



The Asia Specialist

Monday, 21 February 2011

Indian banks

FY2012 Outlook – A tale of two halves

3
Suresh Ganapathy

We believe FY2012 is likely to be a tale of two halves where the first half is likely to see subdued credit growth and margins whereas the second half is likely to see materially falling credit costs with a recovery in margins. We do see some downside in the near term due to pressure on NIMs and opex due to pensions; however we believe the downside is limited after the sharp underperformance of financials and most of the worries are captured in the price.

Bank of India (Upgrade to Outperform)

You can finally bank on this

4
Mudit Painuly

We upgrade the stock to Outperform from Neutral as we believe the worst of asset quality is behind the bank. We increase our target price from Rs475 to Rs530. Asset quality – leaving the worst behind in FY12. We believe that the worst of asset quality may be finally behind the bank in FY12.

Canara Bank (Upgrade to Neutral)

Cheap valuations but concerns do remain

5
Mudit Painuly

Upgrade to Neutral - We upgrade Canara Bank to Neutral from Underperform given cheaper valuations and a better asset quality outlook. Our TP increases from Rs520 to Rs650 chiefly driven by a 150bp improvement in sustainable ROE. Asset quality – done a better job than peers. The bank has done a better job than its peers on delinquencies.

IDFC (Upgrade to Outperform)

Concerns well in the price

6
Suresh Ganapathy

Upgrade to Outperform and raise TP by 5% to Rs170: We upgrade IDFC to Outperform after a sharp price correction and increase our TP by 5% to Rs170 due to a minor cost of equity adjustment. NIM decline already factored in: We have a factored in close to 50bps decline in NIMs over the next two years which we believe is sufficient.

Punjab National Bank (Upgrade to Outperform)

Pain over now with some gains

7
Suresh Ganapathy

Upgrade to Outperform: We upgrade PNB to Outperform from Neutral and increase our TP by 8% to Rs1,300 due to a 100bp increase in PNB's sustainable ROE to 19%. After the recent sharp correction, we believe the current stock price offers an attractive entry point. Credit costs to decline significantly in FY12: We expect credit costs for PNB to decline from 80bps in FY11E to 50bps in FY12E, mainly due to lower slippages from restructured assets and the conscious decision by the bank to reduce sensitive sector exposures like commercial real estate.

Reliance Capital (Upgrade to Outperform)

At distressed valuations

8
Suresh Ganapathy

Upgrade to Outperform on improving profitability in non-life businesses: We upgrade Reliance Capital to Outperform. However, we reduce our TP by 18% to Rs600 due to very conservative assumptions on life insurance business valuation. In our view, the results of the past two quarters demonstrate improving profitability across its non-insurance businesses which now constitute more than 80% of overall reported profits.

State Bank of India (Upgrade to Neutral)

Some worries still there

9
Suresh Ganapathy

Upgrade to Neutral, raise TP by 20% to Rs2,750: We upgrade SBI to Neutral from Underperform and raise our TP by 20% to Rs2,750 mainly on account of higher sustainable RoE emanating out of higher NIMs. Excellent liabilities franchise should arrest margin erosion: SBI with a CASA ratio (low cost deposit mix) of 48% has the best deposit franchise amongst PSU banks as a result of which NIM compression due to rising interest rates could be lower in SBI compared to other banks.

Fresh Money Ideas

Company	Rec	Target px (1cy)	Closing (1cy)	Upside/Downside (%)
Jubilant Lifesciences Limited (JOL IN)	OP	270.00	168.60	60
Jindal Steel and Power (JSP IN)	OP	962.00	679.40	42
Larsen & Toubro (LT IN)	OP	2,215.00	1,639.75	35
Bharat Petroleum (BPCL IN)	OP	788.00	593.50	33
Tata Power (TPWR IN)	OP	1,553.00	1,264.40	23
Reliance Power (RPWR IN)	UP	127.00	113.80	12
MTNL (MTNL IN)				
Maruti Suzuki India (MSIL IN)	UP	1,050.00	1,228.80	-15
State Bank of India (SBI IN)	UP	2,300.00	2,755.30	-17
Idea Cellular (IDEA IN)	UP	35.00	63.30	-45

OP = Outperform, UP = Underperform, N = Neutral
Source: Factset, Macquarie Research estimates
Data as at 21/02/2011



Union Bank of India (Upgrade to Outperform)

10

The worst is likely over

Mudit Painuly

Upgrade to Outperform, raise TP by 28% to Rs405: We are upgrading Union Bank to Outperform from Underperform and raising our target price by 28% to Rs405, mainly due to a 200bp improvement in sustainable ROE to 18% on account of higher NIMs and lower credit charges. Asset quality likely to significantly improve: Nearly 30% of the slippages reported this year for Union Bank have come from restructured assets and agri debt waivers, which are unlikely to be present next year, in our view.

India Infrastructure

11

Takeaways from panel discussion

Inderjeetsingh Bhatia

We hosted an infrastructure panel during our India conference this week. The participants included senior management from top infrastructure companies and private equity investors in India (see table on left hand side). While the considerable investment potential is well known, the panel expected fast resolution on key impediments like clearances, land acquisition, etc.

Guanxi

12

Ideas from across Macquarie and beyond ...

Mark Matthews

Food inflation P pgs. 2-6. Bad weather and China's soaring feed grain needs have caused grain and oilseed prices to spike. Corn futures are up 80% from where they were last summer; soybean and wheat are up 50%. Even the humble potato's price has risen 40%. Politics, developed vs. emerging, China, eye on prices P pgs.

Macquarie Agri-view

13

Near term supply risks are rising for cocoa

Kona Haque

The political unrest in Ivory Coast is not getting any better, while sanctions are crippling the cocoa sector. Cocoa supplies out of the country risk grinding to a halt if the one-month ban imposed on exports is extended into Mar/Apr, when the mid crop commences. Although the global cocoa market is still forecast to be in surplus, the market should prepare for major supply disruptions out of Ivory Coast.

Oil market - week in review

14

Spreading unrest in the Middle East

Jan Stuart

Brent was slightly higher week over week, gaining +1.6% to just over US\$103/b, while WTI continued to show relative weakness, ending the week up +0.6% near US\$86/b. Brent's premium to WTI is slightly lower but still above US\$16/b. The week's economic calendar continued to show a strengthening US recovery, though continued and rising tensions in the Middle East have remained a cause for concern.

China Commodity Call

15

Chinese aluminium market tight in 2H10 and 1H11; China steel update

Bonnie Liu

This week we assess the Chinese aluminium market for 2010 and 2011. We believe that Chinese aluminium stocks fell by 450kt last year, compared to a 760kt increase in 2009. Capacity ramp up slower than anticipated The major reason for this year's deficit is the slower than anticipated ramp up in smelter capacity following last year's closures.

Macquarie Commodities Comment

16

Building a stronger 2011

Hayden Atkins

We review the outlook for global construction, with Chinese construction likely to slow but not disastrously, with construction in the G3 likely to add to the commodity demand for the first time in 3 years. Copper fell 1.1% over the week and underperformed on Friday, with ex-China exchange stocks rising by 14,498t over the week and SHFE stocks up 16,865t over the week.



Incorporating **FRK**, the Global FIG Specialist

INDIA



Inside

FY2012 Outlook – A tale of two halves	2
Liquidity situation to improve in 2QCY11	9
Margin compression likely but should be manageable at 15-20bps	11
Asset quality to improve significantly	14
Credit growth should be strong but challenges do exist	22
Opex issues should be manageable for PSU banks	29
Earnings downgrades could be very limited	31
Basel III – More an issue for growth than solvency	33
Valuations now comfortable – Stocks trading at recent historic averages	36
Top picks – Buy banks leveraged to credit quality improvement cycle	38
Key Investor arguments/push-backs	40
Appendix A – Regional Valuations	42
Company notes	43

Suresh Ganapathy, CFA
+91 22 6653 3042 suresh.ganapathy@macquarie.com
Mudit Painuly
+91 22 6653 3044 mudit.painuly@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

Indian banks

FY2012 Outlook – A tale of two halves

Risk-reward now favourable; we turn positive on financials

We believe FY2012 is likely to be a tale of two halves where the first half is likely to see subdued credit growth and margins whereas the second half is likely to see materially falling credit costs with a recovery in margins. We do see some downside in the near term due to pressure on NIMs and opex due to pensions; however we believe the downside is limited after the sharp underperformance of financials and most of the worries are captured in the price. Earnings downgrades due to NIM compression could be very limited as banks have already surprised positively on margins in 3QFY11 and moreover banks have raised lending rates simultaneously to deposit rate hikes. Positive surprises from lower credit charges (more likely to be back-ended in FY12) should give added cushion to earnings. With valuations now back to comfortable levels, we believe risk-reward at the margin is favourable and we turn positive on Indian financials.

NIM compression – too much pessimism unwarranted

We believe concerns on margin compression are overdone. We have factored in around 20bps NIM compression for FY12E (40ps lower than 3QFY11 NIM levels) which is more than sufficient. NIMs are unlikely to compress to the levels seen during global financial crisis when NIMs went down more than 50bps. This time around deposit rate hikes have been accompanied with lending rate hikes which should arrest margin decline. We are also seeing at the margin a broad-based loan recovery which should impart some pricing power to banks.

Credit charges – the biggest driver of earnings in FY2012

We believe the biggest driver of earnings in FY12E is likely to be sharply falling credit costs due to rapid improvements in asset quality. We expect credit costs to be 20bps lower on an average for the system. Rating agencies have already done a flurry of upgrades indicative of the health of corporate India. Slippages from restructured assets are likely to be minimal and even beleaguered sectors like exports are expected to do well in the wake of global recovery. Retail NPLs have already started coming down. We are adequately building in a slippage ratio of 1.5% for banks in FY12E.

Credit growth could sustain at 20% though challenges exist

Credit growth in our view is unlikely to see the heady levels of 25%+ observed in the past. We expect credit growth to be at 20% levels though in the near term it could come down to sub-17% levels by 1QFY12 due to absence of 3G funding this year. The key issue has been a failure in pick up of capex cycle owing to the delay in project approvals and executions which are bogged down by environmental clearance, fuel linkage issues etc. However even during the global financial crisis credit growth was at 18% and we think a slowdown in infrastructure sector could be partly offset by higher working capital borrowings especially by oil companies and export oriented sectors. Rising interest rates are unlikely to be a major impediment as credit growth even in the past has been robust when rates were rising. The major driving factor is economic buoyancy and rising incomes.

Top picks: leveraged to NPL improvements - ICICI & PSUs

We believe the best way to play the cycle is to take exposure to banks that are significantly leveraged to improvements in asset quality cycle. ICICI Bank is our top pick followed by PSU banks where our top pick is PNB. We upgrade BOI, PNB, Union Bank, IDFC, RCAP to Outperform and SBI and Canara Bank to Neutral.

Please refer to the important disclosures and analyst certification on inside back cover of this document, or on our website www.macquarie.com.au/disclosures.



