IDEA Cellular IDEA IN

TELECOMS | INDIA

 Sachin Gupta, CFA
 +65 6433 6968

 Neeraja Natarajan (Associate)

 B Roshan Raj
 +65 6433 6961

sachin.gupta@nomura.com

Initiating

broshan.raj@nomura.com

O Action

IDEA has held its ground amid aggressive competition. Consistent execution has driven a steady rise in revenue share to 13%; its financial outlook is improving as losses from its new circles peak, and possible sector consolidation could provide a surprise. At 15x FY12F P/E, the stock is not inexpensive; but, FY12F EV/EBITDA of 6x is reasonable and a 21% FY09-12F EPS CAGR is ahead of peers. IDEA is our preferred pick among Indian telcos. We initiate at BUY, with a INR78 PT.

🖊 Catalysts

Improving quarterly trends, diminishing losses from new circles, possible M&A opportunities and regulatory clarity on MNP and 3G are all potential catalysts.

Anchor themes

The Indian telcos are hurt by competitive and regulatory uncertainty. However, incremental negative surprises on price wars are diminishing, and clarity on 3G, MNP and M&A guidelines should boost sentiment.

A timely IDEA

① Solid execution and improving financials

Amid volatile markets, IDEA has executed well. It completed its pan-India rollout in 2009 and only lost 100bps in margin to 27% despite initial losses at the new circles. We estimate a break-even scenario for the new circles (on a consolidated basis) in FY12F that should provide further support to earnings and margins. IDEA's net add share tracked at 11% throughout 2009. More significant, revenue share increased to 13% at end-2009 — up 130bps from December 2008.

2 3G participation likely, but capex burden manageable

Rather than pursuing a pan-India 3G license, IDEA will likely focus on its nine 900MHz circles, and / or where it is among the top three to five operators (seven to ten circles). Assuming a 1.7x reserve price, a 3G license could cost INR24-34bn. Net debt (including investments) would rise to 2x EBITDA, which would be manageable, we think. IDEA has INR60-80bn in debt facilities, according to management.

3 A likely player in the domestic consolidation story

IDEA's current positioning and strong fundamentals make it a likely participant in any domestic consolidation story, which should provide share price support. Three possible scenarios we see (in order of probability) are: a) merger with another carrier; b) purchase of a mid-tier carrier, or; c) acquisition by a major operator.

4 Valuation: attractive growth; reasonable price; BUY

Earnings for the next two years include higher costs from the new circle launches, with limited revenue contribution at the outset. On FY12F earnings, the stock is at a P/E of 15x, which is not inexpensive, in our view. We think its 6x EV/EBITDA is reasonable and the FY09-12F EPS CAGR of 21% is well ahead of peers'.

BUY

Closing price on 12 Mar	Rs60.3
Price target	Rs78.0
Upside/downside	29.4%
Difference from consensus	36.8%
FY10F net profit (Rsmn) Difference from consensus Source: Nomura	8,237 8%
Source: Nomura	

Nomura vs consensus

We are more optimistic on earnings growth as IDEA narrows its losses in new circles and builds scale.

Key financials & valuations								
31 Mar (Rsmn)	FY09	FY10F	FY11F	FY 12F				
Revenue	101,484	123,344	140,252	155,336				
Reported net profit	9,009	8,237	9,076	12,388				
Normalised net profit	7,086	8,057	9,076	12,388				
Normalised EPS (Rs)	2.29	2.60	2.93	4.00				
Norm. EPS growth (%)	(36.8)	13.7	12.6	36.5				
Norm. P/E (x)	26.4	23.2	20.6	15.1				
EV/EBITDA (x)	8.6	7.6	7.4	6.4				
Price/book (x)	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1				
Dividend yield (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
ROE(%)	10.7	6.0	6.2	7.9				
Net debt/equity (%)	43.9	45.6	62.3	57.7				
Earnings revisions								
Previous norm. net profit		na	na	na				
Change from previous (%)		na	na	na				
Previous norm. EPS (Rs)		na	na	na				
Source: Company, Nomura estimates								

Source: Company, Nomula estimates

Share price relative to MSCI India



Any authors named on this report are research analysts unless otherwise indicated. See the important disclosures and analyst certifications on pages 25 to 28.

NOMURA

NOMURA SINGAPORE LIMITED

Contents

Initiating with BUY rating	3
A check-list of current issues	6
New circle launches and profitability outlook	6
Would IDEA take part in any possible consolidation?	7
Market and revenue share expectations	8
Current operational trends and expectations	10
Margins — weighed down by lower scale	13
Depreciation — In line with industry average	14
Balance sheet — reasonably strong, 3G likely to stretch it	15
Valuation — looking beyond rollout phase	18
Earnings and valuation	20
Market stats	22
Financial statements	23

NO/MURA

Executive summary

Initiating with BUY rating

We initiate coverage on IDEA Cellular with a BUY rating and an INR78 price target. Within the Indian telco sector, it is our preferred pick. IDEA is now one of the few Indian carriers to have a pan-Indian business, which should allow it to tap into revenue opportunities from new circles and leverage its nationwide presence to better control costs. Moreover, we think the EBITDA losses from its new circles will likely peak in the coming 4Q FY10 (ending March). In fact, we estimate a break-even scenario in new circles (consolidated basis) by mid- to end- FY12F, which would provide further support to earnings and margins.

IDEA's expansion phase continues, and perhaps its FY12F earnings are more comparable with those of domestic peers like Bharti and RCOM, which completed their nationwide rollout a few years back. On our estimates, IDEA is at 15x FY12F P/E — which is not inexpensive in our view; but 6x EV/EBITDA looks reasonable. Importantly, 21% normalised EPS FY09-12F CAGR is ahead of domestic peers'.

The Indian telco sector is dealing with competitive and regulatory uncertainties at the moment – and no one player is spared. Even in this environment, however, IDEA: appears to be executing consistently; is improving its balance sheet and financials, and; could benefit from possible consolidation within the sector.

Bharti Airtel is a solid franchise no doubt, but its current pursuit for Zain-Africa raises execution risks. Moreover, the element of positive operational or financial surprises is unlikely in the near term, we believe, given the competitive pressure in the sector. Reliance Communications (RCOM) is inexpensive at present, but the company's execution seems to be lagging that of its peers, as evidenced by a lack of traction in its plans. In addition, its earnings quality remains questionable still.

IDEA has been the best performer among the three listed Indian wireless players in the year to date, following on from its calendar 2009 performance. We think this trend will continue this year. We make the following points on IDEA:

Operationally, IDEA has a reasonable position in the circles where it was already present. It is a top three player in six of its 13 older circles (including Spice) in subscriber terms. In eight of 13 circles, it is in the top three in revenue share as well. IDEA has improved its revenue share from 9.5% as of September 2007 to 12.7% as of December 2009 (including Spice); this is a good indicator of consistent execution, in our view. Even excluding Spice, its revenue share improved from 8.4% to 11.5% over the same period.

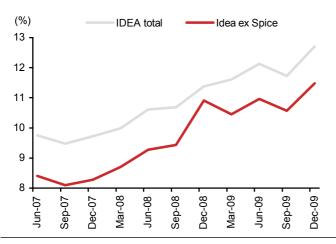
The company naturally expects the revenue pie to continue to increase and is confident in its ability to maintain share despite competition. We also note that competing in the new circles will be challenging, and perhaps management will be less aggressive in rolling out in these circles, with incremental investment driven by demand. Management also cut its capex guidance twice recently from INR60bn at the beginning of last year to INR40bn for FY10F, which may be a sign of a measured approach to investment in new circles.

Pan-India coverage offers incremental opportunities, while new circle breakeven should support earnings

Idea has a reasonable position in circles it is already present in...

... though it may take a measured approach in new circles

Exhibit 1. IDEA and IDEA ex Spice — revenue share



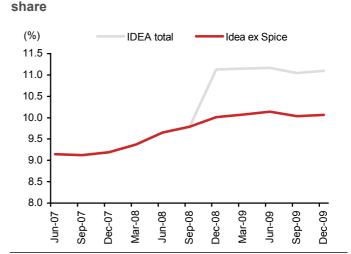


Exhibit 2. IDEA and IDEA ex Spice — subscriber

Source: TRAI, Nomura research

Source: TRAI, Nomura research

Financially, we expect revenue and EBITDA FY09-12F CAGRs of 15.2% and 15.8%, respectively. IDEA's current consolidated EBITDA margin is 26%, which is below Bharti's 31%. This differential reflects Bharti's more integrated business and greater scale, as well as the impact of IDEA's recent launches, which incur higher costs. We do not expect these margins will converge anytime soon; IDEA has a greater number of 1800Mhz circles, which carry higher operating costs. (See Exhibit 19 for detailed cost comparisons.)

IDEA's ROIC of 6% is still below its cost of capital of ~10%, reflecting poor asset turn, reflecting the company's acquisitions over the past five years. Indeed, several have yet to yield significant benefits. There is no talk of a dividend yet, and we do not expect FCF break-even until FY13F.

IDEA will take part in the 3G auctions, we believe, but a scenario of it bidding on or winning a pan-India 3G license is unlikely. We think it will more likely focus on its traditional nine circles (900Mhz), or the circles where it is currently in the top three or five (seven to 10 circles). Management will most likely bid selectively for other circles too, but we expect limited pricing tension in B and C circles (see Exhibit 12 for more details on IDEA's positioning in different circles). If we assume an average auction price of 1.7x the reserve price (consistent with our estimates for Bharti and RCOM), that translates into a INR24-34bn 3G payment in FY11F. Given the limitation of three to four licenses in each circle, IDEA may not win licenses in each of these circles, so at this stage, we assume a total 3G payment of INR25bn (see Exhibit 28). For the 3G rollout, the company does not expect a significant incremental capex burden. However, we think there is room for upside surprises and assume FY12F capex of INR42bn, in addition to the FY11F 3G license payment of INR25bn and capex of INR42bn.

