Budget 2007-2008

Institutional Equity Research Team



Economy

The budget is neutral as far as corporate India is concerned in the near term. We are positive on the economy, given the fact that the investments proposed in infrastructure, irrigation, power etc should lead to stronger growth in the earnings of corporates. However, the near term impact of introduction of marginal taxation across the sectors could impact the short term earnings of corporates.

Macro Economy

- No immediate benefits to corporate India, and we are neutral on the budget.
- ✓ Thrust more on fiscal prudence and minor taxation
- ✓ Increased thrust on infrastructure development, agriculture
- ✓ Tax to GDP ratio up to 11.4% in FY07
- Revenue deficit to reduce to 1.5% of GDP
- Fiscal deficit to reduce to 3.3% of GDP
- Gross Domestic Capital Formation grew 23% to Rs11472bn
- Outlay on education increased to rs323.52bn
- Investment in agriculture to go up to 2% of GDP
- Reverse mortgages for senior citizen for houses
- Social security for the poor, a beginning made

Direct Taxes

- *No major changes in direct taxes
- Cess increased by 1% for secondary education
- ✓ Threshold limit for personal income tax increased by Rs10,000
- ESOPS brought under FBT
- Dividend distribution tax hiked from 12.5% to 15%
- Dividend distribution for MMFs hiked to 25%
- Benefits of tax breaks for infrastructure available only for the developers

Indirect taxes

- No major changes in duties except cement where the domestic tariffs have been hiked selectively depending on end retail prices
- Marginal decrease in import tariffs for chemicals, polyester and polyester raw materials
- Marginal hike in excise duty of cigarettes
- ✓ Marginal decrease in excise duty of petrol and diesel by 2%



Economy

Budget at a glance

2005-06	2006-07 (BE)		2007-08 (BE)
3475	4035	4233	4864
2703	3272	3460	4039
772	763	774	826
1587	1605	1583	1941
106	80	55	15
16	38	5	417
1464	1487	1523	1509
5061	5640	5816	6805
3655	3913	4089	4754
3279	3444	3622	3835
1326	1398	1462	1590
376	468	467	919
1406	1727	1727	2051
1119	1438	1446	1744
288	290	281	307
5061	5640	5816	6805
4398	4882	5068	5579
664	758	749	1226
923	847	834	715
-2.6	-2.1	-2	-1.5
1464	1487	1523	1509
(4.1)	(3.8)	(3.7)	(3.3)
138	89	61	(80)
(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(-0.2)
	3475 2703 772 1587 106 16 1464 5061 3655 3279 1326 376 1406 1119 288 5061 4398 664 923 -2.6 1464 (4.1) 138	3475 4035 2703 3272 772 763 1587 1605 106 80 16 38 1464 1487 5061 5640 3655 3913 3279 3444 1326 1398 376 468 1406 1727 1119 1438 288 290 5061 5640 4398 4882 664 758 923 847 -2.6 -2.1 1464 1487 (4.1) (3.8) 138 89	3475 4035 4233 2703 3272 3460 772 763 774 1587 1605 1583 106 80 55 16 38 5 1464 1487 1523 5061 5640 5816 3655 3913 4089 3279 3444 3622 1326 1398 1462 376 468 467 1406 1727 1727 1119 1438 1446 288 290 281 5061 5640 5816 4398 4882 5068 664 758 749 923 847 834 -2.6 -2.1 -2 1464 1487 1523 (4.1) (3.8) (3.7) 138 89 61

Source: indiabudget.nic.in



Automobiles Neutral

Budget measures No change in excise structure though import duty on commercial vehicles reduced from 12.5 to 10%	Impact Neutral for the CV's. As at present the quantity of CV's imported is insignificant. Also due to the presence of non tariff barriers like import licenses, the impact of import duty cut gets nullified.	Positive	Negative
Additional Education Cess of 1% and the service tax on design services	Negligible impact, as the companies will pass on the costs to the end users.		
Increase in outlay for the urban renewal mission coupled with the focus on the transportation, road infrastructure	May generate demand for Cv's, 2-W	Bajaj Auto, Ashok Leyland,Tata Motors	
Defence allocation increased by 11.5% to Rs.960 bn.	Generate demand for special purpose M&HCV	Ashok Leyland, Tata Motors	
Emphasis on agricultural investments Weighted deduction for R&D expenditure under IT Act extended for next 5 years	Increase in demand for farm equipments Will lead to tax benefits	Mahindra & Mahindra Marginally positive for high R&D spenders	

	Cust	oms	Ex	cise
	06-07	07-08	06-07	07-08
Small cars (size of 4000mm and engine capacity of 1500cc for diesel and 1200cc for petrol)	60	60	16	16
Other cars	60	60	24	24
2 Wheeler				
CKD	12.5	12.5	16	16
New Completely built	60	60	16	16
Used	100	100	16	16
3 Wheelers	12.5	12.5	16	16
CV's	12.5	10	16	16
Tractors	12.5	10	0	0