Incorporating **FKK**, the Global FIG Specialist

INDIA

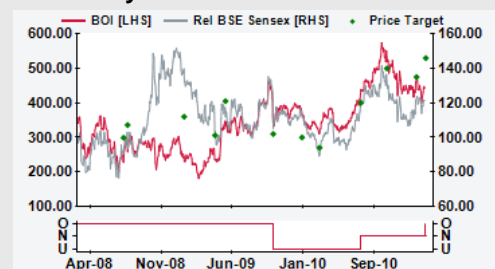
BOI IN Outperform
Price 16 Feb 11 Rs442.75

12-month target	Rs	530.00
Upside/Downside	%	19.7
Valuation	Rs	530.00
<small>- Gordon growth methodology</small>		
GICS sector		Banks
Market cap	Rsm	232,532
30-day avg turnover	US\$m	1.5
Market cap	US\$m	5,144
Number shares on issue	m	525.2

Investment fundamentals

Year end 31 Mar		2010A	2011E	2012E	2013E
Net interest Inc	bn	57.6	74.9	85.6	102.8
Non interest Inc	bn	26.2	24.5	27.2	30.8
Underlying profit	bn	47.0	56.8	63.7	76.7
PBT	bn	24.9	38.9	51.4	62.2
PBT growth	%	-40.1	56.0	32.0	21.2
Reported profit	bn	16.7	26.1	34.4	41.7
EPS rep	Rs	31.74	49.54	65.37	79.20
EPS rep growth	%	-44.4	56.0	32.0	21.2
PER rep	x	13.9	8.9	6.8	5.6
Total DPS	Rs	8.15	7.50	7.50	7.50
Total div yield	%	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
ROA	%	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0
ROE	%	12.1	17.0	19.3	19.7
Equity to assets	%	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.9
P/BV	x	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.0

BOI IN rel BSE Sensex performance, & rec history



Note: Recommendation timeline - if not a continuous line, then there was no Macquarie coverage at the time or there was an embargo period.

Source: FactSet, Macquarie Research, February 2011
(all figures in INR unless noted)

Mudit Painuly

+91 22 6653 3044 mudit.painuly@macquarie.com

Suresh Ganapathy, CFA

+91 22 6653 3042 suresh.ganapathy@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

Bank of India

You can finally bank on this

Event

- We upgrade the stock to Outperform from Neutral as we believe the worst of asset quality is behind the bank. We increase our target price from Rs475 to Rs530.

Impact

- **Asset quality – leaving the worst behind in FY12.** We believe that the worst of asset quality may be finally behind the bank in FY12. Bank of India was one of the first banks to face large slippages from its restructured book. Over time, the slippages have fluctuated in quantum. However, total slippages in 9M FY11 have been significantly lower at 1.5%, compared to 2.9% in FY10. We believe delinquencies will tail off further in FY12E vs FY11E due to the following reasons:
 - ⇒ Already 19% of the restructured book has turned delinquent significantly reducing the scope of further delinquencies from that book. 18% of total delinquencies in 9M11 came in from restructured book.
 - ⇒ Agri debt waiver related delinquencies contributing another 10% of 9M11 delinquencies would not be there.
- **Improving return ratios driven by falling credit costs.** The fall in credit costs should be the key driver in improving profitability of the bank. We expect ROA to expand from the low of 0.7% in FY10 to 0.95% in FY12E. ROE should expand from 12% to 19% in the same period. The improving return ratios in our view justify a higher multiple.
- **Margins' smart pick up – likely to moderate.** NIMs have recovered smartly over FY11 in tandem with the decline in delinquencies and cost of funds. However, we do expect 3Q11 margins to moderate on the back of higher funding costs. Management has stated its intention to improve CASA from the current 32%. However, given the higher interest rates, we believe it would be difficult to do so.
- **Fees still a sore point.** Core fee has struggled to pick up at the bank even though it has a sizeable international presence. We expect some pick-up in fees in FY12E on the back of better corporate lending but should remain moderate overall.

Earnings and target price revision

- We are lowering our FY11E and FY12E earnings by 2–4% on lower margin assumptions offset by lower provisions. We increase our TP by from Rs475 to 530 on back of higher ROE driven by lower credit costs. We upgrade the stock to OP.

Price catalyst

- 12-month price target: Rs530.00 based on a Gordon growth methodology.
- Catalyst: Lower credit costs in FY12E.

Action and recommendation

- We believe the improving return ratios driven by falling credit costs should drive a multiple expansion. Our TP values the stock at 1.8x FY12E BVPS.



Incorporating **FPK**, the Global FIG Specialist

INDIA

CBK IN Neutral
Price 16 Feb 11 Rs590.00

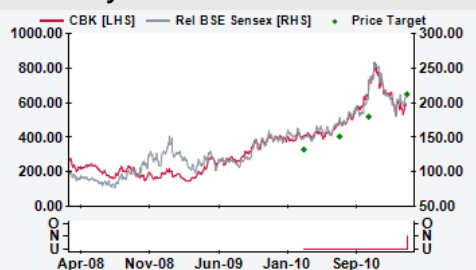
12-month target Rs 650.00
Upside/Downside % 10.2
Valuation Rs 650.00

GICS sector Banks
Market cap Rsm 241,900
30-day avg turnover US\$m 1.8
Market cap US\$m 5,351
Number shares on issue m 410.0

Investment fundamentals

Year end 31 Mar		2010A	2011E	2012E	2013E
Net interest Inc	bn	56.8	79.4	92.3	109.4
Non interest Inc	bn	28.6	24.2	26.5	29.0
Underlying profit	bn	53.6	58.9	65.4	77.0
PBT	bn	38.2	51.4	56.2	66.7
Recurring profit	bn	38.2	51.4	56.2	66.7
CFPS	Rs nmf	nmf	nmf	nmf	nmf
Equity to assets	%	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.7
EV/EBITDA	x	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.0
PER rep	x	8.0	5.9	5.4	4.6
Total DPS	Rs	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Total div yield	%	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
ROA	%	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2
ROE	%	22.5	24.9	21.9	21.4
Equity to assets	%	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.7
P/BV	x	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.9

CBK IN rel BSE Sensex performance, & rec history



Note: Recommendation timeline - if not a continuous line, then there was no Macquarie coverage at the time or there was an embargo period.

Source: FactSet, Macquarie Research, February 2011
(all figures in INR unless noted)

Mudit Painuly

+91 22 6653 3044 mudit.painuly@macquarie.com

Suresh Ganapathy, CFA

+91 22 6653 3042 suresh.ganapathy@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

Canara Bank

Cheap valuations but concerns do remain; Upgrade to Neutral

Event

- **Upgrade to Neutral** - We upgrade Canara Bank to Neutral from Underperform given cheaper valuations and a better asset quality outlook. Our TP increases from Rs520 to Rs650 chiefly driven by a 150bp improvement in sustainable ROE.

Impact

- **Asset quality – done a better job than peers.** The bank has done a better job than its peers on delinquencies. Total slippages out of the restructured book have also been at ~7.5% vs 9-18% for peers. Recoveries have been encouraging, increasing 25%YoY in 9M11 over 9M10. Delinquencies for FY11 are likely to be ~1.4% better than its peers. With the macro environment improving, we believe the delinquencies should come further down in FY12. Accordingly we have cut our credit cost estimates for FY12E and FY13E driving the earnings increase.
- **Some potential asset quality risks do remain** in the form of slippages from the restructured book increasing and also automation of NPL recognition where management is facing difficulty in automating all accounts by March 2011, particularly for agri accounts.
- **Poor CASA means NIMs more vulnerable.** Poor CASA ratio of 29% remains the biggest concern with the bank. Accordingly we believe NIM compression for Canara may be higher than its peer banks, moderating its earnings. Management has been optimistic on increasing the CASA, but we believe that may be difficult to achieve with rising retail term deposit rates.
- **ROEs at ~21%.** We believe that credit costs in FY12 are unlikely to increase significantly and the bank is likely to achieve ROEs of ~21%. We therefore believe that bank should trade at slightly higher multiples. However given the concerns on the poor liabilities franchise, we believe the bank should trade at a discount to its peers. Our TP values the stock at 1.5x adjusted FY12 BVPS vs 1.4x currently and compared to ~1.8x for its peers.

Earnings and target price revision

- We have increased our FY12E and FY13E earnings by 8% and 9% respectively. The earnings increase has been driven by a reduction in credit costs for the two years. Our TP increases by 25% to Rs650 driven by an improvement of 150bp in sustainable ROE.

Price catalyst

- 12-month price target: Rs650.00 based on a Gordon Growth methodology.
- Catalyst: Better asset quality in FY12.

Action and recommendation

- **Fairly priced.** The asset quality outlook has improved for the stock. However given the poor liabilities franchise, we believe the stock should trade at a discount to peers. Our TP values the stock at 1.5x FY12 adjusted BVPS.



Incorporating **FRK**, the Global FIG Specialist

INDIA

IDFC IN **Outperform**
Price 16 Feb 11 **Rs138.65**

12-month target	Rs	170.00
Upside/Downside	%	22.6
Valuation	Rs	170.00
- Sum of Parts		
GICS sector	Diversified Financials	
Market cap	Rsm	202,560
Market cap	US\$m	4,451
Number shares on issue	m	1,461

Investment fundamentals

Year end 31 Mar		2010A	2011E	2012E	2013E
Net interest Inc	m	11,170	13,753	17,179	20,292
Non interest Inc	m	9,900	11,098	13,171	15,445
Underlying profit	m	15,580	19,346	23,646	27,379
PBT	m	14,280	17,589	21,281	24,324
PBT growth	%	38.1	23.2	21.0	14.3
Recurring profit	m	14,280	17,589	21,281	24,324
Reported profit	m	10,620	13,015	15,535	17,759
Adjusted profit	m	10,620	13,015	15,535	17,759
EPS rep	Rs	8.17	8.92	10.30	11.77
EPS rep growth	%	41.4	9.3	15.4	14.3
EPS adj	Rs	8.17	8.92	10.30	11.77
EPS adj growth	%	41.4	9.3	15.4	14.3
PER rep	x	17.0	15.5	13.5	11.8
PER adj	x	17.0	15.5	13.5	11.8
Total DPS	Rs	1.75	1.92	2.12	2.33
Total div yield	%	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7
ROA	%	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.7
ROE	%	16.1	14.7	13.3	13.2
Equity to assets	%	20.1	23.1	21.8	18.9
EV/EBITDA	x	12.6	11.5	9.8	8.6
P/BV	x	2.6	1.9	1.6	1.5

IDFC IN rel BSE Sensex performance, & rec history



Note: Recommendation timeline - if not a continuous line, then there was no Macquarie coverage at the time or there was an embargo period.

Source: FactSet, Macquarie Research, February 2011
(all figures in INR unless noted)

Suresh Ganapathy, CFA
+91 22 6653 3042 suresh.ganapathy@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

IDFC

Concerns well in the price

Event

- **Upgrade to Outperform and raise TP by 5% to Rs170:** We upgrade IDFC to Outperform after a sharp price correction and increase our TP by 5% to Rs170 due to a minor cost of equity adjustment.