 Strategically, the company does not appear to us to have the financial capacity or the interest to expand outside India. Adjacent markets like Bangladesh and Sri Lanka, among others, may be reviewed from time to time, but we think the focus will very much remain on improving operational performance within India.

A key agenda item for the telecom regulator, TRAI, is a review of the M&A guidelines, as at present, there is little clarity on how spectrum can be traded / migrated in the event of a merger or a take-over. Our recent discussions with TRAI suggest that an "amendment" is likely in the near term — the form of which is still unknown, but the mechanism to allow for further consolidation can be expected. In our view, this could clear the way for consolidation among Indian telcos — and likely be good for near-term sentiment.

Bidding for or winning pan-India 3G license seems unlikely

Idea could be a key player in consolidation in the industry

Nomura

4

FY12F valuations look reasonable, given relatively higher growth outlook

We think IDEA would be a key participant in any domestic consolidation story that were to emerge. We see three possible scenarios: 1) IDEA could merge with another carrier; b) IDEA could buy another mid-tier carrier, or; c) IDEA could be acquired by a major operator. Axiata holds 20% of IDEA and has a portfolio of regional investments of which IDEA is a key part. We do not necessarily think Axiata is looking to exit the Indian market at this stage, nor is it likely to increase its stake, given the shareholder agreement that restricts additional investment.

About IDEA, it is the fourth-largest player in India, with revenue market share of 13% as of end-2009. It is the fifth-largest player on a subscriber basis and has 60mn subscribers (including all Spice subscribers). The company is among the top three operators in eight circles in revenue market share. It launched services in 1997 in two circles and has since expanded both organically and through acquisition to build a presence throughout the country. In December 2009, IDEA completed its nationwide rollout and is now a pan-India operator. IDEA's primary shareholder, the Aditya Birla group, is a leading conglomerate in India. Axiata is the second-largest shareholder with 20%.

Exhibit 3. Comparative valuation — Indian telcos								
Year end Mar 31	Bharti	RCOM	IDEA Cellular					
Current price (Rs)	299	158	60					
Rating	NEUTRAL	REDUCE	BUY					
Price target	335	154	78					
Upside/downside (%)	12	(2)	29					
Valuation (x)								
FY11F PER	13.9	12.2	20.6					
FY12F PER	13.1	8.9	15.1					
FY11F EV/EBITDA	7.4	6.6	6.8					
FY12F EV/EBITDA	6.8	5.4	6.0					
Growth rates (FY09-12F) (%)								
Revenues	6.4	11.1	15.2					
EBITDA	4.3	5.9	15.8					
NPAT	0.9	(12.3)	11.2					
Normalized NPAT	(2.8)	(1.6)	20.6					
EPS	0.7	(1.6)	20.6					
Profitability (%)								
EBITDA Margin FY09E	41	41	28					
EBITDA Margin FY12E	39	35	28					
Change in Margins	-243bps	-542bps	40bps					
Shareholder Returns								
F10F Ordinary dividend	2.2	0.9	-					
F10F Dividend yield (%)	1	0.6	0					
F10F FCF yield (%)	1	na	na					
Dividend payout ratio (%)	10	8	0					
% FCF paid out	1	0	0					
DPS CAGR (F07-F10e)	na	38.6	na					
Balance Sheet FY10F								
Gearing (ND/ND+E) (%)	19	44	24					
EBITDA interest cover (x)	33.1	6.6	8.3					
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	0.4	3.8	1.3					
FY10F Capex/sales (%)	34	52	33					

Note: Share price as on 12 March. EV includes short-term investments

Source: Bloomberg, company reports, Nomura estimates

NO<u>MURA</u>

Key themes

A check-list of current issues

We address the following questions:

- How long will it take for new circle break-even?
- Would IDEA take part in any possible consolidation?
- Can it win market/ revenue share?
- What are the current operational trends and the near term outlook?
- Margin outlook and cost structure comparisons?
- Balance sheet capacity with and without 3G?

New circle launches and profitability outlook

Based on our analysis of IDEA's new circle launches (see Exhibit 4), we think these circles could break-even by mid- to end-FY12F on a consolidated basis. The company expects peak losses from the new circles in the March FY10 quarter and estimates a range of 24-36 months to break-even for each circle from the time of the initial launch. Although we are relatively conservative in our assumptions, another round of severe price cuts remains a downside risk. On the other hand, the ability to tap into the mass market (versus lower end now) or higher data contribution could surprise positively.

IDEA launched two new circles in 1Q FY10 and five circles in 3Q FY10. This follows the Mumbai and Bihar launches that occurred in FY09. On a standalone basis, we think some circles could see break-even by late FY12 to early FY13 (see Exhibit 5 below).

We assume IDEA adds 1.7-1.8mn subscribers per quarter in these new circles, only slightly higher than the 1.5mn net adds seen in the last quarter. Management does not expect to be aggressive in subscriber acquisition in all new circles. Focus will likely be on the metros and A circles, as well as those circles where IDEA is gaining traction.

We expect blended ARPUs for new circles to decline by 3-10% q-q or by an average of ~20-25% y-y. This compares with the 13% pa decline we have modelled for IDEA overall in the next couple of years. Note that the average ARPU in the new circles is around INR150, versus INR200 on a consolidated basis. We assume average incremental opex of INR300mn per quarter.

Exhibit 4. New circle launches and potential breakeven

Circle	Launch date	Potential time line for breakeven (stand-alone basis)
Mumbai	Aug-08	F2Q11 — F3Q11
Bihar	Oct-08	F3Q11 — F4Q11
Orissa	Apr-09	F2Q12 — F3Q12
TN	May-09	F2Q12 — F3Q12
Kolkata	Oct-09	F3Q12 — F1Q13
W.B. & A & N	Oct-09	F3Q12 — F1Q13
Assam	Nov-09	F3Q12 — F1Q13
N.E.	Dec-09	F3Q12 — F1Q13
J&K	Oct-09	F3Q12 — F1Q13

Source: Company reports, Nomura estimates

We think new circles could break even in FY12F

Exhibit 5. Break-even on new circles														
	2Q09	3Q09	4Q09	1Q10	2Q10	3Q10	4Q10F	1Q11F	2Q11F	3Q11F	4Q11F	1Q12F	2Q12F	3Q12F
Revenue	52	483	985	1,427	1,822	2,384	2,857	3,398	3,919	4,412	4,863	5,282	5,679	6,119
Chg % q-q		829	104	45	28	31	20	19	15	13	10	9	8	8
EBITDA	(337)	(765)	(654)	(644)	(830)	(1,288)	(1,329)	(1,144)	(918)	(716)	(547)	(370)	(189)	46
Opex	389	1,248	1,639	2,071	2,652	3,672	4,186	4,542	4,837	5,127	5,409	5,653	5,868	6,073
Chg % q-q		221	31	26	28	38	14	9	7	6	6	5	4	4
Abs. chg q-q		859	391	432	581	1,020	514	356	295	290	282	243	215	205
ARPU (implied)	173	464	297	225	186	171	153	143	134	127	121	116	112	109
Chg % q-q			(36)	(24)	(17)	(8)	(10)	(7)	(6)	(5)	(5)	(4)	(4)	(3)
Cost per sub	1,294	1,198	495	326	270	263	224	191	166	148	135	124	116	109

Source: Company reports, Nomura estimates

Would IDEA take part in any possible consolidation?

IDEA does not have the financial capacity or the interest to expand outside India, we believe. Adjacent markets like Bangladesh and Sri Lanka, among others, are be reviewed from time to time, but we think management's focus will remain on improving operational performance within India.

A key agenda item for regulator TRAI is a review of the M&A guidelines, as currently, there is little clarity on how spectrum can be traded/migrated in the event of a merger or a takeover. Our recent discussions with TRAI suggest that an "amendment" can be expected in the near term — the form of which is still unknown, but the mechanism to allow for further consolidation can be expected. In our view, this would be a precedent for any possible consolidation among the Indian telcos.

We think IDEA would be a key participant in a domestic consolidation story. In our view, three possible scenarios, in the likely order of probability, could be: a) IDEA merges with another carrier; b) IDEA buys another mid-tier carrier, or; c) IDEA is acquired by a major operator. Axiata, a 20% shareholder in IDEA, has a portfolio of regional investments of which IDEA is a key part. We do not necessarily think Axiata is looking to exit the Indian market at this stage, nor is it likely to increase its stake, given the shareholder agreement in place that restricts additional investment.

Among other players in the market, IDEA has a long history of acquisitive growth. Starting out as a regional operator in two circles, the company has expanded its presence to be a pan-India operator by winning new licenses, as well as acquiring licenses/operations from other players. As shown in Exhibit 7, of the company's 22 circles, it acquired licenses and/or operations from other players in ten circles. It received fresh licenses for the remaining nine circles and has now completed a pan-India launch of its services.

We think the company's history makes it a potential participant in the telecom M&A scene (Exhibit 6 lists the probability for different players to participate as buyer, seller or merger candidates). Management's view is that, given the overlap in coverage and networks, there may not be strategic sense in participating in M&A, but it remains open to reviewing all options. Buying another mid-tier carrier would provide further scale, in our view, and additional spectrum would allow continued growth, but valuations would be a key uncertainty.

