793	489	403	1,255	144	2,291	205
International	1,659	2,937	137	111	84	68	16	279	51	50	233	—	334	32
Total	2,695	3,807	952	160	270	399	243	1,072	540	453	1,488	144	2,625	237

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities, Company

Order inflow announcements made by Suzlon in FY2012E so far

Date	Customer	Country	Product	
			Configuration	Capacity
			MW	MW
17-Aug-11	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd	India	2.1	48.3
11-Aug-11	Malpani Group	India	29.7	29.7
10-Aug-11	Various customers including GAIL	India	2.1	85
15-Jul-11	Orient Green Power (Shriram EPC Group)	India	2.1	100
16-Jun-11	National Aluminium Company Ltd (NALCO)	India	2.1	50.4
14-Jun-11	Sprott Power Corp	Canada	2.1	31.5
Total order announcements in FY2012E so far				345

Source: Company

Dependence on Indian market (China, Brazil small and US and Australia seem shut): Risk of small market size and execution challenges

Suzlon management expects to win orders to the tune of about 2-2.2 GW in FY2012E led by the domestic market (1.6-1.7 GW). The company expects international markets to contribute to about 600-800 MW of FY2012E inflows (versus a meager 32 MW of inflows in FY2012E so far).

- ▶ **India to be a key driver of future inflows.** Company expects the Indian market - potential size of about 3-3.5 GW. We would need more data points for reaffirming that as execution issues (land, transmission, grid stability, high interest rates, slow investment environment) may push back volume development. The company aims to win orders to the tune of about 1.6-1.7 GW of inflows in FY2012E and about 2 GW in FY2013E. This is versus only about 350-400 MW of order inflows in FY2012E so far (205 MW inflows reported in 1QFY12 and 163 MW of order announcements made in 2QFY12 so far).
- ▶ **Expects to gain traction in the China/Brazil markets.** Suzlon through its subsidiary Suzlon Energy Tianjin Ltd, expects to gain more traction in the Chinese wind energy market. Suzlon already executes orders to the tune of 200-300 MW in China. The company also expects to win about 200 MW of order inflows from Brazil although this expectation has remained unfulfilled for long.
- ▶ **Europe - would primarily target via Repower.** Suzlon would target the European wind market primarily via REpower due to established brand name for REpower in key geographies such as Germany and better-suited product configurations. The management expects pick-up in demand from these markets on the back of increased offshore projects.
- ▶ **US and Australian markets to remain sedate in FY2012E.**

Balance sheet quality remains precarious

Suzlon’s balance sheet remains stretched with high debt and working capital levels. Suzlon reported a high net working capital of Rs41.5 bn at end-1QFY12 from about Rs37 bn at end-FY2011. Working capital levels have remained relatively flat since end-FY2010 levels significantly below expectations given the aim to reduce the working capital by at least Rs10 bn by the end-FY2011. Working capital levels are significantly higher than FY2009-end levels of about 100-110 days of sales.

Note our estimates build in some improvement in working capital levels to FY2009-levels of about 105 days of sales. We assume payment of about Rs10 bn from sticky debtors (Edison Mission) to come through in FY2012E thereby leading to lowered debtor levels.

Working capital levels remain high

Working capital details of Suzlon's wind business, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-1QFY11 (Rs mn)

	2009	2010	FY2011				1QFY12	FY2012E	FY2013E
			1QFY11	2QFY11	3QFY11	FY2011			
In Rs mn									
Inventories	38,780	28,770	29,100	30,130	32,410	31,440	32,070	35,598	37,145
Sundry debtors	63,540	47,260	37,980	33,040	41,800	41,560	45,100	44,074	45,989
Loans and advances	18,290	16,360	15,240	18,880	16,330	16,630	16,460	20,342	21,226
Total current assets	120,610	92,390	82,320	82,050	90,540	89,630	93,630	100,015	104,360
Total current liabilities	73,460	53,810	47,180	46,330	50,750	52,730	52,150	64,416	67,215
Net working capital	47,150	38,580	35,140	35,720	39,790	36,900	41,480	35,598	37,145
As days of sales									
Inventories	89	109				125		105	105
Sundry debtors	146	179				165		130	130
Loans and advances	42	62				66		60	60
Total current assets	277	350				357		295	295
Total current liabilities	169	204				210		190	190
Net working capital	108	146				147		105	105

Build in some improvement in working capital on payment from sticky debtors of Rs10 bn in FY2012E

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Expensive past acquisitions and high working capital levels led to sharp increase in debt levels over the past 2-3 years. Suzlon reported gross external debt of Rs118 bn at end-1QFY12 and net debt of Rs108 bn.

Gross external debt increases yoy

Details of debt of Suzlon's wind business, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-1QFY11 (Rs mn)

	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011			FY2011	1QFY12
			1QFY11	2QFY11	3QFY11		
Acquisition loans	34,020	20,830	21,550	20,850	20,730	20,740	20,740
FCCBs	25,360	21,510	22,250	21,530	21,410	21,360	29,240
WCap, Capex, other loans	65,140	62,840	64,730	68,320	68,980	70,230	68,380
Gross external debt	124,520	105,180	108,530	110,700	111,120	112,330	118,360
Loans from promoters	—	11,750	11,750	—	—	—	—
Total gross debt	124,520	116,930	120,280	110,700	111,120	112,330	118,360
Cash	1,359	15,410	12,580	12,600	9,450	10,230	9,550
Net debt	123,161	101,520	107,700	98,100	101,670	102,100	108,810

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Debt coverage/service ratios remain sub optimal with EBITDA barely sufficient to service debt (interest coverage ratio of 1.7-2X for FY2012E-13E and net debt/ EBITDA ratio of over 4X).

Key debt service ratios of Suzlon's consolidated business, March fiscal year-ends, 2011-13E

	2011	2012E	2013E
Interest coverage (X)	0.6	1.7	2.2
Net debt/ EBITDA (X)	14.7	4.7	3.7
Net debt/ Equity (X)	1.4	1.4	1.2

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Build margin expansion on potential operating leverage

We expect Suzlon's wind business margins to revert to FY2009 levels of about 9-10% over FY2012-13E, primarily led by operating leverage, leading in turn to lower other expenses as a percentage of sales - down to about 17% of sales versus about 22.6% of sales in FY2011.

Indian wind energy market buoyed by several favorable regulatory incentives

The government of India has taken several measures to boost the renewable energy industry of the country including (1) accelerated depreciation scheme, (2) Generation Based Incentive (GBI) scheme, (3) Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) and (4) preferential tariffs for power purchased from wind farms. Benefits and key risks of the various incentive schemes available to wind power plant developers are detailed below.

Key benefits and risks of incentive schemes available to wind IPPs

Scheme	Benefits	Key risks
Accelerated depreciation	80% depreciation for income tax purposes for wind energy equipment in the first year of operations	May be withdrawn once DTC is implemented
Generation based incentive	Incentive of Rs0.5/unit of electricity over tariff given by the state utilities Overall cap of Rs6.2 mn/MW to be availed in a period between 4 to 10 years	Available only till end of 11th plan period; needs to be renotified by the government post 2012
Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs)	RECs issued to generators to improve viability of project To open up merchant/trading market for renewable sector thereby aiding RoE Average procurement tariff: basket price: Rs2.5-3.5/kWh RE certificates: Floor price (Rs1.5/kWh) and forbearance price (Rs3.9/kWh)	Not well established
Preferential tariffs	Several states have announced preferential tariff for power purchased from wind projects Tariffs based on 4 wind zones which provide a pre-tax RoE of 19-24%	

Source: Ministry of New and Renewable Energy, Kotak Institutional Equities

We believe a power plant developer could potentially earn equity IRR of about 16% based on an averaged pooled purchase price of Rs2.43 (Maharashtra) + Floor price of REC (Rs1.45) + Rs0.5 of GBI scheme. However, PLF levels at the plant (assumed at 25% in the model) have a significant bearing on the potential returns earned, which is a key risk. The exhibit below demonstrates the potential equity IRR for 1 MW of installed wind capacity in the state of Maharashtra.

An equity IRR of 16% at 25% PLF and 13% interest cost for an IPP using Mah avg pooled price + REC + GBI
Calculation of the economics of setting up a wind energy generator as an IPP

KEY ASSUMPTIONS	
Installed cap (MW)	1
State	Maharashtra
Equipment cost (Rs mn)	56
Land / other cost (Rs mn)	4.00
Total installation cost (Rs mn)	60.00
Possible generation as per indianwindpower.com (mn KWH)	1.50
Implied PLF (%)	17.12
Assumed PLF (%)	25.0
% captive consumption	-
% sold to grid	100
Tax rate (MAT, %)	19.00
Generation credit for ten years (Rs/Kwh)	0.50
Interest rates (%)	12.5
Carbon Credits Included	No

		Interest rates (%)				
		10.0	11.0	12.5	13.0	14.0
PLF (%)	22.0	10.0	9.1	7.6	7.0	5.6
	25.0	13.8	13.1	11.9	11.5	10.6
	28.0	17.1	16.5	15.5	15.1	14.4
	31.0	20.2	19.6	18.7	18.4	17.7
	34.0	23.1	22.6	21.7	21.4	20.8

Base case

Year #	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	...	20
Generation (mn KWH)	Based on assumed PLF	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Wheeling charges (mn KWH)	2% T&D loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net generation (mn KWH)		2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Sold to grid	Based on assumption above	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Unit sale price (Rs/KWH)	Mah APPC (2.43) + 1.45 (floor)	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.7	6.0	
Generation credit as per policy (Rs mn)		1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	-	-	-	-
Sales (Rs mn)		9.7	10.0	10.3	10.6	11.0	11.3	11.6	11.9	12.3	12.6	11.8	12.1	12.8	
O&M cost (Rs mn)	2% initial capital cost with 4% escalation	-	-	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	2.3	
Interest (Rs mn)	Assuming 70:30 DER, 12% interest rate	5.3	5.3	4.7	4.2	3.7	3.1	2.4	1.6	0.8	-	-	-	-	
Depreciation (Rs mn)	5% SLM, assuming useful life of 20 yrs	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	
Pre-tax cost (Rs mn)		8.1	8.1	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.2	6.6	5.9	5.1	4.4	4.4	4.5	5.1	
Pre-tax profit (Rs mn)		1.6	2.0	1.6	2.4	3.2	4.1	5.0	6.0	7.1	8.2	7.4	7.6	7.6	
Tax rate %	MAT rates	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	
Less: tax (Rs mn)		0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.6	-	-	2.5	
MAT Credit		0.3	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.8	3.8	4.9	6.3	7.8	5.4	2.9	-	
Net profit (Rs mn)		1.3	1.6	1.3	2.0	2.6	3.3	4.0	4.9	5.8	6.6	7.4	7.6	5.1	
Cash profit (Rs mn)		4.1	4.4	4.1	4.8	5.4	6.1	6.8	7.7	8.6	9.4	10.2	10.4	7.9	
Debt repayments		-	4.1	4.4	4.1	4.8	5.4	6.1	6.8	6.3	-	-	-	-	
Equity cash flows		(18.0)	4.1	0.3	(0.3)	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	2.2	9.4	10.2	10.4	7.9
Equity IRR (%)															15.9
- without generation incentive (%)															13.9

Source: Industry, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Revise earnings estimates and target price to Rs40/share; retain REDUCE

We have revised our earnings estimates to Rs0.7 and Rs2.6 from Rs0.6 and Rs4 for FY2012E and FY2013E, respectively, based on lower inflow and execution assumptions for FY2012E. We correspondingly revised our target price to Rs40/share from Rs60/share based on (1) revision in order inflow and execution assumptions, (2) increased stake in REpower to 100% (from 95% earlier assuming completion of buy out), (3) increased net debt by about Rs9 bn for building in a redemption premium i.e. 1.5X par value of FCCBs and (4) cash from stake sale of Hansen (built in directly in FY2012E net PAT).

We retain REDUCE as we wait for data points pointing to sustainable business upside. Upside risk originate from positive regulation and Repower's offshore lead.

Target price of Rs40/share

Estimation of target price of Suzlon Energy

	FY2013E-based valn	
Target EV/EBITDA multiple	7X	7X FY2013E EV/EBITDA appears reasonable for a high working capital company
REpower		
FY2013E EBITDA (Euro mn)	153	
EV (Euro mn)	1,072	
Net debt (Euro mn)	(219)	
Market capitalisation (Euro mn)	1,292	Increased stake in REpower to 100%
Repower per share price (Euro)	140	
Suzlon's stake in REpower (%)	100	
Contr to Suzlon MCap (Rs mn)	80,081	
Suzlon wind business (Rs mn)		
MW sales	2,143	
FY2013E EBITDA	13,362	Includes Rs9 bn of additional debt on FCCB conversion at 1.5X par value
EV of wind business	93,532	
Net debt as on Mar' 2013E	103,171	
Mcap. of Suzlon wind business	(9,640)	
Mcap. contribution of Repower	80,081	
Mcap. including Repower	70,442	
No. of shares (mn)	1,746	
Suzlon target price (Rs)	40	

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Key risks originate from continued negative execution surprises related to sectoral and company specific problems; we highlight that Suzlon did not have a strong execution track record when the sector scenario was buoyant. Furthermore, over the long term, the competitive intensity of the sector would increase, with new players from China and other industrial companies joining the renewable energy bandwagon.