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Bajaj Auto	91,558	108,039	15,550	19,250	12,900	15,200	127.6	150.3	20.6	17.5	neutral
Hero Honda	98,560	108,250	13,100	15,040	8,870	10,005	44.4	50.1	15.3	13.6	neutral
Maruti Udyog	142,082	162,973	22,000	24,296	14,697	16,298	50.9	56.4	16.5	14.9	neutral
Tata Motors	237,000	245,747	27,614	31,829	16,871	19,205	44.1	50.2	17.8	15.7	neutral
TVS Motors	37,280	42,654	2,145	2,850	1,190	1,358	5.0	5.7	12.4	10.8	neutral
Clutch Auto	1,988	2,650	305	445	187	261	13.3	16.8	10.7	8.5	neutral
Ashok Leyland	58,100	64,200	5,850	6,900	3,640	4,250	2.7	3.2	14.6	12.5	neutral
ANG Auto	1199	1706	289	401	224	452	18.8	37.9	15.2	7.5	neutral



Banking Neutral

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Co-operative banks to be allowed deduction in respect of provision for bad and doubtful debts	Benefit earlier available only to Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs) has now been extended to Co-operative society banks	Co-operative banks	NA
Banking Cash Transactions Tax (BCTT) limit for individuals and HUF increased to Rs 50,000 from Rs 25,000	Withdrawals to attract BCTT only on Rs 50,000 and above		NA
Dividend Distribution Tax on dividend paid by money market and liquid mutual funds raised to 25% for all investors	Banks and mutual funds brought to level playing field	Banks	Money market and liquid mutual funds
Farm credit to be increased to Rs 2,25,000cr from Rs 1,75,000cr and another 50 lakh farmers to be added into the credit fold	Step up in farm credit	N A	

There is a budget allocation of Rs13bn to IFCI and Rs5bn to IDBI. While the amount for IFCI is to meet the restructuring liabilities, the amount being paid to IDBI need to be matched by repayment in terms of loan extended. While for IFCI, it is an increase from Rs2.24bn to Rs13bn, in case of IDBI, it is a reduction from Rs15bn to Rs5bn.

Company Name	NII (Rs	mn)	Operating Pr	ofit (Rs mn)	PAT (F	ls mn)	El	PS	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	06-07E	07-08E	
Federal Bank	6,861.5	8,329.0	5,503.1	6,560.6	1.1	1.0	31.5	37.9	7.0	5.9	Neutral
HDFC Bank	35,073.4	45,158.2	27,306.2	34,707.8	1.3	1.4	36.4	47.5	25.6	19.6	Neutral
OBC	16,673.8	19,676.4	12,925.3	15,344.6	1.1	1.0	37.1	40.6	12.6	11.5	Neutral
South Indian Bank	3,456.1	4,310.4	2,311.0	3,073.0	0.6	0.8	10.6	15.8	9.1	6.1	Neutral
UTI	15,565.4	21,368.7	13,002.6	17,291.0	1.1	1.0	22.7	29.9	7.9	6.0	Neutral



Cement Negative

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Change in excise duty on cement If retail price is greater than Rs190 per bag - Rs600 per tonne If retail price is less than Rs190 per bag - Rs350 per tonne	If retail cement prices are More than Rs190 per bag - Negative impact of Rs10.5 per bag for cement companies Less than Rs190 per bag - Savings of Rs2.5 per bag savings for cement companies	Marginally positive for cement companies selling cement in Andhra Pradesh where retail price is less than Rs190 per bag	All cement companies elsewhere where MRP is more than Rs190.

With a view to check the increase in cement prices, the government has been taking initiatives like removal of customs duty on cement. Following up on this policy, the government has now introduced a dual rate taxation policy for imposing excise duty. Thus, the excise duty will be low if cement prices are low and high if the cement prices are high. We believe that the cement demand-supply dynamics will determine the cement prices. With the same expected to remain tight in the near term, we believe that the cement prices will not decline and the cement companies will be able to partially pass on the increase in excise duty to the consumers.

	Cust	oms	Exc	cise
	06-07	07-08	06-07	07-08
Cement retail price below Rs190 per bag	12.8*	Nil	408	361
Cement retail price above Rs190 per bag	12.8*	Nil	408	618
White Cement	12.8	12.9	16.3	16.5
Clinker	12.8	12.9	357	361
Limestone	12.8	12.9	Nil	Nil
Gypsum	12.8	12.9	Nil	Nil
Non Coking Coal	5.1	5.2	Nil	Nil
Pet Coke	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5

