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## News Round-up

- Reliance Industries (RIL IN) plans to invest up to USD 2.33 bn to produce about 15 million standard cubic metres per day of gas from the $R$-series gas field in its eastern offshore Krishna Godavari D6 block. (BSTD)
- After the international media went abuzz last week over Reliance Industries Ltd (RIL IN) looking to buy Valero Energy Corp, the Indian petrochem major today categorically denied the move. (BSTD)
- In a bid to strengthen its presence in the European market, Wipro Technologies opened a data center in Meerbusch, Germany, with an investment of USD 20 mn . (BSTD)
- Tata Motors (TTMT IN) will challenge the Calcutta High Court order upholding the validity of the Singur Land and Rehabilitation and Development Act. (BSTD)
- Sterlite Ind. (STLT IN) plans to convert all its loans in loss-making group firm Vedanta Aluminum into equity. (ECNT)

Source: ECNT=Economic Times, BSTD = Business Standard, FNLE = Financial Express, THBL = Business Line.

| India | Change \% |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31-Oct | 1-day | -mo | 3-mo |
| Sensex | 17,705 | (0.6) | 7.6 | (3.3) |
| Nifty | 5,327 | (0.6) | 7.8 | (3.4) |

Global/Regional indices

| Dow Jones | 11,955 | (2.3) | 9.5 | (1.5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nasdaq Composite | 2,684 | (1.9) | 11.1 | (2.2) |
| FTSE | 5,544 | (2.8) | 8.1 | (4.0) |
| Nikkie | 8,902 | (1.0) | 2.3 | (10.7) |
| Hang Seng | 19,515 | (1.8) | 10.9 | (13.9) |
| KOSPI | 1,907 | (0.1) | 7.7 | (12.2) |
| Value traded - India |  |  |  |  |
| Cash (NSE+BSE) | 129 |  | 126 | 134 |
| Derivatives (NSE) | 732 |  | 939 | 998 |
| Deri. open interest | 1,126 |  | 954 | 1,035 |

## Forex/money market

|  | Change, basis points |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 31-Oct | 1-day | 1-mo | 3-mo |
| Rs/US $\$$ | 48.7 | 0 | $(46)$ | 465 |
| 10yr govt bond, \% | 8.8 | 1 | 34 | 38 |
| Net investment (US\$mn) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 28-Oct | MTD | CYTD |  |
| FIls | 483 |  | - | $(315)$ |
| MFs | $(32)$ |  | - | $(282)$ |


| Top movers -3mo basis | Change, \% |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Best performers | 31-Oct | 1-day | 1-mo | 3-mo |  |
| ACEM | IN Equity | 155.3 | $(3.2)$ | 4.3 | 20.2 |
| ACC | IN Equity | 1195.1 | $(2.4)$ | 8.8 | 18.5 |
| MM | IN Equity | 865.4 | $(0.6)$ | 7.5 | 18.4 |
| BJAUT | IN Equity | 1729.9 | $(1.5)$ | 12.6 | 16.4 |
| HUVR | IN Equity | 375.8 | 7.1 | 10.3 | 16.4 |
| Worst performers |  |  |  |  |  |
| RCAPT | IN Equity | 370.2 | $(0.5)$ | 17.5 | $(33.1)$ |
| IVRC | IN Equity | 41.5 | 1.7 | 18.1 | $(31.8)$ |
| HDIL | IN Equity | 99.8 | 0.3 | 1.8 | $(30.7)$ |
| WLCO | IN Equity | 107.7 | $(1.0)$ | $(3.7)$ | $(29.8)$ |
| SUEL | IN Equity | 38.6 | 0.1 | 5.8 | $(29.0)$ |

[^0]
## ICICI Bank (IIсівв)

## Banks/Financial Institutions

Stable quarter. ICICI Bank reported earnings growth of 22\% yoy largely driven by lower provisions on the back of healthy asset quality. Strong liability franchise has enabled the bank to deliver steady margins while loan growth was broadly in line with the industry. Lower fee income growth and lack of growth in retail loans were the primary weaknesses. We have marginally revised earnings downwards to factor weak corporate fees. International subsidiaries continue to remain a drag on profitability. Stock trades at 1.6X FY2013E book and 16X EPS for the parent banking business.

Company data and valuation summary
ICICI Bank

| Stock data |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) | $1,279-761$ |  |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) | $1,072.5$ |  |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |
| Promoters | 0.0 |  |
| FIls |  | 64.7 |
| MFs |  | 8.0 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1 M | 3 M |
| Absolute | 12 M |  |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | 6.4 | $(10.2)$ |


| Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012 E | 2013 E |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| EPS (Rs) | 44.7 | 56.9 | 60.0 |
| EPS growth (\%) | 23.9 | 27.2 | 5.4 |
| P/E (X) | 20.8 | 16.4 | 15.5 |
| NII (Rs bn) | 90.2 | 103.4 | 124.9 |
| Net profits (Rs bn) | 51.5 | 65.5 | 69.1 |
| BVPS | 478.3 | 515.2 | 554.1 |
| P/B (X) | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| ROE (\%) | 9.7 | 11.5 | 11.2 |
| Div. Yield (\%) | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.9 |

## On course towards consistent performance

ICICI Bank reported another steady quarter: (1) Margins were flat at 2.6\%, NII growth at 14\% yoy in 2QFY12, (2) CASA ratio steady at 42\% (flat qoq), (3) loan growth was strong at 20\% yoy, 6\% qoq growth (primarily driven by corporate and international), (4) asset quality improved further with net NPLs at $0.9 \%$ ( $1 \%$ in June 2011), provision coverage was $78 \%$ with negligible net slippages, and (5) international business continued to increase balance sheet liquidity. We expect NIMs to improve during the course of the year on the back of its liability profile as well as improving international margins (currently at 90 bps). Weak loan growth in retail segment and slow fee income growth are the main concern areas.

We maintain our BUY rating on the stock but low RoEs will limit upsides. We expect RoEs to improve to about 15\% by FY2013E. The international subsidiaries are a big drag on profitability as they are generating RoEs of only $5 \%$. We are valuing the bank at ₹ 1,100 -standalone bank at 1.9X FY2013E book (adjusted) and the subsidiaries at ₹235 (UK and Canada continue to be valued below book-0.6X).

Retail loan growth weak though overall loan growth in line with industry
ICICI Bank's loans grew in line with industry average at $20 \%$ yoy and $6 \%$ qoq primarily driven by corporate and international loans. The management expects loan book to grow at $18 \%$ in FY2012E mainly in secured retail lending, infrastructure (from projects under execution) and corporate working capital. Retail loan growth continues to remain well below industry average ( $1 \%$ qoq decline, $5 \%$ yoy growth) despite serious attempts from the management to boost disbursements. During 2QFY12, corporate loans grew by $40 \%$ yoy, SME loans by $42 \%$ yoy while international loans grew by $22 \%$ yoy and retail loans by $13 \%$ yoy. Within retail, housing loans grew by $9 \%$ yoy, commercial vehicles by $15 \%$ yoy and auto loans by $10 \%$ yoy.

## OCTOBER 31, 2011

## RESULT

Coverage view: Attractive
Price (Rs): 931
Target price (Rs): 1,100
BSE-30: 17,705

## QUICK NUMBERS

- NIM at 2.6\%; NII grew 14\% yoy
- Gross NPLs decline 30 bps qoq to $4.1 \%$
- Maintain BUY with TP of ₹ 1,100
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Power exposure is about $5 \%$ of loans (7\% of exposure) with (1) working capital being 30$35 \%$ levels, (2) commissioned projects would be about $50 \%$, (3) $65 \%$ of this exposures are backed by projects that have power purchasing agreements (unlike merchant plants),
(4) most plants with break-even at about $61 \%$ PLF. We note that the above does provide some clarity on the underlying loan exposures but it would still be difficult to take informed decisions as slippages or restructuring would be project-specific.

## NIM stable at $2.6 \%$ with scope for improvement

NIM was stable for the quarter at $2.6 \%$ but we see scope for improvement from current levels. Domestic margins are at $2.9 \%$ while the international margins are at $1.1 \%$. As per our estimates, cost of deposits increased by 30 bps qoq; lending yields improved by 50 bps while investment yields was relatively flat for the quarter. Investments in low yielding RIDF bonds continue to act as a drag in the overall margin improvement for the bank.

Deposits grew by $10 \%$ yoy ( $6 \%$ qoq) to ₹ 2.5 tn . We are building NIMs to expand by about 10 bps in FY2012-13E as we still see scope for the bank to leverage the underlying low-cost liability franchise (CASA ratio for the quarter was stable at $42 \%$ levels) which currently is stabilizing at $40 \%$ levels. Focus of the bank to improve international margins and non-linear re-pricing of loans to changes in lending rates will act as a strong support for NIM improvement.

## Fee income growth weakens to 7\% yoy; treasury reports a loss

Non-interest income increased by 10\% yoy as fee income growth was weak (7\% yoy) and the bank reported losses in treasury business. While the previous quarter saw the impact emerging from the retail business, the current quarter saw corporate business showing a very subdued performance-a trend likely to continue as corporate activity is slowing down. The bank reported a treasury loss of ₹ 800 mn during the quarter. We expect fee income to grow by 14\% CAGR in FY2011-13E, lower than the overall balance sheet growth.

Limited concern on asset quality; provision coverage healthy at 77\%
Asset quality showed further improvement as gross and net NPL declined qoq. Gross NPL and net NPL were at ₹ 100.2 bn ( $4.1 \%$ of loans) and ₹ 22 bn ( $0.9 \%$ of loans) compared to $₹ 99.8$ bn and ₹ 23 bn in June 2011, respectively. Slippages for the current quarter were about $1.4 \%$ and retail continues to deliver a strong performance, especially with the proportion of unsecured loans declining.

In its international business, the bank has further attempted to de-risk business with (1) exposure to financial institution reduced to US\$300 mn from US\$600 mn in June 2011, (2) ALM positions are being carefully monitored in light with the liquidity conditions in global markets, (3) UK and Canada balance sheet contribution continues to shrink further.

Loan-loss provisions for the quarter were about 60 bps ( $₹ 3 \mathrm{bn}$ ). Provision coverage ratio improved marginally by about 100 bps to $78 \%$. Given the underlying slippages trends, we are building loan-loss provisions at 1\% in FY2011-14E.

NPLs likely to fall due to lower slippages and high provisions
Net NPLs, March fiscal year-ends (\%)


Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

Cost-income ratio flat at 45\%; limited expansion over the past few quarters
Cost-income ratio was flat at 45\% on the back of higher staff costs while growth in nonstaff expenses was on the back of expansion taken by the bank in FY2011 and the acquisition of the business of Bank of Rajasthan. Salary expenses have increased by 35\% yoy ( $15 \%$ yoy decline) as the bank took about $11 \%$ average hike in salaries and the balance from increase in employees. Non-staff expenses increased 11\% yoy. We expect the bank to keep overall cost-structures at closer to current levels as the bank has decelerated its pace of expansion. Opex to assets was flat at $1.8 \%$ in 1Q. We, however, expect costs to grow by $17 \%$ CAGR over next few years on back of higher business activity and rising wage levels.

ICICI Prudential Life: Strong earnings even as operating trends yet to pick up
ICICI Prudential Life reported profits of ₹ 3.5 bn as compared to ₹ 0.15 bn reported in 2QFY11. Notably, the company did not consolidate the surplus in non-participating policyholder's funds (Rs2.5 bn) in the previous period. However, the core insurance business trends are yet to improve, new business premium was down 33\% yoy and renewal premium was down 9\% yoy. The management highlighted that 13-month persistency was stable qoq; the decline in value of equity investments and lower traction in new business pulled down AUM qoq to Rs648 bn. We expect new business premium to report pick-up in second half of the year when the low base effects (post new IRDA regime) play out.

Consolidated profits up 42\% yoy mainly due to profits from insurance business
Consolidated net profits growth grew by $42 \%$ yoy to ₹19.9 bn on the back of strong profits in the life insurance business (1QFY11 did not include policy surplus) and core banking business. Earnings from other domestic subsidiaries, excluding home finance, were under pressure in the current quarter. Assets in the Canadian subsidiary were flat for the quarter while the UK division continued to show a decline. Reporting in the Canadian subsidiary has moved to IFRS from GAAP earlier. Profits in these businesses continue to remain below par.

Improvement in contribution from life insurance subsidiaries Consolidated profit for ICICI Bank, March fiscal year-ends (₹ mn)

|  | 2QFY11 | 2QFY12 | yoy growth | 1QFY12 | qoq growth |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ICICI Bank PAT | 12,363 | 15,032 | 21.6 | 13,322 | 12.8 |
| Subsidiaries (profits) | 1,587 | 4,885 | 207.9 | 3,278 | 49.0 |
| ICICI Securities | 290 | 160 | $(44.8)$ | 100 | 60.0 |
| ICICI Ventures | 220 | 30 | $(86.4)$ | 50 | $(40.0)$ |
| ICICI Prudential | 150 | 3,500 |  | 3,390 | 3.2 |
| ICICI Lombard | 1,040 | 560 | $(46.2)$ | 400 | 40.0 |
| ICICI Home | 540 | 561 | 3.9 | 704 | $(20.2)$ |
| ICICI UK | 378 | 245 | $(35.2)$ | 223 | 10.1 |
| ICICI Canada | 331 | 603 | 81.9 | 554 | 8.9 |
| ICICI AMC | 140 | 200 | 42.9 | 250 | $(20.0)$ |
| ICICI PD | 2 | 170 |  | 230 | $(26.1)$ |
| Consolidated PAT | $\mathbf{1 3 , 9 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 , 9 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 2 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 6 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 0}$ |

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities, Company

Proportion of UK and Canada to overall loans has dropped to 8\% from a peak of 13\% in 2QFY10
Contribution of international loans to total loans, March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY09-2QFY12

|  | 2QFY09 | 3QFY09 | 4QFY09 | 1QFY10 | 2QFY10 | 3QFY10 | 4QFY10 | 1QFY11 | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance sheet (Rs bn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 3,850 | 3,744 | 3,793 | 3,674 | 3,664 | 3,563 | 3,634 | 3,597 | 3,900 | 3,929 | 4,062 | 4,152 | 4,407 |
| UK | 409 | 370 | 370 | 398 | 385 | 349 | 333 | 321 | 324 | 313 | 285 | 268 | 228 |
| Canada | 243 | 259 | 258 | 260 | 261 | 256 | 252 | 227 | 218 | 210 | 207 | 236 | 236 |
| Eurasia |  |  | 22 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 18 | 16 | 12 | 16 | 14 | 15 | 12 |
| Total | 4,501 | 4,373 | 4,443 | 4,353 | 4,331 | 4,189 | 4,237 | 4,161 | 4,455 | 4,469 | 4,569 | 4,671 | 4,883 |
| International loans/assets (Rs bn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 577 | 553 | 546 | 515 | 515 | 466 | 453 | 479 | 486 | 504 | 552 | 558 | 592 |
| UK | 311 | 311 | 315 | 334 | 339 | 311 | 276 | 282 | 275 | 261 | 225 | 213 | 174 |
| Canada | 187 | 207 | 222 | 216 | 232 | 223 | 199 | 198 | 184 | 178 | 182 | 209 | 213 |
| Eurasia |  |  | 18 | 15 | 14 | 16 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| Total | 1,075 | 1,070 | 1,100 | 1,080 | 1,100 | 1,016 | 939 | 969 | 954 | 953 | 969 | 989 | 986 |
| Proportion of international loans (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 12.8 | 12.6 | 12.3 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 11.1 | 10.7 | 11.5 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.1 |
| UK | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 3.6 |
| Canada | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.4 |
| Eurasia | - | - | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Total | 23.9 | 24.5 | 24.8 | 24.8 | 25.4 | 24.2 | 22.2 | 23.3 | 21.4 | 21.3 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 20.2 |

Notes:
(1) Period ending currency rates have been used for translation of the balance sheet of UK and Canada.
(2) Canada has seen an increase in total loans in FY2012 due to a change in accounting policy.
(3) Loans for UK and Canada only excludes cash and cash equivalents

Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities

UK has witnessed significant shift towards less risky assets in the past few quarters
Break-up of assets in UK, Canada and Eurasia, March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY09-2QFY12 (\%)

|  | 2QFY09 | 3QFY09 | 4QFY09 | 1QFY10 | 2QFY10 | 3QFY10 | 4QFY10 | 1QFY11 | 2 QFY 11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ICICI Bank - UK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advances | 29.0 | 36.0 | 45.0 | 46.0 | 50.0 | 52.0 | 52.0 | 57.0 | 55.0 | 56.5 | 56.4 | 57.4 | 58.0 |
| Bank bonds/ FI | 30.0 | 31.0 | 28.0 | 25.0 | 27.0 | 25.0 | 19.0 | 18.0 | 18.0 | 16.1 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 5.6 |
| Asset backed securities | 7.0 | 6.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Cash and liquid investments | 24.0 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 16.0 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 17.0 | 12.0 | 15.0 | 16.5 | 21.0 | 20.6 | 23.7 |
| India linked investments | 6.0 | 6.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.9 |
| Others | 4.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 7.0 |
| ICICI Bank - Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans to customers | 46.0 | 55.0 | 64.0 | 60.0 | 61.0 | 61.0 | 58.0 | 68.0 | 68.0 | 66.1 | 66.0 | 54.1 | 51.9 |
| Federally insured mortgages | 22.0 | 17.0 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 10.0 | 7.0 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 21.5 | 25.9 |
| Asset backed securities | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Cash and liquid securities | 23.0 | 20.0 | 14.0 | 17.0 | 11.0 | 13.0 | 21.0 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 15.2 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 10.0 |
| India linked investments | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Others | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 8.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 11.7 | 10.6 | 10.0 |
| ICICI Bank - Eurasia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans to corporates |  |  | 51.0 | 45.0 | 39.0 | 54.0 | 34.0 | 38.0 | 44.0 | 32.7 | 38.0 | 39.0 | 38.4 |
| Corporate bonds |  |  | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Retail loans |  |  | 18.0 | 17.0 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 16.0 | 18.0 | 22.0 | 15.7 | 17.4 | 16.0 | 18.6 |
| Cash and cash equivalents |  |  | 20.0 | 28.0 | 37.0 | 24.0 | 40.0 | 37.0 | 17.5 | 46.0 | 31.2 | 38.7 | 35.1 |
| Others |  |  | 3.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 3.0 | 13.0 | 3.9 | 11.4 | 4.2 | 5.7 |

Notes
(1) Canada has seen increase in total loans in FY2012 due to a change in accounting policy.

Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities

Indian corporate-related credit derivatives have declined to negligible levels across all geographies
Credit derivative exposure (including off balance sheet exposure), March fiscal year-ends (₹ bn)

|  | 4QFY09 | 1QFY10 | 2QFY10 | 3QFY10 | 4QFY10 | 1QFY11 | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Standalone | 57.1 | 54.1 | 54.1 | 51.9 | 48.3 | 49.4 | 45.1 | 42.4 | 38.8 | 21.3 | 20.2 |
| UK | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Canada | 6.0 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| Total | 70.9 | 67.6 | 68.3 | 65.6 | 60.6 | 60.4 | 54.3 | 51.5 | 46.1 | 23.3 | 22.3 |
| \% of balance sheet | 6.6 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 2.3 |

## Notes:

(1) Balance sheet of only these three entities has been taken.

Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities

Rolling PER and PBR for ICICI Bank
March fiscal year-ends, 2002-2011 (X)


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

ICICI Bank quarterly results and key balance sheet items
March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY11-2QFY12 (₹ mn)

|  |  | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 |  |  | $\begin{array}{cr}  & \text { Actual Vs } \\ \text { 2QFY12E } & \text { KS } \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2QFY11 |  |  |  | 2QFY12 | \% change |  |  |
| Interest income | 63,091 | 66,960 | 71,565 | 76,185 | 81,576 | 29 | 80,167 | 2 |
| Interest on advances | 39,492 | 41,620 | 45,351 | 49,351 | 53,807 | 36 | 51,470 | 5 |
| Interest on investments | 19,161 | 21,212 | 22,093 | 22,510 | 23,450 | 22 | 24,134 | (3) |
| Balance with RBI | 4,438 | 4,128 | 4,120 | 4,324 | 4,319 | (3) | 4,562 | (5) |
| Interest expenses | 41,047 | 43,842 | 46,467 | 52,076 | 56,512 | 38 | 54,805 | 3 |
| Net interest income | 22,044 | 23,117 | 25,097 | 24,109 | 25,064 | 14 | 25,362 | (1) |
| Non-interest income | 15,779 | 17,488 | 16,407 | 16,429 | 17,396 | 10 | 19,816 | (12) |
| Commission and fees | 15,900 | 16,250 | 17,910 | 15,780 | 17,000 | 7 | 17,967 | (5) |
| Investment income | $(1,440)$ | 210 | $(1,960)$ | (250) | (800) | 2 | 700 | (214) |
| Other income | 1,319 | 1,028 | 457 | 899 | 1,196 | (9) | 1,149 | 4 |
| Total income | 37,823 | 40,605 | 41,504 | 40,538 | 42,460 | 12 | 45,179 | (6) |
| Total income excluding treasury | 39,263 | 40,395 | 43,464 | 40,788 | 43,260 | 10 | 44,479 | (3) |
| Operating expenses | 15,704 | 17,179 | 18,455 | 18,198 | 18,922 | 20 | 19,207 | (1) |
| Salary | 6,243 | 7,605 | 8,566 | 7,329 | 8,427 | 35 | 7,928 | 6 |
| Other costs | 9,106 | 9,170 | 9,436 | 10,533 | 10,133 | 11 | 10,928 | (7) |
| DMA cost | 355 | 405 | 453 | 336 | 362 | 2 | 352 | 3 |
| Preprovision profit | 22,119 | 23,426 | 23,049 | 22,340 | 23,538 | 6 | 25,971 | (9) |
| Provisions | 6,411 | 4,643 | 3,836 | 4,539 | 3,188 | (50) | 4,600 | (31) |
| Loan loss provisions | 6,411 | 4,643 | 3,836 | 4,539 | 3,188 | (50) | 4,600 | (31) |
| Profit before tax | 15,708 | 18,783 | 19,213 | 17,802 | 20,350 | 30 | 21,371 | (5) |
| Tax | 3,345 | 4,413 | 4,692 | 4,480 | 5,318 | 59 | 5,557 | (4) |
| Profit after tax | 12,363 | 14,370 | 14,521 | 13,322 | 15,032 | 22 | 15,815 | (5) |
| Effective tax rate(\%) | 21 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |  |  |  |
| PBT-invt inc+dep | 17,148 | 18,573 | 21,173 | 18,052 | 21,150 | 23 |  |  |
| PBT-Invt income+NPL provisions | 23,559 | 23,216 | 25,009 | 22,590 | 24,338 | 3 | 25,271 | (4) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Key balance sheet items (Rs bn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 2,231 | 2,177 | 2,256 | 2,307 | 2,451 | 10 |  |  |
| Savings | 632 | 646 | 669 | 669 | 701 | 11 |  |  |
| Current | 349 | 317 | 349 | 298 | 330 | (5) |  |  |
| CASA ratio (\%) | 44 | 44 | 45 | 42 | 42 | 14 |  |  |
| Loans | 1,942 | 2,067 | 2,164 | 2,207 | 2,340 | 20 |  |  |
| Retail loans | 781 | 790 | 837 | 828 | 819 | 5 |  |  |
| Retail loans to total loans (\%) | 40 | 38 | 39 | 38 | 35 |  |  |  |
| Housing loans | 508 | 517 | 539 | 546 | 551 | 9 |  |  |
| Auto loans | 70 | 71 | 77 | 78 | 77 | 10 |  |  |
| Two wheelers | 16 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| Personal loans | 31 | 25 | 23 | 20 | 12 | (61) |  |  |
| Credit cards | 31 | 32 | 28 | 26 | 25 | (19) |  |  |
| Commercial vehicles | 117 | 121 | 148 | 137 | 135 | 15 |  |  |
| Corporate and International | 1,161 | 1,277 | 1,326 | 1,379 | 1,521 | 31 |  |  |
| International lending | 486 | 504 | 552 | 558 | 592 | 22 |  |  |
| Rural (incl agri) | 136 | 153 | 210 | 188 | 175 | 29 |  |  |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

ICICI Bank—key analytical parameters
March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY11-2QFY12

|  | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KS calculations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on Loans | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 9.0 | 9.5 |
| Yield on Investments | 5.8 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.5 |
| Yield on funds | 7.9 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 8.8 |
| Cost of funds | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 6.4 |
| Spread | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| NIM | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| NIM as per the mgmt | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Asset quality details |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPLs to advances (\%) | 5.3 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.3 |
| Net NPLs to advances (\%) | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Provision Coverage (\%) | 68.8 | 71.9 | 75.7 | 76.6 | 77.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPLs (Rs bn) | 102 | 102 | 101 | 101 | 101 |
| Provisions and w/off (Rs bn) | 70 | 74 | 77 | 77 | 79 |
| Net NPLs (Rs bn) | 32 | 29 | 25 | 24 | 22 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restructured assets (Rsbn) | 26 | 26 | 20 | 20 | 25 |
| Total rest. And NPLs | 58 | 54 | 44 | 43 | 47 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPLs in retail (Rs bn) | 68 | 67 | 66 | 64 | 63 |
| Non collateral accounts (Rs bn) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail ratio (\%) excld non-collateral | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net NPLs in retail (Rs bn) | 17.1 | 14.3 | 12.5 | 11.2 | 9.8 |
| Net NPLs in non retail | 14.8 | 14.4 | 12.1 | 12.3 | 12.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital adequacy details |  |  |  |  |  |
| CAR (\%) | 20.2 | 20.0 | 19.5 | 19.6 | 19.0 |
| Tier I (\%) | 13.8 | 13.7 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 13.1 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

ICICI Bank balance sheet snapshot and key details of ICICI Prudential
March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY11-2QFY12

|  | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance sheet snapshot (Rs bn) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash, balances with banks, SLR | 1,045 | 982 | 982 | 1,074 | 1,123 |
| Cash advances | 348 | 315 | 341 | 349 | 362 |
| SLR Investments | 697 | 667 | 641 | 725 | 761 |
| Advances | 1,942 | 2,067 | 2,164 | 2,207 | 2,340 |
| Retail | 781 | 790 | 837 | 828 | 819 |
| Housing loans | 508 | 517 | 539 | 546 | 551 |
| Other assets | 247 | 210 | 211 | 201 | 229 |
| Total assets | $\mathbf{3 , 9 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 9 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 0 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 1 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 4 0 7}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Networth | 540 | 554 | 551 | 565 | 586 |
| Equity capital | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Reserves and surplus | 528 | 543 | 539 | 553 | 574 |
| Deposits | 2,231 | 2,177 | 2,256 | 2,307 | 2,451 |
| Savings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic | 482 | 510 | 545 | 548 | 547 |
| - Other borrowings | 148 | 176 | 193 | 201 | 194 |
| - Preference shares | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ICICI Pru Life |  |  |  |  |  |
| ICICI AMC | 140 | 60 | 200 | 250 | 200 |
| ICICI PD | 2 | 18 | 170 | 230 | 170 |
| APE (Rs bn) | 13 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 7 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Retail loans have been running off sharply since the past few quarters
March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY10-2QFY12 (₹ bn)

|  | 2QFY10 | 3QFY10 | 4QFY10 | 1QFY11 | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 1QFY12 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Retail Loans | 859 | 807 | 790 | 763 | 781 | 790 | 837 | 828 | 819 |
| qoq change (\%) | $(11)$ | $(6)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | 2 | 1 | 6 | $(1)$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secured Loans | 713 | 686 | 687 | 671 | 711 | 722 | 764 | 761 | 763 |
| Unsecured Loans | 146 | 121 | 103 | 92 | 70 | 67 | 73 | 67 | 56 |
| Retail \% of total loans | 45 | 45 | 44 | 41 | 40 | 38 | 39 | 38 | 35 |

Source: Company

International portfolio still constitutes a large proportion of the loan book
Movement in non-retail and international loan book, March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY10-2QFY12 (₹ bn)

|  | 2QFY10 | 3QFY10 | 4QFY10 | 1QFY11 | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 1QFY12 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non retail loans | 1,050 | 986 | 1,022 | 1,081 | 1,161 | 1,277 | 1,326 | 1,379 | 1,521 |
| of which International | 515 | 466 | 453 | 479 | 486 | 504 | 552 | 558 | 592 |
| International \% of total <br> parent loans | 27 | 26 | 25 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 26 | 25 | 25 |

[^1]ICICI Bank-change in estimates
March fiscal year-ends, 2012-2014E (₹ mn)

|  | New estimates |  |  | Old estimates |  |  | \% change in estimates |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| Net interest income | 103,372 | 124,872 | 148,287 | 107,043 | 128,059 | 153,295 | (3.4) | (2.5) | (3.3) |
| Spread | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 |  |  |  |
| NIM (\%) | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 |  |  |  |
| Customer assets (Rs bn) | 3,078 | 3,566 | 4,185 | 3,078 | 3,566 | 4,185 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loan loss provisions | 15,352 | 30,842 | 40,282 | 18,895 | 30,842 | 40,282 | (18.8) | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other income | 78,537 | 93,308 | 108,257 | 81,018 | 96,188 | 111,599 | (3.1) | (3.0) | (3.0) |
| Fee income | 60,937 | 71,041 | 82,834 | 63,418 | 73,920 | 86,176 | (3.9) | (3.9) | (3.9) |
| Treasury income | 2,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 2,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Operating expenses | 76,998 | 90,901 | 105,818 | 77,905 | 92,011 | 107,150 | (1.2) | (1.2) | (1.2) |
| Employee expenses | 33,556 | 41,038 | 49,282 | 34,463 | 42,147 | 50,614 | (2.6) | (2.6) | (2.6) |
| PBT | 88,558 | 95,937 | 109,944 | 90,261 | 100,894 | 116,962 | (1.9) | (4.9) | (6.0) |
| Tax | 23,025 | 26,862 | 30,784 | 23,468 | 28,250 | 32,749 | (1.9) | (4.9) | (6.0) |
| Net profit | 65,533 | 69,075 | 79,160 | 66,793 | 72,644 | 84,213 | (1.9) | (4.9) | (6.0) |
| PBT-treasury+provisions | 101,910 | 122,779 | 146,226 | 107,156 | 127,736 | 153,244 | (4.9) | (3.9) | (4.6) |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

ICICI Bank SOTP (FY2013E) valuation

|  | ICICI Share (\%) | FY2013 Valuation methodoly adopted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value of ICICI standalone | 100 | 855 Based on Residual growth model |
| Subsidiaries |  |  |
| ICICI Financial Services | 94 | 144 |
| ICICI Prudential Life | 74* | 107 16X NBAP, margin assumed is 11\% |
| General Insurance | 74* | 20 1.5X FY2013 PBR |
| Mutual Fund | 51* | 17 3\% of AUMs |
| Other subsidiaries/associates |  |  |
| ICICI Securities Ltd | 100 | 12 10X FY2013 PER |
| ICICI Securities Primary Dealer | 100 | 6 1X FY2013 PBR |
| ICICI Homes Ltd | 100 | 20 1.5X FY2013 PBR |
| ICICI Bank UK | 100 | 17 0.6XFY2013 PBR |
| ICICI Bank Canada | 100 | 23 0.6XFY2013 PBR |
| Venture capital/MF | 100 | 13 10\% of AUM of US\$2 bn |
| Value of subsidiaries |  | 235 |
| Value of company |  | 1,090 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

ICICI Bank-forecasts and valuation
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E

|  | PAT | EPS | P/E | BVPS | P/B | RoE | Core RoE | $\begin{gathered} \text { P/E } \\ \text { (standalone) } \end{gathered}$ | BVPS (standalone) | P/B <br> (standalone) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Rs bn) | (Rs) | (X) | (Rs) | (X) | (\%) | (\%) | (X) | (Rs) | (X) |
| 2009 | 37.6 | 33.8 | 27.6 | 445 | 2.1 | 7.8 | 9.2 | 22.6 | 331 | 2.1 |
| 2010 | 40.2 | 36.1 | 25.8 | 463 | 2.0 | 8.0 | 9.7 | 21.2 | 348 | 2.0 |
| 2011 | 51.5 | 44.7 | 20.8 | 478 | 1.9 | 9.7 | 11.5 | 16.9 | 365 | 1.9 |
| 2012E | 65.5 | 56.9 | 16.4 | 515 | 1.8 | 11.5 | 13.8 | 13.1 | 402 | 1.7 |
| 2013E | 69.1 | 60.0 | 15.5 | 554 | 1.7 | 11.2 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 441 | 1.6 |
| 2014E | 79.2 | 68.7 | 13.5 | 599 | 1.6 | 11.9 | 13.8 | 10.9 | 485 | 1.4 |