Regulatory amendments likely to be a precursor for M&A

IDEA is likely to be a participant in sector consolidation, in our view

Exhibit 6. Hypothetical consolidation scenarios

	Buyer	Seller	Merger
Bharti	Н	L	Μ
Reliance	Μ	Μ	L
Vodafone	Н	L	Μ
BSNL	L	L	L
IDEA	М	М	н
Tata DoCoMo	Μ	Μ	Н
Aircel	Μ	Μ	Н
MTNL	L	L	L
BPL/Loop	L	Н	L
MTS	Μ	Μ	L
Uninor	Н	Μ	Н
HFCL	L	Μ	L
S-Tel	L	Н	L

Note: H - high probability, M- medium probability, L- low probability

Source: Nomura estimates

Exhibit 7. M&A history

Year	Acquisitions	Circle licenses acquired
2008	Acquired Spice Communications	Punjab, Karnataka
2006	Acquired Escorts Telecommunications Limited	UP (E), Rajasthan, HP
2005	Acquired Escotel Mobile Communications Limited	Haryana, UP (W), Kerala
2001	Acquired RPG Cellular Limited	Madhya Pradesh
2000	Merged with Tata Cellular Limited	Andhra Pradesh
-		

Source: Company data

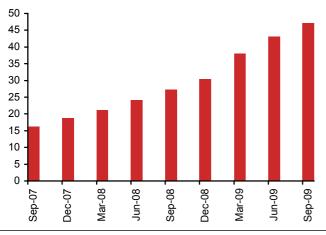
Market and revenue share expectations

IDEA's subscriber market share has averaged around 11% since the beginning of 2009. More important, its revenue share reached 13% by end-December 2009 (12% excluding Spice). These are increases of 130bps and 60bps, respectively, since December 2008, which we consider a strong performance in a very competitive environment.

IDEA is a top three player in six of its 13 older circles (including Spice), in subscriber terms (January 2010). In eight of 13 circles, the company is among the top three in revenue share, as well (as of quarter ended in December 2009).

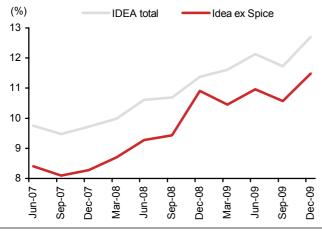
With the launch of new circles, the company's monthly net adds picked up to 1.7-2.5mn in recent months, from 1.4-1.6mn in earlier months. The company does not believe that mobile number portability (MNP) will have a big impact on a net basis, although headline churn rates may spike up. Nevertheless, the company expects that MNP will offer it an opportunity to target high-ARPU subscribers in circles where it was previously not present, particularly metros and A circles. IDEA is among the top-3 in eight circles in revenue terms





Source: TRAI, Nomura research

Exhibit 10. IDEA and IDEA ex Spice — revenue share



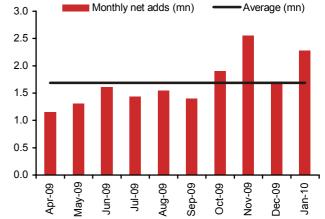
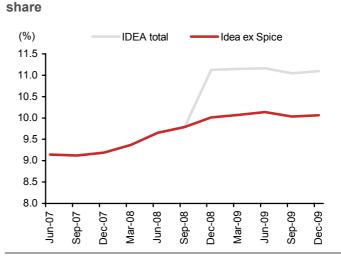


Exhibit 11. IDEA and IDEA ex Spice — subscriber

Source: TRAI, Nomura research



Source: TRAI, Nomura research

Source: TRAI, Nomura research

Exhibit 12. IDEA's spectrum mix and positioning in established circles

\leq		Subscriber share (%)	Subscriber positioning	Revenue share (%)	Revenue share positioning (%)
	900 MHz circles				
	Maharashtra	22	1	28	1
	Gujarat	18	2	18	3
	AP	14	4	16	2
The second second	Karnataka	7	6	6	6
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Kerala	23	1	28	1
	Punjab	16	3	18	2
Star strangen	Haryana	15	4	20	2
	UP (W)	19	3	28	1
	MP	24	2	29	2
	Other established circles				
900 MHz Spectrum (Incl. Spice Comm.)	Delhi	9	5	4	10
	UP (E)	9	5	5	9
1800 MHz Spectrum	HP	5	5	4	8
	Rajasthan	7	6	5	6

Note: subscriber share as of January 2010. Revenue share as of quarter ended December 2009

Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Exhibit 9. Monthly net adds





Source: Company reports

Current operational trends and expectations

IDEA has grown its revenues by 40-50% pa over the past three years. With the entry of new players and intense pricing pressure, industry wireless growth has seen a sharp slowdown and IDEA's growth rates have also dropped significantly. We expect a revenue CAGR of 15.2% over FY09-12F. IDEA's earnings fell by 14% last year after three years of more than 100% growth due to the rollout of services in new markets. With peak losses in new circles likely to have occurred by 4Q FY10, we expect an earnings recovery in FY11F. We forecast an earnings CAGR of 21% in FY09-12F.

IDEA's ARPU and MoU metrics are 17-20% below those reported by Bharti, but well above RCOM's. Given that Bharti has captured a significant portion of the high-ARPU subscribers, we think this gap will remain. MNP implementation could offer an opportunity to close that disparity. We believe second to Bharti, incumbents such as Vodafone and IDEA will be preferred carriers, and hence IDEA could see some benefit.

IDEA's ARPU and MoU have declined by 21% and 7% y-y, respectively, through FY10, in line with trends seen at Bharti and Vodafone. Pricing has yet to hit a bottom, in our view, and we forecast ARPU and MoU will decline by another ~20% to INR165 in FY11F. We expect RPMs to trend lower to INR0.46 in FY11F.

Operational metrics- in line with market trends

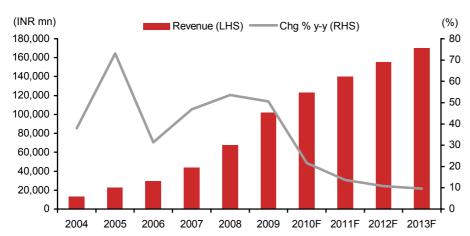
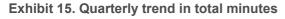
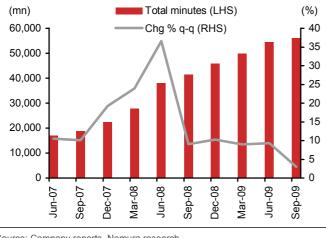


Exhibit 14. Revenue outlook

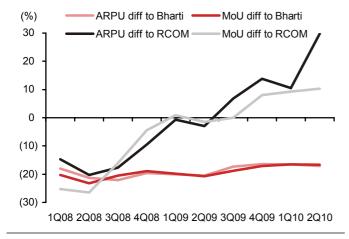
Source: Company reports, Nomura estimates





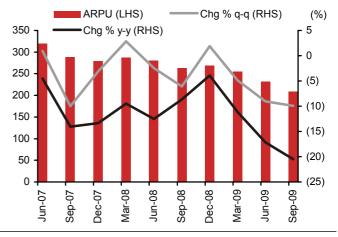
Source: Company reports, Nomura research





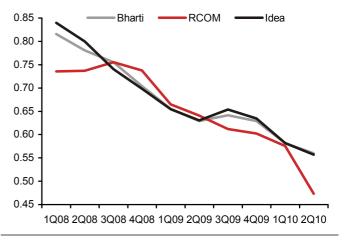
Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Exhibit 16. Quarterly ARPU trend



Source: Company reports, Nomura research





Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Exhibit 19. Comparative	operati	ing metr	ics								
	1Q08	2Q08	3Q08	4Q08	1Q09	2Q09	3Q09	4Q09	1Q10	2Q10	3Q10
ARPU (INR per sub per month	ı)										
Bharti	390	366	358	357	350	331	324	305	278	252	230
RCOM	375	361	339	317	282	271	251	224	210	161	149
IDEA	320	288	279	287	280	263	268	255	232	209	200
Vodafone	376	361	349	350	332	305	297	274	247	222	209
q-q change (%)											
Bharti	(4)	(6)	(2)	0	(2)	(5)	(2)	(6)	(9)	(9)	(9)
RCOM	(1)	(4)	(6)	(6)	(11)	(4)	(7)	(11)	(6)	(23)	(7)
IDEA	1	(10)	(3)	3	(2)	(6)	2	(5)	(9)	(10)	(4)
Vodafone		(4)	(3)	0	(5)	(8)	(3)	(8)	(10)	(10)	(6)
RPM (INR per min per sub)											
Bharti	0.82	0.78	0.76	0.70	0.66	0.63	0.64	0.63	0.58	0.56	52
RCOM	0.74	0.74	0.76	0.74	0.67	0.64	0.61	0.60	0.58	0.47	45
IDEA	0.84	0.80	0.74	0.70	0.65	0.63	0.65	0.63	0.58	0.56	51
q-q change (%)											
Bharti	(5)	(4)	(3)	(7)	(7)	(4)	2	(2)	(8)	(4)	(8)
RCOM	6	0	2	(2)	(10)	(4)	(4)	(2)	(4)	(18)	(5)
IDEA	3	(5)	(7)	(6)	(6)	(4)	4	(3)	(8)	(4)	(8)
Total minutes (mn)											
Bharti	57,125	64,375	73,840	89,058	105,217	115,834	123,626	130,669	140,713	143,680	153,241
RCOM	45,800	50,700	52,500	56,500	62,000	67,800	72,900	74,800	83,300	84,500	89,000
IDEA	17,100	18,831	22,457	27,824	37,993	41,448	45,714	49,813	54,459	56,074	64,158
Vodafone	21,532	36,011	39,913	46,734	52,349	56,745	61,606	65,276	71,775	76,135	83,172
q-q change (%)											
Bharti	16	13	15	21	18	10	7	6	8	2	7
RCOM	8	11	4	8	10	9	8	3	11	1	5
IDEA	11	10	19	24	37	9	10	9	9	3	14
Vodafone		67	11	17	12	8	9	6	10	6	9
MoU (minutes per sub per mo	onth)										
Bharti	478	469	474	507	534	526	505	485	478	450	446
RCOM	510	490	449	430	424	423	410	372	365	340	330
IDEA	381	360	377	411	428	417	410	402	399	375	389
Vodafone	251	362	352	371	374	364	355	336	330	319	318
q-q change (%)											
Bharti	1	(2)	1	7	5	(1)	(4)	(4)	(1)	(6)	(1)
RCOM	(6)	(4)	(8)	(4)	(1)	0	(3)	(9)	(2)	(7)	(3)
IDEA	(2)	(6)	5	9	4	(3)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(6)	4
Vodafone		44	(3)	5	1	(3)	(2)	(6)	(2)	(3)	0

Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Exhibit 20. Operating metrics forecast							
	FY09	FY10F	FY11F	FY12F	FY13F		
Subscribers (mn)							
Bharti	94	128	153	172	194		
RCOM	73	98	120	138	151		
Idea	39	64	78	91	102		
Annual net Adds (mn)							
Bharti	32	34	25	19	22		
RCOM	27	25	22	18	13		
Idea	15	25	14	13	11		
ARPU (INR)							
Bharti	328	242	195	180	171		
RCOM	239	157	129	119	117		
Idea	268	207	165	154	148		
RPM (INR)							
Bharti	0.64	0.53	0.44	0.40	0.38		
RCOM	0.59	0.47	0.40	0.36	0.35		
Idea	0.64	0.52	0.46	0.43	0.42		
MoU (minutes)							
Bharti	513	458	445	449	453		
RCOM	407	330	320	326	333		
Idea	416	395	364	356	349		
Wireless revenue growth (%)							
Bharti	39	6	3	7	7		
RCOM	14	(8)	9	13	9		
Idea	51	22	14	11	10		
EBITDA margins (%)							
Bharti	31	31	29	29	28		
RCOM	38	36	37	39	39		
Idea	28	27	27	28	29		
Capex to sales (consolidated) (%)							
Bharti	38	34	26	20	16		
RCOM	113	52	29	18	17		
Idea	54	33	30	27	19		

Source: Nomura estimates, company reports

Margins — weighed down by lower scale

Although both IDEA and Bharti are on a similar tower-sharing opex model, there is a margin differential between the two. In IDEA's established circles, which hold up to a comparison, its margins have been 100-200 bps lower than Bharti's on an average.

On a consolidated basis, IDEA's network operating expenses are significantly higher than those at Bharti. Network opex account for 25% of sales for IDEA versus 19% at Bharti. This likely reflects the fact that IDEA is still rolling out services in new circles that do not yet generate commensurate revenues.

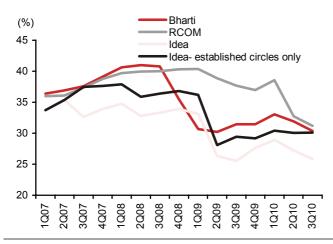
Even as profitability in these circles improves, network expenses as a percentage of sales may still be relatively higher owing to two factors: 1) a greater number of 1800MHz-only circles in the mix, and; 2) relatively lower scale, with fewer subscribers/minutes per cell site ratio over the medium term.

IDEA's owned NLD network has offered some respite on access and carriage charges, in addition to the benefits from MTC cuts earlier in the year. The company already has shifted ~70% of its NLD traffic onto its own network; beyond this, incremental cost savings are likely to be low, we understand. Access and carriage charges are 14% of sales.

Marketing expenses could remain flat, if not increase, for Indian telcos given the increasing competition. IDEA's SG&A are 16% of sales versus Bharti's 13%. We expect IDEA's SG&A to remain at current levels, given its expansion into new circles and, therefore, higher level of marketing activity and relatively lower scale.

Network opex as a percentage of sales is higher for IDEA

Exhibit 21. Wireless EBITDA margins



Note: Established circles include 11 old IDEA circles, not $% \left({{\rm IDEA}} \right)$ including Punjab and Karnataka

Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Exhibit 23. Comparison of scale — IDEA versus Bharti (9M10)

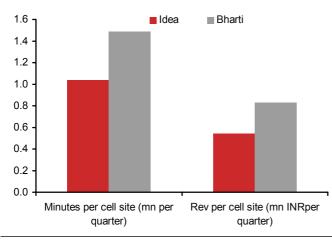
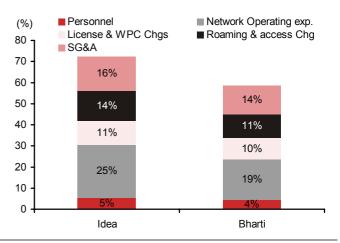
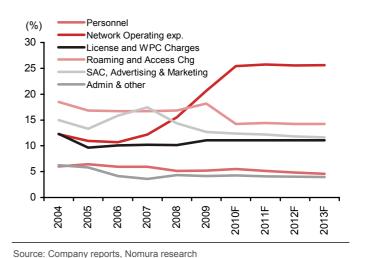


Exhibit 22. 9M10 cost structure — IDEA versus Bharti



Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Exhibit 24. Opex as a % of sales



Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Depreciation — In line with industry average

Our depreciation and amortisation (D&A) analysis across the three telcos suggests that IDEA's depreciation policy historically has been in sync with practices at other Indian telcos. Over FY06-09, asset life ranged between 13 and 16 years for the three telcos; D&A as a percentage of gross assets was roughly 7%. IDEA's average asset life of 14 years is well within this range.

Over the past couple of years, IDEA's depreciation expense has risen sharply, in line with capex investments. With capex burdens moderating over the next couple of years, D&A should see a more normalised increase, in our view.

For FY10-12F, our average asset life assumption is 13 years. As a percentage of sales, depreciation is likely to remain high over the next two to three years at around 16%. This metric should improve as asset turn benefits from increased scale.

IDEA's D&A in line with Indian telcos

Depreciation as a percentage of sales could remain high over next 2-3 years

Nomura

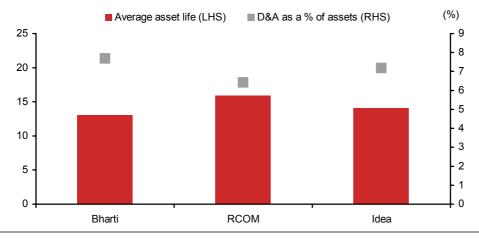


Exhibit 25. Comparison of depreciation trends across Bharti, RCOM and IDEA (FY06-09)

Source: Company reports

Exhibit 26. Comparison of depreciation trends across Bharti, RCOM and IDEA

Implied years	2006	2007	2008	2009
IDEA	12	14	16	15
Bharti	14	13	12	13
RCOM	14	14	17	19
D&A as % of Gross PPE				
IDEA	8	7	6	7
Bharti	7	8	8	8
RCOM	7	7	6	5
As a % of sales				
IDEA	18	15	13	14
Bharti	14	14	14	13
RCOM	15	17	15	17

Source: Company reports

Exhibit 27. D&A trend for Idea

IDEA Gross assets Depreciation	2006 66,323 5,495	2007 92,133 6,718	2008 139,010 8,768	2009 205,234 14,039	2010F 239,425 19,800	2011F 299,500 22,463	2012F 335,441 24,487
Implied years	12	14	16	15	12	13	14
as a % of Gross PPE	8	7	6	7	8	8	7
as a % of sales	18	15	13	14	16	16	16

Source: Company reports, Nomura estimates

Balance sheet — reasonably strong, 3G likely to stretch it

IDEA's net debt increased from INR38bn at the end of FY09 to around INR53bn as of the December quarter-end. Losses in new circles, combined with ongoing capex, remain a drain on cash. We expect net debt to EBITDA to rise to 1.75x by FY10F.

IDEA will take part in the 3G auctions, we believe, but a scenario of it bidding on or winning a pan-India 3G license is unlikely. We think it will more likely focus on its traditional nine 900 MHZ circles, or the circles where it is currently in the top three or five (seven to ten circles). It obviously will bid selectively for other circles too, but we do not expect the same level of pricing tension in B and C circles. If we assume an average auction price of 1.7x the reserve price, that translates to INR24-34bn in 3G payments in FY11F, on our estimates. Given the limitation of three to four licenses in

Bidding or winning pan-India license is unlikely, in our view

each circle, IDEA may not win licenses in each of these circles, so at this stage, we assume a total 3G payment of INR25bn. For 3G rollout, the company does not expect a significant capex burden. However, we think there is room for upside surprises and currently assume FY11F capex of INR42bn. This is in addition to the FY11F 3G payment of INR25bn.

Funding is unlikely to be an issue. In our recent discussions with the company it stated that it has the following reserves and facilities in place:

- INR20bn in cash on balance sheet;
- INR6bn in loan to Indus, which could potentially be recalled;
- Rs60bn in other bank facilities;
- Rs20bn in facility from export credit agencies, which can be primarily used for importing equipment, and;
- INR30bn in operating cashflows pa currently.