Wind business financials of Suzlon Energy, March fiscal year-ends, 2008-13E (Rs mn)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E
Income statement						
Total MW sales	2,311	2,790	1,460	1,521	2,054	2,143
Sales	114,665	159,120	96,350	91,750	123,747	129,123
Total Expenditure	(97,529)	(143,240)	(96,930)	(90,780)	(111,353)	(115,762)
Raw Material cost	(78,130)	(104,810)	(63,910)	(60,610)	(81,673)	(85,221)
Manpower	(5,179)	(8,970)	(9,110)	(9,410)	(9,881)	(9,881)
Other op exp	(14,220)	(29,460)	(23,910)	(20,760)	(19,799)	(20,660)
EBITDA	17,136	15,880	(580)	970	12,394	13,362
Other income	1,968	2,460	820	1,240	574	519
Financial charges	(4,603)	(7,780)	(9,720)	(9,930)	(10,196)	(9,721)
Depreciation	(1,703)	(2,600)	(3,120)	(3,590)	(3,532)	(3,639)
Profit before tax	12,798	7,960	(12,600)	(11,310)	(761)	520
Tax	(1,493)	(30)	(2,360)	270	—	(114)
One-off costs	—	(8,963)	—	—	—	1
Profit after tax	11,305	(1,030)	(14,960)	(11,040)	7,519	405
Balance sheet						
Share capital	2,994	2,997	3,114	3,491	3,491	3,491
Reserves and surplus	62,990	62,450	53,480	53,947	61,466	61,871
Total shareholders funds	66,084	65,527	56,754	58,500	65,157	65,563
Total loan funds	86,430	124,520	116,940	112,330	102,330	102,330
Total sources of funds	153,284	192,227	176,264	173,400	170,057	170,463
Net fixed assets	17,320	25,710	25,050	23,910	19,928	17,289
Investments	57,560	98,620	92,860	99,470	104,470	104,470
Cash and bank balance	48,870	13,590	16,374	9,730	6,661	8,159
Net current assets (excl. cash)	29,200	47,150	38,580	36,890	35,598	37,145
Total application of funds	153,284	192,227	176,264	173,400	170,057	170,463

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Consolidated financials of Suzlon Energy, March fiscal year-ends, 2008-13E (Rs mn)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E
Income statement						
Sales	136,794	260,817	206,197	167,932	217,744	241,920
Total Expenditure	(116,901)	(232,902)	(195,732)	(161,935)	(199,458)	(220,109)
Raw Material cost	(88,702)	(168,568)	(136,282)	(120,794)	(156,307)	(174,782)
Manpower	(17,753)	(42,675)	(37,996)	(26,093)	(26,379)	(28,555)
Other op exp	(10,446)	(21,658)	(21,454)	(15,049)	(16,772)	(16,772)
EBITDA	19,894	27,915	10,465	5,997	18,286	21,811
Other income	2,646	4,488	2,290	1,594	963	947
Financial charges	(5,969)	(10,539)	(14,580)	(10,239)	(10,506)	(10,031)
Depreciation	(2,894)	(5,731)	(6,630)	(4,888)	(4,989)	(5,205)
Profit before tax	13,676	16,133	(8,455)	(7,537)	3,755	7,521
Tax	(1,993)	(2,881)	(3,561)	(1,363)	(2,191)	(2,763)
One-off costs	(1,512)	(8,963)	2,119	-	—	—
Profit after tax	10,301	2,365	(9,826)	(9,396)	1,170	4,563
EPS (Rs)	6.6	1.6	(6.3)	(5.4)	0.7	2.6
Balance sheet						
Share capital	2,994	2,997	3,114	3,491	3,491	3,491
Reserves and surplus	78,019	79,291	60,362	60,671	60,039	62,800
Total shareholders funds	81,013	82,287	63,476	64,163	63,530	66,291
Minority interest	10,244	23,135	3,285	3,582	3,981	4,463
Total loan funds	99,346	148,696	126,679	116,675	106,675	106,675
Total sources of funds	190,628	254,143	193,465	184,449	174,216	177,459
Net fixed assets	42,954	80,884	44,695	34,758	34,228	31,589
Goodwill	13,923	71,770	61,047	61,047	61,047	61,047
Investments	31,418	51	10,923	17,533	22,533	22,533
Cash and bank balance	69,602	30,698	29,043	28,328	20,641	25,046
Net current assets (excl. cash)	32,949	72,607	48,723	40,701	46,179	49,842
Total application of funds	190,628	254,143	193,465	184,449	174,216	177,459

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

REpower Systems financials, March fiscal year-ends, 2006-13E (EUR mn)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E
Income statement								
Income from operations	466	685	153	1,241	1,344	1,216	1,500	1,800
Expenditure	(449)	(650)	(148)	(1,149)	(1,225)	(1,136)	(1,406)	(1,666)
Raw material costs	(387)	(552)	(120)	(981)	(1,001)	(961)	(1,191)	(1,430)
Staff cost	(29)	(50)	(14)	(81)	(97)	(90)	(110)	(110)
Sales and distribution costs	(34)	(49)	(13)	(87)	(127)	(85)	(105)	(126)
EBITDA	17	35	5	91	119	100	130	153
EBITDA margin (%)	3.5	5.1	3.3	7.4	8.9	8.2	8.6	8.5
Other income	0	6	2	6	5	6	6	7
Interest & finance charges	(1)	(5)	(2)	(6)	(20)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Depreciation	(4)	(7)	(2)	(15)	(21)	(21)	(23)	(25)
PBT	11	29	3	77	84	80	108	130
Tax	(4)	(8)	(2)	(25)	(26)	(26)	(35)	(42)
PAT	7	21	1	52	58	54	73	88
Balance Sheet								
Share holder's Funds	188	326	329	408	483	537	610	698
Capital	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Reserves and Surplus	180	317	320	399	474	528	601	688
Loan Funds	20	21	18	41	76	76	76	76
Total sources of funds	208	347	347	449	559	613	686	774
Net Block	53	85	110	148	200	215	250	250
Cash & Bank Balances	120	145	178	101	216	325	244	295
Investments	4	5	5	7	6	6	6	6
Net Current Assets	30	112	55	193	130	67	185	222
Total application of funds	208	347	347	449	552	613	686	774

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

AUGUST 26, 2011

UPDATE

BSE-30: 15,849

Another setback. The Supreme Court has banned mining in the Chitradurga and Tumkur regions of Karnataka – it could now take as long as 6-8 months for iron ore production to restart. The SC may allow 25 mn tonnes of iron ore inventory in the banned regions to be sold though the modalities of sale including pricing and transportation are not clear. Even if JSW's steel production for FY2012E is not impacted, concerns regarding a permanent increase in iron ore sourcing cost remain. Sesa's FY2012E production may be impacted by the ban. We maintain our REDUCE rating on JSW and Sesa.

Supreme Court extends ban; production unlikely for 6-8 months

The Supreme Court (SC) has accepted CEC recommendations and extended ban on mining in the Chitradurga and Tumkur region of Karnataka. The Court also directed the Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education to extend the environmental impact assessment to Tumkur and Chitradurga. The Supreme Court may review the ban after the EIA report is submitted; completion of this process can be time consuming and can take at least 6-8 months to complete.

More questions than answers even as SC allows 25 mn tonnes of inventory to be sold

The SC has allowed 25 mn tonnes of iron ore to be released in a calibrated fashion. The SC asked the steel industry to give inputs of iron ore requirement within two days to CEC. The CEC and the Attorney General will submit a report on ore requirements in Karnataka and modalities of sale and transportation of the stockpile for the SC's next hearing on Sep 2. However, a lot of aspects still remain unclear including:

(1) of the 25 mn tonnes inventory, 11 mn is high grade and 14 mn tonnes is low grade. The quantum of usability of low grade ore remains a question; (2) Inventory between miners and public miners is unavailable. It is possible that 11 mn tonnes of inventory includes operational NMDC iron ore inventory; (3) the pricing at which this iron ore can be sold remains unclear; left to miners, pricing terms can be unfavorable for steel mills and (4) the transportation and ease of evacuation of iron ore.

Sesa Goa—Murphy's Law at work

Sesa has been impacted a host of negatives over the past few months including an increase in export duty, logistical constraints, termination of mining lease agreement in Orissa and delay in EC clearance for expansion. Sesa has A.Narrain mine in Chitradurga region with EC clearance to mine 6 mn tonnes and accounts for ~23% of iron ore volumes. The ban will hurt volumes in FY2012E; we lower volumes by 8.8% for FY2012E while keeping estimates for FY2013E unchanged. Note that Sesa has 1 mn tonne of inventory at A Narrain mine in Karnataka. We lower our target price to Rs230 from Rs295 earlier on the back of (1) assigning a 20% holdco discount for investment in Cairn India and (2) change in long-term iron ore pricing estimates

JSW—company may sustain production though structural concerns emerge

JSW was sourcing 20-25K tonnes of ore from the Chitradurga and Tumkur region (35-40% of requirement). The SC may decide on modalities on sale of inventory on Sep 2. Any delays may hurt JSW's production target of 8 mn tonnes for FY2012E, JSW has iron ore inventory of only seven days. The price at which JSW may have to source iron ore from inventory is also uncertain. We are also not sure about continuation of iron ore supplies from NMDC's Bailadila mine in Chattisgarh (10K tonnes per day currently). Even if JSW's production in FY2012E is not impacted, structural concerns on iron ore pricing and sourcing remain. Exhibit 5 present sensitivity and EBITDA at various iron ore price levels. High leverage does not help either. We build in the risk of these moving parts through a lower EBITDA multiple (5.5X versus 5.75X earlier) and cut our target price to Rs650.

Kawaljeet Saluja
kawaljeet.saluja@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1243

Karan Durante
karan.durante@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1527

Kotak Institutional Equities Research
kotak.research@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1100

Exhibit 1: Sesa Goa, Change in estimates, March fiscal year ends, 2012-13E (Rs mn)

	Revised estimates		Old estimates		Change (%)	
	2012E	2013E	2012E	2013E	2012E	2013E
Blended iron ore realizations (Rs/tonne)	4,348	4,060	4,348	4,060	—	—
Iron ore volumes ('000 WMT)	19,434	23,598	21,301	23,598	(8.8)	—
Benchmark iron ore price (US\$/tonne)	157	140	157	140	—	—
Net revenues	94,081	107,888	102,200	107,888	(7.9)	—
EBITDA	50,047	50,974	53,780	50,974	(6.9)	—
PAT	35,864	37,369	38,640	37,495	(7.2)	(0.3)
EPS (Rs)	40.1	41.6	43.2	41.7	(7.2)	(0.3)
USD INR	44.8	45.6	44.8	45.6	—	—

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 2: Our DCF-based valuation for Sesa Goa
DCF valuation of Sesa, March fiscal year-ends, 2012E-22E

	2012E	2013E	2014E	2015E	2016E	2017E	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E
EBITDA	50,047	50,974	35,880	19,501	19,545	18,882	17,260	15,904	14,483	12,990	11,418
Tax expense	(16,424)	(16,577)	(11,390)	(5,803)	(5,747)	(5,459)	(4,848)	(4,327)	(3,784)	(3,217)	(2,623)
Changes in working capital	10,620	(596)	570	(429)	231	(73)	43	43	42	42	41
Cash flow from operations	44,243	33,801	25,060	13,268	14,029	13,350	12,455	11,619	10,741	9,815	8,836
Capital expenditure	(8,050)	(6,038)	(4,210)	(4,200)	(4,200)	(4,200)	(4,200)	(4,200)	(4,200)	(4,200)	(4,200)
Free cash flow to the firm	36,193	27,763	20,850	9,068	9,829	9,150	8,255	7,419	6,541	5,615	4,636
Discounted cash flow-now	33,580	22,695	15,016	5,754	5,495	4,507	3,582	2,837	2,204	1,667	1,212
Discounted cash flow-1 year forward	—	25,759	17,044	6,531	6,237	5,116	4,066	3,220	2,501	1,892	1,376
Discounted cash flow-2 year forward	—	—	19,344	7,413	7,079	5,806	4,615	3,655	2,839	2,147	1,562
Discount rate	13.5%										
	Mar-13										
Total PV of free cash flow (a)	73,741										
PV of terminal value (b)	—										
EV (a) + (b)	73,741										
EV (US\$ mn)	1,616										
Net debt	(51,981)										
Equity value	125,722										
No. of shares	899										
Implied share price (Rs)	140										