[^2]ICICI Bank, growth rates, key ratios and Du Pont analysis
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Growth rates (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loan growth | (3.2) | (17.0) | 19.4 | 18.3 | 19.0 | 20.3 |
| Customer assets growth | (2.9) | (10.4) | 24.4 | 14.8 | 15.8 | 17.3 |
| Corporate loans | (4.3) | (9.3) | 29.8 | 19.5 | 20.8 | 21.6 |
| Total retail loans | (2.2) | (24.6) | 7.2 | 16.7 | 16.5 | 18.2 |
| Deposits growth | (10.7) | (7.5) | 11.7 | 18.1 | 19.0 | 20.2 |
| Borrowings growth | 5.9 | 2.1 | 16.5 | 18.2 | 10.1 | 12.4 |
| Net interest income | 14.5 | (3.0) | 11.1 | 14.6 | 20.8 | 18.8 |
| Loan loss provisions | 38.8 | 16.3 | (54.7) | (22.3) | 100.9 | 30.6 |
| Non-interest income | (13.7) | (1.7) | (11.1) | 18.1 | 18.8 | 16.0 |
| Net fee income | 0.4 | (14.1) | 14.2 | 10.5 | 16.6 | 16.6 |
| Net capital gains | (29.0) | (43.1) | (133.3) | (182.2) | 100.0 | - |
| Total income | (0.9) | (2.4) | 0.5 | 16.1 | 19.9 | 17.6 |
| Operating expenses | (13.6) | (16.8) | 12.9 | 16.4 | 18.1 | 16.4 |
| Employee expenses | (5.2) | (2.3) | 46.3 | 19.1 | 22.3 | 20.1 |
| DMA | (65.7) | (76.3) | 25.1 | (10.4) | 33.1 | 33.6 |
| Asset management measures (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on average earning assets | 8.9 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 8.1 |
| Interest on advances | 10.0 | 8.7 | 8.2 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| Interest on investments | 7.6 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 7.1 |
| Average cost of funds | 7.0 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| Interest on deposits | 6.8 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| Other interest | 7.5 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.9 |
| Difference | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Net interest income/earning assets | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| New provisions/average net loans | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Loans-to-deposit ratio | 69.7 | 60.6 | 63.9 | 64.0 | 65.7 | 67.1 |
| Share of deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 9.9 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 14.3 | 13.5 | 12.7 |
| Fixed | 71.3 | 58.3 | 54.9 | 56.1 | 58.6 | 60.9 |
| Savings | 18.8 | 26.3 | 29.6 | 29.6 | 28.0 | 26.4 |
| Tax rate | 26.6 | 24.7 | 23.8 | 26.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 |
| Dividend payout ratio | 32.6 | 33.2 | 31.3 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| Asset quality metrics (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPL | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| Net NPL | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| Slippages | 2.2 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Provision coverage (ex write-off) | 51.7 | 57.0 | 74.3 | 72.0 | 73.0 | 74.3 |
| ROA decomposition - \% of average assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Loan loss provisions | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| Net other income | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Operating expenses | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Invt. Depreciation | - | (-) | - | - | - | - |
| (1- tax rate) | 73.4 | 75.3 | 76.2 | 74.0 | 72.0 | 72.0 |
| ROA | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Average assets/average equity | 8.1 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 8.8 |
| ROE | 7.8 | 8.0 | 9.7 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 11.9 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

ICICI Bank income statement and balance sheet
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total interest income | 310,925 | 257,069 | 259,741 | 336,197 | 375,766 | 443,836 |
| Interest on advances | 223,238 | 173,727 | 164,248 | 220,572 | 253,886 | 301,818 |
| Interest on investments | 74,031 | 64,663 | 79,052 | 97,376 | 104,103 | 122,161 |
| Total interest expense | 227,259 | 175,926 | 169,572 | 232,825 | 250,894 | 295,549 |
| Deposits from customers | 157,852 | 115,135 | 100,709 | 144,206 | 153,807 | 187,825 |
| Net interest income | 83,666 | 81,144 | 90,169 | 103,372 | 124,872 | 148,287 |
| Loan loss provisions | 37,500 | 43,622 | 19,769 | 15,352 | 30,842 | 40,282 |
| Net interest income (after prov.) | 46,166 | 37,522 | 70,400 | 88,020 | 94,030 | 108,005 |
| Other income | 76,037 | 74,777 | 66,479 | 78,537 | 93,308 | 108,257 |
| Net fee income | 56,259 | 48,308 | 55,146 | 60,937 | 71,041 | 82,834 |
| Net capital gains | 12,864 | 7,316 | $(2,434)$ | 2,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Miscellaneous income | 3,306 | 3,054 | 73 | 73 | 87 | 105 |
| Operating expenses | 70,451 | 58,598 | 66,172 | 76,998 | 90,901 | 105,818 |
| Employee expense | 19,717 | 19,258 | 28,169 | 33,556 | 41,038 | 49,282 |
| DMA | 5,289 | 1,255 | 1,570 | 1,407 | 1,873 | 2,503 |
| Pretax income | 51,170 | 53,453 | 67,607 | 88,558 | 95,937 | 109,944 |
| Tax provisions | 13,588 | 13,203 | 16,093 | 23,025 | 26,862 | 30,784 |
| Net Profit | 37,581 | 40,250 | 51,514 | 65,533 | 69,075 | 79,160 |
| \% growth | (9.6) | 7.1 | 28.0 | 27.2 | 5.4 | 14.6 |
| PBT+provision-treasury gains | 76,388 | 90,005 | 92,909 | 102,910 | 123,279 | 146,726 |
| \% growth | 24.2 | 17.8 | 3.2 | 10.8 | 19.8 | 19.0 |
| Balance sheet (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and bank balance | 299,666 | 388,737 | 340,901 | 374,799 | 415,302 | 467,221 |
| Cash | 28,557 | 33,410 | 37,844 | 44,691 | 53,173 | 63,932 |
| Balance with RBI | 146,806 | 241,733 | 171,226 | 198,277 | 230,298 | 271,458 |
| Balance with banks | 44,016 | 45,742 | 56,014 | 56,014 | 56,014 | 56,014 |
| Outside India | 80,286 | 67,852 | 75,817 | 75,817 | 75,817 | 75,817 |
| Net value of investments | 1,030,583 | 1,208,928 | 1,346,860 | 1,570,605 | 1,728,653 | 1,934,620 |
| Investments in India | 934,784 | 1,117,553 | 1,252,941 | 1,472,255 | 1,623,656 | 1,819,653 |
| Govt. and other securities | 633,775 | 683,991 | 641,287 | 860,927 | 1,012,328 | 1,208,325 |
| Shares | 17,031 | 27,557 | 28,134 | 28,134 | 28,134 | 28,134 |
| Subsidiaries | 61,195 | 62,227 | 64,797 | 64,797 | 64,797 | 64,797 |
| Debentures and bonds | 26,001 | 36,354 | 161,463 | 161,463 | 161,463 | 161,463 |
| Net loans and advances | 2,183,108 | 1,812,056 | 2,163,659 | 2,560,032 | 3,047,550 | 3,666,111 |
| Corporate loans | 1,080,908 | 980,866 | 1,272,919 | 1,520,860 | 1,837,224 | 2,234,979 |
| Total retail loans | 1,102,200 | 831,190 | 890,740 | 1,039,172 | 1,210,325 | 1,431,132 |
| Fixed assets | 38,016 | 32,127 | 47,443 | 56,210 | 61,983 | 67,044 |
| Net leased assets | 4,623 | 3,534 | 2,570 | 4,161 | 3,537 | 3,006 |
| Net owned assets | 33,393 | 28,593 | 44,872 | 52,049 | 58,446 | 64,038 |
| Other assets | 241,636 | 192,149 | 163,475 | 163,475 | 163,475 | 163,475 |
| Total assets | 3,793,010 | 3,633,997 | 4,062,337 | 4,725,121 | 5,416,962 | 6,298,470 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 2,183,478 | 2,020,166 | 2,256,021 | 2,664,218 | 3,169,898 | 3,811,262 |
| Borrowings and bills payable | 949,806 | 969,705 | 1,129,848 | 1,335,623 | 1,470,362 | 1,652,207 |
| Preference capital | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,500 |
| Other liabilities | 164,395 | 127,943 | 125,559 | 131,837 | 138,428 | 145,350 |
| Total liabilities | 3,297,679 | 3,117,813 | 3,511,427 | 4,131,678 | 4,778,688 | 5,608,819 |
| Paid-up capital | 11,133 | 11,149 | 11,518 | 11,518 | 11,518 | 11,518 |
| Reserves \& surplus | 484,197 | 505,035 | 539,391 | 581,924 | 626,756 | 678,133 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 495,330 | 516,184 | 550,909 | 593,442 | 638,274 | 689,651 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Mixed bag - volumes beat, margins and cash flows disappoint. Wipro's 2QFY12 earnings report threw a mixed set of numbers - revenue growth beat expectations on strong volume uptick but margin decline and poor cash-flow generation disappointed. Wipro's turnaround (which aims at bridging relative performance gap versus peers) remains a work in progress - mixed 2Q report does little to aid a decisive verdict. Nonetheless, FY2013E EPS sees a currency-led upgrade while valuation support prevents a downgrade. Maintain ADD. Revise TP to Rs410 (from Rs370 earlier).

| Company data and valuation summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wipro |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013 E |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 497-310 | EPS (Rs) | 21.6 | 22.6 | 26.4 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 899.6 | EPS growth (\%) | 14.5 | 4.7 | 16.9 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 17.0 | 16.2 | 13.9 |
| Promoters |  |  | 79.2 | Sales (Rs bn) | 311.0 | 374.0 | 430.8 |
| Flls |  |  | 7.1 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 53.0 | 55.5 | 64.8 |
| MFs |  |  | 0.9 | EBITDA (Rs bn) | 67.4 | 75.7 | 86.6 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | EV/EBITDA ( X ) | 12.5 | 10.8 | 9.1 |
| Absolute | 7.6 | (5.8) | (12.7) | ROE (\%) | 24.3 | 21.2 | 21.0 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (0.0) | (3.2) | (1.2) | Div. Yield (\%) | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.6 |

2QFY12 earnings a mixed bag - volume beat negated by margin miss and poor cash flows
Wipro beat the upper-end of its revenue guidance for the first time in many quarters. Reported IT services revenues of US $\$ 1,473 \mathrm{mn}(+4.6 \%$ qoq, $+15.7 \%$ yoy) came in $1 \%$ ahead of our expectations and $1.5 \%$ above the upper-end of company's constant currency revenue guidance. Revenue growth was driven by a strong 6\% volume growth even as reported offshore pricing was down $4.1 \%$ qoq on account of effort overflow in certain fixed price contracts (this may have aided volume growth to some extent as well). Revenue growth was aided to an extent of $2.5 \%$ from full quarter consolidation of SAIC; organic revenue growth was $2.1 \%$ qoq ( $2.9 \%$ in constant currency).

IT services EBIT margins declined 200 bps qoq versus our expectation of 130 bps; margin decline was driven by (1) full quarter impact of wage hikes effected from June 1, 2011, and (2) acquisition consolidation impact. We were also disappointed by poor cash-flow generation during the quarter - Wipro has seen sustained balance sheet deterioration for the past few quarters. At a consolidated level, DSO (including unbilled) has expanded to 107 days from a low of 81 days as late as Sep 2009; working capital cycle has increased to 77 days from 29 in the same timeframe.

True turnaround demands bridging revenue growth gap without margin or ROCE sacrifices
Wipro faces a tough challenge turning around its revenue performance relative to peers, in our view. Even as the company has taken aggressive personnel decisions and made changes to the organization structure, turnaround in revenue growth trajectory faces challenges from (1) potential demand softening, and (2) increased aggression from competitors. More importantly, revenue turnaround needs to be delivered without a structural hit on margin profile. Also, Wipro needs to meet the P\&L turnaround challenge while keeping an eye on the balance sheet and return ratios both of these have weakened meaningfully in recent quarters.

We do like Wipro's vertical-centric, client-mining-focused turnaround strategy, however. The company may not be able to deliver a perfect quarter during the turnaround phase. However, valuations at 13.8X our revised FY2013E EPS (16\% discount to Infosys) do not demand a perfect quarter, either. We retain ADD. Our TP stands revised to Rs410/share (from 370 earlier).

OCTOBER 31, 2011
RESULT
Coverage view: Attractive
Price (Rs): 367
Target price (Rs): 410
BSE-30: 17,705

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## 2QFY12 highlights

- Consolidated revenues of Rs91 bn came in 0.7\% ahead of our estimate driven by revenue beat in the IT services segment. Reported EBIT of Rs15 bn, however, fell $1.1 \%$ short of our estimate as IT services margins disappointed. Consolidated net income of Rs13 bn was 1\% lower than our estimate.
- Reported IT services revenues of US\$1,473 mn (+4.6\% qoq) came in $1 \%$ higher than our estimate and was driven by strong 6\% qoq volume growth. Wipro's revenue growth guidance for the quarter was 2-4\%.
- IT services revenues included US\$46 mn from SAIC O\&G acquisition. Contribution in June 2011 quarter was US\$10 mn. Ex-acquisition-kicker, organic revenue growth was 2.1\% qoq in US\$ terms.
- IT services EBIT margin declined 200 bps qoq and 220 bps yoy to $20 \%$. Our expectation was $20.7 \%$. Margin decline was driven by acquisition consolidation impact, and partial impact of wage hikes effected from June 1, 2011.
- Wipro has guided for 2-4\% qoq growth in IT services US\$ revenues for the December 2011 quarter. Guidance is robust in light of December quarter seasonality and clearly suggests that the demand environment continues to be fine.
- Client metrics continues to improve - we note that improvement in client mining is one of the key focus areas in Wipro's turnaround plans. Initial signs are encouraging - 2QFY12 saw improvement across client buckets and robust growth from top accounts.
- Free cash generation at US\$50 mn was insignificant when compared to net income. DSO (consolidated, including unbilled revenues) increased significantly to 107 days from 102 days in the previous quarter.

Exhibit 1: Wipro: Key changes in FY2012-13E estimates

|  | Revised |  | Earlier |  | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rs mn | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2012 | FY2013 |
| IT Services revenues (US\$ mn) | 5,977 | 6,759 | 5,971 | 6,731 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| - Wipro Technologies | 5,441 | 6,170 | 5,411 | 6,115 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| - Wipro BPO | 535 | 589 | 560 | 616 | (4.4) | (4.4) |
| Revenue growth (\%) | 14.5 | 13.1 | 14.4 | 12.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rupee/ US\$ rate | 47.5 | 49.1 | 44.9 | 45.6 | 5.7 | 7.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EBITDA margin (\%) | 24.1 | 23.7 | 24.5 | 23.2 |  |  |
| EBIT margin (\%) (ex forex gains) | 21.0 | 20.7 | 21.4 | 20.2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total EBITDA (Rs mn) | 75,735 | 86,584 | 72,635 | 78,989 | 4.3 | 9.6 |
| Total EBITDA margin (\%) | 20.2 | 20.1 | 20.4 | 19.5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EPS (Rs/share) | 22.6 | 26.4 | 22.4 | 24.5 | 0.7 | 7.9 |
| EPS/share (ex intangible amortization) | 22.6 | 26.4 | 22.4 | 24.5 | 0.7 | 7.9 |

[^3]Exhibit 2: Wipro 2QFY12 Results (IFRS)

|  |  |  |  | \% chg. |  | Kotak\% <br> deviation |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rs mn | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 | q०q | yoy | estimates |  |
| IT services revenues (US\$ mn) | 1,273 | 1,408 | 1,473 | 4.6 | 15.7 | 1,458 | 1.0 |
| - IT Services | 57,471 | 64,046 | 68,294 | 6.6 | 18.8 | 67,251 | 1.6 |
| - IT Products | 10,693 | 10,058 | 10,008 | (0.5) | (6.4) | 11,762 | (14.9) |
| - Consumer Care and Lighting | 6,651 | 7,545 | 8,002 | 6.1 | 20.3 | 7,715 | 3.7 |
| - Others | 2,490 | 3,991 | 4,641 | 16.3 | 86.4 | 3,611 | 28.5 |
| Total revenues | 77,305 | 85,640 | 90,945 | 6.2 | 17.6 | 90,339 | 0.7 |
| Operating Income | 14,033 | 14,952 | 14,878 | (0.5) | 6.0 | 15,047 | (1.1) |
| - IT Services | 12,746 | 14,067 | 13,640 | (3.0) | 7.0 | 13,915 | (2.0) |
| - IT Products | 533 | 423 | 451 | 6.6 | (15.4) | 495 | (8.8) |
| - Consumer Care and Lighting | 832 | 895 | 882 | (1.5) | 6.0 | 926 | (4.7) |
| - Others | (78) | (433) | (95) | (78.1) | 21.8 | (289) | (67.1) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other income/ (expense) | 955 | 1,432 | 863 |  |  | 1,040 | (17.0) |
| Pre-tax profits (pre-extraordinary) | 14,988 | 16,384 | 15,741 | (3.9) | 5.0 | 16,086 | (2.1) |
| Income taxes | $(2,183)$ | $(3,096)$ | $(2,841)$ | (8.2) | 30.1 | $(3,003)$ | (5.4) |
| Net income | 12,805 | 13,288 | 12,900 | (2.9) | 0.7 | 13,083 | (1.4) |
| Equity in earnings of affiliates | 192 | 110 | 99 | (10.0) | (48.4) | 110 | - |
| Minority interest | (148) | (49) | 10 |  |  | (54) |  |
| Income from continuing operations | 12,849 | 13,349 | 13,009 | (2.5) | 1.2 | 13,139 | (1.0) |
| EPS- Continuing Operations | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.3 | (2.5) | 1.2 | 5.4 | (1.0) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MARGINS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating margin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IT Services | 22.2 | 22.0 | 20.0 |  |  | 20.7 |  |
| IT Products | 5.0 | 4.2 | 4.5 |  |  | 4.2 |  |
| Consumer care \& Lighting | 12.5 | 11.9 | 11.0 |  |  | 12.0 |  |
| Others | (3.1) | (10.8) | (2.0) |  |  | (8.0) |  |
| Net Income Margin | 16.6 | 15.6 | 14.3 |  |  | 14.5 |  |
| Tax rates (\%) | 14.6 | 18.9 | 18.0 |  |  | 18.7 |  |

Wipro has guided for US\$1,500-US\$1,530 mn of IT services revenues for 3QFY12, up 2-4\% qoq.

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 3: Growth rates across verticals, geographies and service lines

|  | Sep-11 | Growth (qoq) | Growth (yoy) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenues (US\$ mn) | 1,473 | 4.6 | 15.7 |
| Service line split of revenues (\%) |  |  |  |
| Technology Infrastructure practices | 325 | 6.5 | 21.2 |
| Analytics and Information management | 97 | 7.9 | 31.6 |
| Business Application Services | 449 | 5.0 | 16.5 |
| BPO | 130 | (1.0) | 3.9 |
| Product engineering and mobility | 124 | 5.9 | 11.7 |
| ADM | 348 | 3.3 | 12.4 |
| R\&D | 184 | 4.6 | 1.1 |
| Consulting | 47 | 8.0 | 27.7 |
| Vertical split of revenues (\%) |  |  |  |
| Global Media and Telecom | 231 | (2.2) | 7.5 |
| Finance Solutions | 399 | 6.2 | 16.5 |
| Manufacturing and hi-tech | 280 | 0.9 | 5.2 |
| Healthcare, life sciences and services | 144 | 0.5 | 4.0 |
| Retail \& trasnportation | 216 | 2.5 | 9.7 |
| Energy \& Utilities | 202 | 23.6 | 78.1 |
| Geographical split of revenues (\%) |  |  |  |
| US | 761 | 2.1 | 7.0 |
| Europe | 424 | 5.3 | 25.7 |
| Japan | 19 | 23.6 | 0.3 |
| India and Middle east business | 137 | 8.1 | 20.9 |
| Other emerging markets | 131 | 12.2 | 43.0 |
| Customer concentration (\%) |  |  |  |
| Top customer | 54 | 17.3 | 47.6 |
| Top 5 customers | 171 | 11.3 | 25.4 |
| Top 10 customers | 295 | 7.9 | 20.5 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Exhibit 4: Quarterly annualized attrition remains high despite sharp correction in 2QFY12


[^4]Exhibit 5: DSO (including unbilled revenues) has increased significantly


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Exhibit 6: Key assumptions driving Wipro earnings model, March fiscal year-ends, 2010-2013E

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 E}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Key assumptions |  |  |  | $\mathbf{1 3 . 1}$ |
| Revenue growth (US\$ terms) (\%) | $\mathbf{1 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 0}$ |
| Volume growth yoy (\%) | $\mathbf{1 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 7}$ |  |
| Pricing change yoy (\%) |  |  |  | $(1.0)$ |
| Onsite | 3.7 | $(2.7)$ | 0.7 | $(1.0)$ |
| Offshore | $(1.4)$ | 0.7 | $(0.9)$ | $(2.2)$ |
| Blended | $(3.1)$ | 1.5 | 1.1 | $\mathbf{1 5 8 , 2 0 2}$ |
| Total employees (\#) | $\mathbf{1 0 0 , 5 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 6 , 9 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 7 , 9 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 , 2 2 4}$ |
| Employee additions | $\mathbf{1 3 , 4 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 4 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 , 0 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 . 1}$ |
| Utilization rate (\%) | $\mathbf{7 8 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 6 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 7}$ |
| SG\&A expense as \% of revenues | $\mathbf{1 1 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 . 1}$ |
| Re/US\$ rate | $\mathbf{4 6 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 . 5}$ |  |

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 7: Profit model, balance sheet, cash model of Wipro Limited, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2013E (Rs mn)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit model |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 254,564 | 271,242 | 310,986 | 374,024 | 430,782 |
| Cost of revenues (incl. deprn) | $(178,368)$ | $(186,299)$ | $(212,850)$ | $(263,950)$ | $(302,741)$ |
| Revenues | 76,196 | 84,943 | 98,136 | 110,074 | 128,041 |
| SG\&A expenses (incl. deprn) | $(32,458)$ | $(33,430)$ | $(40,469)$ | $(46,061)$ | $(54,441)$ |
| EBITA | 43,738 | 51,513 | 57,667 | 64,013 | 73,600 |
| Amortization of intangibles | $(1,488)$ | - | - | - | - |
| EBIT | 42,250 | 51,513 | 57,667 | 64,013 | 73,600 |
| Other income | 369 | 3,369 | 4,718 | 4,237 | 6,795 |
| Pre-tax profits | 42,619 | 54,882 | 62,385 | 68,249 | 80,395 |
| Provision for tax | $(5,247)$ | $(9,293)$ | $(9,714)$ | $(13,185)$ | $(15,991)$ |
| PAT | 37,372 | 45,589 | 52,671 | 55,064 | 64,404 |
| Equity in earnings of affiliates | 362 | 530 | 648 | 407 | 427 |
| Reported PAT | 37,734 | 46,119 | 53,319 | 55,471 | 64,831 |
| EPS (Rs) | 15.4 | 18.9 | 21.6 | 22.6 | 26.4 |
| Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholders funds | 150,182 | 196,112 | 239,680 | 282,740 | 333,929 |
| Borrowings | 27,563 | 26,009 | 30,454 | 12,863 | 14,815 |
| Minority interest | 235 | 437 | 691 | 707 | 724 |
| Total liabilities | 177,980 | 222,558 | 270,825 | 296,310 | 349,468 |
| Net fixed assets | 49,862 | 53,458 | 55,094 | 60,618 | 67,713 |
| Cash and bank balances | 65,297 | 95,298 | 110,423 | 80,133 | 114,015 |
| Net current assets excluding cash | $(13,143)$ | 2,846 | 21,273 | 61,419 | 69,302 |
| Other assets | 75,964 | 70,956 | 84,035 | 94,141 | 98,438 |
| Total assets | 177,980 | 222,558 | 270,825 | 296,310 | 349,468 |
| Cashflow statement |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | 52,193 | 59,056 | 67,434 | 75,735 | 86,584 |
| Tax paid | $(5,247)$ | $(9,293)$ | $(9,714)$ | $(13,185)$ | $(15,991)$ |
| Change in working capital/other adjustments | $(11,753)$ | $(9,709)$ | $(14,948)$ | $(9,151)$ | $(9,802)$ |
| Capital expenditure | $(16,234)$ | $(12,979)$ | $(12,211)$ | $(17,246)$ | $(20,079)$ |
| Free cash flow | 12,194 | 21,362 | 30,639 | 30,753 | 40,712 |

Note:
(1) US GAAP financials till FY2009; IFRS starting FY2010.

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 8: Wipro - operating metrics pertaining to IT Services segment

|  | Mar-10 | Jun-10 | Sep-10 | Dec-10 | Mar-11 | Jun-11 | Sep-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IT services revenues (US\$ mn) | 1,166 | 1,204 | 1,273 | 1,344 | 1,400 | 1,408 | 1,473 |
| Service line split of revenues (\%) - new |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Technology Infrastructure practices |  | 21.0 | 21.1 | 21.4 | 21.6 | 21.7 | 22.1 |
| Analytics and Information management |  | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 6.6 |
| Business Application Services |  | 30.4 | 30.3 | 29.8 | 29.7 | 30.4 | 30.5 |
| BPO |  | 10.1 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 8.8 |
| Product engineering and mobility |  | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.4 |
| ADM |  | 24.3 | 24.3 | 25.1 | 24.7 | 23.9 | 23.6 |
| Total |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| R\&D |  | 15.0 | 14.3 | 13.5 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| Consulting |  | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| Vertical split of revenues (\%) - new |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Global Media and Telecom |  | 17.1 | 16.9 | 17.0 | 17.2 | 16.8 | 15.7 |
| Finance Solutions |  | 26.9 | 26.9 | 27.3 | 26.7 | 26.7 | 27.1 |
| Manufacturing and hi-tech |  | 21.5 | 20.9 | 20.0 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 19.0 |
| Healthcare, life sciences and services |  | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 9.8 |
| Retail \& trasnportation |  | 14.9 | 15.5 | 15.4 | 15.7 | 15.0 | 14.7 |
| Energy \& Utilities |  | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 11.6 | 13.7 |
| Geographical split of revenues (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| US | 56.7 | 57.3 | 55.9 | 54.2 | 53.9 | 53.0 | 51.7 |
| Europe | 26.3 | 25.4 | 26.5 | 28.3 | 28.0 | 28.6 | 28.8 |
| Japan | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| India and Middle east business | 8.8 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 9.3 |
| Other emerging markets | 6.7 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 8.3 | 8.9 |
| Client metrics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customer size distribution (TTM) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Million dollar clients of which | 406 | 434 | 425 | 433 | 429 | 438 | 462 |
| > US\$50 mn | 16 | 17 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 24 | 24 |
| US\$20 mn - US\$50 mn | 40 | 41 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 45 | 46 |
| US\$10 mn - US\$20 mn | 40 | 42 | 43 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 50 |
| US\$5 mn - US\$10 mn | 70 | 65 | 58 | 63 | 63 | 77 | 72 |
| US\$3 mn - US\$5 mn | 60 | 73 | 80 | 78 | 75 | 63 | 75 |
| US\$1 mn - US\$3 mn | 180 | 196 | 181 | 179 | 174 | 180 | 195 |
| Repeat business (\%) | 96.5 | 99.6 | 99.0 | 97.6 | 96.9 | 99.3 | 98.6 |
| New client additions | 27 | 22 | 29 | 36 | 68 | 49 | 44 |
| Total active customers | 845 | 858 | 890 | 880 | 904 | 937 | 930 |
| Customer concentration (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Top customer | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.7 |
| Top 5 customers | 10.5 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 11.6 |
| Top 10 customers | 19.3 | 19.8 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 19.7 | 19.4 | 20.0 |
| Employees (IT services) | 108,701 | 112,925 | 115,900 | 119,491 | 122,385 | 126,490 | 131,730 |
| Utilization (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Global IT Services excl IFOX-Gross (a) (b) | 72.1 | 71.3 | 70.9 | 68.6 | 68.9 | 69.7 | 69.3 |
| Global IT Services excl IFOX-Net | 79.3 | 78.4 | 78.0 | 75.6 | 76.1 | 76.9 | 76.1 |
| Attrition (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Global IT Services - Voluntary - Qtrly annualized | 17.1 | 23.0 | 23.5 | 21.7 | 20.9 | 23.2 | 18.5 |
| Global IT Services - Involuntary Qtrly annualized | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.3 |
| Revenues by project type (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed price | 44.3 | 44.6 | 44.0 | 46.3 | 47.8 | 47.0 | 45.2 |
| Time and material | 55.7 | 55.4 | 56.0 | 53.7 | 52.2 | 53.0 | 54.8 |
| Onsite-offshore revenue split (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Onsite | 49.4 | 52.2 | 51.7 | 51.8 | 51.2 | 52.4 | 54.3 |
| Offshore | 50.6 | 47.8 | 48.3 | 48.2 | 48.8 | 47.6 | 45.7 |
| Price realization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Onsite | 12,254 | 11,654 | 11,774 | 11,845 | 12,074 | 11,960 | 11,914 |
| - Offshore | 4,352 | 4,291 | 4,296 | 4,455 | 4,510 | 4,492 | 4,308 |
| Person manmonths billed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Onsite | 34,396 | 40,011 | 41,786 | 43,474 | 43,315 | 45,820 | 49,942 |
| Offshore | 99,067 | 99,698 | 107,082 | 107,642 | 110,639 | 110,858 | 116,059 |
| Total | 133,463 | 139,709 | 148,868 | 151,116 | 153,954 | 156,678 | 166,001 |

[^5]Diwali festival gift arrives a week late! HUL's 2QFY12 results beat line-by-line our highest-on-the-Street earnings estimates. Its strategy of strong focus on competitive growth is paying off-volumes $+10 \%$ (on a base of $+14 \%$ ) and sharp improvement in soaps and detergent margins due to likely return of rational competition in detergents. Reiterate our thesis of (1) continuing good growth in personal products and (2) likely bottoming out of detergents margins as key drivers for FY2011-13E. We upgrade our EPS estimates by $5 \%$ and $7 \%$ for FY2012E and FY2013E, respectively. HUL remains our preferred pick; reiterate ADD with a revised target price of Rs420 (Rs370 previously).

| Company data and valuation summary Hindustan Unilever Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 378-264 | EPS (Rs) | 9.9 | 11.8 | 14.2 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 811.5 | EPS growth (\%) | 4.8 | 19.7 | 19.7 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 38.0 | 31.8 | 26.5 |
| Promoters |  |  | 52.5 | Sales (Rs bn) | 194.0 | 223.2 | 257.1 |
| Flls |  |  | 18.4 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 21.6 | 25.5 | 30.6 |
| MFs |  |  | 2.9 | EBITDA (Rs bn) | 27.3 | 32.8 | 39.6 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | EV/EBITDA ( X ) | 28.2 | 22.9 | 18.4 |
| Absolute | 10.3 | 16.0 | 27.5 | ROE (\%) | 66.3 | 89.8 | 92.4 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | 2.5 | 19.2 | 44.3 | Div. Yield (\%) | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.1 |

Results beat line-by-line our highest-on-the-Street earnings estimates

HUL reported net sales of Rs55 bn (+18\%, KIE Rs53.4 bn), EBITDA of Rs7.4 bn (+31\%, KIE Rs6. 3 bn) and PAT of Rs6.5 bn (+22\%, KIE Rs6.0 bn) in 2QFY12.

- Sales growth was driven by volume growth of $+10 \%$. Good volume growth was likely aided by continuing momentum in personal products (PP) as well as benefits of product relaunches and new launches of FY2011. Realization/mix growth during the quarter was $\sim 8 \%$.
- Input cost inflation not neutralized by commensurate price hikes led to gross margin contraction of 340 bps (lower than 490 bps in 1QFY12). Most of the gross margin contraction is likely in the soaps and detergents category, in our view. Palm prices have increased by $17 \%$ yoy and LAB increased by 28\% yoy in 2QFY12. However, flat 'Other expenditure' and adspends ( 200 bps ) aided EBITDA margin expansion of 140 bps to $13.4 \%$. The company had implemented selective price increases in 1QFY12 in detergents, which, in our view could help mitigate gross margin pressure in rest of FY2012E. Flat other income in 2 Q is due to phasing of innovation centre billings and likely investment of surplus cash in fixed maturity plans (wherein interest income is accounted on receipt and not accounted on accrual basis).
- Segment-wise, soaps and detergents sales growth of $22 \%$ indicates good volume growth in detergents. Personal care sales growth of $18 \%$ is volume-led ( $\sim 12 \%$, in our view). Soaps and detergents PBIT margin at 12.4\% (70 bps higher yoy) likely indicates that detergents margins have bottomed out. Personal products PBIT margin expanded by ~140 bps yoy to $24.4 \%$ (base quarter had one-off mould costs of $\sim \operatorname{Rs} 400-500 \mathrm{mn}$, in our view). PP PBIT growth was $25 \%$.