Post 3G license and rollout, we estimate its net debt to EBITDA could rise to 2.5x (or 2.0x including short-term investments), which is high, but manageable. The company does not have a specific gearing target, but it does not think it will breach any covenants even at these levels.

Excluding 3G, the management team reiterates that peak capex is "past", and in one of the recent analyst conference calls, the CEO stated that capex could even fall by 50% in the next year. For FY10F, the company has lowered its capex from INR60bn initially to INR40bn, as it has realigned its rollout priorities and curtailed investment in certain circles. IDEA notes that roughly half of this spend was towards rollout in new service areas.

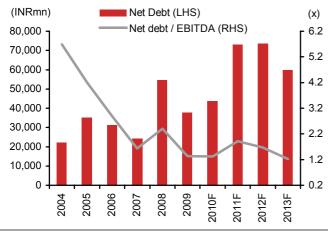
Exhibit 28. 3G licence scenarios

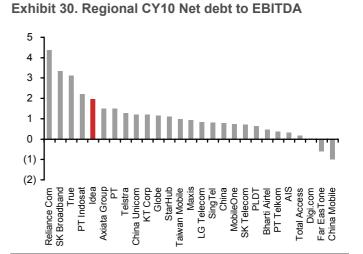
			Reserve			
Service		Reserve price	price	Auction price	Auction price	Auction price
area	Category	(INR Cr)	(INRbn)	In original circles	In #5 position	In #3 position
Delhi	Metro	320.0	3.2		5.4	
Mumbai	Metro	320.0	3.2			
Kolkata	Metro	120.0	1.2			
Maharashtra	a A	320.0	3.2	5.4	5.4	5.4
Gujarat	Α	320.0	3.2	5.4	5.4	5.4
A.P.	Α	320.0	3.2	5.4	5.4	5.4
Karnataka	Α	320.0	3.2	5.4		
T.N.	A	320.0	3.2			
Kerala	В	120.0	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Punjab	В	120.0	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Haryana	В	120.0	1.2	2.0	2.0	
UP (E)	В	120.0	1.2		2.0	
UP (W)	В	120.0	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Rajasthan	В	120.0	1.2			
M.P.	В	120.0	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.0
WB	В	120.0	1.2			
H.P.	С	30.0	0.3			
Bihar	С	30.0	0.3			
Orissa	С	30.0	0.3			
Assam	С	30.0	0.3			
NE	С	30.0	0.3			
J&K	С	30.0	0.3			
Total price		3,500.0	35.0	32.0	34.0	24.5

Source: Company reports, Nomura estimates

Peak 2G capex is past, in IDEA's view

Exhibit 29. Leverage





Source: Company reports, Nomura research



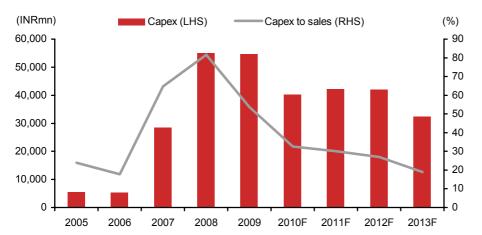


Exhibit 31. Capex

Source: Company reports, Nomura estimates

Valuation

Valuation — looking beyond rollout phase

On one-year forward PE multiples, IDEA is trading at premium of 50-60% to Bharti and RCOM. However, we believe it more valuable to look a bit further out, as both Bharti and RCOM have had nationwide coverage for four to five years now, while IDEA's pan-national coverage is relatively new. Therefore, FY12F metrics may be a more reasonable comparison, in our view, at which, IDEA is trading at 15x P/E and 6x EV/EBITDA, which is not excessive both in regional and domestic context. As highlighted in Exhibit 32, IDEA's growth profile — for sales, EBITDA and EBIT growth — is stronger in the domestic and regional context.

FY12F multiples more suitable, in our view

Exhibit 32. Comparative val	uation — Indian tele	os	
Year end Mar 31	Bharti	RCOM	IDEA Cellular
Current price (Rs)	299	158	60
Rating	NEUTRAL	REDUCE	BUY
Price target	335	154	78
Upside/downside (%)	12	(2)	29
Valuation (x)			
FY11F PER	13.9	12.2	20.6
FY12F PER	13.1	8.9	15.1
FY11F EV/EBITDA	7.4	6.6	6.8
FY12F EV/EBITDA	6.8	5.4	6.0
Growth rates (FY09-12F) (%)			
Revenues	6.4	11.1	15.2
EBITDA	4.3	5.9	15.8
NPAT	0.9	(12.3)	11.2
Normalized NPAT	(2.8)	(1.6)	20.6
EPS	0.7	(1.6)	20.6
Profitability (%)			
EBITDA Margin FY09E	41	41	28
EBITDA Margin FY12E	39	35	28
Change in Margins	-243bps	-542bps	40bps
Shareholder Returns			
F10F Ordinary dividend	2.2	0.9	-
F10F Dividend yield (%)	1	0.6	0
F10F FCF yield (%)	1	na	na
Dividend payout ratio (%)	10	8	0
% FCF paid out	1	0	0
DPS CAGR (F07-F10e)	na	38.6	na
Balance Sheet FY10F			
Gearing (ND/ND+E) (%)	19	44	24
EBITDA interest cover (x)	33.1	6.6	8.3
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	0.4	3.8	1.3
FY10F Capex/sales (%)	34	52	33

Our view: FY12F P/E of 15x is not inexpensive, but EV/EBITDA of 6x is reasonable

Note: Share price as on 13 March. EV includes short-term investments

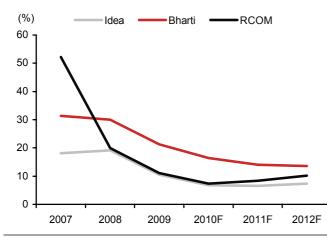
Source: Bloomberg, company reports, Nomura estimates

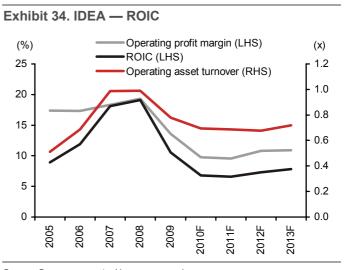
NOMURA

ROIC lowest among three telcos

IDEA's ROIC is the lowest amongst the three telcos; this reflects poor asset turn, which in turn reflects the number of acquisitions the company has made over the past five years, a number of which are yet to yield significant benefits. There is also no talk of a dividend — not surprising as we do not expect FCF break-even until FY13F. IDEA expects EBITDA break-even in new circles to occur over a 24- to 36-month time span, which should improve this metric.

Exhibit 33. ROIC comparison





Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Source: Company reports, Nomura research

IDEA has been the best performer among the three Indian telcos in the year to date, continuing its calendar 2009 performance. IDEA is up 4% y-t-d, while Bharti and RCOM are down 8-10% (The Sensex is down 2%).

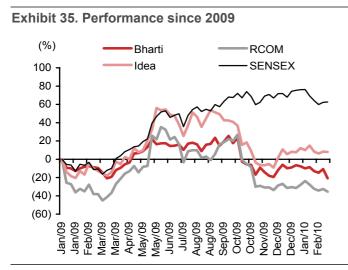


Exhibit 36. YTD performance (%) RCOM Bharti Idea SENSEX 15 10 5 0 (5) (10) (15)(20) 3/5/2010 1/13/2010 /22/2010 2/3/2010 2/11/2010 2/23/2010 /0/1900

Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Source: Company reports, Nomura research

Earnings and valuation

We use a DCF approach to value the company. Given the investment in new circles and expected break-even over the next two to three years, we think IDEA could be cash positive beyond 2012-13F. Our DCF-derived price target of INR 78 is based on a WACC of 10.9% and terminal growth rate is 4%.

Exhibit 37. Key assumptions — IDEA

Subscribers (mn)	FY09 39	FY10F 64	FY11F 78	FY12F 91
Annual net adds (mn)	15	25	14	13
ARPU RPM	268 0.64	207 0.52	165 0.46	154 0.43
MoU	416	395	364	356
Revenue growth (%)	51	22	14	11
EBITDA margin (%)	28	27	27	28
Capex to sales (%)	54	33	30	27

Note: capex to sales is based on accrued capex

Source: Company reports, Nomura estimates

Exhibit 38. Nomura versus consensus

	2010F	2011F	2012F
ESTIMATES			
Revenue	123,344	140,252	155,336
EBITDA	33,178	38,079	44,016
CONSENSUS			
Revenue	125,015	143,897	162,885
EBITDA	32,874	36,843	44,070
% difference			
Revenue	(1)	(3)	(5)
EBITDA	1	3	0

Our BUY rating is out of consensus — currently there are only seven Buys out of 47 ratings

Source: Bloomberg, Nomura estimates

Exhibit 39. DCF

	00405	00445	00405	00405	00445	00455	00405	00475
(INRmn)	2010F	2011F	2012F	2013F	2014F	2015F	2016F	2017F
EBITDA	33,178	38,079	44,016	49,014	53,033	59,903	64,700	67,669
Tax paid	(817)	(1,182)	(1,513)	(1,916)	(2,994)	(4,257)	(5,638)	(7,410)
Other items	317	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in working capital	3,432	3,835	2,189	2,414	3,708	2,555	2,707	3,091
Operating CF	36,111	40,732	44,692	49,511	53,746	58,201	61,769	63,350
Investing CF	(38,011)	(64,972)	(39,844)((31,708)	(28,957)((29,781)	(32,131)((31,979)
Valuation CF	(1,900)	(24,240)	4,848	17,803	24,789	28,420	29,638	31,371
PV of free cash flow	57,260							
PV of terminal value	226,684							
Other assets	-							
Net debt	(43,569)							
Total operations value	240,375							
Total operations value (US\$bn)	5,342							
Value per share	78							

Source: Bloomberg, Nomura estimates

Risks to our investment view: 1) More aggressive competition could delay breakeven in new circles and also pressure established circle margins 2) Significantly higher 3G bids could pressure cash flow while not yielding incremental returns; on the other hand, the risk of missing out on licenses altogether in key circles could challenge Idea's business case and 3) regulations - this remains a key uncertainty for all Indian telcos.