Impact

- **NIM decline already factored in:** We have factored in close to 50bps decline in NIMs over the next two years which we believe is sufficient. NIMs are unlikely to decline to the levels seen during the previous rising rate cycle as IDFC after getting the infrastructure financing company status has access to external commercial borrowings, retail tax free bonds and greater access to bank funding all of which could ease pressure on cost of funds.
- **Loan growth could be in the range of 25-30%:** Despite the macro headwinds and the ongoing delays in infrastructure projects, management expects loan growth to be around 25-30% over the next two years. They have assessed their sanction pipeline thoroughly and they believe documentation is in place and don't see any issues with respect to achieving a 25-30% loan growth for the next two years.
- **Prudential provisioning an added advantage:** Despite having reported nil increase in NPLs for the past few years, IDFC has been making provisions close to 50-60bps of outstanding loans which is encouraging. Most of the other infrastructure financing peers are currently not making any prudential provisions.
- **Fee income businesses to be under pressure:** We expect investment banking and asset management business to be under pressure owing to increased competition and regulatory changes respectively. Environment for further mobilisation of funds in their private and project equity structures doesn't look conducive either.

Earnings and target price revision

- No EPS changes. However we increase our TP by a modest 5% to Rs170 on account of minor change due to cost of equity. As a result our target multiple increases from 1.8x to 1.9x.

Price catalyst

- 12-month price target: Rs170.00 based on a Sum of Parts methodology.
- Catalyst: Strong loan growth and stable asset quality

Action and recommendation

- **Good price point to enter:** With IDFC having corrected 35% from its peak we believe the current price offers an attractive entry point. Upgrade to Outperform with TP of Rs170.



Incorporating **FKK**, the Global FIG Specialist

INDIA

PNB IN Outperform

Price 16 Feb 11 Rs1,100.95

12-month target Rs 1,300.00

Upside/Downside % 18.1

Valuation Rs 1,300.00

- Gordon Growth Model
Gordon Growth Model

GICS sector Banks

Market cap Rsm 347,132

30-day avg turnover US\$m 0.9

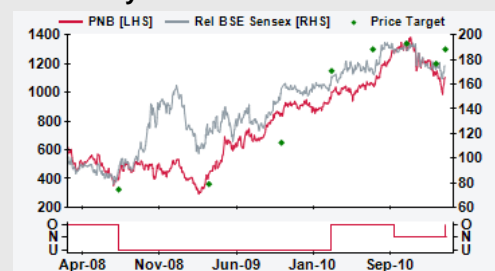
Market cap US\$m 7,628

Number shares on issue m 315.3

Investment fundamentals

Year end 31 Mar		2010A	2011E	2012E	2013E
Net interest Inc	bn	87.2	116.6	132.6	159.0
Non interest Inc	bn	33.7	32.9	37.7	43.1
Underlying profit	bn	73.3	86.1	98.3	121.0
PBT	bn	59.0	63.9	80.7	99.9
PBT growth	%	23.9	8.2	26.4	23.8
Recurring profit	bn	59.0	63.9	80.7	99.9
Reported profit	bn	39.1	43.2	52.5	64.9
Adjusted profit	bn	39.1	43.2	52.5	64.9
EPS rep	Rs	123.85	136.91	166.35	205.92
EPS rep growth	%	26.3	10.5	21.5	23.8
EPS adj	Rs	123.85	136.91	166.35	205.92
EPS adj growth	%	26.3	10.5	21.5	23.8
PER rep	x	8.9	8.0	6.6	5.3
PER adj	x	8.9	8.0	6.6	5.3
Total DPS	Rs	12.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
Total div yield	%	1.1	1.8	1.8	1.8
ROA	%	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4
ROE	%	24.1	22.1	22.3	22.7
Equity to assets	%	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1
EV/EBITDA	x	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.3
P/BV	x	2.0	1.6	1.3	1.1

PNB IN rel BSE Sensex performance, & rec history



Note: Recommendation timeline - if not a continuous line, then there was no Macquarie coverage at the time or there was an embargo period.

Source: FactSet, Macquarie Research, February 2011

(all figures in INR unless noted)

Suresh Ganapathy, CFA

+91 22 6653 3042 suresh.ganapathy@macquarie.com

Mudit Painuly

+91 22 6653 3044 mudit.painuly@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

Punjab National Bank

Pain over now with some gains

Event

- **Upgrade to Outperform:** We upgrade PNB to Outperform from Neutral and increase our TP by 8% to Rs1,300 due to a 100bp increase in PNB's sustainable ROE to 19%. After the recent sharp correction, we believe the current stock price offers an attractive entry point.

Impact

- **Credit costs to decline significantly in FY12:** We expect credit costs for PNB to decline from 80bps in FY11E to 50bps in FY12E, mainly due to lower slippages from restructured assets and the conscious decision by the bank to reduce sensitive sector exposures like commercial real estate. Accordingly, we expect earnings growth to be strong at 20% over the next two years.
- **Cushion of high margins – the biggest positive:** In an environment of continued pressure on asset quality and opex due to pensions, a high margin structure is essential to maintain profitability, in our view, and we think PNB has done a commendable job of raising its NIMs to 4.15%. Although we think it is unlikely to be sustained at current levels, we expect PNB's NIMs to stay around 3.7%, which is still one of the best in the sector.
- **Excellent deposit franchise:** PNB's CASA ratio at 40% is second to SBI, and we think it is likely to protect NIMs in a rising rate environment. As the bank predominantly has a presence in the northern part of the country, its CASA is structurally higher than its peers and we believe PNB has successfully demonstrated in the past an ability to keep CASA at those levels.
- **One of the best return ratios among PSU banks:** The bank has consistently maintained an ROA of around 1.3-1.4% and an ROE above 20% for several quarters now, which is quite encouraging and, hence, deserving of premium valuations, in our view.
- **Management stability an added positive:** PNB's CMD is likely to stay with the bank for the next four years, which we view as very comforting, as management changes in PSU banks can be quite disruptive at times.

Earnings and target price revision

- Minor EPS changes. We have increased our TP by 8% to Rs1,300, mainly due to a 100bps increase in PNB's sustainable ROE to 19% from higher NIMs.

Price catalyst

- 12-month price target: Rs1,300.00 based on a Gordon Growth Model methodology.
- Catalyst: Improvement in asset quality and lower credit costs.

Action and recommendation

- **One of our favourites among PSU banks:** The ability of PNB to consistently maintain its margins at high levels gives us confidence that its strong return ratios are here to stay. We upgrade PNB to Outperform from Neutral.



Incorporating **FKK**, the Global FIG Specialist

INDIA

RCAPT IN Outperform

Price 16 Feb 11 Rs476.55

12-month target Rs 600.00

Upside/Downside % 25.9

Valuation Rs 600.00

- Sum of parts

GICS sector Diversified Financials

Market cap Rsm 117,056

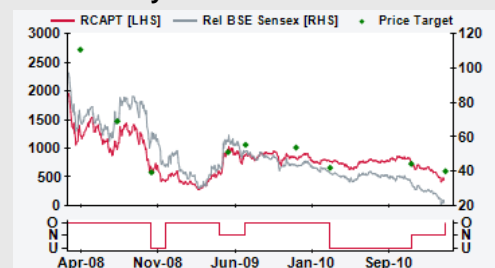
Market cap US\$m 2,572

Number shares on issue m 245.6

Investment fundamentals

Year end 31 Mar		2010A	2011E	2012E	2013E
Net interest Inc	m	6,247	5,647	6,040	6,513
Non interest Inc	m	41,835	45,851	52,599	60,876
Underlying profit	m	5,923	7,361	9,402	11,546
PBT	m	5,923	7,361	9,402	11,546
PBT growth	%	-50.8	24.3	27.7	22.8
Recurring profit	m	5,923	7,361	9,402	11,546
Reported profit	m	4,432	5,521	6,863	8,428
Adjusted profit	m	4,432	5,521	6,863	8,428
EPS rep	Rs	18.00	22.43	27.88	34.24
EPS rep growth	%	-56.7	24.6	24.3	22.8
EPS adj	Rs	18.00	22.43	27.88	34.24
EPS adj growth	%	-56.7	24.6	24.3	22.8
PER rep	x	26.5	21.2	17.1	13.9
PER adj	x	26.5	21.2	17.1	13.9
Total DPS	Rs	7.59	8.00	8.00	8.00
Total div yield	%	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
ROA	%	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.6
ROE	%	5.8	7.0	8.3	9.5
Equity to assets	%	29.5	24.2	19.2	14.4
EV/EBITDA	x	18.3	14.7	11.5	9.4
P/BV	x	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3

RCAPT IN rel BSE Sensex performance, & rec history



Note: Recommendation timeline - if not a continuous line, then there was no Macquarie coverage at the time or there was an embargo period.

Source: FactSet, Macquarie Research, February 2011
(all figures in INR unless noted)

Suresh Ganapathy, CFA

+91 22 6653 3042 suresh.ganapathy@macquarie.com

Mudit Painuly

+91 22 6653 3044 mudit.painuly@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

Reliance Capital

At distressed valuations: Upgrade to Outperform

Event

- **Upgrade to Outperform on improving profitability in non-life businesses:** We upgrade Reliance Capital to Outperform. However, we reduce our TP by 18% to Rs600 due to very conservative assumptions on life insurance business valuation. In our view, the results of the past two quarters demonstrate improving profitability across its non-insurance businesses which now constitute more than 80% of overall reported profits.

Impact

- **AMC business – profitability is improving:** The improved profitability in the AMC business is mainly on account of cost rationalisation as well as a change in product mix. The company has increased its exposure to the retail debt portfolio where the charges/fees are 70–80bps.
- **Consumer finance – lower losses in unsecured segment:** Losses in the unsecured segment have been consistently coming down and the personal loans portfolio now stands at less than 3% of the overall loan book. The gross NPLs are down to 2% from the 5.2% level observed about 12 months ago.
- **Broking and distribution business – profit margins are increasing:** The consolidation exercise in terms of cost rationalisation carried out last year is now paying dividends in the form of improvement in profit margins in its distribution as well as broking business where pre-tax profit margins have more than doubled, from 7% to 16% in a year.
- **Life insurance business – healthy NBAP margins this quarter:** The life business has been reporting close to 18% NBAP margins. We have built in 12% NBAP margins into our numbers, thereby providing sufficient cushion. YTD (April–Dec'10) new business premiums have declined 16% YoY and we have factored around a 30% decline for FY11E.

Earnings and target price revision

- No EPS changes. We reduce our TP by 18% to Rs600 mainly on account of reducing our insurance valuation of the business from Rs461 to Rs318. We are now assuming a 30% decline in FY11E new business premiums compared to flat premiums assumed earlier.

Price catalyst

- 12-month price target: Rs600.00 based on a Sum of parts methodology.
- Catalyst: Further increase in profitability of AMC, consumer finance business.

Action and recommendation

- **Upgrade to Outperform with TP of Rs600:** Reliance Capital is down 30% since the start of the year and 45% over the past six months and we believe the current price offers an attractive entry point. Reiterate Outperform.