Note: Reduced to Nil in Jan-07

Company name	Net sale	s (Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (I	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
ACC	65,661.6	68,229.4	17,843.0	14,902.7	12,105.8	9,813.2	65.2	52.9	14.1	17.5	Negative
Gujarat Ambuja	48,098.7	45,978.5	21,806.5	17,498.9	13,404.1	9,870.3	9.9	7.3	12.1	16.4	Negative
Grasim	90,283.9	101,318.6	25,282.3	29,656.7	15,970.3	18,494.1	174.2	201.7	12.9	11.2	Negative
India Cement	21,527.1	24,396.8	7,301.9	8,434.4	5,260.4	6,298.8	23.9	28.6	7.6	6.3	Negative
Madras cement	15,650.8	17,048.6	5,861.7	6,641.8	3,523.8	4,102.6	291.7	339.6	10.3	8.8	Negative
Shree Cement	13,729.0	16,923.7	6,312.0	7,507.5	3,539.6	4,039.6	101.6	115.9	11.2	9.8	Negative
Ultratech Cemco	44,992.3	48,919.2	13,489.4	15,836.0	7,275.9	8,712.4	58.5	70.0	15.4	12.9	Negative



FMCG

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Central excise duty on cigarettes increased by 5%	Marginal impact. Cigarette companies likely to pass on the hike to the consumers.	ITC, Godfrey Phillips and VST Industries	NA
Excise duty on biscuits with MRP of less than Rs50/- per kg reduced to Nil from 8%	Britannia will benefit from the said exemption as its brand <i>Tiger</i> is priced at Rs40/- per kg. <i>Tiger</i> contributes approximately 30% to revenues of the company	Britannia Industries, ITC	NA
Peak customs duty reduced from 12.5% to 10% on linear alkyl benzene	Linear Alkyl Benzene, the raw material for detergent expected to become cheaper	HLL	NA
Excise duty on instant food mix reduced from 8% to NiI.	The move will positively impact categories like ready-to-eat food products among others (Further clarification awaited).		NA

	Excise						
	06-07	07-08					
Biscuits (MRP less than							
Rs50/- per kg)	8%	Nil					
Biscuits (MRP more than							
Rs50/- per kg)	8%	8%					
Cigarettes (Length less							
than 70mm) Rs	780	819					
Cigarettes (Length							
between 70-75mm) Rs	1260	1323					
Cigarettes (Length							
between 75-85mm) Rs	1675	1759					
Cigarettes (Length of more							
than 85mm) Rs	2060	2163					
All types of food mixes							
(Incl. instant mix)	8%	Nil					
	Cus	stoms					
	06-07	07-08					
Linear Alkyl Benzene	12.8%	10.3%					

Excise duty on cigarettes for 1000 sticks

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Godrej consumer	9,291.4	11,249.2	1,845.4	2,377.5	1,412.6	1,841.0	6.3	8.2	24.1	18.5	Neutral
Dabur India	21,928.8	25,581.9	3,506.2	4,081.6	2,739.1	3,254.3	3.2	3.8	30.7	25.8	Neutral
Marico	15,098.0	17,699.8	2,297.2	2,825.9	1,174.3	1,571.7	19.3	25.8	29.4	21.9	Neutral
ITC	114,129.7	134,389.9	39,376.7	46,642.6	26,319.0	31,476.3	7.1	8.5	24.0	20.2	Positive

Source: IISL Research, Bloomberg



Hotels Neutral

Budget measures	Impact
On account of the forthcoming	With prope
Commonwealth games in 2010 in	these area
Delhi, the National Capital Region	players we
(NCR) would require 20,000 additional	the Operat
hotel rooms. To attract investment in	Manageme
the hospitality sector in this region,	now; howe
Finance Minister has announced a	could see
five-year tax holiday for two, three	resorting t
and four star hotels and convention	investmen
centers with a seating capacity of	However Ia
3,000 set up in Delhi, Gurgaon,	reasonable
Ghaziabad, Faridabad and Gautam	key constr
Buddha Nagar to be made operational	_
between April 1st 2007 and 31st	
March 2010.	

Positive	Negative
	Positive

	Cust	toms	Ex	cise
	06-07	07-08	06-07	07-08
Alcohol	182	182	16	16
Wines	100	100		
Cakes and Pastries			8	8
Fruits and Veg	30	30		

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Hotel Leelaventures	4,192.0	5,712.0	2,087.0	2,833.0	1,704.0	1,884.0	4.1	4.5	14.0	12.7	Neutral
Taj GVK	2,353.0	2,749.0	1,085.0	1,294.0	608.0	717.0	9.7	11.4	19.7	16.7	Neutral



Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Minimum Alternate Tax to be extended to income in respect of which deduction is claimed u/s 10A & 10B	Mildly negative for Large Caps for whom the average Tax Liability currently is around 12%- 13%, but for the those with lower tax liability the measure would have harder impact		Mildly negative for most IT companies
Service Tax on Lease Rentals for commercial properties	IT companies operating on leased premises to be impacted.	NA	TCS, Satyam, Mphasis, iflex, Allsec & MindTree (which is still not listed)