OCTOBER 31, 2011
RESULT
Coverage view: Neutral
Price (Rs): 376
Target price (Rs): 420
BSE-30: 17,705

## QUICK NUMBERS

- $10 \%$ volume growth on a base of $14 \%$
- Market shareslikely getting better
- Can irrational competition impact more categories? Unlikely, in our view
- Moderation in adspends is not a worry

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## What next? The needle movers

## - Rural slowdown and sustainability of volume growth

In a tough environment for volume growth (articulated below), we believe that HUL's volume growth is aided significantly by continued expansion in direct coverage reach (the company has increased direct distribution coverage to 1.5 mn from 1.0 mn over the last couple of years). While, this tailwind has likely benefited HUL over the last few quarters, we note that it could possibly help it significantly when industry growth has likely moderated.

We continue to believe that in the backdrop of sustaining high food inflation incremental rural spends, including NREGA, have likely plateaud for the time being-an incremental negative for rural spends and for the sector. The past three years have seen a confluence of factors which have likely aided incremental spends on consumer products (1) higher outlay on NREGA, (2) wealth effect due to higher land prices, (3) benefits of farm loan waiver, (4) benefits from the Sixth Pay Commission. As we look into medium term, we highlight that most of these positive factors are in the base and lower incremental spends have the potential to hurt demand for consumer products. Dabur in their concall today alluded to food inflation impacting consumer demand and that rural demand growth being marginally lower than last few quarters.

## - Market share—likely getting better

The company commented that its growth is better than market growth. While, HUL has stopped disclosing market shares since CY2010, our industry sources also suggest that it is gaining shares in key personal products categories of skincare and shampoo. HUL's category outperformance likely explains its high-than-expected volume growth performance, to some extent.

## - Volatility in input costs and margin outlook

The company has likely benefited from lower consumption costs in palm oil sequentially, in our view (palm oil, a key input cost for its soaps business accounts for $\sim 20 \%$ of input costs, in our view). However, the costs are still higher yoy which explains the gross margin contraction yoy and improvement qoq. It is yet to have any meaningful benefit accruing from other inputs like LAB, soda ash etc., which are still higher yoy. Considering the price increases implemented by it in CY2011, gross margins are likely to decline at a lower rate in 2HFY12E, in our view. Rupee depreciation poses a big risk to HUL's gross margins in 2HFY12E.

We revisit couple of our positive arguments from our HUL upgrade note of May 2011 and August 2011

## - Moderation in adspends is not a worry

Contrary to Street, moderation in adspends does not worry us as the company is maintaining competitive spends (measured as share of voice/share of market), in our view. Lower category spends in soaps and detergents (which are anyway highly penetrated categories) may not impact its market growth. Moreover, HUL is likely to focus on consolidation of FY2011 new launches in FY2012E, in our view (implying relatively lower adspends). HUL spent ~Rs4-5 bn on new launches in FY2011, in our view (out of total adspends of Rs28 bn) (Exhibit 6). It is pertinent to note that the industry-level adspends in soaps and detergents have been calibrated as commodity inflation hits these categories the most, whereas adspends in the other consumer categories have increased in 1HFY12.

- Can irrational competition impact more categories? Unlikely, in our view

Considering that the competitive activity levels in many categories are dictated by the MNCs' attempt to build a stronger business in India (P\&G, L'Oreal, Beiersdorf etc.) and entry of players with deep pockets (ITC), one of the key worries for HUL is whether competitive activity can turn irrational in many of its categories.

The scenario of irrational competitive activity spreading beyond detergents and shampoo is unlikely in our view-the category dynamics would dictate the same (Exhibit 9). For example, categories like skincare could likely see elevated marketing spends for a long period, however, HUL could potentially benefit as (1) market development expenses now gets shared by many players, (2) relatively underpenetrated categories could grow faster, and (3) HUL could potentially improve gross margins (GM) as the skincare category and its subsegments has higher GM than the blended GM for the company. However, we believe that oralcare category is exposed to irrational competition, if any, in the event of P\&G's entry (it accounts for $\sim 6 \%$ of HUL's sales and profits, in our view).

Retain ADD; HUL remains a preferred pick
We reiterate that our confidence on FY2012-13E earnings estimates continues to be high as we believe, (1) continuing good growth in PP, (2) likely bottoming out of detergents margins and (3) adspends moderation. We have upgraded our earnings estimates by $5 \%$ and $7 \%$ for FY2012E and FY2013E, respectively. We retain ADD rating with a revised target price of Rs420 (Rs370 previously); we continue to value HUL at a 10\% premium to last 3-year average P/E (valued at 29X FY2013E for EPS estimate of Rs11.8 (+19.6\% yoy growth) and FY2013E EPS of Rs14.2 (+19.7\% growth yoy). Key risk is acceleration in input cost inflation and further price hikes could potentially hurt sector demand growth and HUL's volume growth.

Exhibit 1: Interim results of Hindustan Unilever, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Exhibit 2: Volume growth of 10\% in 2QFY12 aided by double-digit growth in personal products HUL FMCG volume growth (\%)


[^6]Exhibit 3: 2QFY12 - Sales growth driven by volumes and pricing HUL soaps and detergents sales growth (\%)


[^7]Exhibit 4: Strong momentum in personal products sales growth HUL personal products sales growth (\%)


[^8]Exhibit 5: Gross margin pressure primarily on soaps and detergents category HUL gross margins, \%


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Exhibit 6: Moderation in adspends is not a concern HUL adspends as \% of sales


[^9]Exhibit 7: Soaps and detergent margins have improved sequentially
HUL soaps and detergents PBIT margins (\%)


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Exhibit 8: Personal products margins on an uptick HUL personal products PBIT margins (\%)


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Exhibit 9: Competitive intensity in HUL's key categories

Category \% of sales Competitive activity Intensity

| Detergents | 24 Irrational | + |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Soaps | 22 Rational | - |
| Skin care | 12 Rational | - |
| Tea | 10 Rational | - |
| Shampoo | 9 Irrational | - |
| Oral care | 4 Rational | - |
| Foods | 4 Rational | - |
| Coffee | 3 Rational | - |

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

Exhibit 10: Trend in palm oil price (Indexed to base)


[^10]Exhibit 11: Trend in LAB price (Indexed to base)


[^11]Exhibit 12: Relative P/E of HUL versus BSE 30 index (X)


Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

Exhibit 13: HUL: Profit model, balance sheet, cash model, calendar year-ends 2007, March fiscal year-ends 2009-13E (Rs mn)

|  | 15 months |  |  | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2009 (a) | 2010 |  |  |  |  |
| Profit model (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 136,754 | 202,393 | 175,238 | 194,011 | 223,174 | 257,123 | 294,885 |
| EBITDA | 18787 | 26560 | 25484 | 23652 | 28844 | 35262 | 40517 |
| Other income | 4,315 | 5,897 | 3,496 | 5,860 | 6,928 | 7,834 | 9,935 |
| Interest | (255) | (253) | (70) | (2) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | $(1,384)$ | $(1,953)$ | $(1,840)$ | $(2,208)$ | $(2,259)$ | $(2,338)$ | $(2,429)$ |
| Pretax profits | 21,463 | 30,251 | 27,071 | 27,302 | 33,513 | 40,757 | 48,023 |
| Tax | $(4,049)$ | $(5,729)$ | $(6,484)$ | $(5,739)$ | $(7,977)$ | $(10,186)$ | $(12,478)$ |
| Net profit | 17415 | 24523 | 20587 | 21563 | 25535 | 30572 | 35545 |
| Earnings per share (Rs) | 7.9 | 11.3 | 9.4 | 9.9 | 11.8 | 14.2 | 16.3 |
| Balance sheet (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total equity | 14,392 | 20,615 | 25,835 | 26,339 | 30,602 | 35,706 | 41,639 |
| Total borrowings | 885 | 4,219 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Currrent liabilities | 51,110 | 57,838 | 67,332 | 73,999 | 85,403 | 97,778 | 112,284 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 66387 | 82673 | 93167 | 100338 | 116005 | 133484 | 153923 |
| Cash | 2,009 | 17,773 | 18,922 | 16,400 | 26,821 | 37,975 | 50,687 |
| Current assets | 30,765 | 38,236 | 34,756 | 44,552 | 50,857 | 58,107 | 66,623 |
| Total fixed assets | 17,081 | 20,789 | 24,361 | 24,682 | 23,621 | 22,663 | 21,817 |
| Investments | 14,408 | 3,326 | 12,641 | 12,607 | 12,607 | 12,607 | 12,607 |
| Deferred tax asset | 2,124 | 2,548 | 2,488 | 2,097 | 2,099 | 2,132 | 2,190 |
| Total assets | 66387 | 82673 | 93167 | 100338 | 116005 | 133484 | 153923 |
| Free cash flow (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating cash flow, excl. working capital | 20,674 | 26,581 | 24,640 | 24,736 | 27,792 | 32,877 | 37,915 |
| Working capital | 3,091 | $(2,592)$ | 13,473 | $(2,467)$ | 2,865 | 3,194 | 4,083 |
| Capital expenditure | $(3,355)$ | $(5,660)$ | $(5,412)$ | $(2,530)$ | $(1,198)$ | $(1,380)$ | $(1,583)$ |
| Free cash flow | 20410 | 18329 | 32700 | 19739 | 29459 | 34691 | 40415 |
| Key assumptions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue Growth (\%) | 13.0 | 48.0 | (13.4) | 10.7 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 14.7 |
| EBITDA Margin(\%) | 13.7 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 12.1 | 12.9 | 13.7 | 13.7 |
| EPS Growth (\%) | 12.1 | 42.7 | (16.2) | 4.8 | 19.6 | 19.7 | 15.3 |

[^12]
## Automobiles

Conference call takeaways. We attended the conference call hosted by the management on the company's 2 Q performance. Even as we expect one more quarter of pain, we believe volumes and margins are likely to trend higher from 2 Q levels driven by new model launches and cost-cutting actions (lower ad spends). We maintain our ADD rating as we believe volumes are likely to revive from 1QFY13E and profitability is likely to improve from current depressed levels.

Company data and valuation summary
Maruti Suzuki

| Stock data |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) | $1,600-1,010$ |  |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  | 325.1 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |
| Promoters |  | 54.2 |
| Flls |  | 18.7 |
| MFs |  | 3.4 |
| Price performance (\%) | $\mathbf{1 M}$ | 3 M |
| Absolute | $\mathbf{1 2 M}$ |  |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | $(3.9)$ | $(6.7)$ |


| Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| EPS (Rs) | 79.2 | 60.3 | 90.5 |
| EPS growth (\%) | $(8.4)$ | $(23.9)$ | 50.1 |
| P/E (X) | 14.2 | 18.7 | 12.4 |
| Sales (Rs bn) | 363.0 | 350.0 | 411.2 |
| Net profits (Rs bn) | 22.9 | 17.4 | 26.1 |
| EBITDA (Rs bn) | 28.2 | 24.2 | 36.6 |
| EV/EBITDA (X) | 9.1 | 10.3 | 6.6 |
| ROE (\%) | 17.6 | 11.8 | 15.7 |
| Div. Yield (\%) | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |

Conference call takeaways

- The management indicated that inventory levels have corrected to normal levels due to strike and company plans to boost volume growth by increasing diesel engine capacity, increasing Swift volumes and launching new models. The company currently has 20,000 units/month diesel capacity and is likely to increase it to 25,000 units by January 2012. The company is also about to finalize a diesel engine sourcing deal with Fiat India by January 2012 which will increase diesel engine capacity further.
- The company had two one-time impacts in this quarter - (1) marked to market loss of Rs260 mn due to commodity hedging and (2) Rs500 mn due to mark to market on royalty related to 1QFY12. Hence, EBITDA margins excluding this one-off would have been $7.3 \%$.
- The company indicated that impact of forex on indirect imports is likely to be felt in 3QFY12E, which we believe could be $\sim 100-150$ bps negative impact on margins, direct imports have been hedged for 2HFY12E at a little favorable rate than 2QFY12 after today's fall in Yen. Royalty will remain unhedged but expense will go down in 3QFY12E.
- We believe this quarter was the trough of margins and we expect EBITDA margins to move up on account of improvement in product mix, lower advertising costs, lower average discounts (higher sales of Swift and Dzire) and localization benefits which will more than offset the negative impact of appreciation of Yen on indirect imports in 2HFY12E, in our view.

We maintain our ADD rating on the stock and keep our target price unchanged
We maintain our ADD rating on the stock and keep our target price unchanged at Rs1,240. Our target price is based on 13X multiple of FY2013E consolidated EPS. We have revised our consolidated earnings downwards by 8\% in FY2012E and keep our FY2013 estimates unchanged. Our FY2012E earnings revision factors in 60 bps downward revision in our EBITDA margin estimates on account of higher royalty expense, higher-than-estimated discounts and higher advertising expense.

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## Conference call takeaways

We attended the conference call hosted by the management to discuss the 2QFY12 results. Key takeaways are as follows:

- Average selling prices were flat qoq due to (1) $8.4 \%$ qoq improvement in export ASPs and (2) marginal increase in diesel volumes to $22 \%$ of volumes from $21 \%$ of volumes in 1QFY12. Discounts, however, increased by Rs13,500/vehicle in 2QFY12 versus Rs9,700/ vehicle in 1QFY12 due to lower Swift and Dzire sales in the quarter which have no discounts.
- Inventory levels have come down to 2-3 weeks from 4-5 weeks now due to strike.
- The company currently has 20,000 units/month diesel capacity and is likely to increase it to 25,000 units by January 2012. The company is also about to finalize a diesel engine sourcing deal with Fiat India by January 2012, which will increase the diesel engine capacity further.
- Rural volumes continue to remain buoyant. Interestingly, the company indicated there is not much difference between rural and urban India product mix.
- Other operating income was boosted by write-back of certain provisions which were around Rs600 mn and hence, other operating income is likely to come down in 3QFY12E.
- The company had two one-time impacts in this quarter - (1) marked to market loss of Rs260 mn due to commodity hedging and (2) Rs500 mn due to mark to market on royalty related to 1QFY12. Hence, EBITDA margins excluding this one-off would have been 7.3\%.
- The company indicated that impact of forex on indirect imports is likely to be felt in 3QFY12E, which we believe could be $\sim 100-150$ bps negative impact on margins, direct imports have been hedged for 2HFY12E at a little favorable rate than 2QFY12 after today's fall in Yen. Royalty will remain unhedged but expense will go down in 3QFY12E because Yen has depreciated since 2QFY12 levels.
- Selling and distribution expenses will come down in 2HFY12E from 2QFY12 levels due to lower advertising expense on Swift. Raw material costs will remain at current levels over 2HFY12E.
- The company expects sales of petrol model to remain sluggish and expects modest growth in volumes in 2HFY12E. Addition of plant capacity at Manesar of around 0.25 mn , which was supposed to come in October 2012, has been delayed till March 2013. Diwali retail volumes were up by $3 \%$ yoy as compared to last year.
- Localization program has kicked in October onwards and is expected to help save costs in 2HFY12E. The company expects $7-8 \%$ reduction in import content as \% of sales over the next 3 years.

We believe this quarter was the trough of margins and we expect EBITDA margins to move up on account of improvement in product mix, lower advertising costs, lower average discounts (higher sales of Swift and Dzire) and localization benefits, which will more than offset negative impact of appreciation of Yen on indirect imports in 2HFY12E, in our view.

We maintain our ADD rating on the stock and keep our target price unchanged at Rs1,240. Our target price is based on 13 X multiple of FY2013E consolidated EPS. We have revised our consolidated earnings downwards by 8\% in FY2012E and keep our FY2013 estimates unchanged. Our FY2012E earnings revision factors in 60 bps downward revision in our EBITDA margin estimates on account of higher royalty expense, higher-than-estimated discounts and higher advertising expense.

We revise our FY2012E earnings downwards by 8\% but keep our FY2013E unchanged Earnings revision table, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

|  | Old |  | New |  | change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012E | 2013E | 2012E | 2013E | 2012E | 2013E |
| Volumes (units) | 1,173,461 | 1,342,838 | 1,173,461 | 1,342,838 | - | - |
| Net ASPs | 304,506 | 311,704 | 305,187 | 312,289 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Net sales | 357,327 | 418,568 | 358,125 | 419,353 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| EBITDA | 31,437 | 42,221 | 29,231 | 42,277 | (7.0) | 0.1 |
| Margin (\%) | 8.8 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 10.1 |  |  |
| EBITDA/vehicle | 26,790 | 31,442 | 24,910 | 31,483 |  |  |
| Net Profit | 19,072 | 26,096 | 17,418 | 26,137 | (8.7) | 0.2 |
| Standalone EPS | 66.0 | 90.3 | 60.3 | 90.5 | (8.7) | 0.2 |
| Subs EPS | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |  |  |
| Consol EPS | 71.0 | 95.3 | 65.3 | 95.5 | (8.1) | 0.2 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

We expect a 8\% yoy decline in volume growth in FY2012E
Volume mix, March fiscal year-ends (units)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Segment-wise sales (units) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maruti 800 | 49,383 | 33,028 | 26,485 | 22,512 | 20,261 | 18,235 |
| Omni/Eeco | 77,948 | 101,325 | 160,626 | 179,569 | 211,479 | 237,839 |
| Compact (B) segment | 511,396 | 633,190 | 808,552 | 718,978 | 826,982 | 951,478 |
| Dezire/SX4 | 75,928 | 99,315 | 131,282 | 122,819 | 141,242 | 162,428 |
| Kizashi | - | - | 128 | 300 | 900 | 1,200 |
| Gypsy/Vitara | 7,489 | 3,932 | 5,666 | 4,843 | 5,091 | 5,351 |
| Domestic | 722,144 | 870,790 | 1,132,739 | 1,049,021 | 1,205,955 | 1,376,532 |
| Exports | 70,023 | 147,575 | 138,266 | 124,439 | 136,883 | 150,572 |
| Total | 792,167 | 1,018,365 | 1,271,005 | 1,173,461 | 1,342,838 | 1,527,103 |
| Segment-wise sales growth (yoy \%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maruti 800 | (29.0) | (33.1) | (19.8) | (15.0) | (10.0) | (10.0) |
| Omni/Eeco | (13.1) | 30.0 | 58.5 | 11.8 | 17.8 | 12.5 |
| Compact (B) segment | 2.4 | 23.8 | 27.7 | (11.1) | 15.0 | 15.1 |
| Dezire/SX4 | 53.9 | 30.8 | 32.2 | (6.4) | 15.0 | 15.0 |
| Kizashi |  |  |  |  | 200.0 | 33.3 |
| Gypsy/Vitara | 88.6 | (47.5) | 44.1 | (14.5) | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Domestic | 1.5 | 20.6 | 30.1 | (7.4) | 15.0 | 14.1 |
| Exports | 32.1 | 110.8 | (6.3) | (10.0) | 10.0 | 10.0 |
| Total | 3.6 | 28.6 | 24.8 | (7.7) | 14.4 | 13.7 |
| Volume Mix (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maruti 800 | 6.2 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| Omni/Eeco | 9.8 | 9.9 | 12.6 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 15.6 |
| Compact (B) segment | 64.6 | 62.2 | 63.6 | 61.3 | 61.6 | 62.3 |
| Dezire/SX4 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.6 |
| Kizashi | - | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Gypsy/Vitara | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Domestic | 91.2 | 85.5 | 89.1 | 89.4 | 89.8 | 90.1 |
| Exports | 8.8 | 14.5 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 10.2 | 9.9 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

We expect a 7\% earnings CAGR over FY2011-2013E
Profit and loss, balance sheet and cash flow statement, March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (Rs mn)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit model (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 204,553 | 290,989 | 362,997 | 350,038 | 411,170 | 477,137 |
| EBITDA | 18,321 | 39,543 | 35,442 | 29,231 | 42,277 | 51,876 |
| Other income | 6,013 | 4,967 | 4,824 | 4,996 | 5,633 | 6,834 |
| Interest | (510) | (335) | (244) | (186) | (201) | (217) |
| Depreciation | $(7,065)$ | $(8,250)$ | $(10,135)$ | $(10,818)$ | $(12,859)$ | $(14,949)$ |
| Profit before tax | 16,758 | 35,925 | 29,887 | 23,224 | 34,850 | 43,544 |
| Current tax | 4,689 | 11,230 | 8,101 | 5,806 | 8,712 | 10,886 |
| Deferred tax | (118) | (281) | 101 | - | - | - |
| Adj Net profit | 12,187 | 24,976 | 22,886 | 17,418 | 26,137 | 32,658 |
| Earnings per share (Rs) | 42.2 | 86.4 | 79.2 | 60.3 | 90.5 | 113.0 |
| Balance sheet (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equity | 93,449 | 118,351 | 138,481 | 153,364 | 176,966 | 207,090 |
| Deferred tax liability | 1,551 | 1,370 | 1,644 | 1,644 | 1,644 | 1,644 |
| Total Borrowings | 6,989 | 8,214 | 3,093 | 3,093 | 3,093 | 3,093 |
| Current liabilities | 33,976 | 35,678 | 40,760 | 40,838 | 45,169 | 50,579 |
| Total liabilities | 135,965 | 163,613 | 183,978 | 198,939 | 226,872 | 262,405 |
| Net fixed assets | 49,321 | 54,123 | 69,580 | 78,276 | 90,417 | 90,468 |
| Investments | 31,733 | 71,766 | 51,067 | 46,067 | 61,067 | 81,067 |
| Cash | 19,390 | 982 | 25,085 | 35,789 | 31,052 | 39,348 |
| Other current assets | 35,521 | 36,742 | 38,246 | 38,806 | 44,336 | 51,522 |
| Miscellaneous expenditure | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets | 135,965 | 163,613 | 183,978 | 198,939 | 226,872 | 262,405 |
| Free cash flow (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating cash flow excl. working capital | 12,933 | 28,991 | 26,332 | 23,425 | 33,564 | 40,990 |
| Working capital changes | $(1,000)$ | 1,327 | 4,171 | (482) | $(1,199)$ | $(1,776)$ |
| Capital expenditure | $(16,136)$ | $(14,593)$ | $(24,114)$ | $(19,514)$ | $(25,000)$ | $(15,000)$ |
| Free cash flow | $(4,203)$ | 15,725 | 6,389 | 3,429 | 7,366 | 24,214 |
| Ratios |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EBITDA margin (\%) | 8.8 | 13.3 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 10.1 | 10.7 |
| PAT margin (\%) | 6.0 | 8.6 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 6.8 |
| Net debt/equity (X) | (0.5) | (0.5) | (0.5) | (0.5) | (0.5) | (0.6) |
| Book value (Rs/share) | 328.7 | 414.4 | 485.0 | 536.5 | 618.2 | 722.5 |
| RoAE (\%) | 13.5 | 23.3 | 17.6 | 11.8 | 15.7 | 16.9 |
| RoACE (\%) | 14.4 | 34.4 | 26.4 | 13.5 | 19.0 | 22.0 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Bank of Baroda (вов)

Banks/Financial Institutions

Strong topline performance. Bank of Baroda ( BoB ) delivered strong net interest income on the back of healthy (24\%) loan growth and almost stable NIM (qoq improvement of 20 bps ). Lower treasury income and higher loan-loss provisions moderated growth in net earnings. We revise estimates downwards to factor somewhat lower loan growth, fees and higher provisions. Retain BUY with price target of ₹ 1,100 ( $₹ 1,250$ earlier). The stock is trading at 1.2X PBR and 6X PER FY2013E.

| Company data and valuation summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank of Baroda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  | 1,052-681 |  | EPS (Rs) | 108.0 | 110.1 | 127.0 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 302.9 | EPS growth (\%) | 29.1 | 1.9 | 15.4 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.1 |
| Promoters |  |  | 57.0 | NII (Rs bn) | 88.0 | 99.2 | 112.1 |
| Flls |  |  | 16.1 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 42.4 | 43.2 | 49.9 |
| MFs |  |  | 8.7 | BVPS | 492.8 | 580.0 | 680.7 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | P/B (X) | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| Absolute | 1.2 | (12.2) | (24.0) | ROE (\%) | 25.9 | 20.5 | 20.2 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (6.0) | (9.8) | (14.0) | Div. Yield (\%) | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.9 |

Strong margin expansion and stable asset quality trends positive
BoB delivered another strong quarter with NIM expanding 20 bps qoq (loan re-pricing) and impressive asset quality trends with very negligible slippages ( $1 \%$ annualized). NII grew $27 \%$ yoy ( $12 \%$ qoq) while operating expenses grew by $9 \%$ yoy. Loan-loss provisions were high as the bank chose to write off loans to the tune of $0.7 \%$, resulting in a marginal decline in gross NPLs qoq. Fee income trends were weak as the corporate loan activity has slowed.

We maintain our BUY recommendation but revise our TP to ₹ 1,100 ( $₹ 1,250$ earlier) to factor lower growth, slower fee income growth and higher provisions. We expect the bank to deliver 8\% earnings CAGR and RoEs in the range of 19-20\% levels for FY2011-13E. Sharper-than-expected deterioration in the underlying macro environment remains a key risk as loan-loss provisions are at 70 bps levels for FY2011-13E.

Loan growth strong at 24\%, CASA ratio stable
BoB reported loan growth of $24 \%$ in September 2011—this compares with $25 \%$ growth in June 2011 and $30 \%$ in March 2011. The domestic business showed signs of moderation (domestic loans grew by $19 \%$ yoy as compared to $24 \%$ in June 2011) while international business remained buoyant (loans growth of $37 \%$ yoy) aided by currency movement. The share of retail loans has declined by 200 bps over the last one year largely replaced by SME and international loans.

Overall deposits grew by $22 \%$ yoy with domestic deposits growing by $19 \%$ yoy. CASA in the domestic business was flat qoq at $34 \%$. CD ratio for the quarter moderated to $73 \%$ from $74 \%$ in June 2011.

NIM remains strong at 3.1\% led by stable cost of funds
BoB reported 10 bps yoy and 20 bps qoq rise in NIM to $3.1 \%$ (KS calculated NIM was 2.8\%). NIM in the domestic business was strong at $3.7 \%$ ( 30 bps improvement qoq) led by loan re-pricing ( 90 bps qoq) while the international business reported flat margins for the quarter. We build some moderation in our overall NIMs (25 bps in FY2012E) as ability to pass lending yields (12\%) from current levels would be limited.

OCTOBER 31, 2011
RESULT
Coverage view: Attractive
Price (Rs): 771
Target price (Rs): 1,100
BSE-30: 17,705

## QUICK NUMBERS

- NII grew 27\% yoy; NIMs improved 20 bps qoq
- Slippages stable at 1\% levels
- Maintain BUY with TP of ₹ 1,100
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## Non-interest income moderate, treasury income down

Non-interest income was up 8\% yoy to ₹7.7 bn largely due to fees from forex loans and recoveries from bad loans. Core fees income was down $7 \%$ yoy due to weakness in corporate activity. Treasury income which had 16\% contribution to fees in 2QFY11 was negligible during the quarter, largely pulling down growth in overall fee income. On a low base, we are modeling $14 \%$ growth in core fees over the next two years.

Slippages at 1\%, NPL write-offs pull down reported earnings
BoB reported slippage of $1 \%$-stable qoq. Write-offs in 2QFY12 were of $0.7 \%$ of advances (as compared to $0.2 \%$ in 1QFY12) thereby driving its credit cost (up 125\% yoy). After the write-off, gross NPL ratio was stable at $1.4 \%$ and net NPL at about $0.45 \%$. We note that the NPLs in the SME (segment where the bank has increased loan growth in recent quarters) and agriculture portfolios have increased sharply over the past few quarters. About $12 \%$ of the restructured loans slipped into NPLs; whole sale loans continued to have large (57\%) contribution to restructured loans (3\% of advances).

In light of the challenges in the operating environment, we are raising our loan-loss provision estimates from $0.6 \%$ to $0.8 \%$ loans for FY2012-14E (as compared to $0.6 \%$ for last five years) and $0.5 \%$ estimated earlier. We are building slippages at $1.4 \%$ levels in FY2012E.

Agriculture and SME have shown higher NPLs
Break-up of gross NPLs, March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY10-2QFY12 (\%)
2QFY10 3QFY10 4QFY10 1QFY11 2QFY11 3QFY11 4QFY11 1QFY12 2QFY12

|  | 2QFY10 | 3QFY10 | 4QFY10 | 1QFY11 | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Agriculture | 2.1 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.6 |
| Corporate | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.4 |
| Retail | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Housing | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| SME | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| Overseas | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| Gross NPL | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Net NPL | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Slippages | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Coverage | 79.3 | 78.5 | 74.9 | 73.0 | 73.1 | 73.1 | 74.9 | 70.1 | 67.1 |
| Coverage (write-off) | - | - | 74.9 | 85.7 | 85.6 | 85.5 | 85.0 | 82.5 | 82.0 |
| Restructured loans | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.3 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

## Other highlights for the quarter

- The bank has made a provision of ₹1.5 bn for investment depreciation.
- Capital adequacy ratios declined to $12.7 \%$ from $13.8 \%$ in June 2011; tier-1 was $8.8 \%$.