	Value	
	(Rs mn)	(Rs/share)
DCF valuation of core business	125,722	140
Add: Value of investments in Cairn India	83,038	92
Arrived market capitalization	208,760	232
Target price (Rs)		230

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 3: Sesa Goa, Key assumptions (standalone), March fiscal year-ends, 2010-14E (Rs mn)

	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Tonnages ('000 dmt)					
Iron ore production	11,543	10,952	10,246	13,119	15,087
Iron ore purchases	5,185	4,029	2,872	2,872	2,872
Iron ore sales	15,177	14,368	13,118	15,991	17,959
Metallurgical coke sales	263	266	344	420	420
Pig Iron sales	270	266	349	500	500
Tonnages ('000 dmt) (consolidated)					
Iron ore production	12,633	13,162	12,677	16,036	18,588
Iron ore purchases	7,445	5,794	4,814	5,202	5,668
Iron ore sales	19,434	18,256	17,491	21,238	24,256
Metallurgical coke sales	263	266	344	420	420
Pig Iron sales	270	266	349	500	500
Realizations					
Weighted average ore realization (Rs/tonne)	2,909	4,665	4,348	4,060	3,106
Average ore realization (US\$/tonne)	53	93	97	89	69
Metallurgical coke prices (Rs/tonne)	13,545	17,731	22,722	21,858	19,025
Raw material cost (Rs/tonne)	415	778	879	821	749

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 4: Sesa Goa (consolidated), Profit model, balance sheet and cash flow model, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (Rs mn)

	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E
Profit model (Rs mn)					
Net sales	49,591	58,583	92,051	94,081	107,888
EBITDA	25,388	31,448	51,543	50,047	50,974
Other income	2,240	4,260	5,399	5,498	6,622
Interest	(10)	(517)	(381)	(1,289)	(644)
Depreciation	(517)	(745)	(964)	(1,167)	(1,636)
Profit before tax	27,102	34,446	55,597	53,089	55,316
Taxes	(7,153)	(8,056)	(13,372)	(17,225)	(17,947)
Net profit	19,949	26,390	42,225	35,864	37,369
Minority interest	(68)	(99)	—	—	—
PAT	19,881	26,291	42,225	35,864	37,369
Earnings per share (Rs)	23.9	29.4	47.0	40.1	41.6
Balance sheet (Rs mn)					
Equity	47,157	79,177	128,104	160,425	204,533
Deferred tax liability	664	750	682	682	682
Total Borrowings	19	19,606	9,995	17,180	—
Minority interest	334	433	—	—	—
Current liabilities	5,840	12,400	17,256	17,541	19,483
Total liabilities	54,015	112,366	156,037	195,828	224,699
Net fixed assets	5,930	22,557	31,443	38,326	42,728
Investments	31,252	45,649	87,998	130,654	130,653
Cash	177	23,918	8,970	9,557	31,489
Other current assets	16,656	20,242	27,626	17,291	19,829
Miscellaneous expenditure	0	(0)	—	—	—
Total assets	54,015	112,366	156,037	195,828	224,699
Free cash flow (Rs mn)					
Operating cash flow excl. working capital	18,221	23,922	38,372	31,533	32,382
Working capital changes	3,199	1,791	(3,037)	10,620	(596)
Capital expenditure	(1,363)	(1,316)	(8,330)	(50,706)	(6,038)
Free cash flow	20,058	24,397	27,005	(8,552)	25,749
Ratios					
Debt/equity (%)	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	—
Net debt/equity (%)	(0.7)	(0.8)	(0.8)	(0.1)	(0.3)
RoAE (%)	52.4	36.1	36.8	22.1	17.9
RoACE (%)	52.4	31.6	32.6	20.7	17.2

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 5: JSW Steel, Impact on EPS and EBITDA due to increase in iron ore prices (%)

FY2012E	Iron ore price increases impact				% change		
	Base case	10%	20%	30%	10%	20%	30%
Net sales (Rs mn)	318,026	318,026	318,026	318,026	—	—	—
EBITDA (Rs mn)	53,821	51,305	48,789	46,273	(4.7)	(9.3)	(14.0)
PAT (Rs mn)	17,079	15,318	13,557	11,796	(10.3)	(20.6)	(30.9)
EPS (Rs/share)	75.6	67.8	60.0	52.2	(10.3)	(20.6)	(30.9)
Iron ore prices (Rs/tonne)	3,110	3,291	3,472	3,654	5.8	11.7	17.5

FY2013E	Iron ore price increases impact				% change		
	Base case	10%	20%	30%	10%	20%	30%
Net sales (Rs mn)	367,453	367,453	367,453	367,453	—	—	—
EBITDA (Rs mn)	66,110	61,283	56,455	51,627	(7.3)	(14.6)	(21.9)
PAT (Rs mn)	25,254	21,875	18,496	15,117	(13.4)	(26.8)	(40.1)
EPS (Rs/share)	111.7	96.8	81.8	66.9	(13.4)	(26.8)	(40.1)
Iron ore prices (Rs/tonne)	2,913	3,180	3,447	3,714	9.2	18.3	27.5

Note:

1. We have assumed here that the hike in prices does not get passed through

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 6: JSW Steel consolidated leverage details, March fiscal year ends, FY2012-14E (X)

	2012E	2013E	2014E
EBITDA (Rs mn)	53,821	66,110	69,566
Shareholders funds	178,807	200,496	224,181
Net debt	195,393	213,736	219,500
Net debt/ EBITDA (X)	3.6	3.2	3.2
Net debt/ Equity (X)	1.1	1.1	1.0

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 7: JSW Steel, Valuation details, March fiscal-year ends 2013E basis (Rs mn)

	EBITDA	Multiple	Value	
	(Rs mn)	(X)	(Rs mn)	(Rs/share)
Consolidated EBITDA	65,058	5.5	354,567	1,569
Net debt			213,736	946
Arrived market capitalization			140,830	623
Value of stake in Ispat			6,576	29
Target price (Rs)				650

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 8: JSW Steel, Key assumptions, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-14E (Rs mn)

	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Crude steel capacity ('000 tonnes)	4,800	7,800	7,800	11,000	11,000	11,000
Saleable steel volumes ('000 tonnes)	3,421	5,705	6,099	7,381	8,813	9,456
HRC price (US\$/tonne)	831	647	744	792	770	738
Average realizations, net (US\$/ tonne)	892	695	833	895	853	811
EBITDA (US\$/tonne)	181	163	165	150	154	152
Re/US\$ rate	45.8	45.9	45.6	44.8	45.6	45.0

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 9: JSW Steel (consolidated), Profit model, balance sheet and cash flow model, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (Rs mn)

	2009	2010	2011	2012E	2013E	2014E
Profit model (Rs mn)						
Net sales	159,348	190,738	239,002	318,026	367,453	369,969
EBITDA	29,818	41,873	46,627	53,821	66,110	69,566
Other income	2,717	4,194	2,840	372	405	440
Interest	(11,556)	(11,080)	(9,454)	(10,864)	(11,312)	(12,661)
Depreciation	(9,878)	(12,987)	(15,597)	(17,838)	(20,591)	(22,173)
Profit before tax	11,101	22,000	24,417	25,490	34,612	35,172
Extra-ordinary items	(7,948)	—	—	—	—	—
Current tax	63	(2,286)	(3,855)	(4,051)	(7,414)	(8,007)
Deferred tax	(789)	(4,182)	(3,968)	(2,474)	(1,841)	(1,354)
Net profit	2,427	15,533	16,594	18,965	25,356	25,811
Minority interest	205	332	239	(716)	(722)	(843)
Share of earnings from associates	117	111	707	(1,170)	621	2,283
PAT	2,749	15,976	17,540	17,079	25,254	27,251
Adjusted PAT	10,856	15,976	17,540	17,079	25,254	27,251
Earnings per share (Rs)	13.8	80.4	78.6	75.6	111.7	120.6
Balance sheet (Rs mn)						
Equity	78,040	92,572	165,293	178,807	200,496	224,181
Deferred tax liability	12,768	16,848	20,494	22,968	24,809	26,163
Total Borrowings	165,502	161,730	164,744	202,137	229,088	254,004
Current liabilities	82,628	80,727	106,014	99,838	99,834	84,532
Minority interest	2,732	2,187	2,358	3,074	3,797	4,640
Total liabilities	341,670	354,063	458,903	506,824	558,024	593,521
Net fixed assets	278,943	284,090	323,183	361,851	389,392	407,480
Goodwill on consolidation	7,831	8,992	10,932	10,932	10,932	10,932
Investments	3,966	6,282	29,138	27,969	28,589	30,873
Cash	5,093	3,030	20,480	6,745	15,352	34,504
Other current assets	45,836	51,669	75,169	99,329	113,759	109,733
Total assets	341,670	354,063	458,903	506,824	558,024	593,521
Free cash flow (Rs mn)						
Operating cash flow excl. working capital	19,143	38,323	41,439	39,277	47,789	49,338
Working capital changes	26,781	(4,710)	(13,137)	(30,335)	(14,434)	(11,275)
Capital expenditure	(57,279)	(27,245)	(52,994)	(56,505)	(48,132)	(40,261)
Free cash flow	(11,355)	6,368	(24,691)	(47,564)	(14,778)	(2,198)
Ratios						
Debt/equity (X)	2.1	1.7	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1
Net debt/equity (X)	2.1	1.7	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.0
RoAE (%)	3.5	18.7	13.6	9.9	13.3	12.8
RoACE (%)	9.1	10.9	9.5	9.0	9.4	8.7

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

AUGUST 26, 2011

UPDATE

BSE-30: 15,849

Realign estimates and target prices; remain selectively positive. We factor in modest deceleration in volume growth and some pricing pressure on account of increased macro uncertainty and cut our FY2012/13E EPS for all companies. Further lowering of multiples (from peak-cycle to mid-cycle) drives a 10-26% cut in our fair value estimates. Nonetheless, we remain positive longer term and see the recent correction as an opportunity to enter select names. Prefer INFO/TCS among large caps and HEXW/MTCL among the mid-cap names.

Cut estimates to factor in increased macro risk

We lower our FY2013E US\$ revenue growth estimates for the Tier-I stocks to 13-17% from 18-22% earlier and for the Tier-II names to 10-15% from 13-21% earlier. Two key drivers – (1) increased macro uncertainty to drive a modest deceleration in volume growth and lead to some pricing pressure across all players, and (2) relative growth differential between Tier-I names (TCS/Cognizant leading while Infosys/Wipro lagging) has the potential of driving aggressive (though only in select accounts and not broad-based) pricing actions from the laggards. Lower revenue growth estimates also drive modest reductions in margin estimates – all in, a 5-10% cut in FY2013E EPS estimates for Tier-I's and 3-15% for Tier-II's.

Lower target multiples as well; relative preferences unchanged

We also lower our target multiples on Tier-I names to 15-19X from 17-21X earlier, and for Tier-II stocks to 7-12X from 8-14X earlier. Our revised target multiples reflect mid-cycle multiples as opposed to the peak-cycle multiples that we were using earlier (please see our recent notes dated August 8, 2011 and August 19, 2011 for a detailed discussion on target multiples and growth cycles). Reduced earnings and multiples lead to a 10-26% cut in our end-FY2013E target prices of various stocks. Our ratings remain the same – BUY on Infosys and TCS, ADD on Wipro, Hexaware, MindTree and Patni, REDUCE on HCLT, Mahindra Satyam, and Tech Mahindra, and SELL on Mphasis and Polaris.

Exhibit 1 details the changes to estimates and TP for Tier-I names while Exhibit 2 details the same for Tier-II companies.

Recent correction an opportunity to enter select names from a medium-term perspective

We believe select Indian IT names are approaching levels (we are possibly 10-15% away) where an uncertain macro environment is being extrapolated into a severe, sharp, and permanent loss of earnings growth power of these companies. Business model, and consequently, earnings power of these companies based upon market share gains for IT offshoring remains intact, in our view. Post recent macro developments, we are headed into an uncertain environment and we do not know how FY2013E would pan out – our estimates depict our current view on a highly uncertain 2HFY12E/ FY2013E; there could be downside risks. Nonetheless, the key is to appreciate the risk/reward at current levels – this appears favorable to us. We see the recent correction as an opportunity to BUY into the long-term secular market share gain story for IT offshoring through high-quality names. TCS and Infosys are our top picks. Of course, in the current market scenario where sentiments are broadly negative, it would be foolhardy to call the bottom – this remains a near-term risk to our positive thesis on select names, as discussed above.