Incorporating **FPK**, the Global FIG Specialist

INDIA

SBIN IN Neutral

Price 16 Feb 11 Rs2,752.95

12-month target Rs 2,750.00

Upside/Downside % -0.1

Valuation Rs 2,750.00

- Sum of parts

GICS sector Banks

Market cap Rsbn 1,748

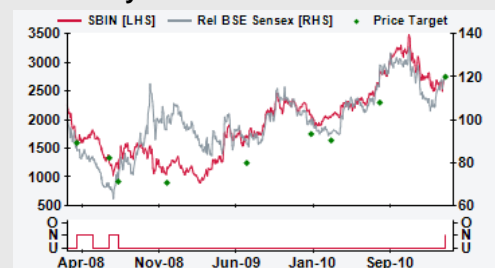
Market cap US\$m 38,412

Number shares on issue m 635.0

Investment fundamentals

Year end 31 Mar		2010A	2011E	2012E	2013E
Net interest Inc	bn	334.4	440.0	483.0	575.6
Non interest Inc	bn	337.7	345.9	417.1	497.3
Underlying profit	bn	248.0	318.1	362.6	447.9
PBT	bn	186.8	195.8	253.4	314.6
PBT growth	%	2.3	4.8	29.4	24.1
Recurring profit	bn	186.8	195.8	253.4	314.6
Reported profit	bn	120.2	127.3	162.2	204.5
Adjusted profit	bn	120.2	127.3	162.2	204.5
EPS rep	Rs	189.26	200.48	227.94	287.35
EPS rep growth	%	3.5	5.9	13.7	26.1
EPS adj	Rs	189.26	200.48	227.94	287.35
EPS adj growth	%	3.5	5.9	13.7	26.1
PER rep	x	14.5	13.7	12.1	9.6
PER adj	x	14.5	13.7	12.1	9.6
Total DPS	Rs	30.00	34.00	37.00	37.00
Total div yield	%	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3
ROA	%	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9
ROE	%	15.5	14.4	14.9	15.4
Equity to assets	%	5.7	5.5	6.0	5.6
EV/EBITDA	x	4.7	4.5	4.3	3.5
P/BV	x	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.4

SBIN IN rel BSE Sensex performance, & rec history



Note: Recommendation timeline - if not a continuous line, then there was no Macquarie coverage at the time or there was an embargo period.

Source: FactSet, Macquarie Research, February 2011

(all figures in INR unless noted)

Suresh Ganapathy, CFA

+91 22 6653 3042 suresh.ganapathy@macquarie.com

Mudit Painuly

+91 22 6653 3044 mudit.painuly@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

State Bank of India

Some worries still there

Event

- **Upgrade to Neutral, raise TP by 20% to Rs2,750:** We upgrade SBI to Neutral from Underperform and raise our TP by 20% to Rs2,750 mainly on account of higher sustainable RoE emanating out of higher NIMs.

Impact

- **Excellent liabilities franchise should arrest margin erosion:** SBI with a CASA ratio (low cost deposit mix) of 48% has the best deposit franchise amongst PSU banks as a result of which NIM compression due to rising interest rates could be lower in SBI compared to other banks. SBI also has close to Rs500bn (6% of deposits) of high cost deposits taken at 10.5%+ rates during Oct'08-Dec'08 coming up for repricing in FY12 which could give some cushion. Also the bank has been steadily reducing its recourse to bulk deposits which is very encouraging.
- **Near-term pressure on asset quality to continue:** SBI's slippage ratio continues to be high and we expect the asset quality to be under pressure in the near term. The bank has yet to reach an NPL coverage ratio of 70% and moreover it has yet to provide close to Rs5bn for teaser loans. As a result we expect credit charges to remain high in the near term thereby potentially resulting in weak earnings growth in the near term.
- **Pensions could negatively surprise us:** SBI has yet to account for pensions according to the ninth bipartite settlement. Moreover, the subsidiaries have yet to provide for the second pension option. The current pension calculation also uses aggressive assumptions like a lower wage hike and higher discount rate to arrive at the pension liability, and hence we believe there could be a negative surprise on opex due to pensions.
- **Management change could cause some temporary instability:** The incumbent Chairman Mr. Bhatt retires by the end of March-11 and is likely to be taken over by the international business head Mr. Pratip Chaudhuri in April. There could be some uncertainty with respect to the following strategy, thereby resulting in some temporary instability.

Earnings and target price revision

- We raise our TP by 20% mainly on account of an increasing sustainable RoE by 200bps to 18% on account of higher margins. Consequently we raise our target FY12 P/BV multiple from 1.3x to 1.6x.

Price catalyst

- 12-month price target: Rs2,750.00 based on a Sum of parts methodology.
- Catalyst: Weak earnings growth in 4Q FY11/1Q FY12.

Action and recommendation

- **Near-term worries, Upgrade to Neutral:** We believe in the near term there could be pressure on earnings due to higher credit costs and opex. We upgrade to Neutral with a TP of Rs2,750.



Incorporating **FPK**, the Global FIG Specialist

INDIA

UNBK IN Outperform

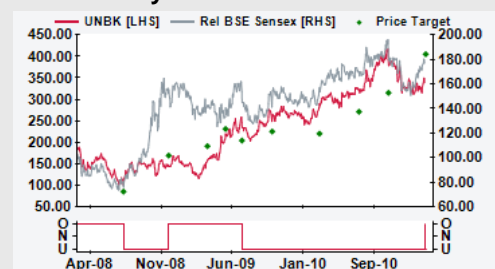
Price 16 Feb 11 Rs347.00

12-month target	Rs	405.00
Upside/Downside	%	16.7
Valuation	Rs	405.00
- Gordon Growth		
GICS sector		Banks
Market cap	Rsm	175,276
30-day avg turnover	US\$m	0.4
Market cap	US\$m	3,851
Number shares on issue	m	505.1

Investment fundamentals

Year end 31 Mar		2010A	2011E	2012E	2013E
Net interest Inc	bn	41.3	60.1	69.8	81.0
Non interest Inc	bn	20.4	19.5	22.0	23.3
Underlying profit	bn	36.6	46.1	51.6	58.5
PBT	bn	28.3	30.3	39.1	45.7
PBT growth	%	20.8	6.8	29.3	16.8
Recurring profit	bn	28.3	30.3	39.1	45.7
Reported profit	bn	20.7	21.2	27.4	32.0
Adjusted profit	bn	20.7	21.2	27.4	32.0
EPS rep	Rs	41.08	41.94	54.21	63.32
EPS rep growth	%	20.2	2.1	29.3	16.8
EPS adj	Rs	41.08	41.94	54.21	63.32
EPS adj growth	%	20.2	2.1	29.3	16.8
PER rep	x	8.4	8.3	6.4	5.5
PER adj	x	8.4	8.3	6.4	5.5
Total DPS	Rs	5.50	5.00	5.00	5.00
Total div yield	%	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.4
ROA	%	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0
ROE	%	21.7	18.7	20.3	19.8
Equity to assets	%	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.3
EV/EBITDA	x	1.3	1.3	1.0	0.8
P/BV	x	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.0

UNBK IN rel BSE Sensex performance, & rec history



Note: Recommendation timeline - if not a continuous line, then there was no Macquarie coverage at the time or there was an embargo period.

Source: FactSet, Macquarie Research, February 2011
(all figures in INR unless noted)

Mudit Painuly

+91 22 6653 3044 mudit.painuly@macquarie.com

Suresh Ganapathy, CFA

+91 22 6653 3042 suresh.ganapathy@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

Union Bank of India

The worst is likely over

Event

- **Upgrade to Outperform, raise TP by 28% to Rs405:** We are upgrading Union Bank to Outperform from Underperform and raising our target price by 28% to Rs405, mainly due to a 200bp improvement in sustainable ROE to 18% on account of higher NIMs and lower credit charges.

Impact

- **Asset quality likely to significantly improve:** Nearly 30% of the slippages reported this year for Union Bank have come from restructured assets and agri debt waivers, which are unlikely to be present next year, in our view. Slippages from restructured assets have already reached 18%, and we do not see many slippages from this portfolio from next year onward. Consequently, we expect credit costs to come down significantly, from 110bp in FY11 to 60bp by FY12.
- **Liabilities franchise is also improving:** Union Bank has done a good job of improving its CASA ratio from 31% to 33% over the past 12 months, driven by rapid opening of new branches over the past few years. The bank has also invested heavily in rebranding and technology, due to which the liabilities franchise is steadily improving.
- **Return ratios to improve:** We expect ROE to drop by 300bp YoY in FY11E but to improve by 160bp to 20% in FY12E, driven by strong earnings growth of 29%.
- **Current CMD could get an extension:** Mr. Nair, who is currently the CMD of Union Bank, could possibly get an extension when his tenure expires in April 2011. The retirement age for CMDs of PSU banks is 60, and we believe Mr. Nair could get a one-year extension. Thus, we do not believe there will be instability due to management change at the bank.

Earnings and target price revision

- We are increasing our earnings for FY11E and FY12E by 2% and 9%, respectively, on account of lower credit costs. We are increasing our target price by 28% to Rs405, due mainly to a 200bp improvement in sustainable ROE to 18% on account of higher NIMs and lower credit charges.

Price catalyst

- 12-month price target: Rs405.00 based on a Gordon Growth methodology.
- Catalyst: Improvement in asset quality, strong earnings growth.

Action and recommendation

- **Worst is over, current price offers a good entry point:** With asset quality expected to improve, earnings growth is likely to be strong, and we believe the current price offers an attractive entry point. Upgrade to Outperform with a new TP of Rs405.



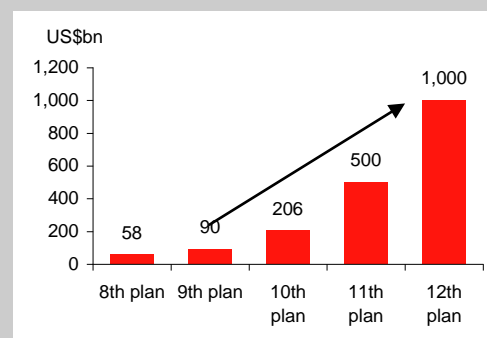
INDIA

Speakers in infrastructure panel

Person	Designation	Company
Anil Ahuja	Head (India invsts)	3i Singapore
Issac George	CFO	GVK Power
Lalit Jalan	CEO	Reliance Infrastructure
Rohit Modi	Deputy MD	Gammon Infrastructure
Samir Palod	Partner	3i India

Source: Macquarie Research, February 2011

Infra spending will double in 12th plan



Source: Planning commission of India, Macquarie Research, February 2011

India Infrastructure

Takeaways from panel discussion

Event

- We hosted an infrastructure panel during our India conference this week. The participants included senior management from top infrastructure companies and private equity investors in India (see table on left hand side).
- While the considerable investment potential is well known, the panel expected fast resolution on key impediments like clearances, land acquisition, etc. from the government to fast track development in this sector.