Valuation methodology and risks for Bharti and RCOM:

Bharti: Our DCF-based price target of INR335 is based on a WACC of 11.3% and terminal growth of 3.5%.

Risks to our price target on the downside include stronger-than-expected competition and unfavourable regulatory developments related to various fees and charges. Upside risks include benign competition and faster-than-anticipated stability in pricing.

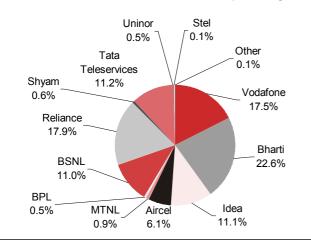
RCOM: Our DCF-based price target of Rs154.0 is based on a WACC of 12.7% and a terminal growth rate of 4%.

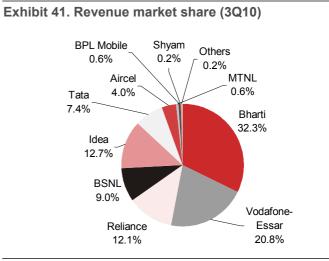
Key upside risks to our rating are: 1) lesser-than-anticipated competitive activity, and; 2) faster-than-anticipated stability in pricing.

Appendix 1

Market stats

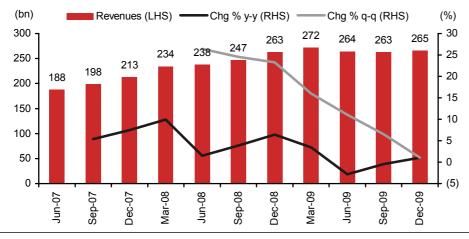
Exhibit 40. Subscriber market share (January 2010)





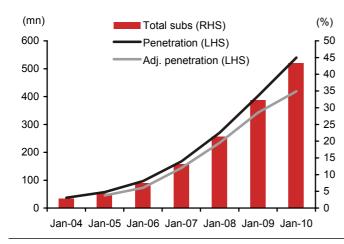
Source: Company reports, TRAI, Nomura research



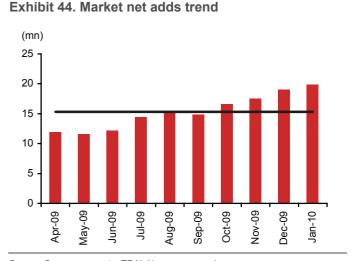


Source: TRAI

Exhibit 43. Subscriber trend



Source: Company reports, TRAI, Nomura research



Source: Company reports, TRAI, Nomura research

Source: Company reports, TRAI, Nomura research

NOMURA

Financial statements

Income statement (Rsmn)					
Year-end 31 Mar	FY08	FY09	FY10F	FY11F	FY12F
Revenue	67,375	101,484	123,344	140,252	155,336
Cost of goods sold	(28,656)	(50,847)	(62,819)	(72,127)	(79,272)
Gross profit	38,719	50,637	60,525	68,124	76,065
SG&A	(21,331)	(31,071)	(40,320)	(45,339)	(49,081)
Employee share expense	(3,464)	(5,252)	(6,827)	(7,169)	(7,456)
Operating profit	13,925	14,314	13,378	15,616	19,528
BITDA	22,693	28,353	33,178	38,079	44,016
Depreciation	(8,768)	(14,039)	(19,800)	(22,463)	(24,487)
mortisation					
BIT	13,925	14,314	13,378	15,616	19,528
let interest expense	(2,776)	(4,943)	(3,974)	(5,063)	(5,123)
Associates & JCEs	-	-	-	-	-
Other income					
Earnings before tax	11,148	9,371	9,404	10,553	14,405
ncome tax	(725)	(362)	(1,167)	(1,477)	(2,017)
Vet profit after tax Ainority interests	10,423	9,009	8,237	9,076	12,388
Other items	(895)	(1,922)	(180)	-	-
Preferred dividends	(000)	(1,022)	(100)	-	-
Normalised NPAT	9,528	7,086	8,057	9,076	12,388
Extraordinary items	895	1,922	180	-	
Reported NPAT	10,423	9,009	8,237	9,076	12,388
Dividends					
ransfer to reserves	10,423	9,009	8,237	9,076	12,388
aluation and ratio analysis					
D normalised P/E (x)	16.7	26.4	23.2	20.6	15.1
D normalised P/E at price target (x)	21.6	34.1	30.0	26.6	19.5
Reported P/E (x)	15.2	20.8	22.7	20.6	15.1
Dividend yield (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Price/cashflow (x)	7.4	11.9	5.9	5.2	4.7
rice/book (x)	4.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1
V/EBITDA (x)	10.9	8.6	7.6	7.4	6.4
V/EBIT (x)	17.7	17.1	18.8	18.0	14.4
Gross margin (%)	57.5	49.9	49.1	48.6	49.0
EBITDA margin (%)	33.7	27.9	26.9	27.2	28.3
EBIT margin (%)	20.7	14.1	10.8	11.1	12.6
Net margin (%) Effective tax rate (%)	15.5 6.5	8.9 3.9	6.7 12.4	6.5 14.0	8.0 14.0
Dividend payout (%)	0.0	5.9	12.4	14.0	14.0
Capex to sales (%)	- 82.7	61.1	31.0	- 28.5	- 25.7
Capex to depreciation (x)	6.4	4.4	1.9	1.8	1.6
ROE (%)	36.4	10.7	6.0	6.2	7.9
OA (pretax %)	14.6	8.0	5.5	5.6	6.3
rowth (%)					
Revenue	53.6	50.6	21.5	13.7	10.8
BITDA	52.7	24.9	17.0	14.8	15.6
BIT	71.0	2.8	(6.5)	16.7	25.1
ormalised EPS	67.4	(36.8)	13.7	12.6	36.5
Iormalised FDEPS	67.4	(36.8)	13.7	12.6	36.5
Per share					
Reported EPS (Rs)	4.0	2.9	2.7	2.9	4.0
lorm EPS (Rs)	3.6	2.3	2.6	2.9	4.0
Fully diluted norm EPS (Rs)	3.6	2.3	2.6	2.9	4.0
Book value per share (Rs)	13.5	42.8	45.5	48.5	52.5
DPS (Rs)	-	-	-	-	-
Source: Nomura estimates					

NO/MURA

Cashflow (Rsmn)					
Year-end 31 Mar	FY08	FY09	FY10F	FY11F	FY12F
EBITDA	22,693	28,353	33,178	38,079	44,016
Change in working capital	1,438	1,042	5,443	5,939	4,286
Other operating cashflow	(2,650)	(13,714)	(6,690)	(8,349)	(8,733)
Cashflow from operations	21,481	15,682	31,932	35,669	39,569
Capital expenditure	(55,707)	(62,053)	(38,216)	(39,972)	(39,844)
Free cashflow	(34,226)	(46,371)	(6,284)	(4,303)	(275)
Reduction in investments	(5,548)	(14,892)	-	-	-
Net acquisitions	-	(27,482)	-	(25,000)	-
Reduction in other LT assets	-	-	-	-	-
Addition in other LT liabilities	650	469	350	295	504
Adjustments	836	3,723	(145)	(295)	(504)
Cashflow after investing acts	(38,287)	(84,553)	(6,079)	(29,303)	(275)
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-
Equity issue	3,188	72,945	-	-	-
Debt issue	22,649	16,004	(17,000)	35,000	10,000
Convertible debt issue	-	20,742	-	-	-
Others	(774)	752	-	-	-
Cashflow from financial acts	25,062	110,442	(17,000)	35,000	10,000
Net cashflow	(13,225)	25,889	(23,079)	5,697	9,725
Beginning cash	18,199	4,975	30,864	7,785	13,482
Ending cash	4,975	30,864	7,785	13,482	23,207
Ending net debt	60,180	58,258	64,338	93,641	93,916
Source: Nomura estimates					