Kawaljeet Saluja
kawaljeet.saluja@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1243

Rohit Chordia
rohit.chordia@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1397

Shyam M.
shyam.m@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1470

Kotak Institutional Equities Research
kotak.research@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1100

Exhibit 1: Changes to estimates and target prices for Tier-I IT companies under coverage

	Revenues (US\$ mn)		Revenue growth (%)		EBITDA margin (%)		EPS (Rs/share)		Target price	Target FY2013E PE
	FY2012	FY2013	FY2012	FY2013	FY2012	FY2013	FY2012	FY2013	(Rs/share)	(X)
TCS										
New	10,386	12,140	26.9	16.9	29.0	28.5	52.8	61.1	1,160	19.0
Old	10,530	12,868	28.6	22.2	29.5	28.5	54.5	64.4	1,350	21.0
Change	(1.4)	(5.7)	(176)	(532)	(56)	1	(3.2)	(5.2)	(14.1)	
Infosys										
New	7,195	8,254	19.1	14.7	30.6	30.6	134.3	160.3	2,900	18.1
Old	7,353	8,855	21.7	20.4	31.3	31.6	140.2	168.9	3,400	20.1
Change	(2.2)	(6.8)	(262)	(570)	(74)	(107)	(4.2)	(5.1)	(14.7)	
Wipro										
New	5,971	6,731	14.4	12.7	24.5	23.2	22.4	24.5	370	15.1
Old	6,023	7,086	15.4	17.6	24.7	23.7	22.9	26.3	450	17.1
Change	(0.9)	(5.0)	(101)	(491)	(26)	(54)	(1.9)	(7.0)	(17.8)	
HCL Tech										
New	4,374	5,008	23.4	14.5	16.5	15.5	29.5	32.8	375	11.4
Old	4,437	5,324	25.2	20.0	16.6	16.1	30.1	36.5	490	13.4
Change	(1.4)	(5.9)	(177)	(550)	(10)	(60)	(2.3)	(10.3)	(23.5)	

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 2: Changes to estimates and target prices for mid-cap IT companies under coverage

	Revenues (US\$ mn)		Revenue growth (%)		EBITDA margin (%)		EPS (Rs/share)		Target price	Target FY2013E PE
	FY2012	FY2013	FY2012	FY2013	FY2012	FY2013	FY2012	FY2013	(Rs/share)	(X)
Satyam										
New	1,369	1,566	21.4	14.4	13.8	13.7	6.7	7.0	70	10.0
Old	1,376	1,598	21.9	16.2	13.8	14.0	6.7	7.3	80	11.0
Change	(0.4)	(2.0)	(54)	(182)	(1)	(35)	(0.4)	(4.2)	(12.5)	
Tech Mahindra										
New	1,214	1,336	7.8	10.1	17.3	16.8	72.1	75.5	600	SOTP-based
Old	1,214	1,367	7.8	12.7	17.3	16.8	72.2	78.0	665	
Change	-	(2.3)	-	(260)	-	0	(0.2)	(3.2)	(9.8)	
Mphasis (recently revised)										
New	1,123	1,246	4.7	10.9	19.0	15.1	38.6	30.0	300	10.0
Patni										
New	761	840	8.5	10.4	14.4	15.9	25.9	27.2	300	11.0
Old	762	867	8.6	13.8	14.4	17.1	26.0	30.8	370	12.0
Change	(0.1)	(3.1)	(14)	(340)	(8)	(116)	(0.7)	(11.7)	(18.9)	
Polaris										
New	430	473	23.6	10.0	12.7	11.7	18.8	19.0	130	6.9
Old	434	500	24.6	15.1	13.1	13.1	19.5	22.3	175	7.9
Change	(0.8)	(5.3)	(102)	(515)	(34)	(135)	(3.4)	(14.8)	(25.7)	
Mindtree										
New	395	453	19.3	14.7	12.4	12.7	35.2	37.2	375	10.1
Old	398	480	20.4	20.4	12.6	13.2	36.4	42.6	430	10.1
Change	(0.9)	(5.6)	(108)	(566)	(26)	(54)	(3.5)	(12.6)	(12.8)	
Hexaware										
New	306	353	32.4	15.3	15.0	14.7	7.5	7.3	80	11.0
Old	307	372	32.7	21.2	15.0	15.5	7.5	8.0	90	11.3
Change	(0.3)	(5.1)	(35)	(592)	1	(79)	(0.2)	(9.1)	(11.1)	

Note:

1. Hexaware and Patni estimates are for CY2011E and CY2012E
2. Mphasis estimates are for fiscal years ending Oct 2011 and Oct 2012

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 3: Valuation summary of key Indian technology companies

Company	26-Aug-11		Mkt cap.		EPS (Rs)			PER (X)			EV/EBITDA (X)			EV/Sales (X)		
	Price (Rs)	Rating	(Rs m)	(US\$ m)	2011	2012E	2013E	2011	2012E	2013E	2011	2012E	2013E	2011	2012E	2013E
HCL Technologies	363	REDUCE	255,774	5,540	22.9	29.5	32.8	15.9	12.3	11.1	9.6	7.4	6.5	1.6	1.2	1.0
Hexaware Technologies	68	ADD	19,863	430	3.0	7.5	7.3	23.2	9.1	9.4	16.6	7.6	6.4	1.5	1.1	0.9
Infosys Technologies	2,203	BUY	1,264,264	27,386	119.7	134.3	160.3	18.4	16.4	13.7	12.2	10.7	8.7	4.0	3.3	2.7
Mindtree	327	ADD	13,452	291	24.7	35.2	37.2	13.2	9.3	8.8	7.3	5.7	4.5	0.9	0.7	0.6
Mphasis BFL	348	SELL	73,226	1,586	51.8	38.6	30.0	6.7	9.0	11.6	5.7	6.8	7.3	1.4	1.3	1.1
Patni Computer Systems	266	ADD	35,451	768	42.6	25.9	27.2	6.2	10.3	9.8	3.1	3.3	2.2	0.6	0.5	0.3
Polaris Software Lab	125	SELL	12,453	270	19.3	18.8	19.0	6.5	6.6	6.6	3.4	2.6	2.2	0.5	0.3	0.3
Mahindra Satyam	63	REDUCE	74,323	1,610	4.2	6.7	7.0	15.1	9.5	9.1	10.3	5.2	4.0	0.9	0.7	0.5
TCS	948	BUY	1,856,306	40,210	44.5	52.8	61.1	21.3	18.0	15.5	16.0	13.1	10.9	4.8	3.8	3.1
Tech Mahindra	613	REDUCE	77,181	1,672	48.8	72.1	75.5	12.6	8.5	8.1	8.6	8.7	7.6	1.7	1.5	1.3
Wipro	320	ADD	784,667	16,997	21.6	22.4	24.5	14.8	14.3	13.1	10.8	9.6	8.4	2.3	1.9	1.6
Technology		Attractive	4,466,960	96,761				17.4	15.4	13.6	12.4	10.6	9.0	3.1	2.5	2.1
KS universe (b)			42,464,228	919,836				14.5	12.2	10.5	9.4	7.8	6.7	1.5	1.2	1.1

Company	Target Price	O/S shares (mn)	EPS growth (%)			Net Profit (Rs mn)			EBITDA (Rs mn)			Sales (Rs mn)		
			2011	2012E	2013E	2011	2012E	2013E	2011	2012E	2013E	2011	2012E	2013E
HCL Technologies	375	705	30.4	28.9	11.3	16,214	20,824	23,305	26,270	32,473	34,813	158,551	196,644	225,154
Hexaware Technologies	80	290	(36.8)	154.4	(3.4)	1,073	2,182	2,107	938	2,045	2,357	10,546	13,662	16,013
Infosys Technologies	2,900	574	10.5	12.1	19.4	68,720	77,065	92,029	89,640	98,468	115,081	275,010	322,047	376,496
Mindtree	375	41	(52.7)	42.4	5.8	1,017	1,447	1,532	1,777	2,182	2,626	15,091	17,655	20,664
Mphasis BFL	300	211	18.8	(25.5)	(22.2)	10,908	8,124	6,319	12,649	9,713	8,595	50,365	51,026	56,854
Patni Computer Systems	300	133	16.5	(39.3)	5.2	5,675	3,445	3,623	6,165	4,894	6,023	31,696	34,092	37,821
Polaris Software Lab	130	100	25.7	(2.6)	0.7	1,926	1,876	1,890	2,139	2,454	2,530	15,863	19,258	21,598
Mahindra Satyam	70	1,176	68.9	58.4	4.7	4,938	7,824	8,195	4,551	8,448	9,750	51,450	61,285	71,362
TCS	1,160	1,957	26.8	18.6	15.6	87,165	103,366	119,511	111,985	134,741	157,719	373,246	464,928	553,214
Tech Mahindra	600	126	(25.2)	47.8	4.7	6,388	9,450	9,888	10,033	9,383	10,228	51,402	54,348	60,889
Wipro	370	2,454	14.5	3.9	9.1	52,974	55,053	60,073	67,434	72,635	78,989	310,986	356,271	405,688
Technology			17.1	13.1	13.0	256,996	290,657	328,472	333,580	377,436	428,711	1,344,207	1,591,216	1,845,754
KS universe (b)			18.1	18.7	16.3									

Notes

(a) HCL Technologies is June fiscal year-ending

(b) Patni Computers Systems and Hexaware Technologies are December year-ending.

Source: Company reports, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

AUGUST 26, 2011

UPDATE

BSE-30: 15,849

RBI Annual Report: Domestic sources shore up gross income. Interest income from domestic sources accounted for a major share in the total income of the RBI. The gross income was about 12.7% higher than last year with higher contingency reserves pulling down net income lower. Consequently, surplus transferred to the government fell by about 20% from FY2010. The RBI continued to be concerned on the impact of global economic conditions on domestic growth and reiterated the importance of supply-side measures in controlling inflation.

Transfer of surplus to the government falls by 20% to Rs150.1 bn

Total gross income of the RBI was shored up with a sharp rise in domestic interest income which was at Rs150.3 bn, up from Rs66.5 bn in FY2010 (see Exhibit 1). This is reflective of the higher interest rates in FY2011. According to the report, earnings from domestic sources increased due to LAF operations, cash management operation of the government which had higher ways and means advances (WMA) this year and higher receipt from coupons on a larger portfolio of G-Secs. The rate of earnings in FY2011 was at 3.77% against 3.45% in FY2010. However, net income fell by around 13% due to higher transfers to the contingency reserves which increased by 135% over last year to Rs121.7 bn. Expenditures increased marginally by 3% to Rs86.6 bn. Consequently, with lower net income and higher expenditure, the surplus to the government fell by 20% to Rs150.1 bn.

Balance sheet expansion was mainly on account of the liquidity management operations. The liabilities expansion came from an increase in notes in circulation and higher deposits with RBI while the assets-side expansion was due to a significant increase in RBI's G-Sec portfolio from OMOs, repo purchases and disinvestment of government's surplus balance with the RBI.

Growth outlook has downside risks; inflation pressures need supply responses

With increasing global uncertainties and slower domestic demand, the RBI highlighted that its FY2012 growth projection of 8% is likely to see downside risks. Along with this, domestic concerns emanating from inflationary pressures, rising input costs, higher interest rates pushing up cost of capital and slow project execution are weighing on the growth trajectory. Services sector is likely to remain resilient though risks remain from both global and domestic fronts. Transport, communication, finance and insurance sectors are not experiencing a cyclical slowdown given the favorable demographics, low product penetration and steady demand from rural areas. The RBI expects the hotel and restaurant segment to register robust growth driven by domestic demand though outlook for external demand-driven sectors remain uncertain.

Inflation projection of 7% may see some positives from global growth slowdown and global commodity prices cooling off. However, the extent of decline till now has not been encouraging. The RBI reiterated the need for supply-side responses given that for the past two years inflation moderation has been limited in the absence of supply-side responses. Monetary policy is more useful in arresting second round effects of supply-led inflation.

Close watch required on twin deficits

In case of a slowdown, fiscal consolidation may become a great concern as already based on current assessments of the RBI, the fiscal deficit is likely to overshoot budget projections. Room for counter-cyclical policies is also limited compared to the crisis period. On the other hand, CAD concerns for the moment are minimal though in the event of a global slowdown, exports may not be so robust. Also, capital flows may be lumpy and prospects for the external sector remain uncertain post the US debt downgrade and Euro area debt crisis.