Impact

- **Award activity to resume in roads sector:** The hiatus in road sector awards is likely to end in FY12 with the appointment of the new road minister. The awarding activity after being hit by low base in FY10–11, would show a major improvement in FY12. Pickup in broader infrastructure projects awards is contingent on improvement in government action.
- **Concerns on environmental approvals easing:** Recent concerns of projects in various stages of construction getting impacted by environmental clearances have eased in the recent past. The environmental minister has cleared certain key projects like 6m ton steel plant of Jindal Steel and Power (JSP IN, Rs680, OP, TP: Rs962, covered by Rakesh Arora) and resolving no-go areas for coal mines with the coal ministry. This is likely to spur activities and reduce delays in the infra space.
- **Long time taken in dispute resolution is a major area of concern:** Dispute resolution in the infrastructure space tends to be a long-drawn process which can hurt the developers' interests. While regulations in sectors like roads and power sectors are mature, helping them attract high investor interest, the evolution of regulations in the airport sector has been a major worry area for most of the investors and developers.
- **Regulatory clearances continue to be the key bottlenecks:** Large gap between planned and actual expenditure and physical asset creation in infrastructure space in 5-year plans has been largely due to delay in securing regulatory clearances for the projects.
- **Roads can remain competitive with contractors entering the space:** The road sector may continue to witness high competition for some more time to come with big engineering and construction contractors entering the asset owner business. However, irrational bidding from companies may ease as they may find equity raising to be challenging in soft equity markets.

Outlook

- **Long-term story remains intact despite near-term concerns:** We believe that the Indian infrastructure is intact despite near-term hiccups like environmental clearances, land acquisition, etc.
- **Play the secular infra growth story through our top picks – LT and CRG:** L&T with no promoter holding and unparalleled execution capabilities is our top pick in the large cap infrastructure space in India. We also like CRG which is poised to benefit from the upcoming mega T&D capex in India.

Inderjeetsingh Bhatia

+91 22 6653 3166 iinderjeet.bhatia@macquarie.com

Abhishek Bhandari

+91 22 6653 3065 abhishek.bhandari@macquarie.com

21 February 2011



ASIA



Alternative inflation indices

Macquarie thematic strategist Peter Eadon-Clarke wrote about soft commodity prices and their implications in his 18 Feb 69-page [report](#). Whereas the Global Financial Crisis stopped prices from rising further in 2008, Peter says this time we won't be so lucky.

Indeed, it seems these days everyone is sounding the alarm on inflation. But is it flavour of the month, or something more serious?

Using software that continually scans the websites of retailers around the world, professors at MIT have been running [Daily Price Indices](#) since Oct-07. The chart to the right shows the US one vs. the CPI Index. It's a short chart, yet two observations can be made:

1. Since Jul-08, prices are only up 2.3%, which is not the sort of thing that will make the Fed panic. In fact, it should rejoice.
2. Since Jun-10, the index began diverging from CPI, and is now rising at a very sharp pace. If it continues, it certainly has implications for interest rates, markets, etc.. *... Continued on page 2*

Mark Matthews
65 6231 2841 mark.matthews@macquarie.com

21 February 2011

Guanxi

Ideas from across Macquarie and beyond ...

Inside

Food inflation ⇒ pgs. [2-6](#). Bad weather and China's soaring feed grain needs have caused grain and oilseed prices to spike. Corn futures are up 80% from where they were last summer; soybean and wheat are up 50%. Even the humble potato's price has risen 40%.

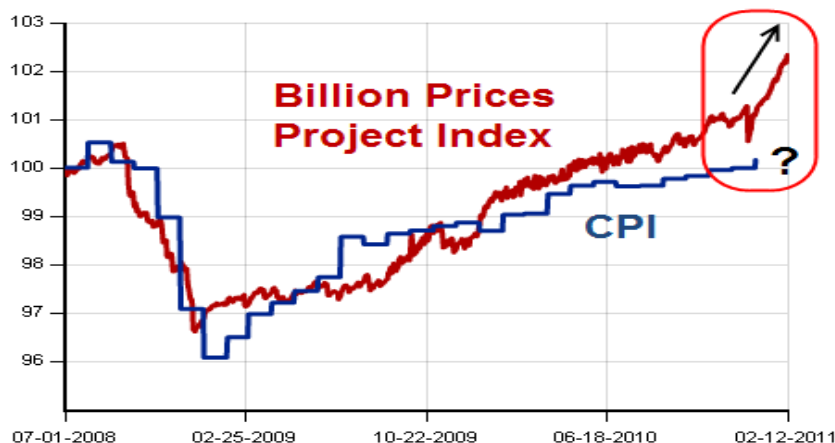
Politics, developed vs. emerging, China, eye on prices ⇒ pgs. [6-11](#). When food prices get to a certain level, wealthy people eat less beef and pork, and more chicken. People in the middle eat less chicken, and more rice and potatoes. And those already living on rice and potatoes have to eat less food. This explains, at least in part, the turmoil in the Middle East, which in turn has caused oil prices to rise.

In your scribe's view, soft commodities are the new oil. If prices go down, the Asian markets that have been hit by inflation worries are a buy, and vice versa. Macquarie soft commodities strategist Kona Haque says the next four months is "all about the weather", but longer term, prices won't come down to pre-2007 levels unless there are two very good crop years.

Quantitative analysis, Thailand, BIGC Supercenter ⇒ pgs. [12-17](#). The Macquarie quantitative research team's country model has a proven record of outperformance. Western markets rank better than Asian markets this month, but Thailand is an anomaly, ranking right at the top of all of them. A major exporter of soft commodities, many of Thailand's "upcountry" (ex-Bangkok) residents have seen their incomes rise exponentially in the past 5 years as a result. A great way to get exposure to upcountry Thailand is through BIGC, which operates 71 superstores across Thailand. Its recent acquisition of Carrefour adds another 42 stores, whose margins can be improved as the two integrate. The stock has 35% upside to our NAV.

Plus: Upcoming events ⇒ pg. [17](#). **Interesting articles** ⇒ pgs. [19-24](#).

The Billions Prices Project Index vs. CPI, since July 2008

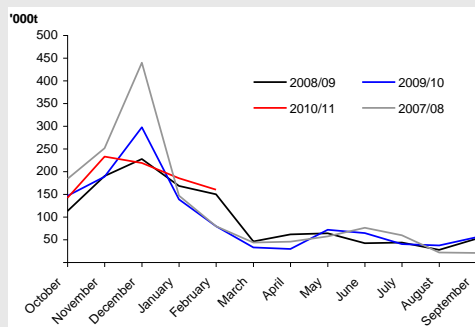


Source: bpp.mit.edu



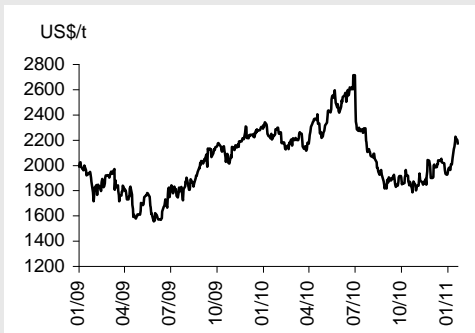
GLOBAL

Ivory Coast cocoa arrivals – strong pace will stop soon



Source: Macquarie Research, February 2011

London cocoa futures – rallying due to uncertainty in Ivory Coast



Source: Macquarie Research, February 2011

Macquarie Agri-view

Near term supply risks are rising for cocoa

Feature article

- The political unrest in Ivory Coast is not getting any better, while sanctions are crippling the cocoa sector. Cocoa supplies out of the country risk grinding to a halt if the one-month ban imposed on exports is extended into Mar/Apr, when the mid crop commences. Although the global cocoa market is still forecast to be in surplus, the market should prepare for major supply disruptions out of Ivory Coast. This, in turn, will raise the upside risks for prices in the short term to \$3,700/t as we approach the second quarter.

Latest market update

- **Sugar** prices moved sideways this week, after retreating to 30c/lb last Friday. The continued deferral of demand by consumers and importers in view of high front month prices is dampening prices. The white sugar premium is particularly under pressure due to weak refinery demand and good availability of Thai and Indian whites (Macquarie remains of the view that this premium will have to rise sharply in H2 when the refined market is set to tighten). Signs of easing food inflation in India, coupled with growing pressure from mills complaining of declining margins, are reigniting speculation that India may export 500kt of sugar next month. Good rains in CS Brazil, along with brownfield expansion in sugar production capacity should see 1-2mt of additional sugar production in the upcoming crop. However, as explained in our report last week, the market will need this, as import demand is set to intensify from next quarter.
- **Coffee** futures soared to yet new highs to 267c/lb this week amid a lack of origin sales, new speculative interest and industry buying. Roasters are still not adequately covered, and remain a supportive factor to the rally as they keep buying on dips. Despite data from Central America showing a rise in exports in the Oct-Jan season so far from last year, this has failed to prevent the rally in price. Instead, the market is looking to the prospects of a smaller mitaca crop in Colombia next quarter (the current supply problems due to the truck strike notwithstanding), as well as the daunting “off year” in Brazil. With Brazilians around 75% sold out of the old crop, and ICE stocks continuing to fall, the scramble to secure good quality coffee will intensify, and we remain very bullish the Arabica market.
- **Cotton's** gravity-defying ascent took prices closer to the 200c/lb mark this week. A series of limit-up prices moves on ICE have seen cotton futures rise over 40% since beginning 2011. Even at these lofty prices it is clear that demand destruction is proving to be much harder than thought, with entities across the mills/textiles/retail chain successfully passing on or absorbing the cost increases. The still-strong US export sales pace is creating a sense of panic that US cotton supplies will dry out in a few months - well before the new crops are due, further depleting ending stocks. Strong price increases in corn, wheat and soybeans is also spilling over to forward dated cotton futures, which needs to remain attractive enough on a comparative basis to ensure it gains maximum acreage during the upcoming US planting period

Kona Haque
+44 20 3037 4334 kona.haque@macquarie.com
Alex Bos
+44 20 3037 4280 alexander.bos@macquarie.com

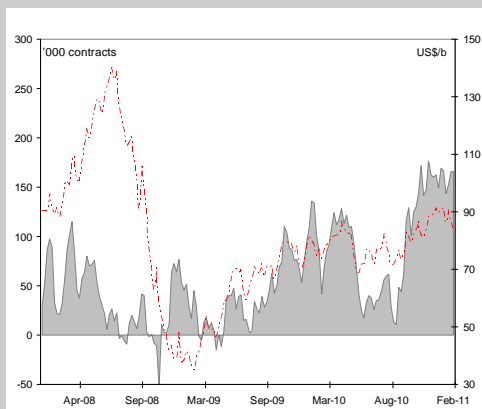
18 February 2011



The Global Commodities Specialist

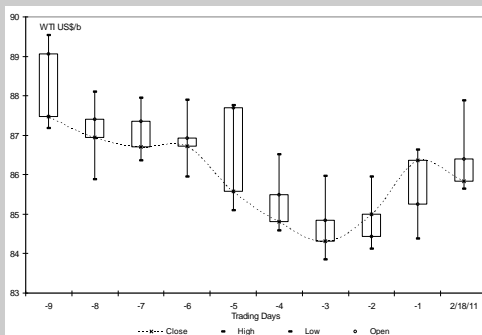
GLOBAL

WTI net spec futures position vs price



Source: CFTC, Macquarie Capital (USA), February 2011

WTI futures two-week trading action



Source: Bloomberg, Macquarie Capital (USA), February 2011

Oil market: week in review

Spreading unrest in the Middle East

- Brent was slightly higher week over week, gaining +1.6% to just over US\$103/b, while WTI continued to show relative weakness, ending the week up +0.6% near US\$86/b. Brent's premium to WTI is slightly lower but still above US\$16/b. The week's economic calendar continued to show a strengthening US recovery, though continued and rising tensions in the Middle East have remained a cause for concern. Spot correlation between crude and other macro benchmarks (FX, equities and US treasuries) was insignificant. DOE data was constructive for the first time in several weeks, with a small headline crude build, a large draw in product stocks, and a healthy rebound in demand. The CFTC report showed no change in non-commercial net futures positions, while total open interest increased to a new 40-month high.
- Equity markets had another strong week, rallying to end the week at new pre-crisis highs on Friday. The S&P500 gained +1.0% w/w to close above 1342.
- Looking forward, we are becoming increasingly concerned with the unrest in the Middle East and Northern Africa, and continue to keep a close watch on the region, but particularly the oil producing nations.

