## Improving cigarette business performance

ITC's 4QFY09 net profit growth was in line with our expectation at 10\% YoY, as lower other income (down 46\% YoY) and a marginal decline in sales was offset by a 590bps expansion in EBITDA margin. The key highlight of the quarter's results was the cigarette business, which registered net sales growth of 16\% YoY, on a 6-8\% increase in prices and an improvement in sales mix. Cigarette volumes declined $3.5 \%$ YoY, which on a strong base, indicates an improved underlying volume trend. Another highlight was the fall in FMCG losses, which after peaking at Rsl.27bn in 3QFY09 declined to Rs1.1bn in 4QFY09. Management projected a 20\% drop in FMCG losses in FY10, which in our view bodes well for overall business profitability. On the other hand, there is no let-up in pressure on hotels and agri business. The 590bps improvement in EBITDA margin was on account of higher cigarette EBIT margin and lower sales in the agri business in which margins are typically very low. I ncorporating FY09 results and lower estimates for the hotels and agri business, we lower our earnings estimates for FY10-11 by 5-10\%. Our new SOTP-based target price is Rs222. We reiterate BUY.
Cigarettes business posts another strong quarter: Cigarette net sales grew 16\% YoY. Underlying cigarette volume decline of $3.5 \%$ YoY (though in line with a similar decline in $3 Q$ ) indicates an improving trend, in our view. Cigarette volume growth in the year-ago quarter was robust at c2\% as the company sold out inventory of non-filter cigarettes after the budget announcement of 140-390\% increases in excise tax on non-filter cigarettes. Cigarette EBIT margins expanded by 310bps YOY, on an improved product mix and benefits of price hikes.
Other FMCG losses have peaked out, management guides to 20\% lower losses in FY10: After peaking in 3Q (at Rs1.27bn), other FMCG losses have come down to $1 Q$ levels, at Rs1.1bn. Management's target is to bring losses down to Rs4bn (from Rs5bn posted in FY09), implying continued focus on profitability.
Poor performance in hotels and agri pull down revenues: Hotel revenues declined 29\% YoY and EBIT margin declined by $1,260 \mathrm{bps}$ in 4Q, as the economic slowdown and travel advisories issued after the Mumbai terror strikes hit the tourist and business traveller arrivals. Agri revenues declined by $51 \%$ YoY as product rationalisation continued, coupled with poor soya exports.


12-mth Target price (Rs) 222 (21\%)
Market cap (US\$ m) $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 5 5}$
52Wk High/Low (Rs) 231/132
Diluted o/s shares (m) 3762
Daily volume (US\$ m) 22.8
Dividend yield FY09ii (\%) 2.4
Free float (\%) 68.0
Shareholding pattern (\%)
Foreign Corporate
32.0

FIIs
Domestic MFs/Insurance cos
Others
Price performance (\%)

|  | $\mathbf{1 M}$ | $\mathbf{3 M}$ | $\mathbf{1 Y}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ITC | -3.6 | 1.9 | -17.8 |
| Rel. to Sensex | -32.0 | -55.2 | 0.0 |
| Godfrey Phillips | 38.1 | 49.2 | -21.0 |
| VST | 32.7 | 60.7 | 0.1 |
| HUL | -3.6 | -6.9 | -1.2 |

Stock movement


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## In-line results

ITC's 4QFY09 PAT grew by 10\% YoY, in line with our estimate of 9.6\% YoY growth. However, net sales declined by $1 \%$ YoY, as against our expectation of $9.2 \%$ growth. The main cause of the variance from our expectation was the $51 \%$ decline in the low-margin agri business, where the company rationalised soya exports due to their low-margin profile.