QUICK NUMBERS

- **Transfer of surplus to government at Rs150 bn in FY2011**
- **Domestic interest earnings grow by 126%**
- **RBI estimate for GDP growth at 8% with downward risks from global uncertainties**
- **End-FY2012E inflation estimate at 7%; positives may be from a slowing global economy**

Indranil Pan
indranil.pan@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6659-6354

Suvodeep Rakshit
suvodeep.rakshit@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6634-1409

Shubhra Mittal
shubhra.mittal@kotak.com
Mumbai: +91-22-6659-6489

Some interesting takeaways from the Annual Report

- ▶ Power sector in FY2012E may moderate if the coal sector continues to underperform given that 70% of the total power generation is from thermal power.
- ▶ Real demand remains steady as wage growth, especially in the rural areas, has outstripped commodity price inflation.
- ▶ Net financial savings of the household sector moderated to 9.7% of GDP in FY2011 from 12.1% in FY2010. This is likely to be reflective of slower growth in savings in bank deposits and life insurance and decline in investment in shares and debentures. Households' financial liabilities have increased reflecting higher borrowings from commercial banks.
- ▶ Moderation on the demand side is expected as investment remains weak and private consumption decelerates. In this scenario, expenditure switching from government consumption to public sector investments would be essential.
- ▶ With weak growth in advanced economies, to grow at 9-9.5% during the plan period of 2012-17, an investment rate of 40.5% would be required if ICOR of 4.5% (as of 11th plan period) remains unchanged.
- ▶ CAD that finances the saving-investment gap in the economy has averaged about 1% of GDP over the past two decades. Even if this was to go up to 2%, savings rate of the economy needs to go up by 5% from 2009-10 levels to 33.7%.
- ▶ Calculations show that a 10 ppt increase in oil price inflation, with complete pass-through, leads to GDP growth reduction by 0.3 ppt while inflation rises by 2 ppt (inclusive of direct and secondary impacts). These are minimal impacts and impacts will be greater given the complexities involved in a real economy.
- ▶ Empirical findings indicate that threshold inflation (or inflation level beyond which inflation should be controlled even at the cost of sacrificing growth) is in a range of 4-6%.
- ▶ Empirical results show that a 1% increase in real GDP leads to 1.24% increase in demand for currency. Similarly, 1% increase in WPI leads to 1.05% increase in demand for currency. Further, interest rate *per se* is not a key determinant of currency but in periods when real return on term deposits is negative (like in last year or so), interest rate becomes a determinant of currency demand.
- ▶ Government consumption positively impacts both real and nominal GDP in the short term. Quantitatively, the government consumption multiplier peaks in the first three quarters (in a range of 0.11-0.2) and then peters out. On the other hand, government investment in terms of capital outlays has a multiplier effect of 1.5. Hence, improving the quality of government expenditure is very important.
- ▶ In essence with the principles of Domar debt model (we used this condition for our public debt sustainability note on August 22: *"Don't worry about the debt situation in India"*), CAD/GDP in India is sustainable at 2.7-3% given (1) GDP growth is between 7-9% and inflation is around 5%, (2) average interest cost on external liabilities is between 2% and 3.5% and (3) capital flows range around 4-4.5% of GDP and 3/5th of these flows are non-debt creating inflows. So for India, other than inflation most of the conditions are fulfilled (at least with some relaxations).
- ▶ At the current level of CAD/GDP, the exchange rate is close to its equilibrium value.

RBI income rises by about 13% in FY2011

Trends in gross income, expenditure and net income, March fiscal year-ends, 2006-2011 (Rs bn)

	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011
1. Foreign Sources:						
Interest , Discount, Exchange	245.4	351.5	518.8	508.0	251.0	211.5
2. Domestic Sources	17.8	402.0	58.7	99.4	77.8	159.2
Interest	12.1	51.4	49.6	90.6	66.5	150.3
Profit on sale of investment in shares of SBI	—	343.1	—	—	—	—
Other earnings	5.8	7.4	9.1	8.8	11.4	8.9
3. Total Income (Gross) (1+2)	263.2	753.5	577.5	607.3	328.8	370.7
Less transfer to:						
Contingency reserve	109.4	204.9	334.3	261.9	51.7	121.7
Asset development reserve	11.3	19.7	32.1	13.1	5.5	12.3
4. Total transfers	120.6	224.6	366.4	275.0	57.2	134.0
Total Income (Net) (3-4)	142.6	528.9	211.1	332.3	271.7	236.7
5. Total Expenditure	58.5	71.6	61.0	82.2	84.0	86.6
Net disposable income	84.1	457.2	150.2	250.1	187.6	150.1
Transfer of surplus to government	84.0	457.2	150.1	250.1	187.6	150.1

Source: RBI Annual Report FY2011, Kotak Economic Research

Kotak Institutional Equities: Valuation summary of key Indian companies

Company	26-Aug-11		Mkt cap.			O/S shares			EPS (Rs)			EPS growth (%)			PER (X)			EV/EBITDA (X)			Price/BV (X)			Dividend yield (%)			RoE (%)			Target price	Upside	ADVT-3mo
	Price (Rs)	Rating	(Rs mn)	(US\$ mn)	(mn)	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	(Rs)	(%)	(US\$ mn)
Automobiles																																
Ashok Leyland	25	SELL	65,985	1,429	2,661	2.4	2.1	2.4	68.1	(11.9)	12.8	10.5	11.9	10.5	7.3	7.7	7.0	1.5	1.4	1.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	21.8	17.4	18.2	26	4.8	4.7			
Bajaj Auto	1,504	ADD	435,171	9,427	289	90.4	99.8	109.6	43.9	10.4	9.9	16.6	15.1	13.7	12.7	11.7	11.0	8.8	6.8	5.4	2.7	2.7	2.7	84.9	50.6	43.0	1,550	3.1	12.5			
Bharat Forge	263	ADD	62,481	1,354	237	12.5	16.4	20.3	1,402.1	30.8	23.5	21.0	16.0	13.0	10.0	8.0	6.8	2.8	2.4	2.0	1.3	—	—	8.2	14.1	15.2	320	21.5	3.1			
Exide Industries	144	REDUCE	122,060	2,644	850	7.5	8.1	10.0	18.0	9.2	22.9	19.3	17.7	14.4	13.9	12.8	10.5	4.5	3.7	3.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	25.5	22.9	23.2	160	11.4	5.7			
Hero Honda	1,952	REDUCE	389,725	8,443	200	99.3	111.3	127.9	(11.1)	12.1	14.9	19.6	17.5	15.3	13.8	12.8	10.5	8.4	8.6	8.2	5.4	3.6	3.6	56.5	63.6	60.1	1,730	(11.4)	18.4			
Mahindra & Mahindra	704	BUY	432,471	9,369	614	41.7	46.8	50.4	22.7	12.1	7.7	16.9	15.1	14.0	13.0	11.0	10.0	4.1	3.4	2.8	1.6	1.3	1.3	27.3	24.4	22.0	800	13.6	30.6			
Maruti Suzuki	1,083	BUY	312,994	6,781	289	79.2	79.9	100.3	(8.4)	0.9	25.5	13.7	13.6	10.8	8.3	8.0	5.9	2.2	1.9	1.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	17.6	15.4	16.7	1,475	36.1	11.1			
Tata Motors	699	REDUCE	464,503	10,063	665	136.0	119.6	126.0	737.9	(12.0)	5.3	5.1	5.8	5.5	4.1	4.5	4.2	2.4	1.8	1.4	2.7	2.1	2.1	66.1	35.2	28.3	930	33.1	61.8			
Automobiles		Cautious	2,285,389	49,510					88.4	(0.9)	10.9	11.4	11.5	10.4	7.6	7.6	6.8	3.6	3.0	2.5	2.6	2.1	2.1	31.7	25.9	23.8						
Banks/Financial Institutions																																
Andhra Bank	121	BUY	67,961	1,472	560	22.6	24.2	27.5	5.0	6.9	13.5	5.4	5.0	4.4	—	—	—	1.0	0.9	0.8	4.5	4.8	5.5	23.2	19.4	19.2	190	56.4	1.9			
Axis Bank	1,000	BUY	410,669	8,897	411	82.5	98.9	119.7	33.0	19.8	21.1	12.1	10.1	8.4	—	—	—	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.7	2.0	19.3	19.7	20.3	1,700	69.9	46.5			
Bank of Baroda	691	BUY	271,528	5,882	393	108.0	109.5	129.1	29.1	1.4	17.9	6.4	6.3	5.4	—	—	—	1.4	1.2	1.0	2.8	2.8	3.3	25.9	20.4	20.5	1,250	80.8	7.4			
Bank of India	298	ADD	162,798	3,527	547	45.5	54.0	70.7	37.4	18.7	30.9	6.5	5.5	4.2	—	—	—	1.0	0.9	0.8	2.7	3.2	4.2	17.3	17.2	19.5	470	58.0	8.2			
Canara Bank	404	ADD	179,149	3,881	443	90.9	86.3	108.7	23.3	(5.0)	25.9	4.4	4.7	3.7	—	—	—	1.0	0.8	0.7	2.7	3.0	3.0	23.2	17.7	19.0	600	48.4	8.4			
Corporation Bank	416	ADD	61,570	1,334	148	95.4	93.4	114.1	16.3	(2.1)	22.2	4.4	4.5	3.6	—	—	—	0.9	0.8	0.7	4.8	4.7	5.8	21.9	18.1	19.2	630	51.6	0.9			
Federal Bank	334	BUY	57,104	1,237	171	34.3	44.5	56.2	26.3	29.8	26.1	9.7	7.5	5.9	—	—	—	1.1	1.0	0.9	2.5	3.3	4.2	12.0	14.2	16.0	500	49.8	5.0			
HDFC	622	REDUCE	912,118	19,760	1,467	24.1	27.8	31.9	22.4	15.6	14.6	25.8	22.3	19.5	—	—	—	5.3	4.6	3.6	1.4	1.7	2.0	21.7	22.1	21.5	730	17.4	39.1			
HDFC Bank	439	REDUCE	1,021,054	22,120	2,326	16.9	22.0	28.0	31.0	30.2	27.5	26.0	20.0	15.7	—	—	—	4.0	3.5	3.0	0.8	1.0	1.2	16.7	18.7	20.5	560	27.6	36.2			
ICICI Bank	820	BUY	944,780	20,468	1,152	44.7	58.0	63.1	23.9	29.7	8.8	18.3	14.1	13.0	—	—	—	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.3	9.7	11.7	11.8	1,100	34.1	79.8			
IDFC	105	ADD	158,185	3,427	1,509	8.8	10.1	12.4	4.6	14.7	23.5	12.0	10.4	8.4	—	—	—	1.5	1.3	1.1	2.1	1.9	2.4	14.7	13.3	14.3	150	43.1	26.1			
India Infoline	72	SELL	23,439	508	327	7.4	4.8	6.5	(9.3)	(34.5)	33.8	9.7	14.8	11.1	—	—	—	1.4	1.2	1.1	4.3	1.4	1.9	12.9	8.7	10.3	70	(2.4)	1.6			
Indian Bank	187	BUY	80,281	1,739	430	38.8	42.0	50.9	10.5	8.2	21.2	4.8	4.4	3.7	—	—	—	1.0	0.9	0.7	4.0	4.2	5.1	22.3	20.4	21.0	300	60.6	1.7			
Indian Overseas Bank	107	BUY	66,021	1,430	619	17.3	21.1	30.8	33.6	22.0	45.4	6.2	5.0	3.5	—	—	—	0.8	0.7	0.6	4.7	4.0	4.4	12.7	13.3	17.0	190	78.1	1.7			
IndusInd Bank	227	BUY	105,588	2,287	466	12.4	15.2	18.2	45.2	22.6	19.9	18.3	14.9	12.4	—	—	—	2.9	2.5	2.2	0.9	1.1	1.3	20.8	17.7	17.9	325	43.4	3.9			
J&K Bank	784	ADD	38,020	824	48	126.9	141.8	152.8	20.1	11.8	7.7	6.2	5.5	5.1	—	—	—	1.1	1.0	0.8	3.3	3.7	4.0	19.0	18.4	17.3	950	21.2	0.7			
LIC Housing Finance	200	ADD	94,848	2,055	475	20.5	22.9	27.5	47.2	11.4	20.4	9.7	8.7	7.3	—	—	—	2.4	2.0	1.7	2.2	2.5	3.0	25.8	23.7	23.9	260	30.2	23.6			
Mahindra & Mahindra Financial	594	BUY	60,856	1,318	102	45.2	56.4	69.2	26.1	24.8	22.7	13.1	10.5	8.6	—	—	—	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.6	22.0	21.4	22.3	825	38.9	1.4			
Muthoot Finance	169	BUY	62,824	1,361	371	15.7	19.0	24.5	108.4	20.5	29.0	10.7	8.9	6.9	—	—	—	4.7	2.1	1.6	—	—	—	51.5	33.0	26.8	220	30.1	—			
Oriental Bank of Commerce	300	BUY	87,426	1,894	292	51.5	55.6	65.4	13.7	8.0	17.6	5.8	5.4	4.6	—	—	—	0.9	0.8	0.7	3.5	3.7	4.4	15.5	13.9	14.7	430	43.5	3.9			
PFC	133	ADD	175,617	3,805	1,320	22.8	23.7	28.5	11.1	3.8	20.4	5.8	5.6	4.7	—	—	—	1.2	0.9	0.8	3.0	3.6	4.3	18.4	17.2	16.8	235	76.6	22.1			
Punjab National Bank	909	BUY	288,046	6,240	317	140.0	163.0	201.5	13.0	16.5	23.6	6.5	5.6	4.5	—	—	—	1.4	1.2	1.0	2.4	3.7	4.5	24.4	23.5	24.2	1,500	65.0	6.3			
Reliance Capital	344	REDUCE	84,728	1,836	246	9.3	16.5	24.8	(25.3)	77.0	50.4	37.0	20.9	13.9	—	—	—	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.9	2.9	3.3	5.7	8.3	470	36.5	18.6			
Rural Electrification Corp.	165	ADD	162,870	3,528	987	26.0	28.9	32.4	28.1	11.4	11.9	6.3	5.7	5.1	—	—	—	1.3	1.1	1.0	4.5	5.9	6.6	21.5	20.9	20.6	240	45.5	13.2			
Shriram Transport	592	REDUCE	132,121	2,862	223	55.1	65.6	75.3	40.8	19.0	14.8	10.7	9.0	7.9	—	—	—	2.7	2.3	1.9	1.1	2.2	2.5	28.1	26.8	25.2	700	18.2	12.2			
SKS Microfinance	218	SELL	16,035	347	74	15.7	(39.1)	3.9	(41.8)	(349.4)	(109.9)	13.9	(5.6)	56.1	—	—	—	0.9	1.1	1.0	—	—	—	8.3	(17.4)	1.9	350	60.8	9.3			
State Bank of India	1,888	BUY	1,198,783	25,970	635	130.2	195.6	256.1	(9.9)	50.3	30.9	14.5	9.7	7.4	—	—	—	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.9	2.0	12.6	17.8	20.0	2,750	45.7	108.6			
Union Bank	231	BUY	121,304	2,628	524	39.5	50.2	60.4	(3.9)	27.1	20.5	5.9	4.6	3.8	—	—	—	1.1	0.9	0.8	4.0	5.1	6.1	20.9	21.9	22.5	425	83.7	4.6			
Yes Bank	259	BUY	90,050	1,951	347	21.5	26.2	32.3	43.2	22.1	23.3	12.1	9.9	8.0	—	—	—	2.4	2.0	1.6	1.0	1.2	1.4	21.7	21.7	22.2	420	61.9	16.4			
Banks/Financial Institutions		Attractive	7,135,775	154,588					20.1	20.0	23.0	11.7	9.7	7.9	—	—	—	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.9	2.2	2.6	16.0	16.6	17.6						
Cement																																
ACC	993	REDUCE	186,480	4,040	188	55.6	60.1	72.7	(33.2)	8.2	20.9	17.9	16.5	13.7	10.9	9.1	7.1	2.7	2.5	2.2	3.6	2.4	2.4	17.5	17.3	18.1	98					