CFTC Commitments of traders report

Disaggregated data on WTI crude oil contracts ('000 contracts)

	NYMEX WTI	1 week chg	1 month chg
Non-Commercial			
Net Position	165514	6	-1037
Producer/Merchant			
Long	263053	-19260	-4975
Short	459320	-949	35767
Net Position	-196267	-18311	-40742
Bullish (%)	-42.7%		
Swap Dealers			
Long	237017	3040	19332
Short	257306	-19725	-14357
Net Position	-20289	22765	33689
Bullish (%)	-7.9%		
Managed Money			
Long	218807	-11808	-29366
Short	55137	2954	-1833
Net Position	163670	-14762	-27533
Bullish (%)	296.8%		
Other Reportables			
Long	102360	9885	23703
Short	100516	-4883	-2793
Net Position	1844	14768	26496
Bullish (%)	1.8%		
Non-Reportables			
Long	111349	1613	14964
Short	60307	6073	6874
Net Position	51042	-4460	8090

Source: CFTC, Macquarie Capital (USA), February 2011

Jan Stuart
+1 212 231 2485 jan.stuart@macquarie.com
Meredith Somers
+1 212 231 2637 meredith.somers@macquarie.com

18 February 2011

Please refer to the important disclosures and analyst certification on inside back cover of this document, or on our website www.macquarie.com.au/disclosures.



GLOBAL

Shanghai Futures Exchange

Cash price	RMB/t	Week on week	
			% change
Copper	73,100		-1.81
Aluminium	16,845		-0.53
Zinc	19,450		2.61

Stocks	Tonnes	Change
Copper	161,062	16,845
Aluminium	426,978	4,378
Zinc	332,302	5,682

Open Interest	Contracts	% change
Copper	329,596	-3.75
Aluminium	250,686	1.68
Zinc	414,942	14.24

Other prices (from Antaie)

Cash price	RMB/t	% change
Alumina	2,800	-1.80
Nickel	215,500	-0.69
Lead	17,250	0.58
Tin	203,000	6.70

Steel prices (From Mysteel)

Cash price	RMB/t	% change
HR coil (3mm)	4,880	-1.0
CR coil (1mm)	5,775	1.1
Galvanised (1mm)	5,765	0.3
Rebar (20mm)	4,755	-1.7

SHFE Steel futures	RMB/t	% change
Rebar (1 month forward)	5,061	-0.1
Rebar (3 month forward)	4,934	-3.2
Wire rod (1 month forward)	5,005	3.2
Wire rod (3 month forward)	4,767	-3.9

Iron ore import (from TSI)

CFR N. China port	\$/t	% change
62%Fe	189.3	-1.4
58%Fe	163.3	-0.3

Exchange rate

US\$/Rmb	6.57
----------	------

Source: LME, Comex, Nymex, SHFE, Metal Bulletin, Reuters, LBMA, Macquarie Research, February 2011

Bonnie Liu

+86 21 2412 9008 bonnie.liu@macquarie.com

Graeme Train

+86 21 2412 9035 graeme.train@macquarie.com

18 February 2011

China Commodity Call

Chinese aluminium market tight in 2H10 and 1H11; China steel update

- This week we assess the Chinese aluminium market for 2010 and 2011. We believe that Chinese aluminium stocks fell by 450kt last year, compared to a 760kt increase in 2009.

Capacity ramp up slower than anticipated

- The major reason for this year's deficit is the slower than anticipated ramp up in smelter capacity following last year's closures. In addition, the commissioning of new projects has also been slow reflecting concerns over the tightening of liquidity and deterioration of domestic aluminium prices since 4Q last year.
- The combined impact of idled capacity means the market will be getting tighter as we move into what is traditionally the peak demand season over the second quarter.

Capacity ramp up slower than anticipated

- Assuming no further release of material from SRB warehouses, we believe Chinese aluminium inventory at reported warehouses will fall to 7-8 days of consumption over the coming quarter. This will lead to solid support for aluminium prices in the next 3-4 months.

Steel prices pulled back this week

- After rising for 13 consecutive weeks, Chinese steel prices pulled back this week with rebar down 1.7% to RMB 4755/t (\$618/t ex Vat) and HRC down 1.0% to RMB 4755/t (\$634/t). With steel prices lacking momentum, spot iron ore prices also levelled out, with TSI reporting prices for 62% Fe material at \$189.3/t CFR N.China, up only 0.2% WoW.

We check in with mills and traders

- In an attempt to gain some insight into why the market is pausing, we spoke to several smaller Hebei based steel mills and we visited the steel market in Shanghai to talk to traders.
- There appears to be a gap in the timing of the upstream restock and the return of end users to the market following the holiday period, and this has led to very thin transactions over the last week. We expect the return of end users to the market over the coming weeks to drive another leg of demand driven price increases.



GLOBAL

LME cash price

	US\$/lb	% change day on day
Aluminium	115	2.2
Copper	448	0.5
Lead	121	3.0
Nickel	1321	2.3
Tin	1465	2.2
Zinc	115	1.7
Cobalt	1828	0.1
Molybdenum	1764	0.0

Other prices

		% change day on day
Gold (US\$/oz)	1384	0.3
Silver (US\$/oz)	31.94	4.3
Platinum (US\$/oz)	1836	0.1
Palladium (US\$/oz)	847	1.0
Oil WTI	85.00	-0.1
USD : EUR exchange rate	1.370	0.7
AUD : USD exchange rate	1.015	0.2

LME/COMEX stocks

	Tonnes	Change
LME Aluminium	4,593,175	-5,025
LME Copper	407,925	725
Comex Copper	72,508	1,868
Lead	296,975	-225
Nickel	129,396	-528
Tin	17,610	0
Zinc	708,775	-100

Source: LME, Comex, Nymex, SHFE, Metal Bulletin, Reuters, LBMA, Macquarie Research, February 2011

Hayden Atkins

+44 20 3037 4476 hayden.atkins@macquarie.com

Jim Lennon

+44 20 3037 4271 jim.lennon@macquarie.com

Max Layton

+44 20 3037 4273 max.layton@macquarie.com

Colin Hamilton

+44 20 3037 4061 colin.hamilton@macquarie.com

Bonnie Liu

+86 21 2412 9008 bonnie.liu@macquarie.com

Graeme Train

+86 21 2412 9035 graeme.train@macquarie.com

Duncan Hobbs

+44 20 3037 4497 duncan.hobbs@macquarie.com

18 February 2011

Commodities Comment

Building a stronger 2011

- We review the outlook for global construction, with Chinese construction likely to slow but not disastrously, with construction in the G3 likely to add to the commodity demand for the first time in 3 years.

Latest news

- Copper fell 1.1% over the week and underperformed on Friday, with ex-China exchange stocks rising by 14,498t over the week and SHFE stocks up 16,865t over the week. Aluminium rose by 2.6% over the week to their highest level since before the 2008 crisis, as SHFE aluminium stocks fell by 4,378t to 426,978t. We expect aluminium draws will continue over the coming month.
- Nickel was also stronger over the week, up by 3.0% to \$29,123/t (13.21/lb). Demand for nickel and ferrochrome is rising as a function of strong stainless steel production, notably in China, where stainless steelmakers use a higher proportion of primary raw materials than in other major producing regions since stainless steel scrap is less readily available. Spot market prices are rising in response and we anticipate that producers will be in a position to secure higher contract prices for 2Q11. At this stage a rise in a range from about 5-10c/lb might be anticipated. The European headline contract price for South African charge chrome was settled at 125c/lb delivered duty paid in 1Q11.
- Vale is set to lose an estimated 15,000t of finished nickel output this year owing to a stoppage of one of the two furnaces at its Copper Cliff smelter in Sudbury, Canada. Due to an unspecified problem the No 2 furnace will remain shut for a minimum of 16 weeks. The loss will account some 5% of Vale's total nickel production planned for 2011, the company said on Friday.
- Australia's Minara Resources reported a 14% YoY fall in year nickel production of 28,378t (2% of world total) in 2010, which was broadly in line with our expectations. The company has said that it expects to produce 33-37,000t in 2011. Our current estimate is towards the lower end of this range.
- China's Securities Regulatory Commission has given the greenlight for the Shanghai Futures Exchange (SFE) to launch a lead futures contract. The SFE has not yet said when it intends to introduce such a contract but we anticipate its introduction would be positive for lead prices.
- Anglo released more details on the impact of the "catastrophic failure" which occurred at the shiploader at Collahuasi's Patache port in its 2010 annual report, stating that the port will be repaired during the 1Q11. Lost shipments were around 20,000t in December according to Anglo, and from this we estimate at least 30-40,000t of copper was not shipped as per plan over the past 3 months. Anglo also noted that the 35-40ktpa Barro Alto nickel project ended the year 99% complete, remaining on schedule to deliver first production in the first quarter of 2011.
- Meanwhile, the Anglo's Los Bronces copper expansion project in Chile is on schedule for first production in the fourth quarter of 2011. The growth in supply from this project, of 200,000t, is the largest single addition for copper output in 2012 relative to 2011, so its development is worth watching. In iron ore, the Minas-Rio iron ore project in Brazil should be commissioned in 2H13, subject to a number of licences and permits being obtained during the next 6 months.

Important disclosures:

Recommendation definitions

Macquarie - Australia/New Zealand

Outperform – return >3% in excess of benchmark return
 Neutral – return within 3% of benchmark return
 Underperform – return >3% below benchmark return

Benchmark return is determined by long term nominal GDP growth plus 12 month forward market dividend yield

Macquarie – Asia/Europe

Outperform – expected return >+10%
 Neutral – expected return from -10% to +10%
 Underperform – expected return <-10%

Macquarie First South - South Africa

Outperform – expected return >+10%
 Neutral – expected return from -10% to +10%
 Underperform – expected return <-10%

Macquarie - Canada

Outperform – return >5% in excess of benchmark return
 Neutral – return within 5% of benchmark return
 Underperform – return >5% below benchmark return

Macquarie - USA

Outperform (Buy) – return >5% in excess of Russell 3000 index return
 Neutral (Hold) – return within 5% of Russell 3000 index return
 Underperform (Sell) – return >5% below Russell 3000 index return

Volatility index definition*

This is calculated from the volatility of historical price movements.

Very high-highest risk – Stock should be expected to move up or down 60–100% in a year – investors should be aware this stock is highly speculative.

High – stock should be expected to move up or down at least 40–60% in a year – investors should be aware this stock could be speculative.