Bank of Baroda, Quarterly results
March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY11-2QFY12 (₹ mn)


[^13]Bank of Baroda, Key metrics, March fiscal year-ends (\%)

|  | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 | \% chg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Key balance sheet items (Rs bn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 2,697 | 2,815 | 3,054 | 3,129 | 3,292 | 22 |
| Domestic | 2,060 | 2,154 | 2,333 | 2,365 | 2,447 | 19 |
| CASA ratio (\%) | 35.9 | 35.1 | 34.4 | 33.9 | 34.0 | - |
| Foreign | 637 | 661 | 721 | 764 | 845 | 33 |
| Advances | 1,930 | 2,072 | 2,287 | 2,323 | 2,391 | 24 |
| Domestic | 1,417 | 1,520 | 1,694 | 1,686 | 1,690 | 19 |
| Retail loans | 272 | 296 | 324 | 309 | 299 | 10 |
| Home loans | 113 | 119 | 125 | 129 | 133 | 17 |
| SME | 235 | 253 | 274 | 284 | 301 | 28 |
| Farm credit | 216 | 231 | 245 | 232 | 226 | 5 |
| Foreign | 512 | 552 | 593 | 637 | 701 | 37 |
| Investments | 661.9 | 718 | 713 | 827 | 883 | 33.5 |
| Domestic | 630.8 | 686 | 680 | 798 | 850 | 34.8 |
| International | 31.9 | 33 | 33 | 31 | 36 | 13.9 |
| AFS | 119 | 130 | 99 | 108 | 139 | 17 |
| Duration (years) | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield management measures (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average cost of deposits | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 5.6 |  |
| Avg. cost of deposits (domestic) | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 6.8 |  |
| Avg. cost of deposits (international) | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on advances (total) | 8.4 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.6 |  |
| Yield on advances (domestic) | 10.2 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 11.2 | 12.1 |  |
| Yield on advances (international) | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on investments (total) | 7.1 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 7.6 |  |
| Yield on investments (domestic) | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 7.7 |  |
| Yield on investments (international) | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 4.2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NIM | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 3.1 |  |
| NIMs (domestic) | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 3.7 |  |
| NIMs (international) | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asset quality details |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPLs (Rs bn) | 27.2 | 27.7 | 31.5 | 34.3 | 34.0 | 25.1 |
| Gross NPLs (\%) | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |  |
| Net NPLs (Rs bn) | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 10.2 | 11.2 | 53.0 |
| Net NPLs (\%) | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | - |
| Provision Coverage | 73.1 | 73.1 | 74.9 | 70.1 | 67.1 |  |
| Provision Coverage (ex write off) | 85.6 | 85.5 | 85.0 | 82.5 | 82.0 |  |
| Slippages (Rs bn) | 3.2 | 2.8 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.8 |  |
| Slippages (\%) | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 |  |
| Restructured Loans | 54.3 | 60.5 | 67.1 | 71.7 | 79.3 | 46.0 |
| \% of loans | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital adequacy details (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CAR | 13.2 | 12.5 | 14.5 | 13.1 | 12.7 |  |
| Tier I | 8.2 | 7.7 | 10.0 | 9.1 | 8.8 |  |
| Tier II | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.9 |  |

[^14]We marginally increase our near-term estimates
Old and new estimates, March fiscal year-ends, 2012-2014E (₹ mn)

|  | New Estimates |  |  | Old Estimates |  |  | \% change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| NII | 99,160 | 112,070 | 128,375 | 95,121 | 110,557 | 126,264 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| Loan growth | 16.9 | 17.2 | 18.2 | 16.9 | 18.2 | 18.2 |  |  |  |
| NIM | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 |  |  |  |
| Non-treasury other income | 25,841 | 29,576 | 33,856 | 26,657 | 30,507 | 34,917 | (3.1) | (3.1) | (3.0) |
| Fee income | 10,411 | 11,868 | 13,529 | 11,227 | 12,799 | 14,591 | (7.3) | (7.3) | (7.3) |
| Operating expenses | 48,077 | 55,365 | 63,738 | 49,914 | 57,521 | 66,268 | (3.7) | (3.7) | (3.8) |
| Employee expenses | 27,940 | 32,544 | 37,908 | 30,343 | 35,344 | 41,169 | (7.9) | (7.9) | (7.9) |
| Provisions and contingencies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loan loss provisions | 13,642 | 18,878 | 25,643 | 12,402 | 14,590 | 17,245 | 10.0 | 29.4 | 48.7 |
| PBT | 61,802 | 71,324 | 76,972 | 61,484 | 72,474 | 81,189 | 0.5 | (1.6) | (5.2) |
| PAT | 43,243 | 49,906 | 53,858 | 43,020 | 50,710 | 56,808 | 0.5 | (1.6) | (5.2) |
| PBT- invt gains + provisions | 76,923 | 86,281 | 98,494 | 71,864 | 83,543 | 94,913 | 7.0 | 3.3 | 3.8 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates


[^15]Bank of Baroda, Key ratios and growth rates
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (\%)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Growth rates (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loan | 34.9 | 21.6 | 30.6 | 16.9 | 17.2 | 18.2 |
| Total Asset | 26.6 | 22.4 | 28.8 | 18.9 | 16.7 | 16.8 |
| Deposits | 26.5 | 25.3 | 26.7 | 21.2 | 18.2 | 18.2 |
| Current | 23.6 | 30.9 | 22.3 | 13.2 | 14.9 | 14.7 |
| Savings | 18.8 | 23.7 | 22.7 | 15.4 | 17.1 | 17.0 |
| Fixed | 29.5 | 25.2 | 28.5 | 23.7 | 18.9 | 18.8 |
| Net interest income | 31.0 | 15.9 | 48.2 | 12.7 | 13.0 | 14.5 |
| Loan loss provisions | (34.9) | 157.1 | 20.0 | 7.0 | 38.4 | 35.8 |
| Total other income | 29.8 | 5.4 | 0.1 | (0.9) | 24.2 | 12.4 |
| Net fee income | 38.0 | 20.4 | 13.7 | 2.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 |
| Net capital gains | 69.1 | (19.7) | (38.6) | (54.9) | 150.0 | 0.0 |
| Net exchange gains | 33.6 | 3.6 | 33.4 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 |
| Operating expenses | 20.0 | 6.6 | 21.5 | 3.8 | 15.2 | 15.1 |
| Employee expenses | 27.0 | 0.1 | 24.1 | (4.2) | 16.5 | 16.5 |
| Key ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on average earning assets | 7.7 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.5 |
| Yield on average loans | 8.9 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.5 |
| Yield on average investments | 7.1 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.7 |
| Average cost of funds | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.3 |
| Interest on deposits | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| Difference | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Net interest income/earning assets | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| New provisions/average net loans | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Interest income/total income | 73.7 | 74.3 | 79.0 | 79.5 | 79.3 | 79.3 |
| Fee income to total income | 9.6 | 10.3 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Operating expenses/total income | 51.5 | 47.7 | 41.6 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 39.4 |
| Tax rate | 34.4 | 27.8 | 24.9 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| Dividend payout ratio | 14.8 | 17.9 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 17.8 |
| Share of deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 7.5 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.7 |
| Fixed | 70.4 | 70.4 | 71.3 | 72.8 | 73.2 | 73.6 |
| Savings | 22.1 | 21.8 | 21.1 | 20.1 | 19.9 | 19.7 |
| Loans-to-deposit ratio | 74.8 | 72.6 | 74.9 | 72.3 | 71.6 | 71.6 |
| Equity/assets (EoY) | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.5 |
| Asset quality trends (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPL | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Net NPL | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Slippages | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| Provision coverage (ex writeoff) | 75.6 | 74.9 | 74.9 | 71.3 | 68.7 | 65.4 |
| Dupont analysis (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Loan loss provisions | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Net other income | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Operating expenses | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Invt. depreciation | 0.3 | (0.2) | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| (1- tax rate) | 66.6 | 72.2 | 75.1 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 70.0 |
| ROA | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Average assets/average equity | 19.6 | 20.4 | 19.4 | 18.6 | 18.7 | 18.7 |
| ROE | 21.4 | 24.7 | 25.9 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 18.7 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Bank of Baroda, P\&L and balance sheet
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (₹ mn)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total interest income | 150,916 | 166,983 | 218,859 | 293,100 | 336,428 | 391,576 |
| Loans | 111,974 | 125,412 | 162,035 | 223,454 | 251,228 | 289,891 |
| Investments | 33,107 | 36,559 | 47,748 | 62,156 | 77,458 | 93,391 |
| Cash and deposits | 5,836 | 5,012 | 9,077 | 7,489 | 7,742 | 8,293 |
| Total interest expense | 99,682 | 107,589 | 130,837 | 193,940 | 224,358 | 263,200 |
| Deposits from customers | 91,875 | 98,807 | 118,626 | 178,842 | 209,260 | 248,102 |
| Net interest income | 51,234 | 59,395 | 88,023 | 99,160 | 112,070 | 128,375 |
| Loan loss provisions | 4,131 | 10,621 | 12,745 | 13,642 | 18,878 | 25,643 |
| Net interest income (after prov.) | 47,104 | 48,774 | 75,278 | 85,517 | 93,192 | 102,732 |
| Other income | 26,626 | 28,064 | 28,092 | 27,841 | 34,576 | 38,856 |
| Net fee income | 7,455 | 8,973 | 10,206 | 10,411 | 11,868 | 13,529 |
| Net capital gains | 9,001 | 7,232 | 4,437 | 2,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Net exchange gains | 3,724 | 3,860 | 5,148 | 5,920 | 6,808 | 7,829 |
| Operating expenses | 35,761 | 38,106 | 46,298 | 48,077 | 55,365 | 63,738 |
| Employee expenses | 23,481 | 23,509 | 29,168 | 27,940 | 32,544 | 37,908 |
| Depreciation on investments | 5,368 | $(3,807)$ | 90 | 3,000 | 600 | 400 |
| Other Provisions | 123 | 159 | 478 | 478 | 478 | 478 |
| Pretax income | 32,479 | 42,381 | 56,503 | 61,802 | 71,324 | 76,972 |
| Tax provisions | 11,157 | 11,797 | 14,086 | 18,559 | 21,419 | 23,115 |
| Net Profit | 22,272 | 30,583 | 42,417 | 43,243 | 49,906 | 53,858 |
| \% growth | 55 | 37 | 39 | 2 | 15 | 8 |
| PBT - treasury gains + provisions | 33,098 | 42,120 | 65,379 | 76,923 | 86,281 | 98,494 |
| \% growth | 35 | 27 | 55 | 18 | 12 | 14 |
| Balance sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and bank balance | 240,871 | 354,671 | 499,341 | 499,255 | 533,012 | 572,734 |
| Cash | 9,990 | 11,731 | 13,571 | 13,571 | 13,571 | 13,571 |
| Balance with RBI | 95,974 | 123,669 | 185,111 | 185,025 | 218,783 | 258,505 |
| Balance with banks | 14,034 | 9,143 | 17,676 | 17,676 | 17,676 | 17,676 |
| Net value of investments | 524,459 | 611,824 | 712,606 | 976,429 | 1,157,414 | 1,329,708 |
| Govt. and other securities | 401,347 | 494,425 | 592,889 | 862,075 | 1,043,060 | 1,215,354 |
| Shares | 6,061 | 12,319 | 13,252 | 13,252 | 13,252 | 13,252 |
| Debentures and bonds | 30,140 | 23,518 | 23,561 | 23,561 | 23,561 | 23,561 |
| Net loans and advances | 1,439,859 | 1,750,353 | 2,286,764 | 2,674,127 | 3,134,523 | 3,703,623 |
| Fixed assets | 23,468 | 22,848 | 22,997 | 23,713 | 23,243 | 22,694 |
| Net leased assets | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net Owned assets | 23,468 | 22,848 | 22,997 | 23,713 | 23,243 | 22,694 |
| Other assets | 45,781 | 43,472 | 62,264 | 89,179 | 127,728 | 182,942 |
| Total assets | 2,274,438 | 2,783,167 | 3,583,971 | 4,262,702 | 4,975,920 | 5,811,701 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 1,923,970 | 2,410,443 | 3,054,395 | 3,700,503 | 4,375,657 | 5,170,095 |
| Borrowings and bills payable | 139,713 | 147,950 | 239,596 | 239,596 | 239,596 | 239,596 |
| Other liabilities | 82,400 | 73,710 | 80,049 | 80,049 | 80,049 | 80,049 |
| Total liabilities | 2,146,082 | 2,632,103 | 3,374,040 | 4,020,148 | 4,695,302 | 5,489,741 |
| Paid-up capital | 3,655 | 3,655 | 3,928 | 3,928 | 3,928 | 3,928 |
| Reserves \& surplus | 124,700 | 147,409 | 206,003 | 238,626 | 276,690 | 318,032 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 128,355 | 151,064 | 209,931 | 242,554 | 280,618 | 321,960 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Institutional Equities
Bharat Petroleum (BPCL)

## Energy

Results marred by refining margins and forex losses. BPCL reported 2QFY12 net loss at ₹ 32.3 bn versus net loss of ₹25.6 bn in 1QFY12; our estimated loss was ₹34.1 bn. We note that the quarterly results are not comparable given the fluctuation in timing and quantum of government compensation. We maintain our ADD rating on BPCL given $16 \%$ potential upside to our revised target price of ₹ 720 (₹ 780 previously).

| Company data and valuation summary Bharat Petroleum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 797-529 | EPS (Rs) | 38.9 | 33.0 | 49.5 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 225.1 | EPS growth (\%) | (32.5) | (15.2) | 49.9 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 16.0 | 18.9 | 12.6 |
| Promoters |  |  | 54.9 | Sales (Rs bn) | 1,508.4 | 1,920.3 | 1,888.1 |
| Flls |  |  | 6.7 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 14.1 | 11.9 | 17.9 |
| MFs |  |  | 9.6 | EBITDA (Rs bn) | 32.7 | 34.5 | 42.0 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | EV/EBITDA (X) | 10.4 | 10.0 | 8.0 |
| Absolute | (3.9) | (5.4) | (14.7) | ROE (\%) | 9.2 | 7.3 | 10.4 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (10.7) | (2.7) | (3.5) | Div. Yield (\%) | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.6 |

Earnings impacted by large net under-recovery, forex losses and lower refining margins
BPCL reported 2QFY12 net income at -₹ 32.3 bn versus -₹ 25.6 bn in 1QFY12 and ₹ 21.4 bn in 2QFY11. Reported 2QFY12 EBITDA was at -₹26.9 bn versus -₹ 21.6 bn in 1QFY12 and ₹24.9 bn in 2QFY11; our estimate was at -₹28.8 bn. The qoq swing in earnings reflects (1) lower refining margins at US\$1.6/bbl versus US\$3/bbl in 1QFY12 and (2) foreign exchange loss of ₹8 bn. This was partly compensated by (1) lower net under-recovery of ₹32.2 bn in 2QFY12 versus ₹33.6 bn in 1QFY12, (2) higher crude throughput at 5.6 mn tons versus 5.2 mn tons in 1QFY12 and (3) lower staff cost at ₹4.4 bn (-33\% qoq).

Refining margins decline qoq; domestic sales volumes increase 6.7\% yoy
BPCL's 2QFY12 refining margins were at US\$1.6/bbl versus US\$3/bbl in 1QFY12 and US\$3.6/bbl in 2QFY11. The refining margins were impacted by adventitious/inventory loss. BPCL's crude throughput stood at 5.6 mn tons ( $-0.4 \%$ yoy and $+7.3 \% \mathrm{qoq}$ ) in 2QFY12. 2QFY12 sales volumes (domestic) increased $6.7 \%$ yoy to 7 mn tons. The yoy growth in sales was led by strong growth in diesel, LPG and ATF sales which was partially offset by decline in sales of fuel oil and naphtha.

Stock performance will depend on (1) oil prices and (2) government action
We maintain an ADD rating on BPCL given 16\% upside to our target price of ₹ 720 based on 10X FY2013E adjusted EPS of ₹45 plus value of investments. However, we highlight that the near-term stock performance will depend on (1) crude oil prices, (2) exchange rate, (3) government's willingness and ability to increase diesel prices at current levels and (4) subsidy-sharing mechanism formulated by the government. We note that the situation with regards to the overall gross underrecoveries is reaching precarious levels led by (1) weakening of the Rupee and (2) sharp expansion in product cracks. Exhibit 2 gives the marketing losses for the recent week and compares the same with the losses before the announcement of price hikes and duty rejig in June 2011.

Revised earnings; maintain ADD with a target price of ₹720
We have revised our FY2012-14E EPS to ₹33 (-39\%), ₹49.5 (-10\%) and ₹58.3 (-5\%) to reflect (1) lower refining margins, (2) revised exchange rate assumptions, (3) 2QFY12 results and (4) other minor changes. Key downside risk stems from higher-than-expected net under-recoveries.

OCTOBER 31, 2011
RESULT
Coverage view: Attractive
Price (Rs): 623
Target price (Rs): 720
BSE-30: 17,705

## QUICK NUMBERS

- Net under-recovery of ₹ 65.8 bn in 1 HFY12 versus ₹ 15.8 bn in FY2011
- 2QFY12 refining margin at US\$1.6/bbl versus US\$3/bbl in 1QFY12
- $16 \%$ potential upside to target price from current levels

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Key financial and operating details of 2QFY12 results
Exhibit 1 gives key highlights of BPCL's 2QFY12 results and compares the same on a yoy and qoq basis. We do not see significant merit in comparison of quarterly results given high volatility in the timing and quantum of compensation from the government of India and contribution from upstream companies.

Interim results of Bharat Petroleum, March fiscal year-ends (₹ mn)

|  |  | 2QFY12E | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 | (\% chg.) |  |  | yoy |  |  | 2012E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2QFY12 |  |  |  | 2QFY12E | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 1 HFY 12 | 1HFY11 | (\% chg.) |  |
| Net sales | 423,019 | 419,526 | 354,348 | 461,396 | 0.8 | 19.4 | (8.3) | 884,415 | 696,673 | 26.9 | 1,920,278 |
| Increase/(decrease) in stock | 5,367 |  | 21,187 | 6,317 |  |  |  | 11,685 | 24,417 |  |  |
| Raw material | $(204,005)$ | $(219,089)$ | $(156,616)$ | $(192,444)$ | (6.9) | 30.3 | 6.0 | $(396,449)$ | $(309,941)$ | 27.9 | $(891,659)$ |
| Trading purchase | $(219,959)$ | $(205,154)$ | $(166,127)$ | $(276,334)$ | 7.2 | 32.4 | (20.4) | $(496,293)$ | $(346,320)$ | 43.3 | $(930,258)$ |
| Staff cost | $(4,381)$ | $(6,417)$ | $(4,526)$ | $(6,574)$ | (31.7) | (3.2) | (33.4) | $(10,955)$ | $(9,939)$ | 10.2 | $(22,533)$ |
| Other expenses | $(26,990)$ | $(17,669)$ | $(23,401)$ | $(14,003)$ | 52.8 | 15.3 | 92.7 | $(40,992)$ | $(44,085)$ | (7.0) | $(41,332)$ |
| Total expenditure | $(449,967)$ | $(448,328)$ | $(329,483)$ | $(483,038)$ | 0.4 | 36.6 | (6.8) | $(933,005)$ | $(685,867)$ | 36.0 | (1,885,782) |
| EBITDA | $(26,948)$ | $(28,802)$ | 24,865 | $(21,642)$ | (6.4) | (208.4) | 24.5 | $(48,590)$ | 10,806 | (549.7) | 34,495 |
| Other income | 3,787 | 3,531 | 5,336 | 4,273 | 7.2 | (29.0) | (11.4) | 8,061 | 8,545 | (5.7) | 16,551 |
| Interest | $(4,532)$ | $(4,124)$ | $(2,780)$ | $(3,349)$ | 9.9 | 63.0 | 35.3 | $(7,881)$ | $(5,103)$ | 54.4 | $(14,407)$ |
| Depreciation | $(4,600)$ | $(4,748)$ | $(4,019)$ | $(4,901)$ | (3.1) | 14.5 | (6.1) | $(9,501)$ | $(8,026)$ | 18.4 | $(18,979)$ |
| Pretax profits | $(32,293)$ | $(34,142)$ | 23,402 | $(25,619)$ | (5.4) | (238.0) | 26.1 | $(57,912)$ | 6,221 | $(1,030.9)$ | 17,661 |
| Extraordinary item | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | - |
| Tax | - | - | $(1,980)$ | - |  |  |  | - | $(1,980)$ |  | $(5,930)$ |
| Deferred tax | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | 200 |
| Net income | $(32,293)$ | $(34,142)$ | 21,422 | $(25,619)$ | (5.4) | (250.7) | 26.1 | $(57,912)$ | 4,241 | $(1,465.5)$ | 11,931 |
| Adjusted net income | $(32,293)$ | $(34,142)$ | 21,422 | $(25,619)$ | (5.4) | (250.7) | 26.1 | $(57,912)$ | 4,241 | $(1,465.5)$ | 11,931 |
| EPS (Rs) | (89.3) | (94.4) | 59.3 | (70.9) |  |  |  | (160.2) | 11.7 |  | 33.0 |
| Tax rate (\%) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.5 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 | 31.8 |  | 32.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude throughput (mn tons) | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.2 |  | (0.4) | 7.3 | 10.8 | 11.2 | (3.5) | 22.1 |
| Domestic sales volume (mn tons) | 7.0 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 7.8 |  | 6.7 | (10.1) | 14.9 | 13.9 | 6.7 | 29.6 |
| Exports sales volume (mn tons) | 0.9 |  | 0.9 | 0.7 |  | 9.3 | 34.3 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 12.3 | 3.1 |
| Refining margin (US\$/bbl) | 1.6 | 4.2 | 2.8 | 3.0 |  | (41.4) | (45.4) | 2.3 | 3.2 | (27.6) | 3.2 |
| Inventory gain/(loss) | (240) | $(2,975)$ | (780) | 12,120 |  |  |  | 11,880 | 3,930 |  | 11,880 |
| Gross subsidy gain/(loss) | $(48,650)$ | $(52,117)$ | $(24,630)$ | $(102,895)$ |  |  |  | $(151,545)$ | $(71,130)$ |  | $(274,977)$ |
| Receipt from upstream companies | 16,418 | 17,372 | 8,214 | 34,091 |  |  |  | 50,509 | 23,709 |  | 123,740 |
| Receipt of oil bonds/cash from govt | - | - | 29,479 | 35,245 |  |  |  | 35,245 | 29,479 |  | 139,551 |
| Net over-recovery/(under-recovery) | $(32,232)$ | $(34,745)$ | 13,062 | $(33,560)$ |  |  |  | $(65,792)$ | $(17,942)$ |  | $(11,687)$ |
| Exchange gain/(loss) | $(8,011)$ | $(8,650)$ | 2,989 | $(1,060)$ |  |  |  | $(9,071)$ | (394) |  | $(9,966)$ |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Under-recoveries on diesel and kerosene remain high
Current marketing margins versus marketing margins before price hikes on June 24, 2011

| 1. Marketing margins for the week before price hikes |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Dated Brent crude price (US $\$ / \mathrm{bbl})$ | 111 |
| Exchange rate (Rs/US $\$$ ) | 44.9 |
| LPG (Rs/cylinder) | $(344.2)$ |
| Kerosene (Rs/liter) | $(25.7)$ |
| Diesel (Rs/liter) | $(10.2)$ |
| 2. Marketing margins for the recent week |  |
| Dated Brent crude price (US $\$ / \mathrm{bbl})$ | 112 |
| Exchange rate (Rs/US $\$$ ) | 49.4 |
| LPG (Rs/cylinder) | $(298.9)$ |
| Kerosene (Rs/liter) | $(28.3)$ |
| Diesel (Rs/liter) | $(7.6)$ |

Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

- Compensation (cash) from the government and discounts from the upstream oil companies. BPCL did not receive any compensation from the government in 2QFY12 versus ₹ 35.2 bn in 1QFY12 and ₹29.5 bn in 2QFY11. BPCL received ₹ 16.4 bn of discounts from the upstream companies in 2QFY12 compared to ₹ 34.1 bn in 1 QFY12 and ₹ 8.2 bn in 2QFY11. BPCL's net under-recovery was ₹ 32.2 bn compared to net under-recovery of ₹33.6 bn in 1QFY12 and net over-recovery of ₹13.1 bn in 2QFY11.
- Refining margins decline sharply qoq. BPCL's 2QFY12 refining margin was US\$1.6/bbl versus US\$3/bbl in 1QFY12 and US\$2.8/bbl in 2QFY11. This reflects adventitious/inventory losses in 2QFY12.
- Crude throughput increases qoq. BPCL's two refineries processed 5.6 mn tons of crude in 2QFY12 compared to 5.2 mn tons in 1QFY12 and 5.6 mn tons in 2QFY11. The increase in crude throughput reflects ramp-up in production at the Kochi refinery post the shutdown in 1QFY12. BPCL's Mumbai refinery processed 3.12 mn tons ( $-9.2 \%$ yoy and $7.1 \% \mathrm{qoq}$ ) of crude and Kochi refinery processed 2.46 mn tons (+13.5\% yoy and $+33.7 \%$ qoq) in 2QFY12.
- Sales volume increases yoy. BPCL's sales volume (domestic) was 7 mn tons for 2QFY12 $(+6.7 \%$ yoy and $-10.1 \%$ qoq). The company reported $6.7 \%$ yoy growth in domestic sales to 14.9 mn tons in 1 HFY 12 . This reflects growth in sales of gasoline ( $+4.9 \%$ ), diesel (+11.4\%), ATF (+10.7\%) and LPG (10.8\%), which was partially offset by decline in sales of fuel oil (-35.6\%) and naphtha (-28.4\%).
- Other expenditure increases sharply qoq led by foreign-exchange loss. BPCL's other expenditure for 2QFY12 increased to ₹27 bn (+93\% qoq) led by foreign exchange loss of ₹8 bn versus ₹ 1 bn in 1QFY12.
- Employee cost declines. BPCL's employee cost declined sharply in 2QFY12 to ₹4.4 bn ($3.2 \%$ yoy and $-33.4 \%$ qoq).

Earnings revisions and key assumptions behind earnings model
We have revised our FY2012E, FY2013E and FY2014E EPS estimates to ₹33, ₹49.5 and ₹58.3 from ₹54, ₹55.1 and ₹61.3. We discuss key assumptions (see Exhibit 3) behind our earnings model below.

BPCL earnings model assumptions, March fiscal year-ends, 2007-2014E

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 E}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Rs/US\$ | 45.3 | 40.3 | 45.8 | 47.4 | 45.6 | 47.3 | 49.8 | 48.5 |
| Weighted average duty on products (\%) | 6.7 | 6.6 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 5.8 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Import tariff on crude (\%) | 5.1 | 5.2 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 5.2 | 1.2 | - | - |
| Import 'tariff' on domestic crude (\%) | 2.6 | 2.6 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 2.6 | 0.6 | - | - |
| Effective duty protection (\%) | $\mathbf{1 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 2}$ |
| Refinery yield (US\$/bbl) | 71.5 | 89.6 | 97.5 | 73.2 | 93.9 | 116.0 | 105.5 | 101.0 |
| Cost of crude (US\$/bbl) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -Imported | 64.0 | 78.8 | 90.0 | 69.8 | 84.7 | 110.7 | 100.7 | 95.7 |
| -Domestic | 68.7 | 84.1 | 94.9 | 70.8 | 88.0 | 114.0 | 104.0 | 99.0 |
| Landed cost of crude (US\$/bbl) | 68.3 | 84.0 | 92.4 | 70.3 | 89.4 | 112.8 | 101.7 | 96.7 |
| Net refining margin (US\$/bbl) | $\mathbf{3 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 3}$ |
| Crude throughput (mn tons) | $\mathbf{1 9 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 . 7}$ |
| -Imported | 13.5 | 13.9 | 13.1 | 14.1 | 14.8 | 15.1 | 15.7 | 15.7 |
| -Domestic | 6.3 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Production of main products | 17.9 | 19.0 | 18.1 | 18.6 | 19.9 | 20.2 | 20.7 | $\mathbf{2 0 . 7}$ |
| Production of other products | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Fuel and loss | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Fuel and loss (\%) | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Sales volume (mn tons) | $\mathbf{2 4 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 . 8}$ |
| Marketing margins (Rs/ton) | $\mathbf{( 1 , 1 4 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 , 0 1 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 5 , 9 4 4 )}$ | $\mathbf{5 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 , 9 3 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 , 9 8 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 2 2 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 7 5 7 )}$ |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

- Compensation from government and discount from upstream companies. We model BPCL to receive compensation of ₹ 140 bn, ₹ 120 bn and ₹ 90 bn from the government in FY2012E, FY2013E and FY2014E. We assume BPCL to receive discount of ₹124 bn for FY2012E, ₹91 bn for FY2013E and ₹71 bn for FY2014E from the upstream companies. We assume net under-recoveries at ₹ 11.7 bn, ₹17.2 bn and ₹17.1 bn for FY2012E, FY2013E and FY2014E against ₹15.8 bn in FY2011.

We have revised our assumption of net under-recoveries to be borne by downstream companies in FY2012E to ₹50 bn versus ₹74 bn given the high losses expected to be incurred on account of (1) forex losses and (2) lower-than-expected refining margins. We assume total net under-recoveries of the downstream oil companies at ₹50 bn in FY2012E and ₹ 74 bn in FY2013E compared to ₹69 bn in FY2011.

- Refining margins. We model refining margin for BPCL at US\$3.2/bbl in FY2012E, US\$3.8/bbl in FY2013E and US\$4.3/bbl in FY2014E compared to US\$2.3/bbl in 1HFY12 and US\$4.5/bbl in FY2011. We have accounted for 1HFY12 adventitious gains of ₹11.9 bn in FY2012E earnings. We assume no gains or losses for FY2013-15E versus adventitious gains of ₹10 bn (US\$1.4/bbl) in FY2011.
- Crude throughput. We model crude throughput at 22.1 mn tons, 22.7 mn tons and 22.7 mn tons in FY2012E, FY2013E and FY2014E versus 21.8 mn tons in FY2011.
- Marketing margins. We model marketing margin on gasoline and diesel at -₹675/ton and $-₹ 10,128$ /ton in FY2012E and ₹1,350/ton and -₹5,445/ton in FY2013E compared to -₹2,984/ton and -₹3,243/ton in FY2011. We do not assume any increase in diesel, LPG and kerosene retail prices throughout our forecast period.
- Crude oil price assumption. We have assumed crude oil (Dated Brent) prices for FY2012E, FY2013E and FY2014E at US\$110/bbl, US\$100/bbl and US\$95/bbl.
- Rupee-dollar exchange rate. We have revised our exchange rate assumption for FY2012E, FY2013E and FY2014E to ₹47.27/US\$, ₹49.75/US\$ and ₹48.5/US\$ versus ₹45.75/US\$, ₹45.63/US\$ and ₹45/US\$ previously.

Fair valuation of BPCL (₹)

|  | 2013E |
| :--- | ---: |
| Valuation based on P/E multiple |  |
| Profit after tax (Rs mn) | 17,883 |
| Less: income from investments valued separately (Rs mn) | 1,793 |
| Adjusted profit after tax (Rs mn) | 16,090 |
| Adjusted EPS | 45 |
| P/E multiple (X) | 10 |
| Fair value on P/E (without value of investments) (A) | $\mathbf{4 4 5}$ |


| Add: Value of investments (Rs mn) | 98,859 |
| :--- | ---: |
| KRL treasury shares | 24,285 |
| Numaligarh | 13,606 |
| Indraprastha Gas | 10,458 |
| Oil India Ltd | 9,363 |
| Petronet LNG | 10,125 |
| Other equity | 31,022 |
| Value of investments (Rs) (B) | $\mathbf{2 7 3}$ |
| Total equity value (A) + (B) | $\mathbf{7 1 8}$ |

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Profit model, balance sheet, cash model of BPCL, March fiscal year-ends, 2007-2014E (₹ mn)

|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit model (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 965,569 | 1,102,081 | 1,340,734 | 1,202,170 | 1,508,382 | 1,920,278 | 1,888,121 | 1,857,789 |
| EBITDA | 35,362 | 28,472 | 27,507 | 32,635 | 32,737 | 34,495 | 42,015 | 45,399 |
| Other income | 7,332 | 13,954 | 15,087 | 22,402 | 17,550 | 16,551 | 15,590 | 14,932 |
| Interest | $(4,774)$ | $(6,725)$ | $(22,699)$ | $(10,110)$ | $(11,008)$ | $(14,407)$ | $(11,881)$ | $(8,864)$ |
| Depreciation | $(9,041)$ | $(10,982)$ | $(10,755)$ | $(12,423)$ | $(16,554)$ | $(18,979)$ | $(19,253)$ | $(20,283)$ |
| Pretax profits | 28,879 | 24,719 | 9,141 | 32,505 | 22,724 | 17,661 | 26,471 | 31,184 |
| Extraordinary items | (68) | - | - | $(8,290)$ | 1,503 | - | - | - |
| Tax | $(9,286)$ | $(9,059)$ | $(5,103)$ | $(11,317)$ | $(7,177)$ | $(5,930)$ | $(8,277)$ | $(9,436)$ |
| Deferred taxation | (268) | $(1,108)$ | 2,421 | 3,033 | $(1,482)$ | 200 | (311) | (682) |
| Adjusted net profits | 18,100 | 15,806 | 6,324 | 20,830 | 14,602 | 11,931 | 17,883 | 21,066 |
| Earnings per share (Rs) | 50.1 | 43.7 | 17.5 | 57.6 | 40.4 | 33.0 | 49.5 | 58.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance sheet (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total equity | 102,735 | 116,768 | 121,281 | 130,867 | 140,576 | 147,969 | 159,050 | 172,104 |
| Deferred taxation liability | 13,826 | 14,814 | 12,392 | 8,593 | 10,075 | 9,875 | 10,187 | 10,868 |
| Total borrowings | 108,292 | 150,224 | 211,714 | 221,952 | 189,719 | 176,719 | 144,719 | 111,638 |
| Currrent liabilities | 112,767 | 145,803 | 128,313 | 171,312 | 219,583 | 247,189 | 250,124 | 246,714 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 337,620 | 427,608 | 473,701 | 532,724 | 559,954 | 581,753 | 564,079 | 541,324 |
| Cash | 8,640 | 9,616 | 4,416 | 3,424 | 3,800 | 4,341 | 4,716 | 4,769 |
| Current assets | 127,698 | 187,457 | 148,469 | 232,416 | 272,259 | 307,429 | 303,641 | 297,600 |
| Goodwill | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total fixed assets | 118,334 | 127,354 | 140,033 | 161,871 | 170,116 | 176,203 | 181,943 | 185,176 |
| Investments | 82,949 | 103,182 | 180,784 | 135,013 | 113,780 | 93,780 | 73,780 | 53,780 |
| Total assets | 337,621 | 427,608 | 473,701 | 532,724 | 559,954 | 581,753 | 564,079 | 541,324 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Free cash flow (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating cash flow, excl. working capital | 29,920 | 22,988 | 19,717 | 22,972 | 16,688 | 13,400 | 21,231 | 26,633 |
| Working capital | 11,451 | $(25,161)$ | 20,585 | $(48,542)$ | 14,758 | $(7,565)$ | 6,722 | 2,631 |
| Capital expenditure | $(17,908)$ | $(20,665)$ | $(23,323)$ | $(33,698)$ | $(24,813)$ | $(24,308)$ | $(24,368)$ | $(23,050)$ |
| Investments | $(45,481)$ | $(21,684)$ | $(82,456)$ | 35,270 | 20,872 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Other income | 4,337 | 6,434 | 6,655 | 13,694 | 10,146 | 16,551 | 15,590 | 14,932 |
| Free cash flow | $(17,682)$ | $(38,088)$ | $(58,822)$ | $(10,304)$ | 37,651 | 18,079 | 39,177 | 41,147 |


| Ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Debt/equity | 105.4 | 128.7 | 174.6 | 169.6 | 135.0 | 119.4 | 91.0 | 64.9 |
| Net debt/equity | 97.0 | 120.4 | 170.9 | 167.0 | 132.3 | 116.5 | 88.0 | 62.1 |
| RoAE | 16.3 | 12.7 | 4.8 | 11.3 | 10.7 | 7.7 | 10.9 | 12.0 |
| RoACE | $\mathbf{1 0 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 9}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Key assumptions (standalone until FY2005) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude throughput (mn tons) | 19.8 | 20.9 | 20.0 | 20.4 | 21.8 | 22.1 | 22.7 | 22.7 |
| Effective tariff protection (\%) | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Net refining margin (US $\$ / b b l)$ | 3.2 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| Sales volume (mn tons) | 24.5 | 26.7 | 27.8 | 29.5 | 31.3 | 32.7 | 34.1 | 35.8 |
| Marketing margin (Rs/ton) | $(1,140)$ | $(3,010)$ | $(5,944)$ | 573 | $(1,933)$ | $(4,980)$ | $(2,223)$ | $(757)$ |
| Subsidy under-recoveries (Rs mn) | $(10,400)$ | $(3,354)$ | 2,728 | $(12,375)$ | $(15,841)$ | $(11,687)$ | $(17,155)$ | $(17,071)$ |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

## Canara Bank (свк)

## Banks/Financial Institutions

Completes the migration with limited impact. Canara Bank completed the last leg of migration with relatively lesser-than-expected impact on asset quality. Slippages were at $2.3 \%$ ( $50 \%$ migration-related) and the bank has chosen to aggressively write off these loans resulting in higher provisions. Risks from the infrastructure exposure remain a key risk, driving our earnings revision. We maintain BUY but believe that near-term price performance will be muted despite inexpensive valuations of 1X FY2012E book and 5X FY2012E EPS delivering 6\% earnings growth for FY2011-13E and 18\% RoEs.

| Company data and valuation summary Canara Bank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 844-401 | EPS (Rs) | 90.9 | 80.9 | 101.5 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 206.8 | EPS growth (\%) | 23.3 | (10.9) | 25.4 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 5.1 | 5.8 | 4.6 |
| Promoters |  |  | 67.7 | NII (Rs bn) | 78.2 | 80.9 | 94.5 |
| Flls |  |  | 15.5 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 40.3 | 35.9 | 45.0 |
| MFs |  |  | 0.9 | BVPS | 405.0 | 471.9 | 559.4 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | P/B (X) | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 |
| Absolute | 5.1 | 1.7 | (35.3) | ROE (\%) | 23.2 | 16.7 | 18.1 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (2.3) | 4.6 | (26.8) | Div. Yield (\%) | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 |

Migration-related hurdle cleared; earnings lower on the back of higher provisions
The bank completed the last leg of migration resulting in slippages of $2.3 \%$ with nearly $50 \%$ coming from migration-related exercise. With the migration exercise largely completed, we believe that the focus would shift to infrastructure exposure (17\% of loans) where NPLs or restructuring are likely to occur in FY2013-14E. We take a cautious approach and build higher loan-loss provisions ( $0.8 \%$ levels). Canara Bank reported $15 \%$ yoy decline in earnings as provisions increased 250\% yoy while NII declined 2\% yoy (income de-recognition) on the back of higher slippages. Healthy growth in non-interest income led by recoveries (doubled yoy) and a stable operating expenses growth ( $9 \%$ yoy) cushioned the sharp rise in provisions. The bank wrote off $0.8 \%$ of loans primarily from these slippages.