Kotak Institutional Equities: Valuation summary of key Indian companies

Company	26-Aug-11 Price (Rs)	Rating	Mkt cap.		O/S shares (mn)	EPS (Rs)			EPS growth (%)			PER (X)			EV/EBITDA (X)			Price/BV (X)			Dividend yield (%)			RoE (%)			Target price (Rs)	Upside (%)	ADVT-3mo (US\$ mn)
			(Rs mn)	(US\$ mn)		2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E			
Consumer products																													
Asian Paints	3,263	REDUCE	313,005	6,781	96	80.8	94.6	111.4	13.0	17.1	17.7	40.4	34.5	29.3	27.0	22.0	18.0	15.3	11.8	9.5	1.0	0.9	1.1	43.9	40.0	36.8	2,900	(11.1)	8.9
Colgate-Palmolive (India)	946	SELL	128,608	2,786	136	29.6	34.1	38.8	(4.9)	15.0	14.1	31.9	27.8	24.3	27.8	24.2	20.2	33.5	34.1	27.2	2.3	3.1	2.9	113.4	121.6	124.2	900	(4.8)	2.2
Dabur India	108	REDUCE	187,961	4,072	1,740	3.3	3.7	4.4	12.8	14.1	18.8	33.1	29.0	24.4	26.6	21.9	18.5	14.3	11.1	8.7	1.1	1.2	1.4	51.2	43.8	40.6	110	1.9	4.3
GlaxoSmithkline Consumer (a)	2,297	ADD	96,587	2,092	42	71.3	82.6	101.9	28.8	15.8	23.4	32.2	27.8	22.5	23.0	19.8	16.4	10.3	8.4	6.9	2.2	1.2	1.4	32.2	32.5	32.8	2,700	17.6	0.7
Godrej Consumer Products	416	BUY	134,597	2,916	324	14.9	18.4	22.7	31.3	23.4	23.8	27.9	22.6	18.3	23.8	16.6	12.7	7.8	5.5	4.4	1.2	0.8	0.8	35.9	28.7	27.0	510	22.6	2.9
Hindustan Unilever	320	ADD	690,264	14,954	2,159	9.9	11.3	13.3	4.8	14.1	17.7	32.4	28.4	24.1	27.4	23.9	19.6	26.2	22.7	19.6	2.4	2.9	3.5	66.3	85.9	87.5	340	6.4	17.1
ITC	197	ADD	1,511,941	32,754	7,681	6.4	8.0	9.1	20.7	24.9	13.1	30.7	24.6	21.7	20.3	16.6	14.4	9.0	7.7	6.7	2.3	1.9	2.3	33.2	35.5	34.4	230	16.8	33.8
Jubilant Foodworks	940	SELL	61,514	1,333	65	11.2	16.5	22.2	99.6	47.0	34.8	83.9	57.1	42.4	51.2	31.7	23.8	32.1	20.5	13.8	—	—	—	46.6	43.9	39.0	650	(30.9)	32.3
Jyothy Laboratories	166	REDUCE	13,357	289	81	10.5	11.7	13.3	(5.0)	11.4	14.2	15.8	14.2	12.4	13.1	9.6	7.7	2.0	1.8	1.7	3.5	2.8	3.5	12.3	13.3	14.0	240	44.9	0.5
Marico	155	ADD	94,547	2,048	612	4.2	5.4	7.1	10.9	27.3	32.6	36.6	28.8	21.7	24.4	19.7	15.0	10.1	7.9	6.1	0.5	0.6	0.8	32.8	31.3	32.2	185	19.7	1.2
Nestle India (a)	4,380	REDUCE	422,306	9,149	96	86.8	103.6	123.2	16.7	19.3	18.9	50.5	42.3	35.6	33.6	27.5	22.7	49.4	35.9	27.1	1.1	1.4	1.6	116.5	98.3	86.8	3,500	(20.1)	2.3
Tata Global Beverages	89	ADD	55,254	1,197	618	4.0	6.0	6.8	(34.6)	52.6	13.0	22.6	14.8	13.1	8.8	7.4	6.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	2.2	3.4	3.9	6.5	9.6	10.4	110	23.1	5.0
Titan Industries	202	REDUCE	179,155	3,881	888	4.9	7.4	8.8	71.7	51.5	17.8	41.0	27.1	23.0	30.0	18.8	15.4	16.5	11.7	8.9	0.6	1.1	1.5	47.8	50.5	44.0	240	18.9	33.0
United Spirits	860	ADD	107,986	2,339	126	29.5	39.2	50.6	8.3	32.8	29.0	29.1	21.9	17.0	15.3	11.7	10.1	2.5	2.2	2.0	0.4	0.3	0.4	9.1	10.7	12.5	1,300	51.2	5.6
Consumer products																													
Constructions																													
IVRCL	32	BUY	8,558	185	267	5.9	5.7	6.6	(25.2)	(4.1)	15.6	5.4	5.7	4.9	5.5	5.2	5.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	8.2	7.3	7.9	75	134.0	5.1
Nagarjuna Construction Co.	52	BUY	13,419	291	257	6.4	5.9	7.7	(29.7)	(7.8)	30.8	8.2	8.9	6.8	7.6	7.1	6.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	3.8	3.8	3.8	7.1	6.3	7.8	100	91.2	1.2
Punj Lloyd	53	REDUCE	18,049	391	340	(1.5)	5.5	7.4	(56.6)	(467.8)	34.9	(35.8)	9.7	7.2	12.5	5.6	4.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	(0.1)	0.9	1.2	(1.7)	6.1	7.7	65	22.3	12.0
Sadbhav Engineering	126	BUY	18,953	411	150	8.0	9.8	10.9	55.1	23.5	10.4	15.9	12.8	11.6	9.8	8.2	7.3	3.0	2.4	2.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	18.6	19.0	17.5	180	42.5	0.3
Construction																													
Energy																													
Alban Offshore	350	BUY	15,215	330	44	116.2	95.3	107.2	9.0	(18.0)	12.4	3.0	3.7	3.3	6.6	6.6	6.3	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.1	1.3	29.2	19.4	18.0	700	100.2	10.1
Bharat Petroleum	671	ADD	242,539	5,254	362	45.7	58.9	58.9	(20.7)	28.9	0.1	14.7	11.4	11.4	10.2	6.9	6.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	2.1	2.9	2.9	10.8	12.8	11.8	800	19.3	8.5
Cairn India	252	REDUCE	480,139	10,402	1,902	33.3	45.8	49.7	501.1	37.4	8.6	7.6	5.5	5.1	5.5	3.9	3.0	1.2	1.0	0.9	—	2.0	5.9	16.9	19.8	19.2	295	16.9	15.0
Castrol India (a)	505	SELL	124,889	2,706	247	19.8	21.9	22.3	28.5	10.8	1.6	25.5	23.0	22.7	16.4	15.4	14.9	24.2	22.0	20.9	3.0	3.4	3.6	100.2	100.2	94.7	425	(15.8)	2.0
GAIL (India)	411	ADD	521,662	11,301	1,268	28.1	36.6	39.2	13.4	30.3	7.1	14.6	11.2	10.5	9.0	8.3	7.3	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.8	2.4	2.7	17.4	19.6	17.9	560	36.2	9.4
GSPL	93	REDUCE	52,461	1,136	563	9.0	8.5	8.4	23.1	(6.1)	(0.1)	10.4	11.0	11.0	6.7	6.5	6.3	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.1	1.8	2.7	25.5	19.1	16.4	92	(1.3)	5.2
Hindustan Petroleum	375	ADD	127,163	2,755	339	45.7	26.3	39.3	(11.4)	(42.4)	49.5	8.2	14.3	9.5	3.2	3.9	3.2	0.8	0.8	0.7	3.7	2.2	3.2	10.1	5.3	7.4	460	22.6	8.4
Indian Oil Corporation	305	ADD	739,675	16,024	2,428	31.8	33.1	35.7	(35.4)	4.4	7.6	9.6	9.2	8.5	7.7	6.8	5.7	1.3	1.2	1.1	3.1	3.3	3.6	12.9	12.5	12.4	420	37.9	4.9
Oil India	1,307	BUY	314,160	6,806	240	120.0	171.7	190.1	4.2	43.1	10.7	10.9	7.6	6.9	5.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.6	1.4	2.9	4.2	4.6	16.2	20.1	19.4	1,750	33.9	1.8
Oil & Natural Gas Corporation	278	BUY	2,378,006	51,517	8,556	24.7	37.2	40.8	7.4	50.8	9.7	11.3	7.5	6.8	4.3	3.2	2.6	1.6	1.4	1.2	3.1	4.3	5.0	14.3	19.1	18.3	380	36.7	26.6
Petronet LNG	169	SELL	126,713	2,745	750	8.1	11.5	11.4	50.3	41.3	(0.7)	20.8	14.8	14.9	12.0	9.6	9.8	4.2	3.5	2.9	1.2	1.8	1.8	20.9	24.6	20.2	125	(26.0)	10.4
Reliance Industries	719	ADD	2,144,531	46,459	2,981	62.0	67.4	74.9	24.8	8.8	11.0	11.6	10.7	9.6	6.4	5.7	4.8	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	13.0	12.7	12.6	1,045	45.3	84.4
Energy																													
Industrials																													
ABB	816	SELL	172,992	3,748	212	3.0	21.1	27.3	(82.2)	606.1	29.6	273.6	38.7	29.9	199.3	26.2	19.6	7.1	6.2	5.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	2.6	17.1	19.1	700	(14.3)	1.6
BGR Energy Systems	298	REDUCE	21,498	466	72	44.8	41.1	41.7	60.0	(8.3)	1.5	6.7	7.3	7.1	4.4	4.7	4.0	2.3	1.8	1.5	3.0	2.8	2.8	39.0	27.8	23.2	410	37.6	4.4
Bharat Electronics	1,557	ADD	124,536	2,698	80	102.9	120.8	133.9	7.0	17.4	10.8	15.1	12.9	11.6	9.0	6.5	5.6	2.5	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	17.2	17.7	17.2	1,850	18.8	1.5
Bharat Heavy Electricals	1,736	REDUCE	849,562	18,405	490	122.8	134.8	145.4	39.7	7.9	7.9	14.1	12.9	11.9	9.3	8.5	7.4	4.2	3.4	2.8	1.5	1.7	1.8	33.3	29.2	25.6	2,000	15.2	31.7
Crompton Greaves	137	BUY	87,853	1,903	642	14.3	10.6	13.5	11.5	(25.8)	26.7	9.6	12.9	10.2	6.2	7.1	5.3	2.7	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.2	1.3	31.7	19.1	20.5	210	53.3	17.2
Larsen & Toubro	1,531	REDUCE	932,362	20,198	609	67.7	79.6	98.2	18.1	17.5	23.4	22.6	19.2	15.6	15.9	12.0	10.3	3.5	2.9	2.5	0.9	0.9	0.9	17.0	16.6	17.2	1,800	17.5	58.5
Maharashtra Seamless	344	BUY	24,294	526	71	46.1	41.6	46.7	19.3	(9.7)	12.3	7.5	8.3	7.4	3.9	3.9	3.2	1.0	0.9	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.7	13.3	11.1	11.5	460	33.5	0.1
Siemens	854	SELL	287,850	6,236	337	22.4	28.9	32.5	39.5	28.8	12.3	38.0	29.5	26.3	22.5	18.9	16.5	8.9	7.2	6.0	0.6	0.7	0.8	25.2	26.9	24.8	830	(2.8)	3.4
Suzlon Energy	34	REDUCE	59,785	1,295	1,746	(5.4)	0.7	2.6	(14.7)	(112.5)	290.1	(6.4)	51.1	13.1	24.7	8.0	6.5	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	(14.0)	1.7	6.6	40	16.8	20.4
Tecpro Systems	242	ADD	12,220	265	50	27.0	29.4	32.7	24.2	8.9	11.4	9.0	8.2																