Company Name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/I	E (x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Allsec Technologies	1,155.0	1,480.9	331.2	406.9	286.9	385.5	17.7	23.8	17.4	12.9	Mildly Negative
HCL Technologies	61,138.2	79,615.5	14,109.8	18,045.6	11,797.1	14,510.5	34.5	42.5	17.3	14.0	Mildly Negative
I-Flex	20,994.1	28,204.4	4,023.8	5,884.0	3,357.9	4,348.0	41.5	53.7	46.4	35.9	Mildly Negative
Infosys	140,278.5	181,702.1	44,981.5	58,388.5	37,731.0	47,784.3	67.9	86.0	30.6	24.2	Neutral
Mphasis	11,845.8	17,515.5	2,040.8	2,960.8	1,166.1	1,923.3	7.2	11.9	35.7	21.7	Mildly Negative
Patni#	30,858.7	37,467.1	5,911.8	6,664.0	4,441.9	4,982.5	31.0	34.8	13.6	12.1	Mildly Negative
Satyam Computers	64,548.3	82,871.3	15,383.0	18,737.6	13,779.5	16,833.3	21.0	25.7	19.6	16.0	Mildly Negative
TCS	186,979.8	240,793.5	50,914.2	66,324.5	41,530.2	52,997.9	42.4	54.2	28.0	21.9	Neutral
Wipro*	148,506.4	192,650.1	29,648.3	38,062.2	28,239.0	35,721.6	19.7	24.9	28.5	22.5	Neutral
Sasken	4,838.4	7,089.7	772.4	1,340.3	460.3	844.0	16.5	30.2	30.1	16.4	Mildly Negative
R Systems**	2,069.6	2,648.2	271.0	378.6	205.7	308.6	15.2	22.9	10.5	7.0	Mildly Negative
Subex	3,630.2	5,780.0	721.9	1,848.2	618.9	1,557.7	17.9	45.0	35.2	14.0	Mildly Negative
Micro Tech	1,055.3	1,401.5	417.7	598.0	314.7	440.2	30.0	41.9	7.3	5.2	Mildly Negative
KPIT Cummins	4,623.1	6,273.1	729.4	1,060.5	513.8	754.5	5.6	8.2	25.1	17.1	Mildly Negative

^{*} EBIT for Wipro



[#] Estimates for Patni is for CY07E and CY08E

^{**}R Systems the figures are CY06E & CY07E

Logistics Neutral

Budget measures	mpact	Positive	Negative
Provision for the Nationa	On account of the completion of the	ALL	NA
Highway Development	golden quadrangle, smooth		
Programme (NHDP) has	movement of cargo vehicles would be		
been increased from Rs	facilitated, resulting an improved		
9,945cr in 2005-06 to Rs	turnaround time and lower operating		
10,667cr in 2006-07.	cost.		

Company name	y name Net sales (Rs mn)		EBITDA (Rs mn)		PAT (Rs mn)		EPS (Rs.)		P/E (x)		Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Allcargo	15,335.0	16,394.0	1,342.0	1,623.0	942.0	1,188.0	46.5	59.0	23.6	18.7	Neutral
Gateway Distriparks	1,456.0	1,893.0	8.008	1,031.0	740.0	881.0	8.0	9.5	20.4	17.0	Neutral



Metals

Positive

Budget measures Removal of customs duty on all grades of coking coal (irrespective of ash content). Earlier, custom duty on 'less than 12% ash content coking coal' was 0% and 'above 12% ash content coking coal' was 5%	Impact Lower raw material costs for companies importing coking coal as the landed cost of coking coal declines		Negative NA
Export duty of Rs300 per tonne levied on export of iron ore	Negative for iron ore exporters as they export at internationally determined iron ore prices; Positive for steel industry as it improves the availability of iron ore in the domestic market	Steel companies not having captive iron ore mines	Sesa Goa
Reduction in customs duty on caustic soda from 12.5% to 7.5%	Reduces the landed cost of caustic soda	Aluminum producers like Hindalco, Nalco, Malco	NA

The imposition of export duty on iron ore is aimed at restricting the export of low value-add iron ore. Given the huge capex in steel, the government move aims at restricting export of iron ore and easing the availability of iron ore for domestic steel producers.