Margins expand 22 bps qoq despite de-recognition of interest income
NIMs expanded 22 bps qoq (after reporting a decline of 40 bps in 1QFY12) primarily on the back of stable cost of funds and loan re-pricing. We note that the impact of higher slippages on NIMs was about 15 bps for the quarter; unlikely to be repeated at this scale from 3QFY12E. We build 35 bps compression in NIMs for FY2012E and flat margins in FY2013E but believe that a stable cost environment can result in upward revisions to our current estimates.

Slippages 2.3\% for the quarter; aggressive write-off continues
Gross NPLs increased marginally by 5\% qoq to ₹38 bn (1.7\% of loans) while net NPLs increased $9 \%$ qoq to ₹ 31 bn ( $1.4 \%$ of loans). Slippages were high at $2.3 \%$ for the quarter. However, increased in underlying gross NPLs were lower as the bank has made aggressive provisions and writing off these loans from their portfolio. Loan write-offs were at $0.8 \%$ for the quarter while loan-loss provisions were high at 90 bps. Hence, provision coverage is at 69\% (flat qoq) though coverage ratio (ex write-off) has declined further to $18 \%$, one of the lowest among banks.

## OCTOBER 31, 2011

RESULT
Coverage view: Attractive
Price (Rs): 467
Target price (Rs): 550
BSE-30: 17,705

## QUICK NUMBERS

- NIMs improve 22 bps qoq to 2.6\%
- Slippages at 2.3\%; gross NPLs increase 5\% qoq
- Maintain BUY with TP of ₹550 (from ₹600 earlier)
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## Loan growth remained strong at 24\% yoy

Loan growth for the quarter was healthy at $24 \%$ yoy (similar growth trends for the past three quarters). Nearly all segments have shown robust growth with retail at $23 \%$ yoy, agriculture at 37\% yoy and large corporate at 20\% yoy. Infrastructure loan grew 37\% yoy while SME loans grew by $21 \%$ yoy. The bank continues to have a relatively higher share of its loan to fund working capital of SEBs (6\% of loans). We are broadly building loan growth of about 16\% CAGR in FY2011-13E for the bank.

Higher recoveries and treasury income boost non-interest income

Non-interest income was at ₹8.3 bn (decline of 65\% yoy) on the back of strong growth in recoveries and strong treasury income. Income from recoveries doubled to ₹1.4 bn. Fee income growth was strong at $17 \%$ yoy. The bank reported a treasury gain of ₹ 1.5 bn during the quarter. We expect income from recoveries to remain strong in 2HFY12E due to the higher slippages reported over the past few quarters.

Other highlights for the quarter

- Overall capital adequacy is comfortable at $12.8 \%$ with tier-1 capital at $9.2 \%$.
- Cost-income ratio was at $42 \%$ for the quarter.
- Tax rate for the quarter was at 19\%-one of the lowest as the bank continues to take benefit from aggressive write-offs.

Key changes to our estimates
Old and new estimates, March fiscal year-ends, 2012-2014E (₹ mn)

|  | New estimates |  |  | Old estimates |  |  | \% change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| Net interest income | 80,911 | 94,522 | 114,766 | 79,336 | 94,684 | 113,480 | 2.0 | (0.2) | 1.1 |
| Loan growth (\%) | 17 | 16 | 18 | 17 | 18 | 18 |  |  |  |
| NIM (\%) | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 |  |  |  |
| Loan loss provisions | 16,814 | 21,460 | 28,293 | 13,820 | 16,249 | 19,199 | 21.7 | 32.1 | 47.4 |
| Other income | 29,377 | 35,260 | 40,147 | 30,749 | 34,544 | 39,989 | (4.5) | 2.1 | 0.4 |
| Fee income | 8,616 | 9,823 | 11,198 | 8,616 | 9,823 | 11,198 | - | - | - |
| Treasury income | 2,200 | 3,000 | 3,200 | 2,000 | 2,500 | 3,000 |  |  |  |
| Operating expenses | 46,096 | 50,919 | 56,385 | 45,191 | 50,324 | 56,086 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 0.5 |
| Employee expenses | 29,838 | 32,849 | 36,163 | 28,934 | 32,169 | 35,765 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 1.1 |
| Depreciation on investments | 2,000 | 500 | 500 | 2,000 | 900 | 900 |  |  |  |
| PBT | 45,329 | 56,853 | 69,686 | 48,974 | 61,655 | 77,184 | (7.4) | (7.8) | (9.7) |
| Net profit | 35,856 | 44,973 | 55,123 | 38,250 | 48,154 | 60,283 | (6.3) | (6.6) | (8.6) |
| PBT-treasury | 43,129 | 53,853 | 66,486 | 46,974 | 59,155 | 74,184 | (8.2) | (9.0) | (10.4) |
| PBT-treasury + loan loss provisions | 59,943 | 75,313 | 94,778 | 60,794 | 75,404 | 93,382 | (1.4) | (0.1) | 1.5 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Canara Bank- Rolling PER and PBR
April 2004-October 2011 (X)


[^16]Canara Bank quarterly results
March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY11-2QFY12 (₹ mn)

|  | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 | \% change | 2QFY12E | Actual Vs KS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest income | 55,774 | 59,079 | 64,178 | 71,808 | 76,145 | 36.5 | 74,951 | 1.6 |
| Interest on advances | 41,096 | 43,259 | 48,228 | 54,828 | 58,256 | 41.8 | 56,934 | 2.3 |
| Income from investments | 14,165 | 15,308 | 15,214 | 16,334 | 17,300 | 22.1 | 17,307 | (0.0) |
| Others | 514 | 513 | 736 | 645 | 589 | 14.6 | 710 | (17.1) |
| Interest expense | 35,741 | 37,887 | 44,449 | 53,877 | 56,528 | 58.2 | 56,761 | (0.4) |
| Net interest income | 20,033 | 21,192 | 19,729 | 17,931 | 19,617 | (2.1) | 18,190 | 7.8 |
| Non-int.income | 4,996 | 5,366 | 9,328 | 5,268 | 8,283 | 65.8 | 7,120 | 16.3 |
| Sale of investments | 20 | 290 | (180) | (770) | 1,490 | 7,350.0 | 1,000 | 49.0 |
| Fee income | 1,742 | 1,690 | 2,490 | 1,739 | 2,040 | 17.1 | 1,916 | 6.5 |
| Recoveries | 650 | 720 | 3,270 | 663 | 1,350 | 107.7 | 780 | 73.1 |
| Other income excl treasury | 4,976 | 5,076 | 9,508 | 6,038 | 6,793 | 36.5 | 6,120 | 11.0 |
| Total income | 25,029 | 26,558 | 29,057 | 23,199 | 27,900 | 11.5 | 25,310 | 10.2 |
| Op. expenses | 10,872 | 11,428 | 12,109 | 10,495 | 11,846 | 9.0 | 10,796 | 9.7 |
| Employee cost | 7,274 | 7,838 | 7,825 | 6,677 | 7,670 | 5.4 | 6,911 | 11.0 |
| Other cost | 3,597 | 3,591 | 4,284 | 3,818 | 4,177 | 16.1 | 3,885 | 7.5 |
| Profit pre provisions | 14,158 | 15,130 | 16,949 | 12,704 | 16,053 | 13.4 | 14,515 | 10.6 |
| Provisions and cont. | 1,579 | 1,573 | 5,460 | 3,446 | 5,531 | 250.3 | 4,860 | 13.8 |
| Investment depreciation | (429) | 100 | (130) | 850 | 664 | (254.6) | 200 | 231.8 |
| NPL provisions | 2,060 | 2,000 | 5,410 | 2,850 | 4,768 | 131.4 | 4,560 | 4.6 |
| PBT | 12,579 | 13,557 | 11,489 | 9,259 | 10,522 | (16.3) | 9,655 | 9.0 |
| Tax | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,000 | 2,000 | (20.0) | 1,921 | 4.1 |
| Net profit | 10,079 | 11,057 | 8,989 | 7,259 | 8,522 | (15.4) | 7,734 | 10.2 |
| Tax rate (\%) | 19.9 | 18.4 | 21.8 | 21.6 | 19.0 | - | 19.9 | - |
| PBT-invt gains+/-extra. item |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PBT-gains+ prov - ex ordry | 12,726 | 14,261 | 15,231 | 11,676 | 12,331 |  |  |  |
| Key balance sheet items (Rs bn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 2,492 | 2,635 | 2,940 | 3,000 | 3,126 | 25.4 |  |  |
| CASA ratio (\%) | 28.9 | 29.0 | 28.3 | 25.4 | 25.8 |  |  |  |
| Advances | 1,761 | 1,899 | 2,125 | 2,150 | 2,179 | 23.8 |  |  |
| Total retail loans | 203 | 289 | 316 | 240 | 251 | 23.4 |  |  |
| Priority sector | 607 | 659 | 708 | 710 | 755 | 24.4 |  |  |
| Agriculture advances | 239 | 271 | 297 | 305 | 328 | 37.3 |  |  |
| SME | 328 | 353 | 377 | 370 | 398 | 21.2 |  |  |
| Investments | 767 | 787 | 832 | 861 | 991 |  |  |  |
| AFS (\%) | 20 | 21 | 26 | 29 | 29 |  |  |  |
| Yield management measures (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on advances | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 10.5 | 10.7 |  |  |  |
| Cost of deposits | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 7.1 | 7.1 |  |  |  |
| Cost of funds | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 |  |  |  |
| Net interest margin | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.6 |  |  |  |
| Asset quality details |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPLs (Rs bn) | 26.4 | 27.5 | 30.9 | 36.1 | 37.9 | 43.9 |  |  |
| Gross NPL ratio (\%) | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 |  |  |  |
| Net NPLs (Rs bn) | 18.6 | 19.9 | 23.5 | 28.7 | 31.2 | 67.6 |  |  |
| Net NPL ratio (\%) | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 |  |  |  |
| Provision Coverage (\%) | 29.5 | 27.7 | 24.0 | 20.4 | 17.8 |  |  |  |
| Restructured assets -Rs bn | 83.0 | 87.4 | 80.8 | 85.0 | 85.2 |  |  |  |
| \% of loans | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 |  |  |  |
| Capital adequacy details (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CAR | 13.9 | 13.0 | 15.4 | 13.4 | 12.8 |  |  |  |
| Tier I | 8.8 | 8.3 | 10.9 | 9.6 | 9.2 |  |  |  |

[^17]Canara Bank growth rates and key ratios
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (\%)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Growth rates (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loan | 28.9 | 22.5 | 25.5 | 16.8 | 16.2 | 18.1 |
| Customer assets | 27.7 | 22.1 | 25.1 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 18.0 |
| Investments excld. CPs and debentures | 18.0 | 21.6 | 20.8 | 15.7 | 8.9 | 17.7 |
| Net fixed assets | 0.4 | (2.4) | (0.5) | 5.7 | 6.2 | 5.8 |
| Cash and bank balance | (6.8) | 18.0 | 56.2 | 11.8 | 10.3 | 13.7 |
| Total Asset | 21.7 | 20.5 | 26.9 | 15.6 | 13.4 | 17.2 |
| Deposits | 21.3 | 25.6 | 25.3 | 16.8 | 14.1 | 18.1 |
| Current | 8.3 | 28.1 | 33.3 | 16.8 | 14.1 | 18.1 |
| Savings | 18.6 | 19.3 | 17.5 | 13.9 | 11.1 | 15.0 |
| Fixed | 23.8 | 27.3 | 26.7 | 17.6 | 14.9 | 18.9 |
| Net interest income | 33.4 | 20.4 | 37.7 | 3.4 | 16.8 | 21.4 |
| Loan loss provisions | 1.7 | 68.7 | (21.9) | 41.8 | 27.6 | 31.8 |
| Total other income | 0.1 | 23.7 | (5.4) | 8.7 | 20.0 | 13.9 |
| Net fee income | (14.3) | 13.3 | 4.4 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 |
| Net capital gains | 28.4 | 30.6 | (84.6) | 95.8 | 36.4 | 6.7 |
| Net exchange gains | 13.1 | 23.9 | 77.2 | 10.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| Operating expenses | 9.8 | 13.5 | 27.1 | 4.3 | 10.5 | 10.7 |
| Employee expenses | 13.0 | 16.9 | 34.7 | 1.0 | 10.1 | 10.1 |

## Key ratios (\%)

| Yield on average earning assets | 8.9 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 8.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yield on average loans | 10.4 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 10.1 |
| Yield on average investments | 7.8 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.9 |
| Average cost of funds | 6.8 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.7 |
| Interest on deposits | 6.7 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Difference | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Net interest income/earning assets | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| New provisions/average net loans | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Interest income/total income | 67.1 | 66.5 | 74.3 | 73.4 | 72.8 | 74.1 |
| Other income / total income | 32.9 | 33.5 | 25.7 | 26.6 | 27.2 | 25.9 |
| Fee income to total income | 9.1 | 8.5 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.2 |
| Net trading income to PBT | 5.9 | 27.7 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 4.4 | 3.9 |
| Exchange inc./PBT | 6.8 | 5.6 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 8.3 | 7.6 |
| Operating expenses/total income | 43.6 | 40.7 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 39.2 | 36.4 |
| Operating expenses/assets | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Operating profit /AWF | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Tax rate | 19.4 | 20.9 | 19.9 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 20.9 |
| Dividend payout ratio | 15.8 | 13.6 | 12.1 | 14.8 | 11.8 | 9.6 |
| Share of deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 7.7 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| Fixed | 69.9 | 70.9 | 71.7 | 72.2 | 72.7 | 73.2 |
| Savings | 22.4 | 21.3 | 19.9 | 19.4 | 18.9 | 18.4 |
| Loans-to-deposit ratio | 74.0 | 72.2 | 72.3 | 72.3 | 73.6 | 73.6 |
| Equity/assets (EoY) | 5.6 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Asset quality trends |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPL | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Net NPL | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Slippages | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| Provision coverage | 30.5 | 30.5 | 24.0 | 31.8 | 30.2 | 32.2 |
| Dupont analysis (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| Loan loss provisions | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Net other income | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| Operating expenses | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| (1- tax rate) | 80.6 | 79.1 | 80.1 | 79.1 | 79.1 | 79.1 |
| ROA | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Average assets/average equity | 17.6 | 18.0 | 17.3 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 16.4 |
| ROE | 18.3 | 22.5 | 23.2 | 16.7 | 18.1 | 18.9 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Canara Bank P\&L and balance sheet
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (₹ mn)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total interest income | 171,191 | 187,520 | 230,640 | 312,943 | 353,340 | 411,597 |
| Total interest expense | 124,012 | 130,714 | 152,407 | 232,032 | 258,818 | 296,831 |
| Net interest income | 47,178 | 56,805 | 78,233 | 80,911 | 94,522 | 114,766 |
| Loan loss provisions | 9,000 | 15,180 | 11,855 | 16,814 | 21,460 | 28,293 |
| Net interest income (after prov.) | 38,178 | 41,625 | 66,378 | 64,097 | 73,062 | 86,473 |
| Other income | 23,104 | 28,579 | 27,030 | 29,377 | 35,260 | 40,147 |
| Net fee income | 6,388 | 7,239 | 7,558 | 8,616 | 9,823 | 11,198 |
| Net capital gains | 5,588 | 7,295 | 1,124 | 2,200 | 3,000 | 3,200 |
| Net exchange gains | 1,737 | 2,152 | 3,814 | 4,195 | 4,698 | 5,262 |
| Operating expenses | 30,652 | 34,776 | 44,193 | 46,096 | 50,919 | 56,385 |
| Employee expenses | 18,772 | 21,937 | 29,548 | 29,838 | 32,849 | 36,163 |
| Depreciation on investments | 4,074 | $(3,287)$ | 426 | 2,000 | 500 | 500 |
| Other Provisions | 840 | 501 | $(1,470)$ | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Pretax income | 25,724 | 38,214 | 50,259 | 45,329 | 56,853 | 69,686 |
| Tax provisions | 5,000 | 8,000 | 10,000 | 9,472 | 11,881 | 14,562 |
| Net Profit | 20,724 | 30,214 | 40,259 | 35,856 | 44,973 | 55,123 |
| \% growth | 32.4 | 45.8 | 33.2 | (10.9) | 25.4 | 22.6 |
| Operating profit | 29,137 | 46,099 | 60,990 | 59,943 | 75,313 | 94,778 |
| \% growth | 15.5 | 58.2 | 32.3 | (1.7) | 25.6 | 25.8 |


| Balance sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash and bank balance | 166,598 | 196,532 | 307,081 | 343,254 | 378,668 | 430,380 |
| Cash | 4,932 | 6,176 | 7,181 | 7,540 | 7,917 | 8,313 |
| Balance with RBI | 95,436 | 151,019 | 212,967 | 248,780 | 283,817 | 335,134 |
| Net value of investments | 577,770 | 696,770 | 836,999 | 965,542 | 1,049,292 | 1,231,373 |
| Govt. and other securities | 508,318 | 627,804 | 711,493 | 842,420 | 926,170 | 1,108,251 |
| Shares | 8,209 | 11,848 | 10,780 | 10,780 | 10,780 | 10,780 |
| Debentures and bonds | 21,971 | 20,695 | 20,346 | 20,346 | 20,346 | 20,346 |
| Net loans and advances | 1,382,194 | 1,693,346 | 2,124,672 | 2,481,965 | 2,883,001 | 3,404,269 |
| Fixed assets | 29,295 | 28,594 | 28,444 | 30,078 | 31,934 | 33,793 |
| Other assets | 40,603 | 32,169 | 63,591 | 63,591 | 63,591 | 63,591 |
| Total assets | 2,196,459 | 2,647,411 | 3,360,788 | 3,884,430 | 4,406,487 | 5,163,408 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 1,868,925 | 2,346,514 | 2,939,727 | 3,434,083 | 3,917,730 | 4,626,086 |
| Borrowings and bills payable | 152,782 | 96,124 | 154,049 | 154,049 | 154,049 | 154,049 |
| Other liabilities | 52,673 | 58,055 | 66,613 | 66,613 | 66,613 | 66,613 |
| Total liabilities | 2,074,380 | 2,500,693 | 3,160,389 | 3,654,745 | 4,138,393 | 4,846,748 |
| Paid-up capital | 4,100 | 4,100 | 4,430 | 4,430 | 4,430 | 4,430 |
| Reserves \& surplus | 117,978 | 142,618 | 195,968 | 225,255 | 263,664 | 312,229 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 122,078 | 146,718 | 200,398 | 229,685 | 268,094 | 316,659 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Dabur India (DABUR)

## Consumer products

Low volume growth; margin management through adspends may not continue. Domestic volume growth at 5\% was below expectations. Gross margin pressure continued and EBITDA margin was managed through cut in adspends. The company's commentary on (1) slowdown in rural sales growth and (2) higher adspends in 2 HFY 12 E indicates likely pressure on sales and margins, going forward. Retain SELL.

| Company data and valuation summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dabur India |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 123-87 | EPS (Rs) | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.4 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 176.3 | EPS growth (\%) | 12.8 | 12.7 | 20.6 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 31.0 | 27.5 | 22.8 |
| Promoters |  |  | 68.7 | Sales (Rs bn) | 40.8 | 50.1 | 57.0 |
| Flls |  |  | 18.7 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 5.7 | 6.4 | 7.7 |
| MFs |  |  | 0.8 | EBITDA (Rs bn) | 7.8 | 9.5 | 10.9 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | EV/EBITDA (X) | 23.6 | 19.2 | 16.2 |
| Absolute | (1.7) | (2.6) | 1.6 | ROE (\%) | 51.2 | 43.3 | 40.8 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (8.6) | 0.1 | 14.9 | Div. Yield (\%) | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 |

Low volume growth; adspends cut to manage margins
Dabur reported consolidated sales of Rs12.6 bn ( $+30 \%$, KIE estimate Rs 12.5 bn), EBITDA of Rs2.4 bn (+16\%, KIE estimate Rs 2.2 bn ), and PAT of Rs 1.7 bn ( $+8 \%$, KIE estimate Rs 1.7 bn ). At standalone level, it reported sales of Rs8,755 mn (+10\%), EBITDA of Rs1,720 mn (+5\%) and PAT of Rs $1,387 \mathrm{mn}$ (+10\%).

- Consolidated sales growth of $30 \%$ consists of organic growth of 13\% (10\% volume, 4\% pricing and 1\% translation loss). Hobi and Namaste reported sales of Rs314 mn and Rs1,311 mn , respectively. At a standalone level, sales growth is $10 \%$ which is almost equally split between pricing and volume growth.
- At a consolidated and standalone level, gross margin declined significantly by 287 bps and 238 bps, respectively due to higher raw material cost - likely higher prices of light liquid paraffin oil (LLPO), menthol, edible oil etc. Other expenditure increased by 160 bps and180 bps, respectively due to higher fuel and freight cost. However, EBITDA margin decline was limited to 213 bps and 91 bps, respectively due to moderation in adspends ( 237 bps and 363 bps of sales, in consolidated and standalone, respectively).

Key highlights—lower adspends have hurt sales growth

- The company indicated that it is witnessing deceleration in rural growth as a result of which growth rate in urban and rural areas is almost equal now. Such a trend is disturbing given that Dabur's products have higher rural salience and other companies in the sector have not commented on similar trend, as yet.

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## RESULT

Coverage view: Neutral
Price (Rs): 101
Target price (Rs): 110
BSE-30: 17,705

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- During the quarter the company restructured its distribution network such that it now operates across four verticals - (1) Home and personal care which includes hair care, oral care, skin care, (2) Health care which includes health supplements, digestives and OTC products, (3) Foods which includes Real, Activ and Hommade and (4) Ethicals which is a specialized business with large portfolio of SKUs. Annualized cost impact of this restructuring is estimated to be Rs200 mn in FY2012E.
- Average adspends in 1 HFY12 was $8 \%$ of sales. The company indicated that in 2HFY12E adspends will likely be higher. There will be new product launches across hair oil, beverages and health supplements. The adspends moderation in 1HFY12 has likely hurt its sales growth and the company is left with no choice than increase it in 2HFY12E.
- Dabur Lanka Pvt. Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Dabur International, was set up for establishing a new fruit juice facility near Colombo. The company plans to invest Rs700 mn over 2 years and the plant will be operational from FY2013E. This will likely help reduce freight cost as south India was so far being serviced by the plant at Nepal.
- Foreign currency debt (of ~Rs10 bn) is repayable from February 2012 onwards over a 5year period. Effective interest burden works out to $2.2 \%$. Dabur also (similar to Godrej Consumer) follows the practice of routing the changes to foreign currency debt (due to INR fluctuation) through the Balance Sheet.
- Hobi (Turkish acquisition) has EBIT margin of 10.5\% and Namaste (US and Africa) had $13.5 \%$ in 2QFY12. According to the company, (1) Namaste's scalability potential is higher than Hobi (2) Hobi's margin's could likely remain under pressure and it could likely get impacted due to local currency movement (3) Hobi products likely to be introduced in MENA and India in 2HFY12 and (4) local manufacturing for Namaste products has started in UAE and a new manufacturing facility will likely be set up in Nigeria.

Key category analysis-hair oil performs well

- Overall hair care sales growth of $16 \%$ driven by $27 \%$ growth in hair oil (mix of volume and pricing) and $25 \%$ sales decline in shampoo (17\% tonnage volume growth in shampoo). Brand-wise, Vatika would have likely reported stronger growth than Dabur Amla, in our view. Shampoo segment continued to reel under pressure of high competitive intensity ( $19 \%$ decline in 1QFY12, 32\% decline in 4QFY11, 30\% decline in 3QFY11, 14\% decline in 2QFY11, 17\% decline in 1QFY11). While the company has improved the value proposition of Vatika shampoo by offering $40 \%$ extra millage, we believe that micro-marketing initiatives by HUL, P\&G and aggressive trade-spend driven growth strategy of ITC is likely hurting Dabur.
- Oral care sales grew by 6\% yoy with toothpaste sales growth of 8\% and toothpowder sales growth of $2 \%$. The quarter was impacted due to supply constraint of a key ingredient for Red Toothpaste which resulted in loss of sales for the July month.
- Health supplement sales grew by 8\% yoy. In our view, Dabur Glucose sales likely declined due to weak summer whereas Chyawanprash and Honey likely had double digit sales growth. Extended monsoon would have likely benefitted Chyawanprash sales.
- Skin care sales declined by 2\% during the quarter with Fem bleaches reporting flat sales due to impact of distribution realignment. Uveda brand has been expanded to antiageing cream and face scrub. The brand has been extended to south India.
- OTC and Ethicals portfolio declined by 6\% and 12\%, respectively in 2QFY12 due to disruption on account of distribution realignment. According to the management, sales growth is likely to recover from 2HFY12E onwards.
- Foods grew by $28 \%$ with strong growth in the juice segment. In our view, early festive season sales would have likely aided growth.
- Organic international sales growth was $23 \%$ with constant currency growth being $26 \%$. GCC, Egypt and Nigeria performed well.


## Retain SELL

We tweak estimates marginally and retain SELL rating with TP of Rs110. Our FY2012E and FY2013E EPS estimates are Rs3.7 and Rs4.4. Our key worries are (1) slowdown in rural sales growth, (2) limited pricing power of the company, which makes it vulnerable to input cost inflation, (2) Dabur is not a market leader in many categories, (3) any prolonged unrest in its key international markets could impact operations (sales as well as margins). Key risk to our rating is any steep correction in input cost which would lead to margin expansion.