Medium – stock should be expected to move up or down at least 30–40% in a year.

Low-medium – stock should be expected to move up or down at least 25–30% in a year.

Low – stock should be expected to move up or down at least 15–25% in a year.

* Applicable to Australian/NZ/Canada stocks only

Recommendations – 12 months

Note: Quant recommendations may differ from Fundamental Analyst recommendations

Financial definitions

All "Adjusted" data items have had the following adjustments made:

Added back: goodwill amortisation, provision for catastrophe reserves, IFRS derivatives & hedging, IFRS impairments & IFRS interest expense
 Excluded: non recurring items, asset revals, property revals, appraisal value uplift, preference dividends & minority interests

EPS = adjusted net profit / epowa*

ROA = adjusted ebit / average total assets

ROA Banks/Insurance = adjusted net profit / average total assets

ROE = adjusted net profit / average shareholders funds

Gross cashflow = adjusted net profit + depreciation

*equivalent fully paid ordinary weighted average number of shares

All Reported numbers for Australian/NZ listed stocks are modelled under IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards).

Recommendation proportions – For quarter ending 31 December 2010

	AU/NZ	Asia	RSA	USA	CA	EUR	
Outperform	46.38%	62.62%	52.17%	44.99%	67.57%	50.90%	(for US coverage by MCUSA, 13.59% of stocks covered are investment banking clients)
Neutral	37.68%	18.58%	34.78%	50.61%	28.83%	35.48%	(for US coverage by MCUSA, 15.22% of stocks covered are investment banking clients)
Underperform	15.94%	18.80%	13.04%	4.40%	3.60%	13.62%	(for US coverage by MCUSA, 0.00% of stocks covered are investment banking clients)

Company Specific Disclosures:

Important disclosure information regarding the subject companies covered in this report is available at www.macquarie.com/disclosures.

Analyst Certification:

The views expressed in this research accurately reflect the personal views of the analyst(s) about the subject securities or issuers and no part of the compensation of the analyst(s) was, is, or will be directly or indirectly related to the inclusion of specific recommendations or views in this research. The analyst principally responsible for the preparation of this research receives compensation based on overall revenues of Macquarie Group Ltd ABN 94 122 169 279 (AFSL No. 318062) (MGL) and its related entities (the Macquarie Group) and has taken reasonable care to achieve and maintain independence and objectivity in making any recommendations.

General Disclaimers:

Macquarie Securities (Australia) Ltd; Macquarie Capital (Europe) Ltd; Macquarie Capital Markets Canada Ltd; Macquarie Capital Markets North America Ltd; Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc; Macquarie Capital Securities Ltd and its Taiwan branch; Macquarie Capital Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd; Macquarie Securities (NZ) Ltd; Macquarie First South Securities (Pty) Limited; Macquarie Capital Securities (India) Pvt Ltd; Macquarie Capital Securities (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd; Macquarie Securities Korea Limited and Macquarie Securities (Thailand) Ltd are not authorized deposit-taking institutions for the purposes of the Banking Act 1959 (Commonwealth of Australia), and their obligations do not represent deposits or other liabilities of Macquarie Bank Limited ABN 46 008 583 542 (MBL) or MGL. MBL does not guarantee or otherwise provide assurance in respect of the obligations of any of the above mentioned entities. MGL provides a guarantee to the Monetary Authority of Singapore in respect of the obligations and liabilities of Macquarie Capital Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd for up to SGD 35 million. This research has been prepared for the general use of the wholesale clients of the Macquarie Group and must not be copied, either in whole or in part, or distributed to any other person. If you are not the intended recipient you must not use or disclose the information in this research in any way. If you received it in error, please tell us immediately by return e-mail and delete the document. We do not guarantee the integrity of any e-mails or attached files and are not responsible for any changes made to them by any other person. MGL has established and implemented a conflicts policy at group level (which may be revised and updated from time to time) (the "Conflicts Policy") pursuant to regulatory requirements (including the FSA Rules) which sets out how we must seek to identify and manage all material conflicts of interest. Nothing in this research shall be construed as a solicitation to buy or sell any security or product, or to engage in or refrain from engaging in any transaction. In preparing this research, we did not take into account your investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs. Before making an investment decision on the basis of this research, you need to consider, with or without the assistance of an adviser, whether the advice is appropriate in light of your particular investment needs, objectives and financial circumstances. There are risks involved in securities trading. The price of securities can and does fluctuate, and an individual security may even become valueless. International investors are reminded of the additional risks inherent in international investments, such as currency fluctuations and international stock market or economic conditions, which may adversely affect the value of the investment. This research is based on information obtained from sources believed to be reliable but we do not make any representation or warranty that it is accurate, complete or up to date. We accept no obligation to correct or update the information or opinions in it. Opinions expressed are subject to change without notice. No member of the Macquarie Group accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect, consequential or other loss arising from any use of this research and/or further communication in relation to this research. Clients should contact analysts at, and execute transactions through, a Macquarie Group entity in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise.

Country-Specific Disclaimers:

Australia: In Australia, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Securities (Australia) Ltd (AFSL No. 238947), a participating organisation of the Australian Securities Exchange. **New Zealand:** In New Zealand, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Securities (NZ) Ltd, a NZX Firm.

Canada: In Canada, research is prepared, approved and distributed by Macquarie Capital Markets Canada Ltd, a participating organisation of the Toronto Stock Exchange, TSX Venture Exchange & Montréal Exchange. Macquarie Capital Markets North America Ltd., which is a registered broker-dealer and member of FINRA, accepts responsibility for the contents of reports issued by Macquarie Capital Markets Canada Ltd in the United States and sent to US persons. Any person wishing to effect transactions in the securities described in the reports issued by Macquarie Capital Markets Canada Ltd should do so with Macquarie Capital Markets North America Ltd. The Research Distribution Policy of Macquarie Capital Markets Canada Ltd is to allow all clients that are entitled to have equal access to our research. **United Kingdom:** In the United Kingdom, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital (Europe) Ltd, which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority (No. 193905). **Germany:** In Germany, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital (Europe) Ltd, Niederlassung Deutschland, which is authorised and regulated in the United Kingdom by the Financial Services Authority (No. 193905). **France:** In France, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital (Europe) Ltd, which is authorised and regulated in the United Kingdom by the Financial Services Authority (No. 193905). **Hong Kong:** In Hong Kong, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital Securities Ltd, which is licensed and regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission. **Japan:** In

Macquarie Research

Japan, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital Securities (Japan) Limited, a member of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. and Osaka Securities Exchange Co. Ltd (Financial Instruments Firm, Kanto Financial Bureau (kin-sho) No. 231, a member of Japan Securities Dealers Association and Financial Futures Association of Japan). **India:** In India, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital Securities (India) Pvt Ltd. Level 3, Mafatal Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400 021, INDIA, which is a SEBI registered Stock Broker having membership with National Stock Exchange of India Limited (INB231246738) and Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (INB011246734). **Malaysia:** In Malaysia, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital Securities (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (Company registration number: 463469-W) which is a Participating Organisation of Bursa Malaysia Berhad and a holder of Capital Markets Services License issued by the Securities Commission. **Taiwan:** Information on securities/instruments that are traded in Taiwan is distributed by Macquarie Capital Securities Ltd, Taiwan Branch, which is licensed and regulated by the Financial Supervisory Commission. No portion of the report may be reproduced or quoted by the press or any other person without authorisation from Macquarie. Nothing in this research shall be construed as a solicitation to buy or sell any security or product. **Thailand:** In Thailand, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Securities (Thailand) Ltd, a licensed securities company that is authorized by the Ministry of Finance, regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand and is an exchange member no. 28 of the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Thai Institute of Directors Association has disclosed the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies made pursuant to the policy of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand. Macquarie Securities (Thailand) Ltd does not endorse the result of the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies but this Report can be accessed at: <http://www.thai-iod.com/en/publications.asp?type=4>. **South Korea:** In South Korea, unless otherwise stated, research is prepared, issued and distributed by Macquarie Securities Korea Limited, which is regulated by the Financial Supervisory Services. Information on analysts in MSKL is disclosed at <http://dis.kofia.or.kr/fs/dis2/fundMgr/DISFundMgrAnalystPop.jsp?companyCd2=A03053&pageDiv=02>. **South Africa:** In South Africa, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie First South Securities (Pty) Limited, a member of the JSE Limited. **Singapore:** In Singapore, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd (Company Registration Number: 198702912C), a Capital Markets Services license holder under the Securities and Futures Act to deal in securities and provide custodial services in Singapore. Pursuant to the Financial Advisers (Amendment) Regulations 2005, Macquarie Capital Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd is exempt from complying with sections 25, 27 and 36 of the Financial Advisers Act. All Singapore-based recipients of research produced by Macquarie Capital (Europe) Limited, Macquarie Capital Markets Canada Ltd, Macquarie First South Securities (Pty) Limited and Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc. represent and warrant that they are institutional investors as defined in the Securities and Futures Act. **United States:** In the United States, research is issued and distributed by Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc., which is a registered broker-dealer and member of FINRA. Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc. accepts responsibility for the content of each research report prepared by one of its non-US affiliates when the research report is distributed in the United States by Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc. Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc.'s affiliate's analysts are not registered as research analysts with FINRA, may not be associated persons of Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc., and therefore may not be subject to FINRA rule restrictions on communications with a subject company, public appearances, and trading securities held by a research analyst account. Any persons receiving this report directly from Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc. and wishing to effect a transaction in any security described herein should do so with Macquarie Capital (USA) Inc. Important disclosure information regarding the subject companies covered in this report is available at www.macquarie.com/research/disclosures, or contact your registered representative at 1-888-MAC-STOCK, or write to the Supervisory Analysts, Research Department, Macquarie Securities, 125 W.55th Street, New York, NY 10019.

© Macquarie Group

Auckland Tel: (649) 377 6433	Bangkok Tel: (662) 694 7999	Calgary Tel: (1 403) 218 6650	Denver Tel: (303) 952 2800	Frankfurt Tel: (069) 509 578 000	Geneva Tel: (41) 22 818 7777	Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2823 3588
Jakarta Tel: (62 21) 515 1818	Johannesburg Tel: (2711) 583 2000	Kuala Lumpur Tel: (60 3) 2059 8833	London Tel: (44 20) 3037 4400	Manila Tel: (63 2) 857 0888	Melbourne Tel: (613) 9635 8139	Montreal Tel: (1 514) 925 2850
Mumbai Tel: (91 22) 6653 3000	Munich Tel: (089) 2444 31800	New York Tel: (1 212) 231 2500	Paris Tel: (33 1) 7842 3823	Perth Tel: (618) 9224 0888	Seoul Tel: (82 2) 3705 8500	Shanghai Tel: (86 21) 6841 3355
Singapore Tel: (65) 6231 1111	Sydney Tel: (612) 8232 9555	Taipei Tel: (886 2) 2734 7500	Tokyo Tel: (81 3) 3512 7900	Toronto Tel: (1 416) 848 3500		

Available to clients on the world wide web at www.macquarieresearch.com and through Thomson Financial, FactSet, Reuters, Bloomberg, CapitalIQ and TheMarkets.com.