	Customs		Exc	ise	
	06-07	07-08	06-07	07-08	
Steel					
HR Sheets/plates	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5	
CR Coil/sheet	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5	
GP/GC Sheet	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5	
Non coking coal	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5	
Coking coal (more than					
12%ash content)	5.1	Nil	16.3	16.5	
Alumina	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5	
Aluminium					
Ingots/products/scrap	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5	
Caustic soda	12.8	7.7	16.3	16.5	
Copper					
Copper ore &					
concentrate	2.0	2.1	16.3	16.5	
Copper/copper scrap	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5	
Zinc	5.1	5.2	16.3	16.5	
Iron ore export duty (Rs)	0	300			
EDO /D \		D /E / \		_	

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Hindalco	185,018.1	189,609.6	41,255.4	38,423.3	23,979.7	21,063.3	23.6	18.8	5.9	7.4	Positive
Malco	5,016.2	4,554.7	1,981.5	1,544.6	1,329.7	1,093.3	59.1	48.6	6.4	7.8	Positive
Nalco	59,278.2	57,395.9	34,676.4	30,132.3	22,276.8	18,629.1	34.6	28.9	6.1	7.3	Positive
JSW Steel	84,637.5	98,431.0	27,577.9	32,872.5	12,766.7	17,112.1	77.9	99.5	6.1	4.8	Positive
Jindal Steel and pow	35,851.5	-	13,034.7	-	7,565.5	-	245.6	-	9.4	-	Positive
Monnet Ispat	6,991.3	-	1,927.8	-	1,465.4	-	33.5	-	6.7	-	Positive
SAIL	331,301.4	345,939.1	95,809.3	100,196.8	61,522.9	66,130.1	14.9	16.0	7.2	6.7	Positive
Sesa Goa	19,255.6	20,518.5	9,541.8	10,140.1	6,468.9	6,999.8	164.3	177.8	11.5	10.6	Negative
Tata Steel	175,335.4	180,435.0	71,518.5	70,111.0	43,517.6	43,125.5	75.0	74.3	6.1	6.1	Positive



Media/Entertainment

Negative

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Service tax extended to	We expect shrinkage in	NA	Negative for
rentals on immovable	margins of the companies		multiplex
assets used for commerce	paying rents - Multiplex and		companies -
or business purposes	retail sector as most of		Adlabs, PVR, Inox
	these companies in the		Leisure, Shringar
	sector operate out of rented	l	Cinemas and
	premises.		Cinemax.

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Adlabs	2,249.2	3,578.3	782.7	1,303.2	649.4	904.5	16.3	22.7	26.0	18.7	Negative
Inox Leisure	1,746.1	2,346.1	597.2	788.4	310.1	443.9	5.2	7.4	23.0	16.1	Negative
PVR	1,826.6	3,455.8	361.6	802.8	122.2	302.7	5.3	13.2	33.7	13.6	Negative
Shringar Cinemas	899.9	1,700.1	178.9	387.6	62.6	134.8	2.3	4.6	22.9	11.5	Negative



The reduction of ad valorem excise duty on petrol and diesel by 2% has been made to help the oil marketing companies reduce under recoveries on fuel sales. This was expected as the government had indicated an adjustment in the duty structure at the in time of price revision earlier this month. The natural gas transmission companies are not expected to largely benefit from infrastructure status, as the gains are expected to be passed on to the consumers in form of lower transmission charges. Government has reduced the customs duty on petrochemical products by 2.5% to bring the rates closer to ASEAN levels.

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Reduction in ad valorem component of excise duty on petrol and diesel from 8% to 6%	This is expected to improve the margins on diesel by 41 p and petrol by 39 p.	IOCL, BPCL, HPCL	NA
Concessions under 80 IA extended to cross country natural gas distribution network.	This will help gas transportation companies avail income tax holiday. But since the transmission charges are regulated by the government, we expect the benefits to be passed on to the customers.	GAIL	NA
Services provided in relation to both exploration and exploitation of oil and gas will be taxed at the rate of 15%.	The tax charge is expected to be passed on to the E&P players. The effect is expected to be minimal.		ONGC, RIL
Reduction in customs duty on polyester fibers, polyester yarns, MEG and PET from 10% to 7.5%	This move will reduce the duty protection for domestic petrochemical players. It would put margin pressure, as the domestic selling prices have to be aligned with the landed cost.	NA	RIL, IPCL

	Customs		Exci	se
	06-07	07-08	06-07	07-08
Crude and Petroleum Pro				
Naphtha	-	-	16.32	16.48
MS *	7.65	7.73	8.16	6.18
<u>LPG</u>				
Industrial use	5.10	5.15	-	-
Domestic use	-	-	-	-
ATF	10.20	10.30	8.16	8.24
HSD **	7.65	7.73	8.16	6.18
<u>SKO</u>				
Industrial use	10.20	10.30	-	-
Domestic use	-	-	-	-
Fuel oil	10.20	10.30	16.32	16.48
Crude Oil	5.10	5.15	-	-
Petrochemicals				
PTA	15.30	10.30	16.48	16.48
MEG	15.30	10.30	16.48	16.48
PSF	15.30	10.30	16.48	16.48
PFY	15.30	10.30	16.48	16.48

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2007-08
ONGC	821,059	821,877	402,401	395,487	191,389	198,319	89.5	92.7	8.8	8.5	Neutral
RIL	1,052,293	956,317	183,204	172,520	107,860	105,673	77.4	75.9	17.5	17.9	Negative
IOC	1,929,386	18,997,545	132,163	147,629	72,159	60,911	61.8	52.2	6.7	7.9	Positive
HPCL	830,695	742,300	28,410	29,915	14,454	13,807	42.7	40.7	6.3	6.6	Positive
BPCL	889,002	805,428	39,561	41,238	17,869	18,686	49.4	51.7	6.3	6.0	Positive