Interim consolidated results of DIL, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

|  | 2QFY12 | 2QFY12E | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 | (\% chg) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2QFY12E | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 |
| Net sales | 12,623 | 12,488 | 9,728 | 12,046 | 1 | 30 | 5 |
| Total expenditure | $(10,258)$ | $(10,313)$ | $(7,697)$ | $(10,338)$ |  | 33 | (1) |
| Material cost | $(6,309)$ | $(6,300)$ | $(4,582)$ | $(6,290)$ |  | 38 | 0 |
| Staff cost | $(1,014)$ | (968) | (779) | (951) |  | 30 | 7 |
| Advertising and sales promotion | $(1,278)$ | $(1,461)$ | $(1,215)$ | $(1,515)$ |  | 5 | (16) |
| Other expenditure | $(1,657)$ | $(1,584)$ | $(1,121)$ | $(1,583)$ |  | 48 | 5 |
| EBITDA | 2,366 | 2,175 | 2,031 | 1,708 | 9 | 16 | 39 |
| OPM (\%) | 18.7 | 17.4 | 20.9 | 14.2 |  |  |  |
| Other income | 189 | 241 | 165 | 231 |  | 15 | (18) |
| Interest | (172) | (131) | (46) | (126) |  | 276 | 36 |
| Depreciation | (217) | (225) | (190) | (211) |  | 15 | 3 |
| Pretax profits | 2,166 | 2,061 | 1,960 | 1,602 | 5 | 10 | 35 |
| Tax | (427) | (314) | (356) | (323) |  | 20 | 32 |
| Net income | 1,739 | 1,747 | 1,604 | 1,279 | (0) | 8 | 36 |
| Income tax rate (\%) | 19.7 | 15.2 | 18.2 | 20.1 |  |  |  |


| Cost as a \% of sales |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Material cost | 50.0 | 50.5 | 47.1 | 52.2 |
| Staff cost | 8.0 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 7.9 |
| Advertising and sales promotion | 10.1 | 11.7 | 12.5 | 12.6 |
| Other expenditure | 13.1 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 13.1 |

Segment results of DIL

| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer care | 10,003 | 7,525 | 9,500 | 33 | 5 |
| Consumer health | 721 | 788 | 770 | (8) | (6) |
| Foods | 1,499 | 1,244 | 1,567 | 21 | (4) |
| Retail | 95 | 48 | 84 | 98 | 13 |
| Others | 380 | 200 | 242 | 90 | 57 |
| PBIT |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer care | 2,268 | 2,138 | 1,922 | 6 | 18 |
| Consumer health | 205 | 163 | 185 |  |  |
| Foods | 333 | 272 | 248 | 22 | 34 |
| Retail | (27) | (26) | (26) | 4 | 4 |
| Others | 28 | 22 | 4 | 26 | 578 |
| Capital employed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer care | 8,739 | 7,319 | 8,719 | 19 | 0 |
| Consumer health | 895 | 829 | 863 |  |  |
| Foods | 1,900 | 2,063 | 1,727 | (8) | 10 |
| Retail | 83 | 90 | 11 | (8) | 666 |
| Others | 336 | 282 | 340 | 19 | (1) |

[^18]Interim standalone results of DIL, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

|  | 2QFY12 | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 | (\% chg) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 |
| Net sales | 8,755 | 7,949 | 8,430 | 10 | 4 |
| Total expenditure | $(7,035)$ | $(6,315)$ | $(7,265)$ | 11 | (3) |
| Material cost | $(4,603)$ | $(3,990)$ | $(4,714)$ | 15 | (2) |
| Staff cost | (651) | (563) | (632) | 16 | 3 |
| Advertising and sales promotion | (725) | (947) | (929) | (23) | (22) |
| Other expenditure | $(1,055)$ | (815) | (990) | 29 | 7 |
| EBITDA | 1,720 | 1,634 | 1,165 | 5 | 48 |
| OPM (\%) | 19.6 | 20.6 | 13.8 |  |  |
| Other income | 180 | 123 | 197 | 47 | (8) |
| Interest | (14) | (26) | (66) | (47) | (79) |
| Depreciation | (124) | (142) | (141) | (13) | (12) |
| Pretax profits | 1,762 | 1,588 | 1,155 | 11 | 53 |
| Tax | (376) | (327) | (244) | 15 | 54 |
| Net income | 1,387 | 1,262 | 911 | 10 | 52 |
| Income tax rate (\%) | 21.3 | 20.6 | 21.1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost as a \% of sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material cost | 52.6 | 50.2 | 55.9 |  |  |
| Staff cost | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.5 |  |  |
| Advertising and sales promotion | 8.3 | 11.9 | 11.0 |  |  |
| Other expenditure | 12.1 | 10.3 | 11.7 |  |  |

## Segment results of DIL

| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer care | 6,440 | 5,961 | 6,160 | 8 | 5 |
| Consumer health | 721 | 788 | 770 | (8) | (6) |
| Foods | 1,287 | 1,084 | 1,378 | 19 | (7) |
| Others | 369 | 189 | 234 | 95 | 58 |
| PBIT |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer care | 1,692 | 1,759 | 1,441 | (4) | 17 |
| Consumer health | 205 | 163 | 185 | 26 | 11 |
| Foods | 300 | 229 | 194 | 31 | 54 |
| Others | 23 | 14 | 4 | 62 | 456 |
| PBIT (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer care | 26.3 | 29.5 | 23.4 |  |  |
| Consumer health | 28.4 | 20.7 | 24.0 |  |  |
| Foods | 23.3 | 21.1 | 14.1 |  |  |
| Others | 6.2 | 7.5 | 1.7 |  |  |
| Capital employed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer care | 5,529 | 5,436 | 5,203 | 2 | 6 |
| Consumer health | 895 | 829 | 863 | 8 | 4 |
| Foods | 1,316 | 1,343 | 1,156 | (2) | 14 |
| Others | 280 | 282 | 280 | (1) | - |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Moderation in adspends hurting volume growth
Quarterly organic volume growth (\%)


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Gross margin under pressure Quarterly gross margin (\%)


Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

LLPO remains inflationary
Trend in LLPO price (indexed to base)


Source: Marico, Kotak Institutional Equities

Adspends are 'managed' to protect EBITDA margins
Quarterly adspends as \% of sales and EBITDA margins (\%)

$$
\text { Adspends as \% of sales (\%) } \quad=\text { EBITDA margin (\%) }
$$



[^19]Relative P/E of Dabur versus Sensex (X)


Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities

Profit model, balance sheet, cash model of Dabur India, March fiscal year-ends, 2008-2014E

|  | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit model |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net revenues | 23,611 | 28,054 | 33,905 | 40,774 | 50,127 | 56,996 | 64,655 |
| EBITDA | 4,037 | 4,661 | 6,232 | 7,355 | 8,767 | 10,237 | 11,612 |
| Other income | 339 | 468 | 403 | 448 | 686 | 707 | 824 |
| Interest (expense)/income | (167) | (232) | (123) | (100) | (439) | (226) | (156) |
| Depreciation | (364) | (449) | (503) | (624) | $(1,014)$ | $(1,069)$ | $(1,132)$ |
| Pretax profits | 3,844 | 4,448 | 6,009 | 7,079 | 8,001 | 9,648 | 11,148 |
| Tax | (507) | (540) | $(1,005)$ | $(1,390)$ | $(1,595)$ | $(1,923)$ | $(2,222)$ |
| Net income | 3,338 | 3,908 | 5,005 | 5,689 | 6,406 | 7,725 | 8,926 |
| Earnings per share (Rs) | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 5.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total shareholder's equity | 6,036 | 8,102 | 9,327 | 12,901 | 16,666 | 21,207 | 26,453 |
| Total borrowings | 992 | 2,300 | 1,793 | 10,510 | 8,210 | 4,210 | 1,210 |
| Deferred tax liability | 33 | 70 | 107 | 189 | 200 | 213 | 218 |
| Minority interest | 48 | 46 | 38 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 7,108 | 10,517 | 11,264 | 23,641 | 25,117 | 25,671 | 27,922 |
| Net fixed assets | 4,653 | 5,592 | 6,767 | 15,417 | 15,414 | 15,555 | 15,738 |
| Investments | 2,037 | 3,470 | 2,641 | 4,274 | 4,270 | 4,270 | 4,270 |
| Cash | 766 | 1,484 | 1,923 | 2,724 | 2,652 | 3,094 | 4,949 |
| Net current assets | (347) | (29) | (68) | 1,225 | 2,781 | 2,752 | 2,966 |
| Total assets | 7,108 | 10,517 | 11,264 | 23,641 | 25,117 | 25,671 | 27,922 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Key assumptions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue growth | 15.6 | 18.8 | 20.9 | 20.3 | 22.9 | 13.7 | 13.4 |
| EBITDA margin | 17.1 | 16.6 | 18.4 | 18.0 | 17.5 | 18.0 | 18.0 |
| EPS growth | 17.6 | 17.0 | 28.1 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 20.6 | 15.6 |

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Robust sales growth; adspends at elevated levels triggered by competition. 2QFY12 highlights - (1) 13\% volume growth, (2) flat gross margins yoy and (3) high adspends ( +309 bps) leading to 220 bps decline in EBITDA margin, and (4) lower effective tax rate at $21 \%$. Colgate's consistent double-digit volume growth is commendable and is a testimony to its market development activities and consistency in approach. Our SELL rating is predicated on expensive valuations (for weak profit performance) and the event risk of $\mathrm{P} \& \mathrm{G}$ 's likely entry into oral care.

## Company data and valuation summary

Colgate-Palmolive (India)

| Stock data |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) | 1,057-716 |  |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  | 136.3 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |
| Promoters |  | 51.0 |
| Flls |  | 18.9 |
| MFs |  |  |
| Price performance (\%) | 1 M | 3M |
| Absolute | 12 M |  |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | 2.0 | 2.7 |


| Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013 E |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| EPS (Rs) | 29.6 | 32.5 | 39.1 |
| EPS growth (\%) | $(4.9)$ | 9.9 | 20.3 |
| P/E (X) | 33.9 | 30.8 | 25.6 |
| Sales (Rs bn) | 22.2 | 26.0 | 30.1 |
| Net profits (Rs bn) | 4.0 | 4.4 | 5.3 |
| EBITDA (Rs bn) | 5.3 | 5.9 | 7.0 |
| EV/EBITDA (X) | 25.2 | 22.6 | 18.5 |
| ROE (\%) | 113.4 | 116.1 | 124.9 |
| Div. Yield (\%) | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.7 |

Good volume growth; higher adspends lead to sharp decline in EBITDA margin
Colgate reported net sales of Rs6,755 mn (+19\%, KIE estimate Rs6,675 mn), EBITDA of Rs1,390 mn ( $+7 \%$, KIE estimate Rs1,532 mn) and PAT of Rs 1,079 mn (+8\%, KIE estimate Rs1,182 mn).

- Sales growth of $19 \%$ yoy was driven by volume growth of $13 \%$ with toothpaste volume growth likely being $\sim 14 \%$. The quarter likely benefitted from 'Oral Health Month' marketing program as well as slow growth in oral care for Dabur due to supply constraint of a key ingredient in Red Toothpaste which led to no sales in the month of July.
- EBITDA margin declined 220 bps to $20.6 \%$ primarily due to higher adspends (increase of 309 bps yoy to $17.4 \%$ of sales) - likely front-ended investments in series of new launches like 'Colgate Sensitive Pro-relief toothpaste', 'Colgate Plax mouthwash' etc. We expect adspends to remain at $\sim 16 \%$ for full year FY2012E. Gross margins were flat (price increases to offset likely higher sorbitol prices). Staff costs were lower yoy (171 bps).
- Effective tax rate was significantly lower at $21 \%$ for the quarter. The management guides for ETR of $\sim 25 \%$ in FY2012E and $\sim 27 \%$ in FY2013E.
- Extraordinary expense of Rs82 mn is towards voluntary retirement scheme offered to employees of the Hyderabad toothpowder factory. The company has likely merged its Hyderabad operations with its erstwhile contract manufacturer (acquired by Colgate in FY2011), CC Healthcare Products Pvt. Ltd.

Retain SELL on expensive valuations (for weak profit performance) and the event risk of P\&G entry
In our view, Colgate's consistent double-digit volume growth is commendable and is a testimony to Colgate's market development activities and consistency in approach (preference for volumes over short-term profits). Unlike Street, we are not overtly worried about the single-product nature of Colgate's business.

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However we maintain our SELL rating on the back of the following:

- Colgate has been a leader in the oral care category with >50\% market share but has not played the role of the market leader in terms of premiumising the category and driving innovations - e.g., it stepped up market development activity in Colgate Plax mouthwash after witnessing strong activity in this segment by Johnson \& Johnson (Listerine), Colgate Sensitive Pro Relief was introduced after GSK's Sensodyne. We find Colgate in a similar position as Nestle (in the instant noodles category). Spurred to action by competitive pressures after a fairly benign competitive environment in the past five years, Colgate has increased its market development activities and is expanding its product portfolio.
- Oral care is a highly competitive category. Colgate could be hit on the margin given HUL's aggressive stance and focus and likely new launches in this segment by Dabur.
- Potential entry of P\&G in the segment continues to be a looming threat for Colgate.

We have revised our FY2012E estimates downwards by $\sim 5 \%$. Our EPS estimates are Rs32.5 and Rs39.1 for FY2012E and FY2013E, respectively. Retain TP of Rs900. Key worries are (1) questionable amount of incremental penetration-led growth, (2) deterioration in competitive position as effective excise rate increases, (3) limited pricing power, (4) premium valuations for sub-par earnings growth.

Key risks are (1) muted competitive activity which would provide pricing power to Colgate, (2) any inorganic activity or expansion of capacity in tax-exempt locations (particularly NorthEast), and (3) higher-than-expected volume growth.

Interim results of Colgate Palmolive India Ltd, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

|  |  |  |  | (\% chg) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2QFY12 | 2QFY12E | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12E | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 |

[^20]Continued strong double-digit growth
Volume growth in toothpaste (\%)


Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

Colgate's adspends to sales has been volatile when faced with significant competition Colgate's annual adspends to sales (\%)


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Colgate's adspends to sales has been volatile
Colgate's quarterly adspends to sales (\%)


Relative P/E of Colgate versus Sensex (X)


Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

Colgate: Profit model, balance sheet, cash model, March fiscal year-ends, 2008-2014E (Rs mn)

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 E}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Profit model (Rs mn) | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 9 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 , 6 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 , 1 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 , 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 , 1 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 , 7 7 3}$ |  |
| Net sales | $\mathbf{2 , 2 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 2 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 5 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 1 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 9 4 9}$ |  |
| EBITDA | 848 | 1,078 | 985 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 7 8}$ |  |
| Other income | $(14)$ | $(11)$ | $(15)$ | $(33)$ | $(30)$ | $(8)$ | $(8)$ |  |
| Interest | $(198)$ | $(229)$ | $(376)$ | $(342)$ | $(405)$ | $(452)$ | $(496)$ |  |
| Depreciation | 2,930 | 3,502 | 4,848 | 5,199 | 5,882 | 7,274 | 8,123 |  |
| Pretax profits | $(607)$ | $(567)$ | $(615)$ | $(1,174)$ | $(1,457)$ | $(1,953)$ | $(2,132)$ |  |
| Tax | $\mathbf{2 , 3 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 2 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 0 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 4 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 3 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 9 9 1}$ |  |
| PAT | $\mathbf{1 7 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 . 1}$ |  |
| Earnings per share (Rs) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance sheet (Rs mn) | 1,622 | 2,163 | 3,261 | 3,841 | 3,777 | 4,737 | 5,465 |  |
| Total equity | 47 | 47 | 46 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Total borrowings | 5,342 | 5,513 | 5,521 | 6,432 | 7,722 | 8,847 | 9,974 |  |
| Current liabilities | $\mathbf{7 , 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 7 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 8 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 2 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 5 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 4 4 0}$ |  |
| Total liabilities and equity | 1,443 | 2,511 | 3,476 | 3,956 | 4,744 | 6,746 | $\mathbf{7 , 7 7 6}$ |  |
| Cash | 2,574 | 2,866 | 2,426 | 3,088 | 3,433 | 3,457 | $\mathbf{4 , 1 9 3}$ |  |
| Current assets | 1,990 | 1,786 | 2,531 | 2,673 | 2,768 | 2,826 | 2,916 |  |
| Total fixed assets | 1,004 | 560 | 389 | 556 | 556 | 556 | 556 |  |
| Investments | $\mathbf{7 , 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 7 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 8 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 2 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 5 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 4 4 0}$ |  |
| Total assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Key assumptions, growth \%

| Revenue growth | 13.9 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 13.1 | 17.1 | 15.9 | 15.4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EBITDA margin(\%) | 15.6 | 15.7 | 21.7 | 20.3 | 19.3 | 20.3 | 20.0 |
| EPS growth | 16.7 | 26.3 | 44.2 | $(4.9)$ | 9.9 | 20.3 | 12.6 |

[^21]
## Energy

Disappointments galore; be watchful of quarter number four. Castrol reported 3QCY11 EBITDA at ₹ 1.33 bn ( $-21.7 \%$ yoy and $-33.2 \%$ qoq), significantly below our estimate of ₹ 1.63 bn . The sharp yoy decline in earnings was led by slump in volumes at 46 mn liters ( $-8.7 \%$ yoy, $-15 \%$ qoq); our expectation was 51.2 mn liters. We find the stock valuations expensive at 22.8 X CY2012E EPS, especially in light of $10.9 \%$ yoy decline in 9MCY11 EBITDA. We maintain our SELL rating with a target price of ₹410.

| Company data and valuation summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Castrol India (a) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 588-369 | EPS (Rs) | 19.8 | 19.7 | 21.6 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 121.8 | EPS growth (\%) | 28.5 | (0.6) | 9.9 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 24.9 | 25.0 | 22.8 |
| Promoters |  |  | 71.0 | Sales (Rs bn) | 27.3 | 30.2 | 31.7 |
| Flls |  |  | 7.4 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.4 |
| MFs |  |  | 1.7 | EBITDA (Rs bn) | 7.6 | 7.5 | 8.2 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | EV/EBITDA (X) | 15.1 | 15.4 | 14.0 |
| Absolute | 3.2 | (8.3) | 4.0 | ROE (\%) | 100.2 | 91.0 | 93.0 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (4.1) | (5.7) | 17.7 | Div. Yield (\%) | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.5 |

No respite from plunging volumes; 10.9\% yoy decline in EBITDA in 9MCY11
Castrol reported 3QCY11 net income at ₹951 mn (-18.6\% yoy, -33.3\% qoq), 14\% below our expected ₹ 1.11 bn. The company reported $21.7 \%$ yoy decline in EBITDA to ₹ 1.33 bn despite stable net realizations qoq reflecting $8.7 \%$ decline in volumes to 46 mn liters. We note that Castrol has reported sharp 10.9\% yoy decline in EBITDA in 9MCY11 led by (1) $5.6 \%$ decline in volumes and (2) lower EBITDA margins at $23.1 \%$ versus $28.2 \%$ in 9MCY10.

Volumes have been sluggish and will likely remain so
We highlight that Castrol has reported weak sales volumes for the past five quarters (see Exhibit 2). This reflects (1) structural slowdown in the industry and (2) loss of market share due to significant pricing premium for Castrol products. We have long-highlighted that volumes growth will be modest given (1) increase in oil-drain intervals and (2) lower lubricants consumption at the time of oil-drain. The recent slowdown in the economy will further accentuate the problem given (1) slowdown in sales of passenger cars and commercial vehicles and (2) slower industrial activity.

4QCY11E may be a difficult quarter; expectations of better volumes but pressure on margins
We expect margins to remain under pressure in 4QCY11E as the sharp depreciation in the Rupee has completely offset the decline in LOBS prices. We note that the Rupee has depreciated by $\sim 6 \%$ versus the average exchange rate of ₹ $45.8 / \mathrm{US} \$$. In comparison, LOBS prices have declined by 4$5 \%$ (across various categories) over the same period. We expect the volumes to pick up in 4QCY11E as the difference in pricing of Castrol's products and competition subsides. The management has guided flat yoy sales volumes in 4QCY11E.
Current valuations expensive given likely volume de-growth and peak margins
We maintain our SELL rating on the stock given $17 \%$ potential downside to our revised target price of ₹410 (₹425 previously) based on 19X CY2012E EPS of ₹21.6. We note that the stock is currently trading at 22.8X CY2012E EPS which is above its historical P/E band of 14-18X (see Exhibit 3). We currently assume a net realization (gross realization less raw material cost) of ₹62.2/liter for CY2011E and ₹66.4/liter for CY2012E versus ₹63.4 in CY2010.

Revised earnings
We have revised our CY2011-13E EPS estimates to ₹19.7, ₹21.6 and ₹22.7 from ₹21.9, ₹22.3 and ₹22.7 to reflect (1) weaker Rupee assumptions, (2) lower volumes, and (3) 3QCY11 results.

OCTOBER 31, 2011
RESULT
Coverage view: Attractive
Price (Rs): 493
Target price (Rs): 410
BSE-30: 17,705

## QUICK NUMBERS

- $8.7 \%$ yoy decline in volumes to 46 mn liters
- 9MCY11 EBITDA margin at 23.1\% versus $28.2 \%$ in 9MCY10
- $17 \%$ downside from current levels

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Interim results of Castrol, calendar year-ends (₹ mn)

|  |  | 3QCY11E | 3QCY10 | 2QCY11 | (\% chg.) |  |  | yoy |  |  | 2011E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3QCY11 |  |  |  | 3QCY11E | 3QCY10 | 2QCY11 | 9MCY11 | 9MCY10 | (\% chg.) |  |
| Net sales | 6,741 | 7,507 | 6,430 | 7,932 | (10.2) | 4.8 | (15.0) | 22,205 | 20,448 | 8.6 | 30,178 |
| Raw materials | 3,948 | 4,366 | 3,367 | 4,378 | (9.6) | 17.3 | (9.8) | 12,291 | 10,212 | 20.4 | 17,094 |
| Employees | 318 | 270 | 269 | 297 | 17.8 | 18.2 | 7.1 | 874 | 729 | 19.9 | 1,153 |
| Others | 1,147 | 1,240 | 1,097 | 1,269 | (7.5) | 4.6 | (9.6) | 3,905 | 3,745 | 4.3 | 5,177 |
| Advertisement | 433 | 525 | 290 | 534 | (17.5) | 49.3 | (18.9) | 1,475 | 1,115 | 32.3 | 1,950 |
| CIF costs | 193 | 210 | 184 | 213 | (8.2) | 4.9 | (9.4) | 629 | 631 | (0.3) | 838 |
| Other exp | 521 | 505 | 623 | 522 | 3.2 | (16.4) | (0.2) | 1,801 | 1,999 | (9.9) | 2,390 |
| Total expenditure | 5,413 | 5,876 | 4,733 | 5,944 | (7.9) | 14.4 | (8.9) | 17,070 | 14,686 | 16.2 | 23,424 |
| EBITDA | 1,328 | 1,631 | 1,697 | 1,988 | (18.6) | (21.7) | (33.2) | 5,135 | 5,762 | (10.9) | 6,755 |
| EBITDA margin (\%) | 19.7 | 21.7 | 26.4 | 25.1 |  |  |  | 23.1 | 28.2 |  | 22.4 |
| Other income | 145 | 80 | 72 | 194 | 81.3 | 101.4 | (25.3) | 617 | 226 | 173.0 | 725 |
| Interest | 9 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 350.0 | 15 | 17 | (11.8) | 22 |
| Depreciation | 62 | 63 | 63 | 63 | (1.6) | (1.6) | (1.6) | 188 | 181 | 3.9 | 250 |
| Pre-tax profits | 1,402 | 1,642 | 1,700 | 2,117 | (14.6) | (17.5) | (33.8) | 5,549 | 5,790 | (4.2) | 7,207 |
| Tax | 451 | 532 | 531 | 692 | (15.2) | (15.1) | (34.8) | 1,807 | 1,946 | (7.1) | 2,375 |
| Deferred tax | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | (36) |
| Adjusted net income | 951 | 1,110 | 1,169 | 1,425 | (14.3) | (18.6) | (33.3) | 3,742 | 3,844 | (2.7) | 4,869 |
| Effective tax rate (\%) | 32.2 | 32.4 | 31.2 | 32.7 |  |  |  | 32.6 | 33.6 |  | 32.4 |
| EPS (Rs) | 3.8 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 5.8 | (14.3) | (18.6) | (33.3) | 15.1 | 15.5 | (2.7) | 19.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other details |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales volumes (mn It) | 46.0 | 51.2 | 50.4 | 54.1 | (10.2) | (8.7) | (15.0) | 156.0 | 165.2 | (5.6) | 210.4 |
| Gross realization (Rs/lt) | 146.5 | 146.6 | 127.6 | 146.6 | (0.1) | 14.9 | (0.1) | 142.3 | 123.8 | 15.0 | 143.4 |
| Raw material (Rs/lt) | 85.8 | 85.3 | 66.8 | 80.9 | 0.7 | 28.5 | 6.1 | 78.8 | 61.8 | 27.5 | 81.3 |
| Net realization (Rs/lt) | 60.7 | 61.3 | 60.8 | 65.7 | (1.0) | (0.1) | (7.6) | 63.6 | 62.0 | 2.6 | 62.2 |
| Segment details |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automotive | 5,652 |  | 5,484 | 6,729 |  | 3.1 | (16.0) | 18,888 | 17,655 | 7.0 |  |
| Non-automotive | 1,064 |  | 925 | 1,171 |  | 15.0 | (9.1) | 3,235 | 2,734 | 18.3 |  |
| Total | 6,716 |  | 6,409 | 7,900 |  | 4.8 | (15.0) | 22,123 | 20,389 | 8.5 |  |
| EBIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automotive | 1,042 |  | 1,402 | 1,645 |  | (25.7) | (36.7) | 4,333 | 4,845 | (10.6) |  |
| Non-automotive | 257 |  | 246 | 292 |  | 4.5 | (12.0) | 815 | 788 | 3.4 |  |
| Total | 1,299 |  | 1,648 | 1,937 |  | (21.2) | (32.9) | 5,148 | 5,633 | (8.6) |  |
| EBIT margin (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automotive | 18.4 |  | 25.6 | 24.4 |  |  |  | 22.9 | 27.4 |  |  |
| Non-automotive | 24.2 |  | 26.6 | 24.9 |  |  |  | 25.2 | 28.8 |  |  |
| Total | 19.3 |  | 25.7 | 24.5 |  |  |  | 23.3 | 27.6 |  |  |
| Capital employed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automotive | 2,445 |  | 1,723 | 1,997 |  | 41.9 | 22.4 | 2,445 | 1,723 | 41.9 |  |
| Non-automotive | 1,174 |  | 982 | 1,138 |  | 19.6 | 3.2 | 1,174 | 982 | 19.6 |  |
| Unallocable assets less liabilities | 3,653 |  | 4,078 | 3,179 |  | (10.4) | 14.9 | 3,653 | 4,078 | (10.4) |  |
| Total | 7,272 |  | 6,783 | 6,314 |  | 7.2 | 15.2 | 7,272 | 6,783 | 7.2 |  |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Castrol has reported weak volumes over the past five quarters
Quarterly volumes, Calendar year-ends, 2007-11YTD (mn liters)

|  | $\mathbf{1 Q}$ | $\mathbf{2 Q}$ | $\mathbf{3 Q}$ | 4Q |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sales volumes (mn liters) |  |  |  |  |
| 2007 | 51.4 | 62.2 | 50.0 | 55.6 |
| 2008 | 54.3 | 63.9 | 50.6 | 46.0 |
| 2009 | 45.2 | 56.0 | 50.7 | 53.7 |
| 2010 | 54.6 | 60.2 | 50.4 | 53.8 |
| 2011 | 55.9 | 54.1 | 46.0 |  |
| Growth (\% yoy) |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $-17 \%$ |
| 2009 | $-17 \%$ | $-12 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| 2010 | $21 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $-1 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 2011 | $2 \%$ | $-10 \%$ | $-9 \%$ |  |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Castrol stock has historically traded at 14-18X forward earnings
12-month forward P/E for Castrol India


Source: Bloomberg, Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

## Key details of 3QCY11 results

- Sharp decline in volumes yoy. Castrol's volumes declined $8.7 \%$ yoy to 46 mn liters versus 50.4 mn liters in 3QCY10. The management has attributed sharp decline in volumes to delay in price hikes taken by followers/challengers, which resulted in huge price differential between products of Castrol and its competitors.

The management highlighted that the competitors had started effecting a price hike from 2QCY11. However, the sales volumes in 3QCY11 were impacted by large inventory pileup of cheaper products. The management has stated that the situation has improved and it expects to achieve flat yoy volumes in 4QCY11E.

- Realization steady qoq. Castrol's 3QCY11 gross realization was flat qoq at ₹146.5/liter versus ₹146.6/liter in 2QCY11 and ₹127.6/liter in 3QCY10.
- Increase in raw material cost. Castrol reported 6.1\% increase in unit raw material cost to ₹85.8/liter versus ₹80.9/liter in 2QCY11. The qoq increase in raw material cost reflects (1) $\sim 5 \%$ increase in global LOBS prices and (2) weaker Rupee.
- Advertisement costs and other expenditure. Castrol reported advertisement costs at ₹433 mn (-18.9\% qoq, +49.3\% yoy) and other expenditure at ₹521 mn (-0.2\% qoq, $16.4 \%$ yoy). The management attributed the decline in advertising to more focus on direct sales and promotional activities to bolster sales.
- Other income. Castrol reported other income at ₹145 mn (+101\% yoy, -25.3\% qoq). The yoy increase in other income reflects higher cash balance and higher interest rates.

Automotive segment reports sharp decline in volumes yoy
Castrol's 3QCY11 automotive lubes segment's revenues increased $3.1 \%$ yoy to ₹ 5.65 bn despite 23\% higher realizations reflecting sharp decline in volumes. EBIT declined 25.7\% yoy to ₹ 1.04 bn. The automotive segment's EBIT margin declined sharply to $18.4 \%$ in 3QCY11 compared to $25.6 \%$ in 3QCY10 and $24.4 \%$ in 2QCY11.

Industrial segment reports revenue growth but margins contract yoy
Castrol's industrial lubes segment reported $15 \%$ yoy growth in revenues to ₹ 1.06 bn. EBIT increased $4.5 \%$ yoy to ₹ 257 mn . Industrial segment's EBIT margin was lower at $24.2 \%$ in 3 QCY11 compared to $26.6 \%$ in $3 Q C Y 10$ and $24.9 \%$ in 2QCY11.

Key assumptions
Exhibit 4 gives our key assumptions for our earnings. We discuss the same in detail below.

Castrol: Key assumptions, calendar year-ends, 2007-13E

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 E}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 E}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Volume (Kilo litres) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial grades | 43,773 | 31,928 | 27,394 | 28,870 | 32,624 | 33,929 | 34,607 |
| Automotive grades | 175,093 | 180,927 | 175,528 | 188,201 | 175,591 | 180,420 | 184,028 |
| Traded items | 1,114 | 1,723 | 1,614 | 2,063 | 2,166 | 2,274 | 2,388 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 1 9 , 9 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 4 , 5 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 4 , 5 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 9 , 1 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 0 , 3 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 6 , 6 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 1 , 0 2 4}$ |
| Growth (\%) | $\mathbf{( 2 . 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 . 5 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 . 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 . 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 0}$ |
| Raw material prices (US\$/ton) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOBS prices | $\mathbf{7 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{9 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 3 0}$ |
| Macro assumptions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NR/US\$ | 41.3 | 43.6 | 48.4 | 45.7 | 46.3 | 49.5 | 48.5 |
| Realization (Rs/It) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross realization | 85.8 | 102.8 | 113.3 | 124.8 | 143.4 | 146.5 | 145.8 |
| Raw material cost | 48.5 | 63.2 | 53.6 | 64.1 | 81.3 | 80.1 | 77.2 |
| Net realization | $\mathbf{3 7 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 9 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 6 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 8 . 7}$ |
| EBITDA margin (\%) | $\mathbf{1 7 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 . 5}$ |

[^22]- Volumes. We model 4\% yoy decline in sales volumes in CY2011E. We note that the company achieved a volume growth of $7.1 \%$ yoy in CY2010 due to base effect of CY2009. However, the company has reported a decline of $5.6 \%$ yoy in volumes for 9MCY11. We model ~2-3\% yoy increase in sales volumes in CY2012-13E.
- Lubes prices. We model lube realization to increase by ~15\% in CY2011E and 2\% in CY2012E and decline by modest $0.4 \%$ in CY2013E. The company has reported a $15 \%$ increase in gross realizations in 9MCY11 led by price hikes of 6-7\% effected in midDecember 2010 and 10\% in end-March 2011.
- LOBS prices. We model CY2011E LOBS prices at US\$1,240/ton (+US\$320/ton yoy) to reflect sharply higher crude prices yoy. We model yoy decline of US\$70/ton in LOBS prices for CY2012E and US\$40/ton in CY2013E to reflect our assumption of lower crude oil prices.
- Net realization. We model Castrol's net realization at ₹66.4/liter in CY2012E and ₹68.7/liter in CY2013E versus ₹60.7/liter in CY2010 and ₹63.6/liter in 9MCY11. The increase in net realization reflects expansion in margins from potential yoy decline in LOBS prices.
- Exchange rate assumption. We have revised our exchange rate assumptions for CY2011E, CY2012E and CY2013E to ₹46.3/US\$, ₹49.5/US\$ and ₹48.5/US\$ from ₹44.8/US\$, ₹45.5/US\$ and ₹45.6/US\$ previously.