Kotak Institutional Equities: Valuation summary of key Indian companies

Company	26-Aug-11 Price (Rs)	Rating	Mkt cap.		O/S shares (mn)	EPS (Rs)			EPS growth (%)			PER (X)			EV/EBITDA (X)			Price/BV (X)			Dividend yield (%)			RoE (%)			Target price (Rs)	Upside (%)	ADVT-3mo (US\$ mn)		
			(Rs mn)	(US\$ mn)		2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E					
Media																															
DB Corp	238	BUY	43,630	945	183	14.1	14.2	17.1	32.7	0.6	20.3	16.9	16.8	13.9	10.9	9.9	8.3	5.3	4.5	4.1	1.7	2.5	4.2	35.0	29.1	31.0	350	47.0	0.8		
DishTV	72	ADD	76,790	1,664	1,062	(1.8)	0.0	1.3	(27.5)	(101.9)	3,944.0	(40.4)	2,182.8	54.0	36.1	16.6	11.2	36.5	35.9	21.6	—	—	—	(62.3)	1.7	49.9	100	38.3	8.6		
Eros International	197	BUY	19,087	414	97	11.8	15.8	19.9	19.0	34.0	25.9	16.7	12.5	9.9	11.5	8.8	6.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	—	—	—	24.9	20.2	20.5	250	27.0	1.9		
Hindustan Media Ventures	141	BUY	10,343	224	73	7.3	9.0	12.1	198.7	22.8	35.0	19.3	15.7	11.6	9.4	8.1	5.9	2.6	2.2	1.9	—	—	—	2.1	22.3	15.1	17.7	220	56.1	0.2	
HT Media	147	ADD	34,451	746	235	7.7	8.9	11.0	26.3	15.3	23.6	19.0	16.5	13.3	9.0	7.6	5.8	2.5	2.3	2.2	1.4	2.7	4.1	15.0	14.4	16.6	190	29.6	0.5		
Jagran Prakashan	99	BUY	31,440	681	316	6.8	7.0	8.4	17.2	2.0	20.4	14.5	14.2	11.8	8.7	8.0	6.6	4.5	4.1	3.7	3.4	4.0	5.0	31.5	30.1	32.7	160	61.0	0.5		
Sun TV Network	295	ADD	116,392	2,521	394	19.6	21.6	25.4	48.6	10.0	17.9	15.1	13.7	11.6	9.0	8.0	6.8	4.8	4.3	3.9	3.0	4.1	5.4	36.6	34.7	36.6	440	49.0	26.4		
Zee Entertainment Enterprises	115	BUY	112,414	2,435	978	5.8	6.7	8.2	9.1	15.6	22.6	19.8	17.2	14.0	13.2	11.2	8.9	2.7	2.6	2.5	1.2	1.2	1.5	14.0	15.6	18.6	180	56.7	6.8		
Media		Neutral	444,547	9,631					50.1	23.1	26.8	22.6	18.4	14.5	12.0	10.0	7.9	4.1	3.8	3.5	1.6	2.1	2.9	18.1	20.5	23.8					
Metals & Mining																															
Coal India	359	BUY	2,270,101	49,179	6,316	17.3	25.5	29.4	13.6	47.6	15.1	20.8	14.1	12.2	12.3	8.6	7.2	6.5	5.0	4.0	1.4	2.1	2.5	35.1	40.3	36.4	470	30.8	35.7		
Hindalco Industries	139	ADD	266,458	5,772	1,915	12.8	18.3	17.6	(36.0)	43.3	(4.0)	10.9	7.6	7.9	6.0	5.8	6.2	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	9.7	11.4	10.0	175	25.8	28.9		
Hindustan Zinc	118	BUY	498,550	10,800	4,225	11.6	13.1	14.7	21.8	12.7	11.8	10.1	9.0	8.0	6.3	4.8	3.5	2.2	1.8	1.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	24.3	22.2	20.4	160	35.6	3.0		
Jindal Steel and Power	463	REDUCE	432,207	9,363	934	40.2	45.2	55.2	5.1	12.4	22.2	11.5	10.2	8.4	8.9	8.4	7.1	3.1	2.4	1.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	30.8	26.3	25.0	650	40.5	17.0		
JSW Steel	609	REDUCE	137,668	2,982	226	78.6	75.6	111.7	(2.2)	(3.9)	47.9	7.7	8.1	5.5	5.6	5.3	4.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	13.6	9.9	13.3	740	21.5	30.6		
National Aluminium Co.	61	SELL	156,438	3,389	2,577	4.1	5.0	4.8	36.3	20.5	(4.1)	14.6	12.1	12.7	6.6	5.2	5.0	1.4	1.3	1.2	2.5	2.5	2.5	9.9	11.1	10.0	65	7.1	0.6		
Sesa Goa	204	REDUCE	182,339	3,950	895	47.0	40.1	41.6	59.8	(14.6)	3.7	4.3	5.1	4.9	3.6	3.8	3.0	1.4	1.1	0.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	36.8	22.1	17.9	230	12.9	14.3		
Sterlite Industries	122	BUY	410,403	8,891	3,361	15.2	17.0	19.0	26.2	12.0	11.5	8.0	7.2	6.4	5.0	3.8	3.2	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	13.0	13.0	12.8	185	51.5	16.7		
Tata Steel	422	BUY	410,226	8,887	971	75.3	68.7	76.9	(2,258.1)	(8.8)	12.0	5.6	6.1	5.5	5.6	5.9	5.0	1.2	0.9	0.8	2.8	1.9	1.9	24.7	15.5	15.7	625	48.0	49.1		
Metals & Mining		Attractive	4,764,392	103,215					39.1	16.8	12.9	11.5	9.9	8.7	7.2	6.2	5.3	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.8	19.0	18.6	17.9					
Pharmaceutical																															
Apollo Hospitals	542	BUY	75,267	1,631	139	13.2	17.8	21.4	21.0	34.5	19.9	40.9	30.4	25.4	18.6	14.2	11.7	3.9	3.0	2.6	—	—	—	9.8	10.7	10.5	565	4.3	1.1		
Biocon	320	BUY	64,060	1,388	200	18.4	19.4	21.4	23.9	5.6	10.3	17.4	16.5	15.0	9.9	9.5	8.6	3.1	2.8	2.5	—	—	—	19.4	17.9	17.4	445	38.9	3.6		
Cipla	277	REDUCE	222,570	4,822	803	12.3	14.5	16.5	(10.0)	17.5	13.7	22.5	19.1	16.8	19.5	13.9	11.4	3.3	3.0	2.6	1.0	1.1	1.3	15.4	16.0	—	325	17.2	9.1		
Cadila Healthcare	836	ADD	171,108	3,707	205	34.7	39.6	48.4	40.6	14.0	22.3	24.1	21.1	17.3	20.8	17.2	13.2	7.9	6.1	4.8	0.7	0.9	1.2	37.5	32.7	31.3	1,065	27.4	2.6		
Dishman Pharma & chemicals	68	SELL	5,551	120	81	9.8	8.0	9.4	(31.8)	(18.7)	17.2	6.9	8.5	7.3	8.5	6.5	5.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	—	—	—	9.6	7.2	7.9	95	39.2	0.3		
Divi's Laboratories	700	BUY	92,880	2,012	133	32.4	36.7	45.0	25.7	13.5	22.4	21.6	19.1	15.6	17.8	13.6	11.1	5.2	4.4	3.8	—	—	—	25.9	25.0	26.2	880	25.7	3.7		
GlaxoSmithkline Pharmaceuticals (a)	2,125	REDUCE	180,015	3,900	85	68.3	78.2	88.6	15.5	14.6	13.3	31.1	27.2	24.0	20.7	18.4	15.8	9.2	8.5	7.8	1.9	2.4	2.7	30.9	32.6	33.9	2,220	4.5	1.4		
Glenmark Pharmaceuticals	321	ADD	86,925	1,883	270	17.0	26.2	23.5	33.6	54.5	(10.3)	19.0	12.3	13.7	21.0	14.0	12.0	4.3	3.2	2.6	—	—	—	20.6	29.8	21.2	395	22.9	4.8		
Jubilant Life Sciences	176	REDUCE	28,069	608	159	14.4	16.5	22.7	(45.6)	14.5	37.6	12.2	10.7	7.8	10.4	8.3	7.0	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.7	12.3	11.7	14.2	225	27.7	1.0		
Lupin	454	ADD	203,255	4,403	448	19.2	20.1	24.6	25.6	4.4	22.5	23.6	22.6	18.4	19.8	17.5	13.4	6.1	5.0	4.1	0.7	0.8	1.0	29.5	24.7	24.9	500	10.3	9.9		
Ranbaxy Laboratories	454	SELL	192,072	4,161	423	40.6	16.9	20.8	475.0	(58.3)	22.7	11.2	26.8	21.8	13.7	23.2	18.0	3.4	3.0	2.6	—	—	—	34.5	11.9	12.8	435	(4.2)	8.3		
Sun Pharmaceuticals	465	ADD	481,916	10,440	1,036	17.5	20.4	24.4	34.4	16.3	19.6	26.5	22.8	19.1	22.5	18.1	14.4	4.7	3.9	3.3	0.8	0.9	1.1	21.0	20.4	20.7	560	20.3	10.5		
Pharmaceuticals		Cautious	2,122,597	45,983					26.0	7.1	2.8	22.9	21.3	20.8	17.3	14.3	13.6	3.6	3.0	2.9	0.7	0.8	0.9	15.5	14.3	13.9					
Property																															
DLF	176	ADD	301,936	6,541	1,715	9.1	11.9	15.7	(14.5)	31.3	31.8	19.4	14.8	11.2	14.1	11.1	8.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.7	5.4	7.5	9.2	270	53.3	36.5		
Housing Development & Infrastructure	96	ADD	42,654	924	445	19.8	28.7	34.3	24.0	44.8	19.7	4.8	3.3	2.8	5.1	3.5	3.0	0.4	0.4	0.3	—	—	—	1.0	1.6	10.0	12.3	12.7	150	56.5	20.5
Indiabulls Real Estate	77	RS	30,953	671	402	4.0	8.5	15.4	(1,095.5)	114.1	81.5	19.4	9.1	5.0	13.6	10.9	4.8	0.3	0.3	0.2	—	—	0.6	0.9	1.4	2.9	5.0	—	8.6		
Mahindra Life Space Developer	304	ADD	12,422	269	41	24.9	30.8	37.5	30.2	23.7	21.6	12.2	9.9	8.1	9.3	6.7	4.9	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.6	10.4	11.6	12.7	450	47.8	0.3		
Oberoi Realty	219	BUY	72,166	1,563	330	15.7	20.0	28.0	14.8	27.6	39.7	13.9	10.9	7.8	10.1	7.0	4.3	2.2	1.8	1.5	0.5	0.7	1.1	19.9	18.2	21.3	315	43.9	0.3		
Phoenix Mills	199	BUY	28,853	625	145	6.3	7.5	10.7	52.5	18.4	43.8	31.6	26.7	18.6	23.0	19.1	14.1	1.8	1.7	1.6	0.8	1.0	1.0	5.8	6.6	8.9	300	50.6	0.3		
Puravankara Projects	66	REDUCE	14,118	306	213	5.5	9.0	10.9	(18.9)	62.8	21.5	12.0	7.4	6.1	17.0	9.4	7.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.5	2.3	3.0	8.0	12.0	13.1	80	20.9	0.1		
Sobha Developers	209	BUY	20,471	443	98	18.8	20.6	27.2	33.8	9.2	3																				