Pharma

positive

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Customs duty reduced from 12.5% to 10% for drug intermediates, formulations & bulk drugs	Cost of specific drugs to come down & increase the profitability.	Ranbaxy, Dr Reddys, Cipla, Sun pharma	NA
Service Tax exemption on clinical trial of new drugs		Biocon, Suven, Vimta Labs, Shasun	NA
Reduction of import duty on medical equipments from 12.5% to 7.5%.	Beneficial for Medical Equipment companies		NA
Extension of weighted tax deduction on inhouse R&D for another 5 years till 31st March 2011	ı	Dr Reddys, Ranbaxy, Sun Pharma, Glenmark, Suven	NA

The overall impact on pharmaceutical sector is neutral. The exemption of customs duty cut from 12.5% to 7.5% and service tax exemption on clinical trials of new drugs will help reduce cost to the companies.

	Cust	oms	Excise		
	06-07	07-08	06-07	07-08	
Drug Intermediates	12.5	10.0	16.3	16.3	
Bulk Drugs	12.5	10.0	16.3	16.3	
Formulations	12.5	10.0	16.3	16.3	

Company name	Net Sale	s (Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (I	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Glaxo	15529.2	16924.5	4759.6	5188.0	3617.3	3974.4	42.7	46.9	27.4	24.9	Positive
Cipla	35651.7	42493.0	9023.5	11052.7	7288.8	9052.7	9.4	11.6	24.7	19.9	Positive
Glenmark	11858.8	17530.2	4087.2	6616.8	3184.7	5283.5	26.8	44.5	20.0	12.0	Positive
Lupin	20211.3	23779.5	2927.2	4113.5	2094.8	3052.2	26.1	38.0	23.0	15.8	Positive
Indoco	3059.0	3888.8	645.8	862.6	459.8	636.3	38.9	53.8	7.8	5.7	Neutral
Dr Reddys	61936.6	53141.3	12274.3	10877.3	6970.4	5847.7	45.5	38.2	14.9	17.7	Positive
Biocon	9640.0	11110.1	2787.3	3347.1	2202.0	2638.1	22.0	26.4	20.8	17.3	Positive
Suven	1145.0	1660.3	414.1	630.9	350.9	560.8	14.0	22.4	10.0	6.2	Positive



Power & Capital Goods

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Dudget messures	Impost	Docitivo	Mogotive
Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Budgetary allocation (including grants	Higher investments in renovation	Emco, Jyoti Structures,	
and assistance to States) for APDRP	and upgradation of power distribution infrastructure would	•	
increased from Rs13bn to Rs16bn, with	benefit EPC contractors	Kalpataru Power	
increased coverage		1 1101	
Increased budgetary allocation for Rajiv		Jyoti Structures,	
Gandhi Grameen Vidyutikaran Yojana	companies undertaking rural	Kalpataru Power,	
from Rs30bn to Rs39.8bn	electrification projects	RPG Transmission	
Increased plan investments for PSUs in			
the power industry:			
Bhel - Plan investment increased from	It would enable BHEL to increase	BHEL	
Rs4bn to Rs8bn	capacities to cater to the demand		
	for generation equipments		
Powergrid - Plan investment increased	Increased investment in	Jyoti Structures,	
from Rs48bn to Rs65bn	transmission sector	Kalpataru Power,	
		RPG Transmission,	
		KEC International,	
		Sterlite Optical,	
		Apar Ind	
Plans to award of 2 Ultra Mega Power	It is a positive for the generation	BHEL, Siemens	
Projects by July 2007	equipment manufacturers		
Continuation of the TUF scheme and	Would benefit the textile	LMW, Veejay	
increase in allocation for 2007-08 from	machinery manufacturers	Lakshmi	
Rs5.3bn to Rs9.1bn	-	Engineering, Super	
		Sales	
Budgetary allocation for defence	Higher spend for defence	Bharat Electronics	
increased from Rs890bn to Rs960bn	equipments	Ltd	

The focus on augmenting generation and transmission capacities has hugely benefited the power equipment companies. The Budget has further provided a boost to the power equipment manufacturers through increased allocation for APDRP and RGGVY schemes, and higher plan investments in BHEL and Powergrid. The continuation of the TUF scheme over the 11th plan would benefit textile machinery manufacturers, as textile units would further plan aggressive expansions.