Asia Research

Head of Equity Research

John O'Connell (Global Co – Head)	(612) 8232 7544
David Rickards (Global Co – Head)	(44 20) 3037 4399
Chris Hunt (Asia – Head)	(852) 3922 1119
Tim Smart (Asia – Deputy Head)	(852) 3922 3565

Automobiles/Auto Parts

Leah Jiang (China)	(8621) 2412 9020
Linda Huang (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4068
Clive Wiggins (Japan)	(813) 3512 7856
Dan Lucas (Japan)	(813) 3512 6050
Michael Sohn (Korea)	(82 2) 3705 8644

Banks and Non-Bank Financials

Ismael Pili (Asia, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4774
Victor Wang (China)	(852) 3922 1479
Alastair Macdonald (Japan)	(813) 3512 7476
Mudit Painuly (India)	(9122) 6653 3044
Suresh Ganapathy (India)	(9122) 6653 3042
Ferry Wong (Indonesia)	(6221) 515 7335
Chan Hwang (Korea)	(822) 3705 8643
Alex Pomento (Philippines)	(632) 857 0899
Matthew Smith (Malaysia, Singapore)	(65) 6231 2981
Jemmy Huang (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7530
Passakorn Linmaneechote (Thailand)	(662) 694 7728
Apichet Kiatworakun (Thailand)	(662) 694 7724

Conglomerates

Leah Jiang (China)	(8621) 2412 9020
Julian Bu (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3263
Alex Pomento (Philippines)	(632) 857 0899

Consumer and Gaming

Gary Ping (Asia)	(852) 3922 3557
Linda Huang (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4068
Toby Williams (Japan)	(813) 3512 7392
Lyall Taylor (Indonesia)	(6221) 2598 8489
HongSuk Na (Korea)	(822) 3705 8678
Alex Pomento (Philippines)	(632) 857 0899
Amit Mishra (India)	(91) 22 6653 3051
Best Waiyanont (Thailand)	(662) 694 7993

Emerging Leaders

Jake Lynch (China, Asia)	(8621) 2412 9007
Jonathan Hsu (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4625
Saiyi He (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3585
Robert Burghart (Japan)	(813) 3512 7853

Industrials

Inderjeetsingh Bhatia (India)	(9122) 6653 3166
Linda Huang (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4068
Janet Lewis (Japan)	(813) 3512 7475
Yuki Soga (Japan)	(813) 3512 7859
Chang Han Joo (Korea)	(822) 3705 8511
Juwon Lee (Korea)	(822) 3705 8661
Sunaina Dhanuka (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8993
David Gambrell (Thailand)	(662) 694 7753

Insurance

Scott Russell (Asia)	(852) 3922 3567
Chung Jun Yun (Korea)	(822) 2095 7222

Media and Internet

Jiong Shao (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3566
Steve Zhang (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3578
Prem Jearajasingam (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8989
Alex Pomento (Philippines)	(632) 857 0899

Asia Sales

Regional Heads of Sales

Robin Black (Asia)	(852) 3922 2074
Chris Gray (ASEAN)	(65) 6231 2888
Peter Slater (Boston)	(1 617) 598 2502
Jeffrey Shiu (China & Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 2061
Thomas Renz (Geneva)	(41) 22 818 7712
Andrew Mouat (India)	(9122) 6653 3200
Kenneth Yap (Indonesia)	(6221) 515 1555
JJ Kim (Korea)	(822) 3705 8799
Jason Lee (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8888
Chris Gould (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8888
Gino C Rojas (Philippines)	(632) 857 0761
Greg Norton-Kidd (New York)	(1 212) 231 2527
Luke Sullivan (New York)	(1 212) 231 2507
Eric Roles (New York)	(1 212) 231 2559
Sheila Schroeder (San Francisco)	(1 415) 762 5001

Oil, Gas and Petrochemicals

Laban Yu (China)	(852) 3922 4691
Linda Huang (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4068
Jal Irani (India)	(9122) 6653 3040
Polina Diyachkina (Japan)	(813) 3512 7886
Shawn Park (Korea)	(822) 3705 8669
Sunaina Dhanuka (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8993
Trevor Buchinski (Thailand)	(662) 694 7829

Pharmaceuticals and Healthcare

Jonathan Hsu (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4625
Abhishek Singhal (India)	(9122) 6653 3052
Christina Lee (Korea)	(852) 3922 3571

Property

Callum Bramah (Asia)	(852) 3922 4731
Eva Lee (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3573
Eugene Cheung (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4627
Unmesh Sharma (India)	(9122) 6653 3170
Felicia Barus (Indonesia)	(6221) 2598 8480
Hiroshi Okubo (Japan)	(813) 3512 7433
Chang Han Joo (Korea)	(822) 3705 8511
Sunaina Dhanuka (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8993
Alex Pomento (Philippines)	(632) 857 0899
Tuck Yin Soong (Singapore)	(65) 6231 2838
Elaine Cheong (Singapore)	(65) 6231 2839
Corinne Jian (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7522
Patti Tomaitrichitr (Thailand)	(662) 694 7727

Resources / Metals and Mining

Andrew Dale (Asia)	(852) 3922 3587
Graeme Train (China)	(8621) 2412 9035
Carol Cao (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4075
Pelen Ji (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4741
Christina Lee (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3571
Rakesh Arora (India)	(9122) 6653 3054
Adam Worthington (Indonesia)	(852) 3922 4626
Albert Saputro (Indonesia)	(6221) 515 7340
Polina Diyachkina (Japan)	(813) 3512 7886
Chak Reungsinpinya (Thailand)	(662) 694 7982

Technology

Jeffrey Su (Asia)	(8862) 2734 7512
Stephen Chow (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3634
Lisa Soh (China)	(852) 3922 1401
Nitin Mohta (India)	(9122) 6653 3050
Damian Thong (Japan)	(813) 3512 7877
David Gibson (Japan)	(813) 3512 7880
George Chang (Japan)	(813) 3512 7854
Michiko Kakiya (Japan)	(813) 3512 7868
Yukihiro Goto (Japan)	(813) 3512 5984
Daniel Kim (Korea)	(822) 3705 8641
Benjamin Ban (Korea)	(822) 3705 8659
Andrew Chang (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7526
Daniel Chang (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7516
James Chiu (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7517
Jimmy Hsu (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7533
Kylie Huang (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7528

Telecoms

Keith Neruda (Asia)	(65) 6231 2830
Tim Smart (China)	(852) 3922 3565
Lisa Soh (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 1401
Riaz Hyder (Indonesia)	(6221) 2598 8486
Nathan Ramlar (Japan)	(813) 3512 7875
Prem Jearajasingam (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8989
Joseph Quinn (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7519
Best Waiyanont (Thailand)	(662) 694 7993

Regional Heads of Sales cont'd

Miki Edelman (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7580
Angus Kent (Thailand)	(662) 694 7601
Michael Newman (Tokyo)	(813) 3512 7920
Angus Innes (UK/Europe)	(44) 20 3037 4841
Rob Fabbro (UK/Europe)	(44) 20 3037 4865
Sean Alexander (Generalist)	(852) 3922 2101

Regional Head of Distribution

Justin Crawford (Asia)	(852) 3922 2065
------------------------	-----------------

Sales Trading

Adam Zaki (Asia)	(852) 3922 2002
Yat Quan Tan (Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 2028
Phil Sellaroli (Japan)	(813) 3512 7837
Matthew Ryan (Singapore)	(65) 6231 2888
Mike Keen (Europe)	(44) 20 3037 4905

Transport & Infrastructure

Anderson Chow (China, Asia)	(852) 3922 4773
Janet Lewis (Asia, Japan)	(813) 3512 7475
Wei Sim (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3598
Chang Han Joo (Korea)	(822) 3705 8511
Sunaina Dhanuka (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8993

Utilities

Adam Worthington (Asia)	(852) 3922 4626
Carol Cao (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 4075
Jeff Evans (India)	(9122) 3356 3053
Ayako Mitsui Boston (Japan)	(813) 3512 7885
Prem Jearajasingam (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8989
Alex Pomento (Philippines)	(632) 857 0899

Commodities

Jim Lennon	(4420) 3037 4271
Max Layton	(4420) 3037 4273
Jan Stuart	(1 212) 231 2485
Duncan Hobbs	(4420) 3037 4497
Bonnie Liu	(8621) 2412 9008
Graeme Train	(8621) 2412 9035
Rakesh Arora	(9122) 6653 3054

Data Services

Andrea Dailly (Asia)	(852) 3922 4076
Eric Yeung	(852) 3922 4077

Economics

Richard Jerram (Asia, Japan)	(65) 6231 2842
Philip McNicholas (ASEAN)	(65) 6231 2982
Richard Gibbs (Australia)	(612) 8232 3935
Paul Cavey (China)	(852) 3922 3570
Renee Chen (Hong Kong, Taiwan)	(852) 3922 3597

Quantitative / CPG

Martin Emery (Asia)	(852) 3922 3582
Viking Kwok (Asia)	(852) 3922 4735
Burke Lau (Asia)	(852) 3922 5494
George Platt (Australia)	(612) 8232 6539
Patrick Hansen (Japan)	(813) 3512 7876
Ayumu Kuroda (Japan)	(813) 3512 7569
Simon Rigney (Japan)	(813) 3512 7872

Strategy/Country

Michael Kurtz (Asia)	(852) 3922 1403
John Woods (Asia)	(852) 3922 4636
Mark Matthews (Asia)	(65) 6231 2841
Peter Eadon-Clarke (Asia, Japan)	(813) 3512 7850
Jiong Shao (China, Hong Kong)	(852) 3922 3566
Rakesh Arora (India)	(9122) 6653 3054
Ferry Wong (Indonesia)	(6221) 515 7335
David Gibson (Japan)	(813) 3512 7880
Chan Hwang (Korea)	(822) 3705 8643
Kieran Calder (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8992
Yeonzon Yeow (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8982
Alex Pomento (Philippines)	(632) 857 0899
Daniel Chang (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7516
David Gambrell (Thailand)	(662) 694 7753

Find our research at

Macquarie:	www.macquarie.com.au/research
Thomson:	www.thomson.com/financial
Reuters:	www.knowledge.reuters.com
Bloomberg:	MAC GO
Factset:	http://www.factset.com/home.aspx
CapitalIQ:	www.capitaliq.com
TheMarkets.com:	www.themarkets.com
Email:	macresearch@macquarie.com for access

Sales Trading cont'd

Chris Reale (New York)	(1 212) 231 2616
Stanley Dunda (Indonesia)	(6221) 515 1555
James Aitchison (Korea)	(822) 3705 9990
Kenneth Cheung (Malaysia)	(603) 2059 8888
Michael Santos (Philippines)	(632) 857 0813
Isaac Huang (Taiwan)	(8862) 2734 7582
Dominic Shore (Thailand)	(662) 694 7707

Alternative Strategies

Convertibles - Roland Sharman	(852) 3922 2095
Depository Receipts - Seung-Jin Lee	(65) 6231 1150
Derivatives - Mark Holland	(852) 3922 2081
Futures - Tim Smith	(852) 3922 2113
Structured Products - Andrew Terlich	(852) 3922 2013