Kotak Institutional Equities: Valuation summary of key Indian companies

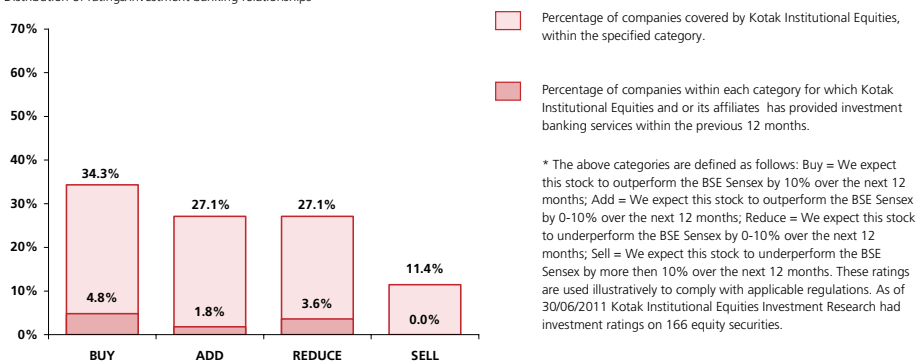
Company	26-Aug-11		Mkt cap.		O/S	EPS (Rs)			EPS growth (%)			PER (X)			EV/EBITDA (X)			Price/BV (X)			Dividend yield (%)			RoE (%)			Target			
	Price (Rs)	Rating	(Rs mn)	(US\$ mn)	shares (mn)	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2011E	2012E	2013E	price (Rs)	Upside (%)	ADVT-3mo (US\$ mn)	
Sugar																														
Bajaj Hindustan	51	REDUCE	11,648	252	228	1.9	3.7	1.6	(28.7)	90.5	(57.3)	26.4	13.9	32.5	17.5	5.9	5.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.7	2.7	1.1	65	27.5	1.5	
Balrampur Chini Mills	53	BUY	13,174	285	247	6.7	4.0	7.7	111.0	(40.5)	94.0	8.0	13.4	6.9	11.1	8.8	5.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.5	1.4	1.4	11.6	6.5	11.9	80	50.0	1.6	
Shree Renuka Sugars	54	BUY	36,033	781	670	10.5	6.4	5.0	214.7	(39.4)	(21.0)	5.1	8.5	10.7	8.1	6.3	5.2	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	34.4	16.1	11.4	75	39.5	9.6	
Sugar		Cautious	60,856	1,318					122.4	(24.7)	(7.4)	7.5	10.0	10.8	10.6	6.5	5.5	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.6	8.1	7.0				
Technology																														
HCL Technologies	363	REDUCE	255,774	5,541	705	22.9	29.5	32.8	30.4	28.9	11.3	15.9	12.3	11.1	9.6	7.4	6.5	3.0	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	21.0	22.6	21.7	375	3.4	9.1	
Hexaware Technologies	68	ADD	19,863	430	290	3.0	7.5	7.3	(36.8)	154.4	(3.4)	23.2	9.1	9.4	16.6	7.6	6.4	2.1	1.8	1.7	2.2	4.4	4.8	9.3	21.3	18.6	80	17.0	2.9	
Infosys Technologies	2,203	BUY	1,264,264	27,389	574	119.7	134.3	160.3	10.5	12.1	19.4	18.4	16.4	13.7	12.2	10.7	8.7	4.9	4.1	3.4	2.7	1.9	2.2	28.0	27.1	27.2	2,900	31.7	76.1	
Mahindra Satyam	63	REDUCE	74,323	1,610	1,176	4.2	6.7	7.0	68.9	58.4	4.7	15.1	9.5	9.1	10.3	5.2	4.0	4.3	3.0	2.2	—	—	—	27.6	37.1	28.2	70	10.8	13.6	
Mindtree	327	ADD	13,452	291	41	24.7	35.2	37.2	(52.7)	42.4	5.8	13.2	9.3	8.8	7.3	5.7	4.5	1.7	1.5	1.3	0.8	1.1	3.4	14.4	17.2	16.1	375	14.7	2.2	
Mphasis BFL	348	SELL	73,226	1,586	211	51.8	38.6	30.0	18.8	(25.5)	(22.2)	6.7	9.0	11.6	5.7	6.8	7.3	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.4	38.6	22.3	14.8	300	(13.7)	3.9	
Patni Computer Systems	266	ADD	35,451	768	133	42.6	25.9	27.2	16.5	(39.3)	5.2	6.2	10.3	9.8	3.1	3.3	2.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	24.8	1.9	2.0	18.4	8.2	10.2	300	12.7	2.3	
Polaris Software Lab	125	SELL	12,453	270	100	19.3	18.8	19.0	25.7	(2.6)	0.7	6.5	6.6	6.6	3.4	2.6	2.2	1.2	1.0	0.9	3.0	3.1	3.3	20.2	16.8	14.8	130	4.1	2.3	
TCS	948	BUY	1,856,306	40,215	1,957	44.5	52.8	61.1	26.8	18.6	15.6	21.3	18.0	15.5	16.0	13.1	10.9	7.4	6.0	5.0	1.9	2.2	2.6	37.8	36.9	35.2	1,160	22.3	42.6	
Tech Mahindra	613	REDUCE	77,181	1,672	126	48.8	72.1	75.5	(25.2)	47.8	4.7	12.6	8.5	8.1	8.6	8.7	7.6	2.3	2.0	1.8	0.7	0.7	1.6	20.5	26.0	23.8	600	(2.0)	4.0	
Wipro	320	ADD	784,667	16,999	2,454	21.6	22.4	24.5	14.5	3.9	9.1	14.8	14.3	13.1	10.8	9.6	8.4	3.3	2.8	2.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	24.3	21.1	19.7	370	15.7	11.2	
Technology		Attractive	4,466,960	96,771					17.1	13.1	13.0	17.4	15.4	13.6	12.4	10.6	9.0	4.6	3.8	3.2	2.2	1.9	2.2	26.2	24.9	23.8				
Telecom																														
Bharti Airtel	399	REDUCE	1,513,913	32,797	3,798	15.9	17.9	27.1	(32.6)	12.7	50.8	25.0	22.2	14.7	10.6	8.3	6.4	3.1	2.7	2.3	—	—	—	13.3	13.1	16.9	390	(2.2)	49.0	
IDEA	96	REDUCE	316,621	6,859	3,303	2.7	2.7	4.8	(0.5)	(1.4)	78.0	35.2	35.7	20.1	11.2	8.5	6.6	2.6	2.4	2.1	—	—	—	7.6	7.0	11.3	95	(0.9)	17.6	
MTNL	33	SELL	20,885	452	630	(10.4)	(9.1)	(8.4)	(33.7)	(11.9)	(8.1)	(3.2)	(3.6)	(3.9)	0.8	1.0	1.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	—	—	—	(6.1)	(5.7)	(5.5)	35	5.6	0.8	
Reliance Communications	72	SELL	153,968	3,336	2,133	6.3	3.3	6.4	(71.1)	(46.9)	90.6	11.4	21.6	11.3	5.2	5.9	4.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	—	—	—	3.4	2.0	3.7	95	31.6	18.3	
Tata Communications	190	REDUCE	54,164	1,173	285	15.2	15.7	15.9	8.2	3.5	1.5	12.5	12.1	11.9	5.8	5.5	5.2	0.7	0.7	0.7	3.9	4.5	4.7	5.5	5.5	5.4	205	7.9	1.6	
Telecom		Cautious	2,059,551	44,618					(42.4)	2.8	58.6	25.6	24.9	15.7	9.3	7.9	6.2	1.8	1.7	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	7.0	6.8	9.7				
Utilities																														
Adani Power	86	REDUCE	205,576	4,454	2,393	2.4	11.0	15.0	200.7	368.5	35.8	36.5	7.8	5.7	36.4	7.6	4.9	3.3	2.2	1.6	—	—	—	8.5	33.5	31.8	100	16.4	3.7	
CESC	277	BUY	34,657	751	125	37.7	42.5	51.3	9.1	12.7	20.8	7.4	6.5	5.4	5.4	5.8	5.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.8	1.9	2.2	10.5	10.7	11.5	440	58.6	2.0	
JSW Energy	52	SELL	85,116	1,844	1,640	5.1	6.1	5.1	12.9	19.8	(17.3)	10.1	8.4	10.2	11.5	6.5	5.4	1.5	1.3	1.1	(1.9)	—	—	—	16.1	16.3	11.7	70	34.9	1.8
Lanco Infratech	15	BUY	33,901	734	2,223	2.0	3.0	3.4	(5.8)	47.2	16.6	7.6	5.2	4.4	8.3	7.7	7.3	0.9	0.7	0.6	—	—	—	12.2	15.0	14.6	45	195.1	9.3	
NHPC	24	BUY	293,988	6,369	12,301	1.3	1.8	2.1	(27.2)	36.0	16.3	17.7	13.0	11.2	13.1	9.9	7.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.7	2.1	2.4	6.3	8.0	8.8	30	25.5	2.4	
NTPC	166	REDUCE	1,372,458	29,733	8,245	11.0	11.9	12.7	5.3	7.4	6.8	15.1	14.0	13.1	12.5	11.6	10.8	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.3	2.1	2.3	13.7	13.5	13.3	200	20.2	11.3	
Reliance Infrastructure	416	BUY	110,345	2,390	265	58.0	64.1	76.3	(6.5)	10.5	19.0	7.2	6.5	5.5	7.0	3.7	2.7	0.5	0.4	0.4	2.3	2.5	2.7	6.4	11.2	12.2	920	121.1	16.7	
Reliance Power	78	SELL	218,656	4,737	2,805	2.7	2.9	2.9	(5.0)	7.6	(0.5)	28.8	26.7	26.8	158.4	67.8	14.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	—	—	—	4.9	4.9	4.7	88	12.9	6.3	
Tata Power	1,013	BUY	250,080	5,418	247	76.5	75.9	87.6	21.5	(0.7)	15.4	13.2	13.3	11.6	10.6	8.8	8.2	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	13.8	12.3	12.9	1,350	33.2	7.3	
Utilities		Cautious	2,604,776	56,429					5.1	23.3	12.4	15.1	12.3	10.9	13.8	10.1	8.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.8	10.1	11.3	11.5				
Others																														
Carborundum Universal	289	BUY	27,004	585	93	18.3	18.9	21.0	67.7	3.7	10.6	15.8	15.2	13.8	11.5	9.8	8.6	3.2	2.7	2.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	20.7	18.4	17.8	290	0.4	0.2	
Havells India	315	REDUCE	39,341	852	125	24.5	25.8	28.8	334.1	5.1	11.5	12.9	12.2	11.0	8.7	8.1	7.0	5.5	3.9	3.0	0.8	0.9	1.0	53.9	37.6	30.9	370	17.3	4.6	
Jaiprakash Associates	55	BUY	116,423	2,522	2,126	6.0	6.3	7.2	230.2	3.9	15.6	9.1	8.8	7.6	11.0	9.5	9.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	—	—	—	13.3	11.7	12.3	115	110.0	19.1	
Jet Airways	253	BUY	21,846	473	86	(10.1)	(43.4)	16.9	(91.0)	331	(139.0)	(25.2)	(5.8)	15.0	9.3	9.8	6.9	1.3	1.7	1.5	—	—	—	(5.0)	(11.7)	10.9	650	156.9	11.3	
SpiceJet	22	BUY	8,765	190	403	2.2	2.1	4.3	(12.4)	(4.3)	101.0	9.8	10.2	5.1	8.3	12.7	7.4	2.9	2.3	1.6	—	—	—	(466)	24.8	36.2	65	198.9	3.2	
Tata Chemicals	334	REDUCE	85,140	1,844	255	26.2	32.9	38.8	(0.7)	25.4	17.9	12.7	10.2	8.6	7.7	5.4	4.6	1.6	1.4	1.2	3.0	3.6	4.5	16.9	18.6	19.5	385	15.2	3.2	
United Phosphorus	136	BUY	62,782	1,360	462	12.3	15.9	19.8	3.9	28.8	24.3	11.0	8.5	6.9	6.7	4.7	3.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.5	2.2	2.6	18.0	18.5	19.8	220	61.8	3.7	
Others			361,301	7,827					232.5	10.1	38.5	12.8	11.6	8.4	9.6	8.2 </														



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As of June 30, 2011

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Corporate Office

Kotak Securities Ltd.
Bakhtawar, 1st Floor
229, Nariman Point
Mumbai 400 021, India
Tel: +91-22-6634-1100

Overseas Offices

Kotak Mahindra (UK) Ltd
6th Floor, Portoken House
155-157 The Minories
London EC 3N 1 LS
Tel: +44-20-7977-6900 / 6940

Kotak Mahindra Inc
50 Main Street, Suite No.310
Westchester Financial Centre
White Plains, New York 10606
Tel:+1-914-997-6120

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