	Cust	oms	Exc	cise
	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08
Power Equipments	12.75	7.73	16.32	16.48
Boilers	12.75	7.73	16.32	16.48
Steam Turbines	12.75	7.73	16.32	16.48
Hydraulic Turbines	12.75	7.73	16.32	16.48
Electrical resistors	12.75	7.73	16.32	16.48
Switchgears	12.75	7.73	16.32	16.48
Metals	7.65	5.15	7.65	5.15
Copper	7.65	5.15	7.65	5.15
Aluminium	7.65	5.15	7.65	5.15
Stainless Steel	7.65	5.15	7.65	5.15
Alloy Steel	7.65	5.15	7.65	5.15
Fuels				
LNG	5.10	5.15	0.00	0.00
Non-coking coal	5.10	5.15	0.00	0.00

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07 E	2007-08 E									
BHEL [#]	174,008.0	213,906.0	34,333.0	44,271.0	23,302.0	29,004.0	94.7	118.5	23.0	18.4	Positive
KEC International#	19,596.0	24,012.0	2,268.0	2,543.0	961.0	1,210.0	25.4	33.8	21.0	15.8	Positive
Havells#	13,806.0	19,506.0	1,416.0	1,953.0	924.0	1,304.0	16.5	23.8	27.6	19.2	Positive
RPG Transmission#	3,834.0	4,750.0	388.0	546.0	219.6	287.6	14.0	18.4	13.4	10.2	Positive
Kalpataru Power#	15,399.0	22,563.0	2,195.0	3,145.0	1,244.0	1,864.0	49.0	71.0	22.2	15.3	Positive
Jyoti Structures#	10,242.0	13,760.0	1,230.0	1,704.0	540.0	831.0	6.7	10.6	24.6	15.6	Positive

^{*}Bloomberg Consensus Estimates



Retail Negative

Service tax extended on the rentals of immovable assets for business purpose would have negative impact on the retail sector. As the retail space taken by retail companies are on long term lease, the outgo of rent expenses would increase, hence EBITDA margins are expected to be under pressure for retail companies like Pantaloon retail, Shoppers stop etc.

Some of the products in the ready to eat mixes could see increased off take due to lower retail prices on account of abolition of tariffs. Could be marginally positive for the organized retailing.



Tea & Coffee Neutral

Budget measures	Impact	Positive for	Negative for
A financial mechanism similar to the	While such a measure would	NA	NA
Tea fund is being considered for	help boost productivity of Coffee	!	
promoting Coffee.	plantations, no concrete plan or		
	specific amount has been		
	allocated by the government.		

Tea and Coffee companies that are primarily engaged in growing tea and coffee would benefit from Government's focus on development of irrigation and water harvesting projects. The establishment of a Coffee fund would be much welcomed as Indian coffee companies aim to make their mark on the global map.

	Cust	oms	Exc	ise
	06-07	07-08	06-07	07-08
Instant tea	102.0	103.0	16.32	16.48
Black tea	102.0	103.0	0.00	0.00
Instant coffee,				
flavoured	102.0	103.0	16.32	16.48
Instant coffee,				
not flavoured	102.0	103.0	16.32	16.48
Coffee aroma	102.0	103.0	16.32	16.48
Instant tea	102.0	103.0	16.32	16.48

Company name	Net sale:	s (Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (I	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Tata Tea	40,074	42,078	7,533	7,994	3,658	4,024	62.0	68.2	9.9	9.0	NA
Mcleod Russel	6,806	7,168	1,347	1,594	836	1,061	7.7	9.8	8.3	6.5	NA
Warren Tea#	1,563	1,675	130**	201**	73	123	6.8	11.5	10.3	6.1	NA

Bloomberg est; ** EBIT

Source: IISL Research, Bloomberg



Telecom Neutral

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
No change. Only proposal is that the DoT would separately be considering the rationalisation of levies.	,	No impact from the budget.	No impact from the budget.

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Bharti Airtel	186,707	284,152	74,203	115,813	38,661	61,959	20.4	32.7	35.2	22.0	neutral
MTNL	50,869	51,264	9,443	7,575	5,301	3,734	8.4	5.9	15.8	22.5	neutral
RCOM	148,710	211,364	58,612	88,139	30,296	48,497	14.3	23.0	28.4	17.7	neutral
TTML	16,644	25,889	3,915	7,746	(3,202)	177	(1.5)	0.1	nm	261.5	neutral
VSNL	41,929	42,658	7,874	7,896	3,066	2,370	10.8	8.3	34.0	44.0	neutral



Textiles Positive

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Customs duty cut on Polyester fibre, yarn, and raw materials - PTA and MEG, from 10% to 7.5%	We don't expect any impact on the operating margins as the duty cut has been on both, the finished product as well as raw material. However, prices of polyester yarn would become competitive as against cotton yarn.	Indo Rama Synthetics, JBF, Alok Industries	Cotton yarn manufacturers
TUF loans extended for 11 th		Welspun India, Alok	
plan period. Allocation for		Industries,	
2007-08 increased to	integrated players that are	Vardhman Textiles	
Rs911cr from Rs535cr in	aggressively expanding		
2006-07	capacities.		
	Textile machinery	Lakshmi Machine	
	manufacturers are likely to	Works, Super Sales	
	witness strong growth in orders.	Agencies, Veejay	
	2 3	Lakshmi Engineering	

The new budget has taken another step to make man-made fibers more competitive. The duty reduction would enable the man made yarn manufacturers regain lost ground. The continuation of TUF scheme over the 11th plan period would go a long way in maintaining the flow of investments in the sector and maintain global competitiveness.