Figure 1: 4QFY09 results- broadly in line with our estimates

| Rs m | 4QFY08 | 3QFY09 | 4QFY09 | \% YoY | \% QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross sales | 60,097 | 59,172 | 59,536 | -0.9 | 0.6 |
| Excise duty | $-20,753$ | $-20,838$ | $-20,617$ | -0.7 | -1.1 |
| Excise \% | 34.5 | 35.2 | 34.6 | 10 bps | -59 bps |
| Net sales | 39,344 | 38,333 | 38,918 | -1.1 | 1.5 |
| Expenditure | $-28,898$ | $-24,806$ | $-26,291$ | -9.0 | 6.0 |
| EBITDA | 10,446 | 13,527 | 12,627 | 20.9 | -6.7 |
| EBITDA (\%) | 26.6 | 35.3 | 32.4 | 590 bps | -284 bps |
| Interest | -27 | -5 | -137 | 406.7 | 2940.0 |
| Depreciation | $-1,215$ | $-1,442$ | $-1,451$ | 19.4 | 0.6 |
| Other income | 1,638 | 1,229 | 879 | -46.4 | -28.5 |
| PBT | 10,842 | 13,310 | 11,918 | 9.9 | -10.5 |
| Tax | $-3,485$ | $-4,277$ | $-3,828$ | 9.8 | -10.5 |
| Tax rate (\%) | 32.1 | 32.1 | 32.1 | -3 bps | -2 bps |
| PAT | 7,356 | 9,032 | 8,090 | 10.0 | -10.4 |
| Net profit margin | 18.7 | 23.6 | 20.8 | 209 bps | -278 bps |
| Exceptionals | 0 | 0 | 0 | NM | NM |
| Net profit post exceptionals | 7,356 | 9,032 | 8,090 | 10.0 | -10.4 |
| Sa |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Company, IIFL Research
Figure 2: Raw-material costs declined largely due to lower agri sales

| Cost Details | 4QFY08 | 3QFY09 | 4QFY09 | \% YoY | \% QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Raw Materials | 18,445 | 15,171 | 15,777 | $-14.5 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ |
| \% of Sales | 46.9 | 39.6 | 40.5 | -634 bps | 96 bps |
| Staff Cost | 1,911 | 2,130 | 2,222 | $16.3 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| \% of Sales | 4.9 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 85 bps | 15 bps |
| Other Expenditure | 8,542 | 7,506 | 8,293 | $-2.9 \%$ | $10.5 \%$ |
| \% of Sales | 21.7 | 19.6 | 21.3 | -40 bps | 173 bps |
| Source: |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]Figure 3: Hotels and agri businesses continue to be under pressure

| Segmental revenues (Rs m) | 4QFY08 | 3QFY09 | 4QFY09 | \% YoY | \% QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cigarettes - Gross | 35,830 | 39,015 | 39,493 | 10.2 | 1.2 |
| Cigarette - Net | 17,302 | 19,935 | 20,115 | 16.3 | 0.9 |
| Other FMCG | 7,384 | 7,223 | 8,388 | 13.6 | 16.1 |
| Hotels | 3,393 | 2,705 | 2,413 | -28.9 | -10.8 |
| Agri business | 10,781 | 6,212 | 5,259 | -51.2 | -15.3 |
| Paperboard, Paper \& Packaging | 6,197 | 6,699 | 7,470 | 20.6 | 11.5 |

Source: Company, IIFL Research
Figure 4: Cigarettes profitability improved on price hikes and better product mix

| Segmental EBIT margin (\%) | 4QFY08 | 3QFY09 | 4QFY09 | YoY | QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cigarettes | 24.3 | 29.1 | 27.4 | 310 bps | -169 bps |
| Other FMCG | -16.0 | -17.6 | -14.0 | 198 bps | 360 bps |
| Hotels | 42.1 | 33.7 | 29.5 | -1262 bps | -420 bps |
| Agri business | 3.4 | 8.1 | 10.1 | 666 bps | 201 bps |
| Paperboard, Paper \& Packaging | 19.8 | 16.6 | 20.3 | 53 bps | 376 bps |
| Total | 22.9 | 21.3 | 23.0 | 3 bps | 168 bps |