FCF positive in FY13F

Balance sheet (Rsmn)					
As at 31 Mar	FY08	FY09	FY10F	FY11F	FY12F
Cash & equivalents	4,975	30,864	7,785	13,482	23,207
Marketable securities	5,560	20,452	20,452	20,452	20,452
Accounts receivable	1,986	3,618	3,618	4,397	5,000
Inventories	276	521	521	521	521
Other current assets	8,263	18,682	19,530	20,665	21,179
Total current assets	21,060	74,137	51,906	59,517	70,359
LT investments					
Fixed assets	107,163	166,672	187,099	231,712	249,166
Goodwill	61	22,457	22,457	22,457	22,457
Other intangible assets					
Other LT assets	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	128,283	263,267	261,463	313,686	341,982
Short-term debt					
Accounts payable	17,599	25,965	33,349	37,790	40,258
Other current liabilities	9,424	14,396	13,304	16,716	19,650
Total current liabilities	27,022	40,361	46,653	54,505	59,908
Long-term debt	65,154	89,122	72,122	107,122	117,122
Convertible debt	001	4 400	4 400		
Other LT liabilities	661	1,130	1,480	1,775	2,280
Total liabilities	92,837	130,613	120,255	163,403	179,310
Minority interest		10	10	10	10
Preferred stock Common stock	26,354	19 31,001	19 31.001	19 31,001	19
Retained earnings	20,354 9,055	101,451	110,005	119,081	31,001 131,469
Proposed dividends	9,055	101,451	110,005	119,001	131,409
•	20	400	400	400	400
Other equity and reserves	38	182	182	182	182
Total shareholders' equity	35,446	132,653	141,208	150,283	162,672
Total equity & liabilities	128,283	263,267	261,463	313,686	341,982
Liquidity (x)					
Current ratio	0.78	1.84	1.11	1.09	1.17
Interest cover	5.0	2.9	3.4	3.1	3.8
Leverage					
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	2.65	2.05	1.94	2.46	2.13
Net debt/equity (%)	169.8	43.9	45.6	62.3	57.7
Activity (days)					
Days receivable	9.5	10.1	10.7	10.4	11.1
Days inventory	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.4
Days payable	215.3	156.4	172.3	180.0	180.2
Cash cycle	(202.8)	(143.4)	(158.6)	(166.9)	(166.7)

Source: Nomura estimates

Nomura

Other Team Members:

Neeraja Natarajan (Associate) — All enquiries arising from this note should be directed to Sachin Gupta.

Any Authors named on this report are Research Analysts unless otherwise indicated ANALYST CERTIFICATIONS

Each of the research analysts referenced on the cover page or in connection with the section of this research report for which he or she is responsible hereby certifies that all of the views expressed in this report accurately reflect his or her personal views about any and all of the subject securities or issuers discussed herein. In addition, each of the research analysts referenced on the cover page or in connection with the section of this research report for which he or she is responsible hereby certifies that no part of his or her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendations or views that he or she has expressed in this research report, nor is it tied to any specific investment banking transactions performed by Nomura Securities International, Inc., Nomura International plc or by any other Nomura Group company or affiliates thereof.

ISSUER SPECIFIC REGULATORY DISCLOSURES

Issuer	Ticker	Price (as at last close)	Closing price date	Rating	Disclosures
Bharti Airtel	BHARTI IN	299.05 INR	12 Mar 2010	Neutral	4
Idea Cellular Limited	IDEA IN	60.10 INR	12 Mar 2010	No Rating	
Reliance Communications	RCOM IN	157.45 INR	12 Mar 2010	Reduce	

Disclosures required in the European Union

4 Market maker

Nomura International plc or an affiliate in the global Nomura group is a market maker or liquidity provider in the securities / related derivatives of the issuer.

Previous Ratings

Issuer	Previous rating	Date of change
Bharti Airtel	Buy	25 Jun 2009
Reliance Communications	Buy	03 Nov 2009

Online availability of research and additional conflict-of-interest disclosures:

Nomura Japanese Equity Research is available electronically for clients in the US on NOMURA.COM, REUTERS, BLOOMBERG and THOMSON ONE ANALYTICS. For clients in Europe, Japan and elsewhere in Asia it is available on NOMURA.COM, REUTERS and BLOOMBERG.

Important disclosures may be accessed through the left hand side of the Nomura Disclosure web page <u>http://www.nomura.com/research</u> or requested from Nomura Securities International, Inc., on 1-877-865-5752. If you have any difficulties with the website, please email researchchannelsupport@uk.nomura.com for technical assistance.

The analysts responsible for preparing this report have received compensation based upon various factors including the firm's total revenues, a portion of which is generated by Investment Banking activities.

Distribution of Ratings:

Nomura Global Equity Research has 1,818 companies under coverage.

44% have been assigned a Buy rating which, for purposes of mandatory disclosures, are classified as a Buy rating; 31% of companies with this rating are investment banking clients of the Nomura Group*.

39% have been assigned a Neutral rating which, for purposes of mandatory disclosures, is classified as a Hold rating; 44% of companies with this rating are investment banking clients of the Nomura Group*.

15% have been assigned a Reduce rating which, for purposes of mandatory disclosures, are classified as a Sell rating; 11% of companies with this rating are investment banking clients of the Nomura Group*.

As at 31 December 2009.

*The Nomura Group as defined in the Disclaimer section at the end of this report.

Explanation of Nomura's equity research rating system in Europe, Middle East and Africa, US and Latin America for ratings published from 27 October 2008:

The rating system is a relative system indicating expected performance against a specific benchmark identified for each individual stock. Analysts may also indicate absolute upside to price target defined as (fair value - current price)/current price, subject to limited management discretion. In most cases, the fair value will equal the analyst's assessment of the current intrinsic fair value of the stock using an appropriate valuation methodology such as discounted cash flow or multiple analysis, etc.

Stocks:

- A rating of "1", or "Buy", indicates that the analyst expects the stock to outperform the Benchmark over the next 12 months.
- A rating of "2", or "Neutral", indicates that the analyst expects the stock to perform in line with the Benchmark over the next 12 months.
- A rating of "3", or "Reduce", indicates that the analyst expects the stock to underperform the Benchmark over the next 12 months.

• A rating of **"RS-Rating Suspended"**, " indicates that the rating and target price have been suspended temporarily to comply with applicable regulations and/or firm policies in certain circumstances including when Nomura is acting in an advisory capacity in a merger or strategic transaction involving the company.

Benchmarks are as follows: **United States/Europe**: Please see valuation methodologies for explanations of relevant benchmarks for stocks (accessible through the left hand side of the Nomura Disclosure web page: <u>http://www.nomura.com/research</u>); **Global Emerging Markets (ex-Asia):** MSCI Emerging Markets ex-Asia, unless otherwise stated in the valuation methodology.

Sectors:

A "Bullish" stance, indicates that the analyst expects the sector to outperform the Benchmark during the next 12 months.

A "Neutral" stance, indicates that the analyst expects the sector to perform in line with the Benchmark during the next 12 months.

A "Bearish" stance, indicates that the analyst expects the sector to underperform the Benchmark during the next 12 months.

Benchmarks are as follows: United States: S&P 500; Europe: Dow Jones STOXX® 600; Global Emerging Markets (ex-Asia): MSCI Emerging Markets ex-Asia.

Explanation of Nomura's equity research rating system for Asian companies under coverage ex Japan published from 30 October 2008 and in Japan from 6 January 2009:

Stocks:

Stock recommendations are based on absolute valuation upside (downside), which is defined as (Price Target – Current Price) / Current Price, subject to limited management discretion. In most cases, the Price Target will equal the analyst's 12-month intrinsic valuation of the stock, based on an appropriate valuation methodology such as discounted cash flow, multiple analysis, etc.

• A "Buy" recommendation indicates that potential upside is 15% or more.

• A "Neutral" recommendation indicates that potential upside is less than 15% or downside is less than 5%.

• A "Reduce" recommendation indicates that potential downside is 5% or more.

• A rating of **"RS"** or **"Rating Suspended"** indicates that the rating and target price have been suspended temporarily to comply with applicable regulations and/or firm policies in certain circumstances including when Nomura is acting in an advisory capacity in a merger or strategic transaction involving the subject company.

• Stocks labelled as "Not rated" or shown as "No rating" are not in Nomura's regular research coverage. Sectors:

A "Bullish" rating means most stocks in the sector have (or the weighted average recommendation of the stocks under coverage is) a positive absolute recommendation.

A "Neutral" rating means most stocks in the sector have (or the weighted average recommendation of the stocks under coverage is) a neutral absolute recommendation.

A "Bearish" rating means most stocks in the sector have (or the weighted average recommendation of the stocks under coverage is) a negative absolute recommendation.

Explanation of Nomura's equity research rating system in Japan published prior to 6 January 2009 (and ratings in Europe, Middle East and Africa, US and Latin America published prior to 27 October 2008):

Stocks:

• A rating of "1", or "Strong buy", indicates that the analyst expects the stock to outperform the Benchmark by 15% or more over the next six months.

• A rating of "2", or "Buy", indicates that the analyst expects the stock to outperform the Benchmark by 5% or more but less than 15% over the next six months.

• A rating of "3", or "Neutral", indicates that the analyst expects the stock to either outperform or underperform the Benchmark by less than 5% over the next six months.

• A rating of "4", or "Reduce", indicates that the analyst expects the stock to underperform the Benchmark by 5% or more but less than 15% over the next six months.

A rating of "5", or "Sell", indicates that the analyst expects the stock to underperform the Benchmark by 15% or more over the next six months.
Stocks labeled "Not rated" or shown as "No rating" are not in Nomura's regular research coverage. Nomura might not publish additional research reports concerning this company, and it undertakes no obligation to update the analysis, estimates, projections, conclusions or other information contained herein.

Sectors:

A "Bullish" stance, indicates that the analyst expects the sector to outperform the Benchmark during the next six months.

A "Neutral" stance, indicates that the analyst expects the sector to perform in line with the Benchmark during the next six months.

A "Bearish" stance, indicates that the analyst expects the sector to underperform the Benchmark during the next six months. Benchmarks are as follows: Japan: TOPIX; United States: S&P 500, MSCI World Technology Hardware & Equipment; Europe, by sector — Hardware/Semiconductors: FTSE W Europe IT Hardware; Telecoms: FTSE W Europe Business Services; Business Services: FTSE W Europe; Auto & Components: FTSE W Europe Auto & Parts; Communications equipment: FTSE W Europe IT Hardware; Ecology Focus: Bloomberg World Energy Alternate Sources; Global Emerging Markets: MSCI Emerging Markets ex-Asia.