	Custo	ms	Exci	se
	2006-07	2007-08	2006-07	2007-08
DMT, PTA, MEG	10.20	7.73	8.16	8.20
Man-made Filament	10.20	7.73	12.24	12.36
Man-made Yarn	10.20	7.73	8.16#	8.24#
Cotton fibre	10.20	7.73	8.16#	8.24#
Cotton yarn	10.20	10.30	Nil	Nil
Cotton fabrics	12.5	12.9	4.08#	4.12#

#The excise duty is zero in case the manufacturer opts out of CENVAT scheme opts out of the CENVAT scheme

Company name	Net sales (Rs mn)	EBITDA (I	Rs mn)	PAT (R	s mn)	EPS (Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07
Abhishek Industries	9,515.8	11,940.2	1,791.3	2,290.3	572.4	651.7	2.9	3.4	7.1	6.2	Positive
Alok Industries	17,909.6	23,383.6	3,895.4	4,965.8	1,338.6	1,927.8	7.9	11.3	7.5	5.2	Positive
Ambika Cotton Mills	1,316.5	1,456.3	383.3	448.0	147.8	211.1	23.9	34.2	6.9	4.8	Neutral
Arvind Mills	15,444.4	17,325.4	3,255.7	4,369.3	464.6	1,558.0	2.2	7.4	22.5	6.7	Neutral
Bannari Amman Spinning Mills	1,676.6	3,010.6	561.3	947.1	231.5	431.7	14.7	27.4	6.4	3.5	Neutral
Celebrity Fashions	3,488.2	5,286.2	207.1	575.9	-17.7	219.4	-1.0	12.3	n.a.	6.9	Neutral
Gokaldas Exports	10,109.0	11,825.7	1,045.7	1,242.3	691.4	899.0	20.1	26.2	12.9	9.9	Neutral
Indo Rama Synthetics#	21,413.0	28,593.0	716**	1,608**	392.0	1,008.0	3.0	7.6	17.8	7.0	Positive
JBF Industries#	13,532.0	16,055.0	1,624.0	1,967.0	736.6	n.a.	10.5	n.a.	10.3	n.a.	Positive
Vardhman Textiles	21,722.7	25,329.8	3,976.8	4,699.9	1,691.1	1,868.4	29.3	32.3	7.2	6.5	Positive
Welspun India	9,183.3	11,485.2	1,952.2	2,515.4	594.4	840.5	8.1	11.5	9.7	6.9	Positive

[#] Bloomberg estimates



^{**} EBIT

Infrastructure/Real Estate

Negative

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Sec 80 IA benefits	All contractors and sub-	NA	Most construction
extended only to	contractors other than BOT		companies who had
developers	operators would be affected		taken protection under Sec 80IA for
	with retrospective effect from April '00, wherever tax		construction profits
	exemptions availed		to be impacted.
Sec 80IB benefits	Real estate developers to	ALL real estate	NA
extended beyond	continue enjoying tax benefits	developers	
March'07 by including it in	on residential projects		
sec 80IA			
Bharat Nirman outlay	Higher spending on	ALL	NA
increased by 31.6% to	infrastructure projects,	infrastructure	
Rs246bn	including irrigation for	construction	
	additional 2.4m hectares	companies	
Proposal to use RBI's	Easier credit availability	ALL	NA
forex reserves for		infrastructure	
financing infrastructure		construction	
projects		companies	
Service tax on rentals for	Downward pressure on rental	NA	All real estate
non-residential properties	rates especially		developers

The short term trigger seems to be negative on account of withdrawal of Sec 80 IA benefits. The long term growth potential however remain strong on account of continued thrust given to the infrastructure sector through the higher outlay for the Bharat Nirman program as well initiating more innovative efforts for financing future funding requirements.

Company name	Net sales	(Rs mn)	EBITDA	(Rs mn)	PAT (F	Rs mn)	EPS	(Rs.)	P/E	(x)	Impact
	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	2006-07E	2007-08E	
Punj Lloyd	52,505.3	85,969.0	3,396.5	5,637.7	1,786.6	2,853.5	34.2	54.6	22.9	14.4	Neutral



Ship Building Neutral

Budget measures	Impact	Positive	Negative
Budget allocation for the	The companies which have got in	ABG Shipyard	
subsidies for the non-central		is expected to	
PSU shipyards and private	shipbuilding subsidy would be	receive	
sector shipyards of	eligible to receive the respective	Rs400mn of	
Rs1320mn.	subsidy.	subsidy.	



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