Source: Company, IIFL Research

## Cigarettes: Sales and margins continue to look up

ITC's cigarette business consolidated on its strong recovery post the discontinuation of non-filter cigarettes in 1QFY09. Gross sales grew $10.2 \%$ YoY, while net sales grew $16.3 \%$. Underlying cigarette volume decline of $3.5 \%$ (though in line with a similar decline in 3 Q ) implies an improving trend, in our view. Cigarettes volume growth in the year-ago quarter was robust at c2\% YoY, as the company pushed out inventory of non-filter cigarettes post the budget announcement of a 140-390\% hike in excise tax on non-filter cigarettes. Cigarette EBIT margin expanded 310bps YoY, thanks to price hikes taken over the past year and the improvement in mix as non-filter cigarettes were discontinued this year. The company has taken further price hikes in April in 'Gold Flake Filter Kings' (contributes c5\% in volumes and $6-7 \%$ in value) by $10 \%$, which will help the company expand cigarette margins over the quarters ahead. FY10 volume growth in cigarettes will depend largely on the excise duty hike that the government eventually imposes in the upcoming budget. We are building in a c5\% hike in cigarette excise rate and 4\% growth in ITC's volumes in FY10.

Figure 5: Cigarette gross sales and margins are seeing a strengthening trend


Source: Company, IIFL Research

## Other FMCG losses come off, sales growth sluggish

Losses in the other FMCG business appear to have peaked in 3Q at Rs1.27bn; in 4QFY09, the business registered a loss of Rs1.1bn, as the company continued its focus on improving profitability. Management aims to contain losses at Rs4bn-20\% lower than the Rs5bn loss posted in FY09. Sales growth, however, has remained sluggish at $14 \%$, much lower than the $40-60 \%$ growth seen during FY08, as the company continued its focus on profitability in its core foods business comprising biscuits and branded staples. The slowdown in discretionary apparels has also been hit by the economic slowdown.

Figure 6: Other FMCG losses seem to have peaked in 3QFY09


Source: Company, IIFL Research
Figure 7: Other FMCG sales growth is clearly moderating


Source: Company, IIFL Research

Hotels business continues to be hurt by the economic slowdown Hotels revenues declined $29 \%$ YoY as ARRs and occupancies remained under pressure due to the impact of the economic slowdown. EBIT margins also continued to decline and were down over 1260bps YoY. The negative travel advisory given by many countries after the Mumbai terror attacks had a major impact in March quarter. The outlook on hotels remains grim, as there is unlikely to be any uptick in tourism and businesses continue to reduce spends on travel. The June quarter is also likely to be a tough one for the company, because of an unfavourable base (1QFY08 had recorded high sales, with ITC being the official host for the Indian Premier League cricket tournament).

Figure 8: Hotels - revenue and profitability growth continue to slide


Source: Company, IIFL Research

## Agri-sales hit by portfolio rationalisation

Agri sales declined by $51 \%$ YoY, as the company rationalised soya and other low-margin agri exports, in view of increasing policy interventions and high volatility in prices. However, EBIT grew by $43 \%$ YoY, with margins tripling from $3.4 \%$ to $10.1 \%$, reaching the highest level in the last 17 quarters.

Figure 9: Agri sales were down sharply, though margins expanded


Source: Company, IIFL Research

## Paperboards and packaging

Sales saw a pick-up in growth, up 20\% YoY. Margins expanded by 53bps YoY and 376bps QoQ, reflecting the production ramp-up at the new pulp and paperboard facilities, which started operations three quarters ago.