Castrol has high leverage to exchange rate and raw material prices
Sensitivity of Castrol's earnings to key variables

|  | CY2011E |  |  | CY2012E |  |  | CY2013E |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Downside | Base case | Upside | Downside | Base case | Upside | Downside | Base case | Upside |
| Exchange rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rupee dollar | 47.3 | 46.3 | 45.3 | 50.5 | 49.5 | 48.5 | 49.5 | 48.5 | 47.5 |
| Net profits (Rs mn) | 4,707 | 4,869 | 5,031 | 5,196 | 5,350 | 5,504 | 5,465 | 5,617 | 5,769 |
| EPS (Rs) | 19.0 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 21.0 | 21.6 | 22.3 | 22.1 | 22.7 | 23.3 |
| \% upside/(downside) | (3.3) |  | 3.3 | (2.9) |  | 2.9 | (2.7) |  | 2.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw material price |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw material price (US\$/ton) | 1,265 | 1,240 | 1,215 | 1,195 | 1,170 | 1,145 | 1,155 | 1,130 | 1,105 |
| Net profits (Rs mn) | 4,718 | 4,869 | 5,020 | 5,188 | 5,350 | 5,513 | 5,454 | 5,617 | 5,780 |
| EPS (Rs) | 19.1 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 21.0 | 21.6 | 22.3 | 22.1 | 22.7 | 23.4 |
| \% upside/(downside) | (3.1) |  | 3.1 | (3.0) |  | 3.0 | (2.9) |  | 2.9 |

Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Castrol: Profit model, balance sheet, cash model, calendar year-ends, 2007-13E (₹ mn)

|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011E | 2012E | 2013E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit model (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 18,883 | 22,057 | 23,182 | 27,348 | 30,178 | 31,730 | 32,235 |
| EBITDA | 3,296 | 3,997 | 5,754 | 7,251 | 6,755 | 7,545 | 7,909 |
| Other income | 348 | 418 | 361 | 395 | 725 | 650 | 680 |
| Interest | (38) | (37) | (35) | (24) | (22) | (20) | (20) |
| Depreciation | (208) | (257) | (272) | (243) | (250) | (255) | (254) |
| Pretax profits | 3,398 | 4,122 | 5,808 | 7,378 | 7,207 | 7,920 | 8,315 |
| Tax | $(1,455)$ | $(1,568)$ | $(2,075)$ | $(2,511)$ | $(2,375)$ | $(2,614)$ | $(2,744)$ |
| Deferred taxation | 236 | 86 | 78 | 25 | 36 | 44 | 47 |
| Net profits | 2,184 | 2,624 | 3,811 | 4,903 | 4,869 | 5,350 | 5,617 |
| Earnings per share (Rs) | 8.8 | 10.7 | 15.4 | 19.8 | 19.7 | 21.6 | 22.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance sheet (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total equity | 4,302 | 4,756 | 4,950 | 5,535 | 5,949 | 6,414 | 6,858 |
| Deferred taxation liability | (182) | (268) | (346) | (371) | (408) | (452) | (498) |
| Total borrowings | 28 | 28 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Currrent liabilities | 5,116 | 4,690 | 6,812 | 7,692 | 8,062 | 8,140 | 8,044 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 9,264 | 9,205 | 11,416 | 12,856 | 13,604 | 14,102 | 14,403 |
| Cash | 3,179 | 2,556 | 5,258 | 6,193 | 6,361 | 6,764 | 7,116 |
| Current assets | 4,546 | 5,199 | 4,778 | 5,294 | 5,974 | 6,175 | 6,227 |
| Total fixed assets | 1,333 | 1,445 | 1,375 | 1,369 | 1,269 | 1,163 | 1,059 |
| Investments | 206 | 5 | 5 | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets | 9,264 | 9,205 | 11,416 | 12,856 | 13,604 | 14,102 | 14,403 |


| Free cash flow (Rs mn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Operating cash flow, excl. working capital | 2,046 | 2,772 | 3,834 | 4,988 | 4,358 | 4,911 |
| Working capital | 1,484 | $(1,193)$ | 1,792 | 135 | $(309)$ | $(123)$ |
| Capital expenditure | $(243)$ | $(371)$ | $(344)$ | $(257)$ | $(150)$ | $(150)$ |
| Free cash flow | $\mathbf{3 , 2 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 2 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 8 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 8 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 6 3 8}$ |
| Investments | 224 | 201 | - | 5 | - | $\mathbf{4 , 8 4 6}$ |
| Other income | 151 | 210 | 188 | 244 | 725 | 650 |


| Ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Debt/equity | 0.7 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - |
| Net debt/equity | 0.7 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - |
| RoAE | 52.3 | 61.0 | 83.8 | 100.4 | 91.0 | 93.0 |
| RoACE | $\mathbf{5 2 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 1 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 4 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 1 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 3 . 3}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{9 1 . 2}$ |
| Assumptions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume (mn litres) | 220.0 | 214.6 | 204.5 | 219.1 | 210.4 | $\mathbf{2 1 6 . 6}$ |
| Gross realization (Rs/t) | 85.8 | 102.8 | 113.3 | 124.8 | 143.4 | 146.5 |
| Net realization (Rs/It) | $\mathbf{3 7 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 9 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 6 . 4}$ |

[^23]
## Banks/Financial Institutions

Few one-offs drive NPLs upwards. Indian Bank's earnings growth of 13\% yoy was driven by healthy revenue growth (NIM expansion and strong non-interest income). However, slippages were marginally higher-than-trend levels primarily due to few lumpy SME loans. Post the transition, slippages have been around comfortable levels of 1.5\%, which is impressive. Valuations are attractive at 1X FY2012E book and 5X EPS for RoEs at 19-20\% levels. Maintain BUY with TP of ₹300.

| Company data and valuation summary Indian Bank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 311-185 | EPS (Rs) | 38.8 | 40.9 | 48.3 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 93.5 | EPS growth (\%) | 10.5 | 5.5 | 18.1 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 5.6 | 5.3 | 4.5 |
| Promoters |  |  | 80.0 | NII (Rs bn) | 40.4 | 43.4 | 49.3 |
| Flls |  |  | 9.9 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 17.1 | 18.0 | 21.1 |
| MFs |  |  | 2.1 | BVPS | 184.4 | 216.4 | 254.0 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | P/B (X) | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| Absolute | 1.8 | (3.4) | (25.4) | ROE (\%) | 22.3 | 19.9 | 20.1 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (5.4) | (0.7) | (15.6) | Div. Yield (\%) | 3.4 | 3.5 | 4.2 |

Strong business performance with slippages normalizing under the new regime; maintain BUY
We expect Indian Bank to deliver RoEs in the range of 19-20\% for FY2011-13E and earnings growth of $11 \%$ CAGR (factoring reasonably higher provisions). Asset quality continues to remain impressive with gross NPLs $1.2 \%$ and coverage ratio (including technically written-off portfolio) of about $80 \%$. Slippages over the past few quarters have been normalizing at $1.5 \%$ levels, especially with no manual intervention firmly in practice. NIMs improvement of 33 bps provides some comfort against any sharper-than-expected deterioration in loan book or adverse impact emerging from higher deposit rates (savings rate de-regulation). We believe that the bank is inexpensive at current levels of 1X FY2012E book and 5X EPS. We maintain our BUY rating with TP of ₹300.

Growth marginally ahead of industry average; CASA ratio stable at 30\%
Indian Bank's loans grew marginally ahead of industry average at 24\% yoy qoq primarily driven by large corporate segment ( $30 \%$ yoy, large-tickets loans like infrastructure and select one-off opportunities). Retail and SME grew by 8-9\% yoy, a cautious and positive approach in the current environment. Deposits grew by 19\% yoy (5\% qoq) with CASA ratio stable qoq at $30 \%$ levels.

Slippages higher at $1.8 \%$ levels primarily from select lumpy SME Ioans
As compared to the previous quarter, where slippages declined below 1\%, 2QFY12 saw higher slippages of $1.8 \%$ primarily from select SME loans. Increase in slippages and relatively lower upgradation/recoveries resulted in gross NPLs increasing $30 \%$ qoq to ₹ 10.5 bn (1.2\% of loans) while net NPL increased $42 \%$ qoq ₹6 bn ( $0.7 \%$ of loans).

Discussions with the management indicate that nearly $40 \%$ of the fresh slippages were from less than 6-7 accounts (steel, sugar and textiles). Other slippages were from agriculture and retail (education loans). Provision coverage ratio declined marginally to 79\% from 84\% in June 2011 while loan-loss provisions were at $0.6 \%$.

OCTOBER 31, 2011
RESULT
Coverage view: Attractive
Price (Rs): 218
Target price (Rs): 300
BSE-30: 17,705

## QUICK NUMBERS

- NIMs improve 33 bps qoq
- Slippages at 1.8\%; gross NPLs increase $30 \%$ qoq
- Maintain BUY with TP of ₹300
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## NIMs improve 33 bps as loan re-pricing continues

Indian Bank reported a net interest income (NII) of ₹ 11.3 bn (up 16\% yoy, 10\% qoq increase) as the bank benefitted from better loan re-pricing and marginal increase in cost of deposits. NIMs improved 33 bps qoq to $3.8 \%$. Lending yields improved by 90 bps to $12.1 \%$ while cost of deposits increased by 20 bps qoq. Investment yields improved 60 bps qoq.

We expect margins to decline from current levels as scope to improve loan re-pricing has greatly reduced while costs of funds, especially retail, would see increase qoq. Risks on NIMs would remain high, especially if savings rate would see steep hikes over the next few quarters. We expect FY2012E margins to decline by 33 bps yoy.

## Other operational highlights of the quarter

- Non-interest income increased $21 \%$ yoy to ₹3.4 bn on the back of strong fee income growth. Treasury gains for the quarter were at ₹210 mn (decline of 64\% yoy).
- Cost-income ratio for the quarter was at 38\% (flat qoq).
- Tier-1 capital stands comfortable at 9.6\% with overall capital adequacy ratio at $12.2 \%$. Qoq tier-1 capital has declined 90 bps well above balance sheet growth probably indicating some marginal deterioration of loan rating. However, the bank has adequate headroom to grow for the next few quarters.

Changes to our estimates for FY2012-14E
Old and new estimates, March fiscal year-ends, 2012-14E (₹ mn)

|  | New estimates |  |  | Old estimates |  |  | \% change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| Net interest income | 43,365 | 49,299 | 58,235 | 43,574 | 49,609 | 59,791 | (0.5) | (0.6) | (2.6) |
| Loan growth | 16.5 | 16.7 | 17.4 | 17.7 | 17.7 | 17.4 |  |  |  |
| Spread | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 |  |  |  |
| NIM | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 |  |  |  |
| Loan loss provisions | 5,701 | 8,069 | 10,002 | 5,732 | 6,746 | 7,930 | (0.6) | 19.6 | 26.1 |
| Other income | 13,335 | 15,166 | 16,877 | 13,335 | 15,166 | 16,677 | - | - | 1.2 |
| Fee income | 3,859 | 4,399 | 4,971 | 3,859 | 4,399 | 4,971 | - | - | - |
| Treasury income | 1,800 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 1,800 | 2,000 | 1,800 | - | - | 11.1 |
| Operating expenses | 22,190 | 24,800 | 27,830 | 22,190 | 24,821 | 27,891 | - | (0.1) | (0.2) |
| Employee expenses | 14,985 | 16,847 | 18,937 | 14,985 | 16,847 | 18,937 | - | - | - |
| PBT | 26,410 | 31,097 | 36,480 | 27,087 | 32,709 | 39,847 | (2.5) | (4.9) | (8.4) |
| Tax | 8,451 | 9,951 | 11,674 | 8,668 | 10,467 | 12,751 | (2.5) | (4.9) | (8.4) |
| Net profit | 17,958 | 21,146 | 24,806 | 18,419 | 22,242 | 27,096 | (2.5) | (4.9) | (8.4) |
| PBT before treasury and invest. depn | 26,910 | 29,397 | 34,980 | 26,687 | 31,009 | 38,547 | 0.8 | (5.2) | (9.3) |
| PBT - treasury + invest. deprn + LLP | 32,610 | 37,465 | 44,982 | 32,420 | 37,755 | 46,477 | 0.6 | (0.8) | (3.2) |

[^24]Rolling PBR and PER for Indian Bank
March fiscal year-ends, 2008-2011


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Indian Bank quarterly results
March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY11-2QFY12 (₹ mn)

|  | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 | \% change | 2QFY12E | Actual Vs KS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest Earned | 22,756 | 23,919 | 25,942 | 27,814 | 30,348 | 33 | 29,449 | 3 |
| Interest/Discount on Advances/Bills | 17,259 | 18,029 | 19,843 | 21,600 | 23,562 | 37 | 22,845 | 3 |
| Interest on Investment | 5,388 | 5,825 | 6,052 | 6,171 | 6,752 | 25 | 6,494 | 4 |
| Interest on bal. with RBI \& other inter bank funds | 109 | 65 | 48 | 43 | 34 | (69) | 111 | (69) |
| Interest expense | 12,924 | 13,542 | 14,832 | 17,514 | 18,994 | 47 | 18,713 | 2 |
| Net interest income | 9,832 | 10,377 | 11,110 | 10,300 | 11,354 | 15 | 10,736 | 6 |
| Other Income | 2,837 | 2,487 | 2,716 | 2,493 | 3,423 | 21 | 2,513 | 36 |
| Other Income exld treasury | 2,251 | 2,217 | 2,662 | 2,043 | 3,213 | 43 | 2,063 | 56 |
| Treasury | 586 | 270 | 54 | 450 | 210 | (64) | 450 | (53) |
| Recovery | 380 | 230 | 890 | 190 | 400 | 5 | 500 | (20) |
| Total Income | 12,669 | 12,864 | 13,826 | 12,793 | 14,777 | 17 | 13,250 | 12 |
| Operating Expenses | 5,279 | 4,745 | 4,796 | 4,982 | 5,568 | 5 | 5,438 | 2 |
| Payments to / Provisions for employees | 3,692 | 3,328 | 3,092 | 3,588 | 3,667 | (1) | 3,692 | (1) |
| Other operating expenses | 1,587 | 1,417 | 1,704 | 1,394 | 1,901 | 20 | 1,746 | 9 |
| Operating Profit Before Prov. \& Cont. | 7,389 | 8,119 | 9,030 | 7,811 | 9,209 | 25 | 7,811 | 18 |
| Provisions \& Contingencies | 1,330 | 536 | 1,268 | 1,770 | 2,203 | 66 | 2,210 | (0) |
| Loan loss provisions | 1,145 | 280 | 1,845 | 1,250 | 1,170 | 2 | 1,875 | (38) |
| Investment depreciation | 180 | 210 | 150 | 670 | 960 | - | 335 | - |
| Profit before tax | 6,060 | 7,583 | 7,762 | 6,042 | 7,005 | 16 | 5,601 | 25 |
| Provision for Taxes | 1,902 | 2,671 | 3,374 | 1,972 | 2,318 | 22 | 1,957 | 18 |
| Net Profit | 4,158 | 4,913 | 4,389 | 4,069 | 4,687 | 13 | 3,645 | 29 |
| Tax rate | 31 | 35 | 43 | 33 | 33 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Key balance sheet items (Rs bn) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 980 | 1,010 | 1,058 | 1,104 | 1,162 | 19 |  |  |
| CASA | 316 | 323 | 326 | 337 | 352 |  |  |  |
| CASA (\%) | 32.2 | 32.0 | 30.8 | 30.5 | 30.3 |  |  |  |
| Advances | 694 | 739 | 757 | 825 | 858 | 24 |  |  |
| Others (export) | 26 | 32 | 31 | 34 | 39 |  |  |  |
| Agriculture | 103 | 108 | 110 | 116 | 127 |  |  |  |
| Investments | 324 | 324 | 348 | 330 | 358 | 11 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield management measures (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on advances | 10.2 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 11.1 | 12.1 |  |  |  |
| Cost of deposits | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 6.4 | 6.6 |  |  |  |
| NIM | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.8 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asset quality measures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPL (Rs bn) | 9.0 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 10.5 |  |  |  |
| Gross NPL (\%) | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 |  |  |  |
| Net NPL (Rs bn) | 5.1 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 6.0 |  |  |  |
| Net NPL (\%) | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 |  |  |  |
| Provision coverage ratio (\%) | 44.1 | 44.4 | 47.3 | 47.9 | 43.1 |  |  |  |
| Provision coverage ratio (w/o) (\%) | 83.3 | 83.0 | 84.3 | 84.1 | 79.4 |  |  |  |
| Slippages (Rs bn) | 3.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 3.8 |  |  |  |
| Slippages ratio (\%) | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 1.8 |  |  |  |
| Restructured loans (Rs bn) | 53.1 | 58.0 | 52.0 | 52.5 | 51.3 |  |  |  |
| Restructured loans (\%) | 7.6 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 6.0 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital adequacy details |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CAR (\%) | 13.0 | 12.4 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 12.2 |  |  |  |
| Tier I (\%) | 10.2 | 9.7 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 9.6 |  |  |  |
| Tier II (\%) | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 |  |  |  |

[^25]Indian Bank key ratios and growth rates
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (\%)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Growth rates (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loan | 29.2 | 20.8 | 21.1 | 16.5 | 16.7 | 17.4 |
| Total Asset | 19.3 | 20.5 | 20.1 | 15.3 | 14.8 | 15.6 |
| Deposits | 18.9 | 21.6 | 19.9 | 15.9 | 15.6 | 16.4 |
| Current | 11.8 | 25.2 | (2.8) | 15.9 | 15.6 | 16.4 |
| Savings | 17.7 | 23.3 | 20.6 | 11.3 | 13.2 | 16.4 |
| Fixed | 20.2 | 20.5 | 22.2 | 17.6 | 16.4 | 16.4 |
| Net interest income | 26.1 | 26.7 | 22.2 | 7.4 | 13.7 | 18.1 |
| Loan loss provisions | (81.7) | 478.7 | 54.7 | (22.0) | 41.5 | 24.0 |
| Total other income | (3.1) | 13.4 | 0.7 | 12.8 | 13.7 | 11.3 |
| Net fee income | 29.5 | (3.8) | 50.1 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 13.0 |
| Net capital gains | (19.3) | 11.7 | (31.8) | 21.3 | 11.1 | - |
| Net exchange gains | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 |
| Operating expenses | 13.4 | 8.9 | 11.3 | 15.2 | 11.8 | 12.2 |
| Employee expenses | 19.2 | 5.2 | 9.9 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 12.4 |
| Key ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on average earning assets | 9.2 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.1 |
| Yield on average loans | 11.1 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 10.7 | 10.5 |
| Yield on average investments | 7.7 | 8.0 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.4 |
| Average cost of funds | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| Interest on deposits | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| Difference | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| Net interest income/earning assets | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| New provisions/average net loans | 0.2 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Interest income/total income | 71.6 | 73.8 | 77.3 | 76.5 | 76.5 | 77.5 |
| Fee income to total income | 6.4 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.6 |
| Operating expenses/total income | 43.6 | 38.6 | 36.9 | 39.1 | 38.5 | 37.1 |
| Tax rate | 30.3 | 33.9 | 34.9 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| Dividend payout ratio | 17.3 | 18.0 | 18.8 | 18.8 | 18.8 | 18.8 |
| Share of deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 24.3 | 24.7 | 24.8 | 23.8 | 23.3 | 23.3 |
| Fixed | 68.4 | 67.8 | 69.1 | 70.1 | 70.6 | 70.6 |
| Savings | 24.3 | 24.7 | 24.8 | 23.8 | 23.3 | 23.3 |
| Loans-to-deposit ratio | 70.9 | 70.4 | 71.1 | 71.4 | 72.1 | 72.7 |
| Equity/assets (EoY) | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 |
| Asset quality trends (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPL | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Net NPL | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Slippage | 0.6 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Provision coverage (ex write-off) | 79.6 | 71.6 | 46.4 | 48.7 | 50.2 | 49.0 |
| Dupont analysis (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Loan loss provisions | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Net other income | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Operating expenses | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Invt. depreciation | - | (-) | - | - | - | - |
| (1- tax rate) | 69.7 | 66.1 | 65.1 | 68.0 | 68.0 | 68.0 |
| ROA | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Average assets/average equity | 14.2 | 14.4 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.3 | 14.1 |
| ROE (incl. preference capital) | 22.9 | 24.1 | 22.3 | 19.9 | 20.1 | 20.2 |
| ROE (ex- preference capital) | 23.9 | 24.9 | 22.9 | 20.4 | 20.5 | 20.6 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Indian Bank P\&L and balance sheet
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (₹ mn)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total interest income | 68,303 | 78,571 | 93,610 | 119,779 | 135,085 | 154,919 |
| Loans | 50,867 | 57,998 | 70,976 | 91,823 | 101,508 | 117,029 |
| Investments | 16,873 | 19,974 | 22,303 | 27,564 | 33,048 | 37,296 |
| Cash and deposits | 563 | 599 | 332 | 392 | 530 | 594 |
| Total interest expense | 42,218 | 45,532 | 53,249 | 76,414 | 85,786 | 96,684 |
| Deposits from customers | 40,614 | 44,742 | 51,332 | 74,727 | 84,099 | 94,997 |
| Net interest income | 26,085 | 33,039 | 40,361 | 43,365 | 49,299 | 58,235 |
| Loan loss provisions | 816 | 4,722 | 7,305 | 5,701 | 8,069 | 10,002 |
| Net interest income (after prov.) | 25,269 | 28,317 | 33,056 | 37,664 | 41,230 | 48,233 |
| Other income | 10,354 | 11,737 | 11,819 | 13,335 | 15,166 | 16,877 |
| Net fee income | 2,322 | 2,235 | 3,355 | 3,859 | 4,399 | 4,971 |
| Net capital gains | 1,948 | 2,176 | 1,484 | 1,800 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Net exchange gains | 1,052 | 1,148 | 1,472 | 1,767 | 2,120 | 2,544 |
| Operating expenses | 15,881 | 17,302 | 19,263 | 22,190 | 24,800 | 27,830 |
| Employee expenses | 11,528 | 12,124 | 13,327 | 14,985 | 16,847 | 18,937 |
| Depreciation on investments | 2,027 | (960) | 557- | 2,300- | 300- | 500- |
| Other Provisions | (145) | 195 | $(1,290)$ | 100 | 200 | 300 |
| Pretax income | 17,853 | 23,516 | 26,345 | 26,410 | 31,097 | 36,480 |
| Tax provisions | 5,408 | 7,966 | 9,204 | 8,451 | 9,951 | 11,674 |
| Net Profit | 12,453 | 15,550 | 17,141 | 17,958 | 21,146 | 24,806 |
| \% growth | 23.4 | 24.9 | 10.2 | 4.8 | 17.7 | 17.3 |
| PBT - Treasury + Provisions | 18,603 | 25,297 | 31,433 | 32,710 | 37,665 | 45,282 |
| \% growth | 31.2 | 35.9 | 24.3 | 4.1 | 15.1 | 20.2 |
| Preference Dividend | 375 | 400 | 400 | 320 | 320 | 320 |
| Balance sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and bank balance | 66,838 | 81,132 | 85,623 | 71,780 | 80,074 | 90,118 |
| Cash | 2,480 | 3,038 | 2,497 | 2,622 | 2,753 | 2,891 |
| Balance with RBI | 59,635 | 67,569 | 66,282 | 52,314 | 60,477 | 70,383 |
| Balance with banks | 1,590 | 593 | 563 | 563 | 563 | 563 |
| Net value of investments | 228,006 | 282,682 | 347,838 | 423,184 | 476,071 | 538,780 |
| Govt. and other securities | 188,226 | 230,861 | 263,198 | 340,960 | 395,067 | 458,875 |
| Shares | 3,069 | 5,203 | 5,460 | 5,460 | 5,460 | 5,460 |
| Debentures and bonds | 18,295 | 11,890 | 13,561 | 12,204 | 10,984 | 9,886 |
| Net loans and advances | 514,653 | 621,461 | 752,499 | 876,296 | 1,022,240 | 1,200,406 |
| Fixed assets | 15,942 | 15,796 | 16,060 | 16,894 | 17,147 | 17,348 |
| Net leased assets | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net Owned assets | 15,942 | 15,796 | 16,060 | 16,894 | 17,147 | 17,348 |
| Other assets | 15,779 | 12,811 | 15,163 | 15,163 | 15,163 | 15,163 |
| Total assets | 841,217 | 1,013,882 | 1,217,183 | 1,403,317 | 1,610,694 | 1,861,815 |
| Deposits | 725,818 | 882,277 | 1,058,042 | 1,226,699 | 1,418,108 | 1,650,402 |
| Borrowings and bills payable | 9,960 | 16,861 | 28,116 | 28,116 | 28,116 | 28,116 |
| Other liabilities | 38,080 | 36,023 | 39,814 | 43,814 | 43,814 | 43,814 |
| Total liabilities | 773,858 | 935,161 | 1,125,972 | 1,298,629 | 1,490,039 | 1,722,332 |
| Preference capital | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Paid-up capital | 4,298 | 4,298 | 4,298 | 4,298 | 4,298 | 4,298 |
| Reserves \& surplus | 63,061 | 74,423 | 86,913 | 100,390 | 116,358 | 135,185 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 67,359 | 78,721 | 91,211 | 104,688 | 120,655 | 139,483 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Institutional Equities

Banks/Financial Institutions

Disappointing quarter. OBC's net earnings were down 58\% yoy and 52\% below our estimates primarily on the back of higher provisions (loan loss and taxation). While loan growth accelerated to $20 \%$ yoy (from $12 \%$ in 1QFY12), weaker NIM and high provisions on the back of $6 \%$ slippages ( $2.5 \%$ excluding the impact of the migration exercise) pulled down reported earnings. We find valuations attractive at 0.7 X book and 4.8X FY2013E EPS. Maintain BUY owing to its inexpensive valuations with TP of ₹430 (no change).

## Company data and valuation summary

Oriental Bank of Commerce

| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 546-274 | EPS (Rs) | 51.5 | 48.0 | 59.5 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 84.6 | EPS growth (\%) | 13.7 | (6.9) | 23.9 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 5.6 | 6.0 | 4.9 |
| Promoters |  |  | 58.0 | NII (Rs bn) | 41.8 | 40.9 | 47.8 |
| Flls |  |  | 11.3 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 15.0 | 14.0 | 17.3 |
| MFs |  |  | 4.7 | BVPS | 350.0 | 386.6 | 432.0 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | P/B (X) | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Absolute | (0.8) | (17.4) | (41.9) | ROE (\%) | 15.5 | 12.1 | 13.6 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (7.8) | (15.1) | (34.3) | Div. Yield (\%) | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.1 |

Attractive valuations; migration-led NPLs well ahead of expectations resulting in weak earnings
We like OBC at current levels given our view on interest rates and inexpensive valuations. We expect earnings to grow by 7\% CAGR in FY2011-13E and deliver RoEs in the range of 13-14\% levels. We maintain our BUY recommendation as we find valuations attractive for the bank at 0.7 X book value and 4.8X FY2012E EPS. We see NIM headwinds to remain over the next few quarters as the full impact of steep increase in deposit rates (wholesale and retail) and lower CASA ratio profile flows into earnings, before the recent decline of wholesale funds starts benefitting positively. We believe that savings bank deregulation will have relatively lesser impact on public banks (which have relatively more inelastic customer base) as compared to private banks. We believe that our 40 bps decline in NIM assumptions factors the pressure on margins.

However, NPLs during 2QFY12 was significantly higher than expectation ( $2.5 \%$ slippage even after excluding the impact of migration to system-based NPL recognition). Migration-related slippages have been higher than expected for small-ticket loans given that the bank's performance on slippages in the initial transition period was substantially lower. We are accordingly raising our estimates for loan-loss provisions to $0.9 \%$ of loans (from 0.6-0.7\% earlier).

NIMs decline 30 bps qoq on the back of higher income de-recognition
NIM for the quarter declined 30 bps to $2.64 \%$ in 2QFY12 from 2.94\% in 1QFY12 due to higher income de-recognition ( 30 bps impact on NIMs) and sharp rise in cost of deposits (up 40 bps qoq). Yield on advances increased by 25 bps qoq to $11.7 \%$ (adjusted for NPLs was 12.4\%). Yield on investments improved by 30 bps qoq. We believe that OBC is well-positioned from a margin perspective post moderation in wholesale funds and lower slippages in 2HFY12E. However, we remain conservative and factor 40 bps decline in NIMs in FY2012E.

## QUICK NUMBERS

- NIMs decline 30 bps qoq to 2.6\%
- Slippages high at 6\% - migration related
- Maintain BUY with TP of ₹430
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Slippages high at 6\%; gross NPL increase over 50\% qoq
Gross NPLs of OBC were ₹31.1 bn (3\% of loans) as of September 2011, 53\% qoq growth over June 2011 levels as the transition exercise towards NPL recognition without manual intervention continued during the quarter. Net NPLs increased by $87 \%$ qoq to ₹ 19.8 bn (1.9\% of loans). Loan-loss provisions (annualized) were at $1.4 \%$ (versus $0.6 \%$ in 1QFY12).

Slippages for the quarter increased to $6.1 \%$ of loans (primarily from agriculture and retail) as compared to $1.6 \%$ of loans in June 2011 and 2.9\% in March 2011. The management highlighted that the last set of NPL (for assets below ₹ 0.1 mn ) were recognized during 2QFY12 and the overhang of transition to system-based transition is behind us. Expect recoveries to show improved trends as the bank increases focuses on improving asset quality. The core slippages (excluding the transition) were $2.5 \%$ of advances. The company made write-off of $0.8 \%$ of assets- these were largely the small-ticket NPL recognized during the quarter. Restructured loans were 4\% of advances as of September 2011

Loan growth increased to 20\%; deposits grow by $19 \%$ yoy
Loan growth for the quarter was at 20\% yoy and at 6.5\% qoq to ₹ 1,045 bn. Deposits grew by $19 \%$ yoy ( $3 \%$ qoq) to ₹ 1,496 bn. CASA ratio for the quarter was flat at $23 \%$. The bank indicated that its overall loans to infrastructure would be maintained at current levels (about $20 \%$ levels). We are building loan growth at 17\% CAGR for FY2011-13E.

## Other highlights for the quarter

- OBC's non-interest income grew by 30\% yoy mainly due to better fee income, somewhat better exchange income and recovery. Treasury income was at ₹183 mn compared to ₹ 717 mn in 1QFY12.
- Cost-income ratio was at 40\% for the quarter. Staff expenses were stable yoy while other expenses increased by 10\% yoy.

We revise our earnings for FY2012E on the back of higher provisions
Old and new estimates, March fiscal year-ends, 2012-2013E (₹ mn)

|  | New Estimates |  |  | Old Estimates |  |  | \% change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| Net interest income | 40,876 | 47,832 | 54,295 | 41,943 | 48,174 | 54,603 | (2.5) | (0.7) | (0.6) |
| Advances (Rs bn) | 1,114 | 1,293 | 1,507 | 1,125 | 1,317 | 1,535 | (0.9) | (1.8) | (1.8) |
| NIM (\%) | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |  |  |  |
| Loan loss provisions | 9,330 | 10,230 | 11,898 | 7,293 | 7,324 | 8,555 | 27.9 | 39.7 | 39.1 |
| Other income | 12,060 | 13,339 | 15,031 | 12,060 | 13,339 | 15,031 | - | - | - |
| Fee income | 7,301 | 8,397 | 9,656 | 7,301 | 8,397 | 9,656 | - | - | - |
| Treasury income | 1,700 | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,700 | 1,500 | 1,500 | - | - | - |
| Operating expenses | 21,601 | 24,818 | 28,754 | 21,767 | 25,213 | 29,427 | (0.8) | (1.6) | (2.3) |
| Employee expenses | 11,741 | 13,306 | 15,346 | 11,848 | 13,546 | 15,760 | (0.9) | (1.8) | (2.6) |
| Investment dep/amortization | 1,800 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 |  |  |  |
| PBT | 19,705 | 24,423 | 26,975 | 22,844 | 26,875 | 29,552 | (13.7) | (9.1) | (8.7) |
| Net profit | 13,995 | 17,345 | 19,157 | 16,224 | 19,087 | 20,988 | (13.7) | (9.1) | (8.7) |

[^26]Oriental Bank of Commerce - Rolling PBR and PER
April 2004-October 2011 (X)


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

NIM has remained flat qoq building pressure on NIMs going forward NIM and cost of deposits, March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY09-2QFY12 (\%)


[^27]OBC, quarterly results
March fiscal year-ends, 2QFY10-2QFY12 (₹ mn)


## Notes:

(1) Outstanding restructured loans represent loans only for those which are less than 2 years and are standard. Revise d from 1 QFY12.