Explanation of Nomura's equity research rating system for Asian companies under coverage ex Japan published prior to 30 October 2008:

Stocks:

Stock recommendations are based on absolute valuation upside (downside), which is defined as (Fair Value - Current Price)/Current Price, subject to limited management discretion. In most cases, the Fair Value will equal the analyst's assessment of the current intrinsic fair value of the stock using an appropriate valuation methodology such as Discounted Cash Flow or Multiple analysis etc. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will revalue the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the fair value may differ from the intrinsic fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the difference between current market price and our estimate of current intrinsic fair value. Recommendations are set with a 6-12 month horizon unless specified otherwise. Accordingly, within this horizon, price volatility may cause the actual upside or downside based on the prevailing market price to differ from the upside or downside implied by the recommendation.

- A "Strong buy" recommendation indicates that upside is more than 20%.
- A "Buy" recommendation indicates that upside is between 10% and 20%.
- A "Neutral" recommendation indicates that upside or downside is less than 10%.
- A "Reduce" recommendation indicates that downside is between 10% and 20%.
- A "Sell" recommendation indicates that downside is more than 20%.
- Sectors:

A "Bullish" rating means most stocks in the sector have (or the weighted average recommendation of the stocks under coverage is) a positive absolute recommendation.

A "Neutral" rating means most stocks in the sector have (or the weighted average recommendation of the stocks under coverage is) a neutral absolute recommendation.

A "Bearish" rating means most stocks in the sector have (or the weighted average recommendation of the stocks under coverage is) a negative absolute recommendation.

Price targets

Price targets, if discussed, reflect in part the analyst's estimates for the company's earnings. The achievement of any price target may be impeded by general market and macroeconomic trends, and by other risks related to the company or the market, and may not occur if the company's earnings differ from estimates.

DISCLAIMERS

This publication contains material that has been prepared by the Nomura entity identified on the banner at the top or the bottom of page 1 herein and, if applicable, with the contributions of one or more Nomura entities whose employees and their respective affiliations are specified on page 1 herein or elsewhere identified in the publication. Affiliates and subsidiaries of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (collectively, the "Nomura Group"), include: Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. ("NSC") Tokyo, Japan; Nomura International plc, United Kingdom; Nomura Securities International, Inc. ("NSI"), New York, NY; Nomura International (Hong Kong) Ltd., Hong Kong; Nomura Singapore Ltd., Singapore; Nomura Australia Ltd., Australia; P.T. Nomura Indonesia, Indonesia; Nomura Securities Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., Malaysia; Nomura International (Hong Kong) Ltd., Taipei Branch, Taiwar; Nomura International (Hong Kong) Ltd., Seoul Branch, Korea; Nomura Financial Advisory and Securities (India) Private Limited, Mumbai, India (Registered Address: Ceejay House, Level 11, Plot F, Shivsagar Estate, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, Mumbai- 400 018, India; SEBI Registration No: BSE INB011299030, NSE INB231299034, INF231299034, INE 231299034).

This material is: (i) for your private information, and we are not soliciting any action based upon it; (ii) not to be construed as an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any security in any jurisdiction where such offer or solicitation would be illegal; and (iii) based upon information that we consider reliable. NOMURA GROUP DOES NOT WARRANT OR REPRESENT THAT THE PUBLICATION IS ACCURATE, COMPLETE, RELIABLE, FIT FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABLE AND DOES NOT ACCEPT LIABILITY FOR ANY ACT (OR DECISION NOT TO ACT) RESULTING FROM USE OF THIS PUBLICATION AND RELATED DATA. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMISSIBLE ALL WARRANTIES AND OTHER ASSURANCES BY NOMURA GROUP ARE HEREBY EXCLUDED AND NOMURA GROUP SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR THE USE, MISUSE, OR DISTRIBUTION OF THIS INFORMATION.

Opinions expressed are current opinions as of the original publication date appearing on this material only and the information, including the opinions contained herein, are subject to change without notice. Nomura is under no duty to update this publication. If and as applicable, NSI's investment banking relationships, investment banking and non-investment banking compensation and securities ownership (identified in this report as "Disclosures Required in the United States"), if any, are specified in disclaimers and related disclosures in this report. In addition, other members of the Nomura Group may from time to time perform investment banking or other services (including acting as advisor, manager or lender) for, or solicit investment banking or other business from, companies mentioned herein. Further, the Nomura Group, and/or its officers, directors and employees, including persons, without limitation, involved in the preparation or issuance of this material may, to the extent permitted by applicable law and/or regulation, have long or short positions in, and buy or sell, the securities or derivatives. In addition, the Nomura Group, excluding NSI, may act as a market maker and principal, willing to buy and sell certain of the securities of companies mentioned herein. Further, the Nomura Group, may Group, excluding NSI, may may buy and sell certain of the securities of companies mentioned herein. Further, the Nomura Group, excluding NSI, may

Investors should consider this report as only a single factor in making their investment decision and, as such, the report should not be viewed as identifying or suggesting all risks, direct or indirect, that may be associated with any investment decision. Please see the further disclaimers in the disclosure information on companies covered by Nomura analysts available at <u>www.nomura.com/research</u> under the "Disclosure" tab. Nomura Group produces a number of different types of research product including, amongst others, fundamental analysis, quantitative analysis and short term trading ideas; recommendations contained in one type of research product may differ from recommendations contained in other types of research product may differ from recommendations contained in other types of research product may differ from recommendations contained in other types of research product may differ from recommendations contained in other types of research product may differ from recommendations contained in other types of research product may differ from recommendations contained in other types of research product may differ from recommendations contained in other types of research product, whether as a result of differing time horizons, methodologies or otherwise; it is possible that individual employees of Nomura may have different perspectives to this publication.

NSC and other non-US members of the Nomura Group (i.e., excluding NSI), their officers, directors and employees may, to the extent it relates to non-US issuers and is permitted by applicable law, have acted upon or used this material prior to, or immediately following, its publication.

Foreign currency-denominated securities are subject to fluctuations in exchange rates that could have an adverse effect on the value or price of, or income derived from, the investment. In addition, investors in securities such as ADRs, the values of which are influenced by foreign currencies, effectively assume currency risk.

The securities described herein may not have been registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, and, in such case, may not be offered or sold in the United States or to U.S. persons unless they have been registered under such Act, or except in compliance with an exemption from the registration requirements of such Act. Unless governing law permits otherwise, you must contact a Nomura entity in your home jurisdiction if you want to use our services in effecting a transaction in the securities mentioned in this material.

This publication has been approved for distribution in the United Kingdom and European Union as investment research by Nomura International plc ("NIPIc"), which is authorised and regulated by the U.K. Financial Services Authority ("FSA") and is a member of the London Stock Exchange. It does not constitute a personal recommendation, as defined by the FSA, or take into account the particular investment objectives, financial situations, or needs of individual investors. It is intended only for investors who are "eligible counterparties" or "professional clients" as defined by the FSA, and may not, therefore, be redistributed to retail clients as defined by the FSA. This publication may be distributed in Germany via Nomura Bank (Deutschland) GmbH, which is authorised and regulated in Germany by the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority ("BaFin"). This publication has been approved by Nomura International (Hong Kong) Ltd. ("NIHK"), which is regulated by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission, for distribution in Hong Kong by NIHK. Neither NIPIc nor NIHK hold an Australian financial services licence as both are exempt from the requirement to hold this license in respect of the financial services either provides. This publication has also been approved for distribution in Malaysia by Nomura Securities Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. In Singapore, this publication has been distributed by Nomura Singapore Limited ("NSL"). NSL accepts legal responsibility for the content of this publication, where it concerns securities, futures and foreign exchange, issued by its foreign affiliate in respect of recipients who are not accredited, expert or institutional investors as defined by the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289). Recipients of this publication may contact NSL in respect of matters arising from, or in connection with, this publication. NSI accepts responsibility for the content of this publication.

No part of this material may be (i) copied, photocopied, or duplicated in any form, by any means, or (ii) redistributed without the prior written consent of the Nomura Group member identified in the banner on page 1 of this report. Further information on any of the securities mentioned herein may be obtained upon request. If this publication has been distributed by electronic transmission, such as e-mail, then such transmission cannot be guaranteed to be secure or error-free as information could be intercepted, corrupted, lost, destroyed, arrive late or incomplete, or contain viruses. The sender therefore does not accept liability for any errors or omissions in the contents of this publication, which may arise as a result of electronic transmission. If verification is required, please request a hard-copy version.

Additional information available upon request

NIPIc and other Nomura Group entities manage conflicts identified through the following: their Chinese Wall, confidentiality and independence policies, maintenance of a Stop List and a Watch List, personal account dealing rules, policies and procedures for managing conflicts of interest arising from the allocation and pricing of securities and impartial investment research and disclosure to clients via client documentation.

Disclosure information is available at the Nomura Disclosure web page:

http://www.nomura.com/research

Nomura Singapore Limited

5 Temasek Boulevard #11-01, Suntec Tower Five, Singapore 038985, Singapore MICA (P) 069/07/2009 valid until 3 July 2010 / RCB no: 197201440E

Tel: +65 6433 6288 Fax: + 65 6433 6169

Caring for the environment: to receive only the electronic versions of our research, please contact your sales representative.

IN86b