Figure 10: Paper growth strong, margins improve on new production ramp up


[^1]
## We revise earnings estimates, target price

We revise our estimates as we incorporate FY09 details and build in lower estimates for the hotels and agri business. We lower our FY10ii and FY11ii EPS estimates by 5\% and 10\% respectively. Our new SOTPbased target price is Rs222 and we maintain BUY.

| Figure 11: ITC's sum-of-the-parts valuation details |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Business | Valuation method | Value / Share (Rs) |
| Cigarettes | P/E | 171 |
| Other FMCG | Mcap/Sales | 20 |
| Hotels | P/E | 19 |
| Agri | P/E | 3 |
| Paper | P/E | 9 |
| Total |  | $\mathbf{2 2 2}$ |

[^2]
## Financial summary



|  | Balance sheet summary (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Y/e 31 Mar | FY08A | FY09ii | FY10ii | FY11ii | FY12ii |
|  | Cash \& equivalents | 7,163 | 12,176 | 15,559 | 18,088 | 37,687 |
|  | Sundry debtors | 7,369 | 10,118 | 11,300 | 12,462 | 14,245 |
|  | Inventories - trade | 40,505 | 43,600 | 50,809 | 58,579 | 66,964 |
| Fixed assets increase due to capex in the hotel, paper and consumer business | Other current assets | 15,155 | 16,927 | 19,726 | 22,742 | 25,998 |
|  | Fixed assets | 72,957 | 87,262 | 100,745 | 113,139 | 110,824 |
|  | Intangible assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Other term assets | 29,346 | 23,346 | 20,346 | 22,346 | 24,346 |
|  | Total assets | 172,495 | 193,427 | 218,484 | 247,355 | 280,064 |
|  | Short-term debt | 2,089 | 2,089 | 2,089 | 2,089 | 2,089 |
|  | Sundry creditors | 27,870 | 30,761 | 35,867 | 41,370 | 47,309 |
|  | Other current liabs | 16,453 | 17,696 | 20,623 | 23,776 | 27,180 |
|  | Long-term debt/CBs | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
|  | Other long-term liabs | 5,451 | 5,451 | 5,451 | 5,451 | 5,451 |
|  | Net worth | 120,577 | 137,375 | 154,400 | 174,614 | 197,980 |
|  | Total liabs \& equity | 172,495 | 193,427 | 218,484 | 247,355 | 280,064 |
|  | Ratio analysis |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Y/e 31 Mar | FY08A | FY09ii | FY10ii | FY11ii | FY12ii |
|  | Revenue growth (\%) | 14.7 | 10.3 | 16.5 | 15.3 | 14.3 |
|  | Op Ebitda growth (\%) | 11.3 | 10.3 | 14.7 | 18.3 | 14.9 |
|  | Op Ebit growth (\%) | 10.4 | 8.7 | 14.2 | 18.5 | 15.0 |
| We build in a dip in margins in FY10 as hotels margins take a hit | Op Ebitda margin (\%) | 31.6 | 31.6 | 31.1 | 31.9 | 32.1 |
|  | Op Ebit margin (\%) | 28.4 | 28.0 | 27.4 | 28.2 | 28.4 |
|  | Net profit margin (\%) | 22.4 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.9 | 22.1 |
|  | Dividend payout (\%) | 49.5 | 48.5 | 55.3 | 55.3 | 55.3 |
|  | Tax rate (\%) | 31.8 | 32.4 | 31.8 | 31.8 | 31.8 |
|  | Net debt/equity (\%) | -4.2 | -7.3 | -8.7 | -9.1 | -18.0 |
|  | Net debt/op Ebitda ( x ) | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.5 |
|  | Return on equity (\%) | 25.9 | 23.8 | 24.7 | 25.9 | 26.4 |

## Key to our recommendation structure

BUY - Absolute - Stock expected to give a positive return of over 20\% over a 1-year horizon.
SELL - Absolute - Stock expected to fall by more than 10\% over a 1-year horizon.
 assume the current hurdle rate at $10 \%$, this being the average return on a debt instrument available for investment.

Add - Stock expected to give a return of $0-10 \%$ over the hurdle rate, ie a positive return of $10 \%+$.
Reduce - Stock expected to return less than the hurdle rate, ie return of less than $10 \%$.

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[^0]:    Source: Company, IIFL Research

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[^2]:    Source: IIFL Research