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

OBC, growth rates and key ratios
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (\%)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Growth rates (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loan | 25.5 | 21.9 | 14.9 | 16.2 | 16.0 | 16.5 |
| Customer assets | 24.7 | 20.5 | 14.4 | 15.9 | 15.8 | 16.3 |
| Investments excld. CPs and debentures growth | 20.4 | 29.8 | 18.9 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 11.0 |
| Net fixed assets | 257.2 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 11.6 | 10.5 | 9.5 |
| Cash and bank balance | 19.7 | 19.4 | 30.7 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Total Asset | 24.1 | 22.1 | 17.4 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 13.4 |
| Deposits | 26.3 | 22.3 | 15.6 | 14.0 | 13.9 | 14.4 |
| Current | (0.7) | 32.5 | (8.0) | 14.0 | 22.3 | 22.3 |
| Savings | 12.1 | 26.6 | 25.0 | 7.6 | 17.3 | 17.7 |
| Fixed | 33.6 | 20.3 | 16.3 | 15.5 | 12.4 | 12.9 |
| Net interest income | 18.7 | 45.6 | 43.7 | (2.2) | 17.0 | 13.5 |
| Loan loss provisions | (274.7) | 159.0 | 72.0 | (3.8) | 9.6 | 16.3 |
| Total other income | 71.4 | 12.0 | (20.0) | 25.6 | 10.6 | 12.7 |
| Net fee income | 22.5 | 42.5 | 11.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 |
| Net capital gains | 213.3 | (12-) | (82.2) | 125.5 | (11.8) | - |
| Net exchange gains | 55.8 | (29.2) | 62.4 | 25.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 |
| Operating expenses | 28.1 | 21.9 | 12.2 | 14.1 | 14.9 | 15.9 |
| Employee expenses | 37.6 | 28.5 | 7.9 | 12.0 | 13.3 | 15.3 |
| Key ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on average earning assets | 9.0 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.8 |
| Yield on average loans | 10.6 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 10.7 |
| Yield on average investments | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 6.9 |
| Average cost of funds | 7.4 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.7 |
| Interest on deposits | 7.4 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.6 |
| Difference | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Net interest income/earning assets | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| New provisions/average net loans | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Interest income/total income | 65.1 | 70.8 | 81.3 | 77.2 | 78.2 | 78.3 |
| Fee income to total income | 13.1 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 13.9 |
| Fees income to PBT | 34.6 | 35.6 | 31.1 | 37.1 | 34.4 | 35.8 |
| Net trading income to PBT | 35.1 | 10.6 | (3.2) | 6.1 | 4.1 | 3.7 |
| Exchange inc./PBT | 9.2 | 4.7 | 6.0 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 7.6 |
| Operating expenses/total income | 45.1 | 41.0 | 36.8 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 41.5 |
| Operating expenses/assets | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Operating profit /AWF | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Tax rate | 21.9 | 29.3 | 26.3 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 |
| Dividend payout ratio | 20.2 | 20.1 | 20.2 | 20.2 | 20.2 | 20.2 |
| Share of deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 7.8 | 8.5 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 7.8 |
| Fixed | 76.3 | 75.0 | 75.4 | 76.4 | 75.4 | 74.4 |
| Savings | 15.9 | 16.5 | 17.8 | 16.8 | 17.3 | 17.8 |
| Loans-to-deposit ratio | 69.6 | 69.4 | 69.0 | 70.3 | 71.6 | 72.9 |
| Equity/assets (EoY) | 6.6 | 6.0 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.4 |
| Asset quality trends (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross NPL | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Net NPL | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| Slippages | 0.9 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Provision coverage | 58.2 | 50.7 | 51.2 | 38.7 | 37.9 | 42.1 |
| Dupont analysis (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Loan loss provisions | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Net other income | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Operating expenses | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| (1- tax rate) | 78.1 | 70.7 | 73.7 | 71.0 | 71.0 | 71.0 |
| ROA | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Average assets/average equity | 15.4 | 16.0 | 15.5 | 14.8 | 15.2 | 15.5 |
| ROE | 13.7 | 14.5 | 15.5 | 12.1 | 13.6 | 13.6 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

OBC, income statement and balance sheet
March fiscal year-ends, 2009-2014E (₹ mn)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total interest income | 88,565 | 102,571 | 120,878 | 153,034 | 169,606 | 187,217 |
| Loans | 65,197 | 75,675 | 89,539 | 116,657 | 132,214 | 149,132 |
| Investments | 21,410 | 24,618 | 27,744 | 32,958 | 35,871 | 36,936 |
| Cash and deposits | 1,957 | 2,279 | 3,595 | 3,418 | 1,520 | 1,149 |
| Deposits from customers | 65,319 | 70,282 | 74,744 | 107,508 | 117,124 | 128,150 |
| Net interest income | 19,965 | 29,074 | 41,775 | 40,876 | 47,832 | 54,295 |
| Loan loss provisions | 2,176 | 5,636 | 9,694 | 9,330 | 10,230 | 11,898 |
| Net interest income (after prov.) | 17,789 | 23,438 | 32,082 | 31,546 | 37,602 | 42,397 |
| Other income | 10,715 | 12,000 | 9,601 | 12,060 | 13,339 | 15,031 |
| Net fee income | 4,015 | 5,721 | 6,349 | 7,301 | 8,397 | 9,656 |
| Net capital gains | 4,814 | 4,236 | 754 | 1,700 | 1,500 | 1,500 |
| Net exchange gains | 1,072 | 759 | 1,233 | 1,542 | 1,773 | 2,039 |
| Operating expenses | 13,828 | 16,860 | 18,925 | 21,601 | 24,818 | 28,754 |
| Employee expenses | 7,562 | 9,713 | 10,485 | 11,741 | 13,306 | 15,346 |
| Depreciation on investments | 2,336 | (5) | 963- | 1,800- | 1,200- | 1,200- |
| Other Provisions | 738 | 2,529- | 1,409- | 500- | 500- | 500- |
| Pretax income | 11,601 | 16,055 | 20,386 | 19,705 | 24,423 | 26,975 |
| Tax provisions | 2,546 | 4,708 | 5,357 | 5,710 | 7,078 | 7,817 |
| Net Profit | 9,054 | 11,347 | 15,029 | 13,995 | 17,345 | 19,157 |
| \% growth | 156.3 | 25.3 | 32.4 | (6.9) | 23.9 | 10.4 |
| Operating profit | 9,122 | 11,814 | 20,595 | 19,805 | 24,123 | 26,675 |
| \% growth | 31.1 | 29.5 | 74.3 | (3.8) | 21.8 | 10.6 |


| Balance sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance with banks | 44,069 | 64,776 | 83,044 | 83,044 | 83,044 | 83,044 |
| Net value of investments | 284,890 | 357,853 | 420,748 | 464,043 | 512,044 | 566,369 |
| Govt. and other securities | 249,245 | 327,530 | 365,997 | 410,306 | 458,306 | 512,632 |
| Shares | 4,477 | 5,207 | 6,571 | 6,571 | 6,571 | 6,571 |
| Debentures and bonds | 23,988 | 19,256 | 18,036 | 18,036 | 18,036 | 18,036 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Owned assets | 13,839 | 13,940 | 13,978 | 15,600 | 17,235 | 18,879 |
| Other assets | 19,843 | 21,624 | 28,739 | 28,739 | 28,739 | 28,739 |
| Total assets | $\mathbf{1 , 1 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 7 4 , 3 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 1 3 , 4 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 1 8 , 6 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 5 1 , 2 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 2 5 , 4 0 4}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits | 983,688 | $1,202,576$ | $1,390,543$ | $1,585,654$ | $1,805,667$ | $2,065,678$ |
| Borrowings and bills payable | 31,391 | 5,283 | 60,898 | 60,898 | 60,898 | 60,898 |
| Other liabilities | 36,712 | 3,071 | 51,021 | 51,021 | 51,021 | 51,021 |
| Total liabilities | $\mathbf{1 , 0 5 1 , 7 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 9 1 , 9 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 2 , 4 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 9 7 , 5 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 1 7 , 5 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 7 7 , 5 9 7}$ |
| Paid-up capital | 2,505 | 2,505 | 2,918 | 2,918 | 2,918 | 2,918 |
| Reserves \& surplus | 71,529 | 79,874 | 108,054 | 118,122 | 130,794 | 144,889 |
| Total shareholders' equity | $\mathbf{7 4 , 0 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 , 3 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0 , 9 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 1 , 0 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 3 , 7 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 7 , 8 0 7}$ |

[^28]India business outperforms on margins front. Havells consolidated (adjusted) EBITDA for 2QFY12 at Rs 1.70 bn was $18 \%$ higher than our estimates led by India business which reported adjusted EBITDA margin at $13.5 \%$ ( +280 bps qoq; +180 bps yoy), 280 bps above our estimates. Apportioning advertising expenses (Rs560 mn in 1HY2012) equally in the first two quarters, EBITDA margins have declined by 70 bps qoq (from $12.5 \%$ in 1QFY12 to $11.8 \%$ in 2QFY12). Even after adjusting for lower advertising expenses qoq, results are at large variance to industry trends visible till now-Crompton, V-Guard reported large qoq decline (>200 bps) in EBITDA margins in 2QFY12. Increase in working capital (Rs1 bn) is our only other concern. We will adjust our estimates post concall. Retain REDUCE.

| Company data and valuation summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Havells India |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  | 451-290 | EPS (Rs) | 24.5 | 25.8 | 28.8 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 44.4 | EPS growth (\%) | 334.1 | 5.1 | 11.5 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | 14.5 | 13.8 | 12.4 |
| Promoters |  |  | 61.6 | Sales (Rs bn) | 56.1 | 62.5 | 68.3 |
| Flls |  |  | 16.2 | Net profits (Rs bn) | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.6 |
| MFs |  |  | 2.6 | EBITDA (Rs bn) | 5.6 | 6.0 | 6.6 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | EV/EBITDA (X) | 9.6 | 8.9 | 7.7 |
| Absolute | (2.7) | (2.1) | (14.2) | ROE (\%) | 53.9 | 37.6 | 30.9 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | (9.6) | 0.6 | (2.9) | Div. Yield (\%) | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 |

India business outperforms; Sylvania in line
Havells' consolidated revenue in 2QFY12 at Rs15.85 bn (+19\% yoy; $+6 \%$ qoq) was exactly in line with our estimates. Reported PAT at Rs808 mn (+16\% yoy; $+2 \%$ qoq) was in line with our estimates as forex losses at Rs301 mn subdued the otherwise strong operating performance. Outperformance was led by India business which reported adjusted EBITDA margin at 13.5\% ( +280 bps qoq; +180 bps yoy) which was 280 bps higher than our estimates. While the reported numbers are good, we make the following observations:

- Apportioning advertising expenses in1HY2012 (Rs560 mn; Rs420 mn in 1QFY12 and Rs140 mn in 2QFY12) equally in the first two quarters EBITDA margins have declined 70bps qoq (from $12.5 \%$ in 1QFY12 to $11.8 \%$ in 2QFY12). Decline in margins is much lower than our expectations and is at variance with the industry trends -Crompton, V-Guard have reported large (>200 bps) sequential de-growth in EBITDA margins in 2QFY12. As per our understanding from channel checks and recent conference calls (V-Guard), there was lot of pressure on pricing, particularly in the fans segment, in 2QFY12, as companies reduced prices to clear inventories. This is not reflected in the segmental results of consumer appliance division as contribution margins at $\sim 27.7 \%$ are flat yoy. 1QFY12 contribution margins in the same segment were higher (at $31 \%$ ) than normalized on account of sale of low priced inventory.
- Working capital increased by Rs1 bn qoq at the standalone level even as the quarterly run rate of revenues increased by Rs500 mn from 1QFY12. In the post result conference call (1QFY12), management had indicated a sequential improvement in working capital position in 2QFY12 on reduction of inventories.

Maintain REDUCE with an unchanged target price of Rs370
We will adjust our estimates post conference call scheduled for Tuesday. Maintain REDUCE.

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Above estimates; led by the domestic business
Interim results of Havells, consolidated, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

|  |  | 2QFY12E ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ - $\overline{\mathrm{FY}} \mathbf{1 1} 1$ |  | 1QFY12 | (\% change) |  |  | 6 months |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2QFY12 |  |  | KIE est. | yoy | q09 | FY2012 | FY2011 | Chng. (\%) |
| Net revenues | 15,850 | 15,832 | 13,347 |  | 14,959 | 0 | 19 | 6 | 30,809 | 26,384 | 16.8 |
| Total expenditure | $(14,145)$ | $(14,382)$ | $(12,118)$ | $(13,526)$ | (2) | 17 | 5 | $(27,671)$ | $(23,993)$ | 15.3 |
| EBITDA | 1,705 \| | 1,450 | 1,229 \| | 1,433 | 18 | 39 | 19 | 3,138 | 2,391 | 31.2 |
| Margins (\%) | 10.8 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.6 |  |  |  | 10.2 | 9.1 |  |
| Other income | 135 | 51 | 8 | 51 |  |  |  | 154 | 25 | 516.0 |
| Depreciation | (214) | (210) | (201) | (211) |  |  |  | (424) | (393) | 7.9 |
| EBIT | 1,626 | 1,291 | 1,036 | 1,273 | 26 | 57 | 28 | 2,868 | 2,023 | 41.8 |
| Margins (\%) | 10.3 \| | 8.2 | 7.8 | 8.5 |  |  |  | 9.3 | 7.7 |  |
| Net Interest | (277) \| | (270) | (184) \| | (271) |  |  |  | (548) | (373) | 46.9 |
| PBT | 1,349 | 1,021 | 852 | 1,002 | 32 | 58 | 35 | 2,320 | 1,650 | 40.6 |
| Extraordinaries | (301) | 0 | 92 | - |  |  |  | (265) | 79 |  |
| Reported PBT | 1,048 | 1021 | 944 | 1,002 | 3 | 11 | 5 | 2,055 | 1,729 | NM |
| Tax | (240) \| | (225) | (248) | (206) |  |  |  | (445) | (471) | (5.5) |
| Reported PAT | 8081 | 796 | 696 \| | 796 | 1 | 16 | 2 | 1,610 | 1,258 | 28.0 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Sylvania numbers were in line
Interim results of Sylvania, Standalone, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

|  |  | 2QFY12E | 2QFY11 | 1QFY12 | (\% chg.) |  |  | 6 months (Euro mn) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2QFY12 |  |  |  | KIE est. | yoy | q0q | FY2012 | FY2011 |
| Net sales | 7,461 | 7,542 | 7,061 | 6,878 | -1\% | 6\% | 8\% | 222 | 217 |
| Total expenditure | $(6,906)$ | $(6,976)$ | $(6,727)$ | $(6,374)$ | -1\% | 3\% | 8\% | (206) | (205) |
| EBITDA | 555 | 566 | 334 | 504 | -2\% | 66\% | 10\% | 16 | 12 |
| OPM (\%) | 7.4 | 7.5 | 4.7 | 7.3 | 0\% | 0\% | - | 7.4 | 5.7 |
| Other income | 119 | 21 | 76 | 21 | 0\% | 0\% | - | 2 | 1 |
| Interest | (206) | (185) | (132) | (186) | 0\% | 56\% | 11\% | (9) | (5) |
| Depreciation | (122) | (125) | (126) | (125) | 0\% | -3\% | -2\% | (4) | (4) |
| Pretax profits | 346 | 277 | 152 | 214 | 25\% | 128\% | 62\% | 6 | 3 |
| Extraordinaries | (170) | - | - | - |  |  |  | - | - |
| Tax | (74) | (76) | (71) | (59) |  |  |  | (2) | (2) |
| Net income | 102 | 200 | 81 | 155 | NM | NM | NM | 4 | 1 |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Sales growth trend improved for Sylvania in Europe
Geographical revenue break-up for Sylvania, March fiscal year-ends (Euro mn)

|  | 3QFY10 | 4QFY10 | 1QFY11 | 2QFY $\overline{11}$ | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | (\% change) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2QFY12 | yoy | q०q |
| Europe | 77.3 | 75.0 | 65.7 | 65.6 | 74.1 | 73.2 | 64 | 69 \| | 5\% | 8\% |
| Americas | 27.5 | 29.7 | 33.4 | 37.6 | 35.6 | 35.5 | 36.1 | 39.7 | 6\% | 10\% |
| Others | 1.6 | 5.4 | 6.31 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 5.9 | 6.8 | 5\% | 15\% |
| Total | 106.4 | 110.1 | 105.4 \| | 109.6 | 115.9 | 113.5 | 106 | 116 | 5\% | 9\% |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

India business outperforms led by higher-than-estimated margins (adjusted for forex)
Interim results of Havells, standalone, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)


Note:
The numbers are not comparable yoy as Standard (sub earlier) has been merged with the company from 1st April' 2011 onwards.

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

Working capital increased by Rs1 bn qoq
Interim balance sheet of Havells, Standalone, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

|  | March'11 | June'11 | Sept ' $\mathbf{1 1}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Shareholders fund | 624 | 624 | 624 |
| Reserves and surpluses | 12,784 | 13,361 | 14,698 |
| Total equity capital | $\mathbf{1 3 , 4 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 9 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 3 2 2}$ |
| Loan funds | 1,336 | 1,323 | 1,733 |
| Deferred income tax | 536 | 536 | 550 |
| Total sources of funds | $\mathbf{1 5 , 2 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 , 6 0 5}$ |
| Fixed assets | 7,303 | 7,412 | 7,941 |
| Investments | 7,150 | 7,269 | 7,269 |
| Inventories | 4,698 | 5,810 | 6,218 |
| Debtors | 1,121 | 1,098 | 1,432 |
| Others | 933 | 1,004 | 1,027 |
| Cash and cash balances | 492 | 553 | 703 |
| Less: |  |  |  |
| Sundry creditors | 4,725 | 5,293 | 5,183 |
| Others | 1,692 | 2,009 | 1,802 |
| Total uses of funds | $\mathbf{1 5 , 2 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 , 6 0 5}$ |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

## Working capital increased further in 2QFY12 from elevated levels in 1QFY12

Working capital in the standalone business increased by Rs1 bn qoq from already elevated levels in 1QFY12. In the conference call post 1QFY12 results, the management had guided for an improvement in the working capital position. As a result, free cash-flow generation in the standalone business in 1HFY12 has been only Rs227 mn (adjusted for Rs 110 mn investment in Sylvania) even as capex was only Rs612 mn which is only $32 \%$ of the full-year capex guidance of Rs1.9 bn. Hence, if the working capital position doesn't improve going forward, there would not be much improvement in the cash position considering bulk of the capex is due for 2 HFY 12 E .

## Other highlights

- The company generated free cash of Rs227 mn (adjusted for Rs110 mn investment in Sylvania) in 1 HY2012 even as capex was only Rs612 mn, which is $32 \%$ of the full-year capex guidance of Rs1.9 bn. Hence, if the working capital position doesn't improve going forward, there would not be much improvement in the cash position considering that bulk of the capex would be done in the second half.
- Sylvania's EBITDA margin improved qoq in Europe (6.5\% in 2QFY12 versus 6.1\% in 1QFY12) as sales improved on account of seasonality. EBITDA margins improved to $10.3 \%$ (9.9\% in 1QFY12) in the Americas (LATAM+US) division. Sales growth trend improved in Europe after three quarters of de-growth, as sales grew 5\% yoy in 2QFY12. Sales growth in Americas has slowed down to 6\% yoy in Euro terms (~10\% yoy in 1QFY12). Even in USD terms, sales in Americas grew only 10\% yoy in 2QFY12.
- Investment of Rs110 mn was made in Sylvania towards scheduled repayment of recourse Ioan. Also, during October additional investment of Euro3.8 mn was made towards the same.
- Forex loss of Rs131 mn in the standalone entity was mainly on account of MTM losses on foreign currency loans of US\$32.7 mn outstanding as of September 30, 2011.
- In the switchgear segment, domestic revenues grew by $13 \%$ yoy in 2QFY12 (10\% yoy in 1QFY12) on a like-to-like basis (excluding Standard). Fan division sales grew by $11 \%$ yoy (10\% yoy in 1QFY12). 2QFY12 sales in consumer appliance segment include Rs180 mn revenue from water heater and domestic appliances (recently launched).


## Maintain REDUCE with a target price of Rs370

We would take a relook at our earning estimates post conference call scheduled for 4:00pm on Tuesday. We maintain our REDUCE rating on the company.

Summary financials: Havells
Profit and loss statement, balance sheet and cash flow model for Havells, consolidated, March fiscal year-ends (Rs mn)

|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit model |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | 15,472 | 50,022 | 54,775 | 54,256 | 56,126 | 62,533 | 68,301 | 74,500 |
| EBITDA | 1,458 | 3,466 | 2,885 | 3,206 | 5,571 | 5,972 | 6,621 | 7,255 |
| Interest (expense)/income | (209) | $(1,036)$ | $(1,253)$ | (979) | (902) | (843) | (767) | (748) |
| Depreciation | (97) | (694) | (905) | (837) | (804) | (936) | $(1,029)$ | $(1,119)$ |
| Other income | 54 | 250 | 86 | 222 | 237 | 204 | 134 | 246 |
| Pretax profits | 1,205 | 1,986 | 814 | 1,611 | 4,102 | 4,396 | 4,959 | 5,634 |
| Extra-ordinary items | - | - | $(1,986)$ | - | (36) | - | - | - |
| Reported PBT | 1,205 | 1,986 | $(1,172)$ | 1,611 | 4,066 | 4,396 | 4,959 | 5,634 |
| Tax | (161) | (321) | (435) | (600) | $(1,008)$ | $(1,072)$ | $(1,290)$ | $(1,496)$ |
| Deferred taxation | (23) | (56) | 6 | (332) | (23) | (106) | (79) | - |
| Profit after tax | 1,021 | 1,610 | $(1,602)$ | 680 | 3,035 | 3,219 | 3,590 | 4,139 |
| Adjusted PAT | 1,021 | 1,610 | 297 | 680 | 3,061 | 3,219 | 3,590 | 4,139 |
| Diluted earnings per share (Rs) | 9.5 | 13.3 | 2.5 | 5.7 | 24.5 | 25.8 | 28.8 | 33.2 |
| Balance sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total equity | 2,603 | 6,901 | 6,147 | 4,004 | 6,543 | 9,360 | 12,512 | 16,176 |
| Deferred taxation liability | 118 | (76) | (97) | 266 | 559 | 664 | 743 | 743 |
| Total borrowings | 561 | 12,962 | 12,278 | 10,666 | 11,173 | 9,516 | 9,177 | 8,886 |
| Current liabilities | 2,818 | 15,142 | 14,501 | 15,876 | 17,363 | 17,126 | 18,373 | 19,759 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 6,100 | 34,929 | 32,829 | 30,813 | 35,637 | 36,667 | 40,805 | 45,565 |
| Cash | 365 | 2,429 | 2,473 | 1,484 | 1,779 | 727 | 2,326 | 3,712.8 |
| Other current assets | 3,281 | 20,800 | 17,935 | 16,907 | 20,299 | 21,194 | 22,761 | 25,047 |
| Goodwill | - | 3,346 | 3,579 | 3,212 | 3,354 | 3,354 | 3,354 | 3,354 |
| Tangible fixed assets | 2,423 | 8,323 | 8,842 | 9,210 | 10,206 | 11,392 | 12,364 | 13,451 |
| Investments | 32 | 32 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets | 6,100 | 34,929 | 32,829 | 30,813 | 35,637 | 36,667 | 40,805 | 45,565 |
| Free cash flow |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating cash flow, excl. working capital | 1,156 | 2,320 | $(1,054)$ | (518) | 3,769 | 4,022 | 4,564 | 5,012 |
| Working capital changes | 753 | $(3,498)$ | 2,168 | 2,543 | $(2,013)$ | $(1,131)$ | (321) | (900) |
| Capital expenditure | $(1,001)$ | $(7,725)$ | $(1,676)$ | $(1,077)$ | $(1,727)$ | $(2,123)$ | $(2,001)$ | $(2,207)$ |
| Investment changes | - | 578 | 33 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other income | 13 | 32 | 18 | 16 | 8 | 204 | 134 | 246 |
| Free cash flow | 920 | $(8,294)$ | (512) | 964 | 36 | 971 | 2,376 | 2,152 |
| Ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EBITDA margin | 9.4 | 6.9 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Debt/equity | 20.6 | 189.9 | 203.0 | 249.9 | 157.5 | 95.0 | 69.3 | 52.6 |
| Net debt/equity | 7.2 | 154.3 | 162.1 | 215.2 | 132.5 | 87.8 | 51.8 | 30.6 |
| RoAE | 44.6 | 33.7 | 4.6 | 13.2 | 53.9 | 37.6 | 30.9 | 27.4 |
| RoACE | 38.4 | 21.3 | 10.4 | 6.6 | 22.5 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 19.4 |

[^29]
## Gujarat Pipavav Port (gPPv)

## Infrastructure

Containers continue to deliver strong growth, but bulk and margins disappoint. GPPL reported strong 3QCY11 revenue growth of $21 \%$ yoy (primarily on strong container volume growth and higher average realization) and net PAT of Rs 133 mn . EBITDA margin expansion to $46 \%$ was below par (partly attributed to higher equipment hire and fuel costs). Containers continued to record strong volume growth (up 30\%) but bulk cargo recorded sharp yoy and qoq decline. Downgrade to REDUCE (TP: Rs75).

## Company data and valuation summary

Gujarat Pipavav Port

| Stock data |  |  |  | Forecasts/Valuations | 2011 | 2012 E | 2013E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52-week range (Rs) (high,low) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.6 |
| Market Cap. (Rs bn) |  |  | 30.3 | EPS growth (\%) | (65.8) | (195.8) | 129.7 |
| Shareholding pattern (\%) |  |  |  | P/E (X) | (59.6) | 62.2 | 27.1 |
| Promoters |  |  | 43.0 | Sales (Rs bn) | 2.8 | 3.9 | 5.0 |
| Flls |  |  | 23.1 | Net profits (Rs bn) | (0.5) | 0.5 | 1.1 |
| MFs |  |  | 3.3 | EBITDA (Rs bn) | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| Price performance (\%) | 1M | 3M | 12M | EV/EBITDA (X) | 30.2 | 20.1 | 13.3 |
| Absolute | 9.5 | 0.8 | 0.0 | ROE (\%) | (9.1) | 8.9 | 13.7 |
| Rel. to BSE-30 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 0.0 | Div. Yield (\%) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Strong volume growth continues; however, margin expansion remains below par
GPPL reported strong 3QCY11 revenues of Rs979 mn, up $21 \%$ yoy, about 5\% below our estimate. Growth was primarily led by very strong container volume growth (up 30\% yoy) and higher average realization (up 19\% yoy on favourable mix). Reported EBITDA margin of $46.1 \%$, up 280 bps yoy, was lower-than-expected on higher equipment hire and fuel charges. GPPL reported a net PAT of Rs133 mn for 3QCY11, versus a loss of Rs98 mn reported in 3QCY10.

Containers continue on strong growth path but see sharp dip in bulk partly on spillover to 2 Q

- Container - strong volume growth on addition of new lines. Container volumes at the port continued to record a strong volume growth, up 30\% yoy to 169,000 TEUs from 130,000 TEUs in 3QCY10. The container volume growth was led by addition of a new container service - added a new line, CIX Service (APL/OOCL), in the previous quarter (this is further to two new container services added in 1QCY11).
- Bulk - sharp dip in volumes partly on advance arrival of some volumes in 2 Q (versus 3 Q ). GPPL reported a sharp decline in bulk volumes both on a yoy (down 35\% yoy) as well as a sequential basis (down $42.6 \%$ qoq) primarily attributed to some customers advancing the volumes to the previous quarter versus 3QCY11. For 9MCY11, bulk volumes have recorded a moderate growth of $8.5 \%$ yoy. We believe that in the near future, container cargo would continue to drive volume growth while bulk would record only a moderate growth.

Marginally revise estimates and target price to Rs75/share; downgrade to REDUCE
We revise our estimates to Rs1.15 and Rs2.6 from Rs1.2 and Rs2.6 for CY2011E and CY2012E. Key changes in assumptions include (1) lower bulk cargo volume estimate in CY2011E (to 3.7 mn tons from 4.2 mn tons earlier), (2) lower EBITDA margin assumption for CY2011E based on lower-than-expected expansion in CY2011E so far - estimate full-year margin of $45.5 \%$ (versus $49.5 \%$ earlier), (3) lower interest cost for the year on repayment of Rs895 mn of loans and (4) marginally higher average realizations in CY2011E. We downgrade our rating to REDUCE (from ADD) with a TP of Rs75 (from Rs78) on recent outperformance and limited upside to our estimates.

OCTOBER 31, 2011
RESULT, CHANGE IN RECO.
Coverage view: Cautious
Price (Rs): 72
Target price (Rs): 75
BSE-30: 17,705

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Strong revenue growth primarily on higher realizations; volume declines yoy
GPPL reported strong 3QCY11 revenues of Rs979 mn, up $21 \%$ yoy from Rs808 mn in 3QCY10, about 5\% below our estimate. Growth was primarily led by very strong container volumes during the quarter (up 30\% yoy) and higher average realization (up 19\% yoy on favourable cargo mix). Bulk volumes recorded a sharp dip both on a yoy as well as sequential basis. Reported EBITDA margin of $46.1 \%$, up 280 bps yoy, was lower than our estimate (of about $47 \%$ ) as we had expected a strong expansion on volume rise (ports is a high fixed cost business). GPPL reported a net PAT of Rs133 mn for 3QCY11, versus a loss of Rs98 mn reported in 3QCY10.

For the nine months ending September 30, 2011, the company has reported revenues of Rs2. 8 bn, up 43\% yoy. EBITDA margin has expanded to $44 \%$ (from 37.8\%) leading to a net PAT of Rs303 mn in 9MCY11 versus a loss of Rs623 mn in 9MCY10.

GPPL - 3QCY11 - key numbers (Rs mn)


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

## EBITDA margin expansion remained below par on higher equipment hire and fuel charges

GPPL reported lower-than-expected EBITDA margin expansion to $46 \%$ in 3QCY11. This is against similar margin levels in 1QCY11, while volumes as well as revenues were up 17\% versus 1QCY11. The lower-than-expected margins were attributed to (1) additional equipment rental for increased container volumes in ICDs and (2) increased fuel costs (partly inflation-linked). We build in full-year EBITDA margin of about 45.5\% versus $44 \%$ recorded in 9MCY11.

Container continues on strong growth path; but sharp dip in bulk partly on spillover to 2Q

## Container business: Strong yoy volume growth continues

Container volumes at the port continued to record a strong volume growth, up 30\% yoy to 169,000 TEUs from 130,000 TEUs in 3QCY10. The container volume growth was led by addition of a new container service - added a new line, CIX Service (APL/OOCL), in the previous quarter (this is further to two new container services added in 1QCY11).

The management cited that the closure of JNPT port in 2QCY11 (was closed for 6 weeks for change of clearance systems) did not have any direct material impact on Pipavav's container volumes (either positive or negative). The strong volume pick-up at the port is more structural in nature and they expect this traction to continue.

Pipavav port quarterly and annual container volumes, December calendar year-ends, 2008-3QCY11


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Bulk business: Sharp dip in volumes partly driven by advance arrival of some volumes in 2Q (versus 3Q) partly

GPPL reported a sharp decline in bulk volumes both on a yoy (down 35\% yoy) as well as a sequential basis (down $42.6 \%$ qoq); reported bulk volumes of 0.78 mn tons versus 1.2 mn tons in 3QCY10. The sharp decline in volume was primarily attributed to some customers advancing the volumes to the previous quarter versus 3 QCY 11 . For the nine-month period, bulk volumes have recorded a moderate growth of $8.5 \%$ yoy to 2.8 mn tons from 2.6 mn tons in 9MCY10. We believe that in the near future, container cargo would continue to drive volume growth while bulk would record only a moderate growth. Note that the company is already operating at about $80-85 \%$ of its bulk capacity (of $4-5 \mathrm{MMT}$ ). The next quantum leap in bulk volumes are likely to come through only if certain key events (such as progress in upcoming power plant etc.) pan out.

Pipavav port quarterly and annual bulk cargo volumes, December calendar year-ends, 2008-3QCY11


Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Port has outperformed the sector in terms of volume growth
In 9MCY11, Pipavav port recorded a total cargo growth of $25 \%$. This is versus marginal growth of just 3\% for major ports in India. In the container segment, Pipavav port recorded growth of $35.8 \%$ yoy versus a yoy growth of $4.7 \%$ in the average container volumes handled at major ports.

Volumes handled at Pipavav port in 9MCY11 versus major ports of the country

Total cargo (MMT) Container ('000 TEUs) Total cargo (MMT) Container ('000 TEUs)

|  | 3QCY11 | 3QCY10 | \% chg. | 3QCY11 | 3QCY10 | \% chg. | 9MCY11 | 9MCY10 | \% chg. | 9MCY11 | 9MCY10 | \% chg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kolkata | 3.1 | 3.5 | (11.6) | 106 | 97 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.8 | (5.6) | 301 | 277 | 8.7 |
| Haldia | 8.3 | 9.0 | (8.4) | 33 | 37 | (10.8) | 26.4 | 25.3 | 4.2 | 109 | 109 | - |
| Paradip | 13.4 | 12.9 | 3.8 | 2 | 1 | 100.0 | 43.0 | 41.8 | 3.0 | 3 | 4 | NA |
| Visakhapatnam | 17.5 | 16.8 | 4.0 | 60 | 31 | 93.5 | 54.4 | 48.7 | 11.6 | 149 | 85 | 75.3 |
| Ennore | 3.4 | 2.4 | 40.6 | - | - | NA | 10.3 | 7.3 | 41.1 | - | - | NA |
| Chennai | 14.2 | 16.3 | (13.3) | 382 | 384 | (0.5) | 45.0 | 47.2 | (4.7) | 1,201 | 1,088 | 10.4 |
| Tuticorin | 6.8 | 6.3 | 9.3 | 122 | 115 | 6.1 | 21.3 | 18.4 | 16.1 | 366 | 347 | 5.5 |
| Cochin | 5.4 | 4.5 | 18.7 | 95 | 87 | 9.2 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 0.4 | 270 | 242 | 11.6 |
| New Mangalore | 7.5 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 11 | 9 | 22.2 | 24.0 | 23.6 | 1.7 | 33 | 29 | 13.8 |
| Mormugao | 4.3 | 5.0 | (13.1) | 4 | 3 | 33.3 | 34.0 | 35.3 | (3.8) | 14 | 9 | 55.6 |
| Mumbai | 13.1 | 13.2 | (0.7) | 17 | 19 | (10.5) | 40.6 | 41.5 | (2.4) | 48 | 54 | (11.1) |
| J.N.P.T | 15.9 | 14.9 | 6.8 | 1,066 | 1,019 | 4.6 | 48.6 | 46.9 | 3.6 | 3,214 | 3,214 |  |
| Kandla | 20.4 | 20.4 | 0.2 | 41 | 35 | 17.1 | 62.0 | 60.1 | 3.2 | 125 | 113 | 10.6 |
| Major ports | 133.2 | 132.2 | 0.8 | 1,939 | 1,837 | 5.6 | 433.0 | 420.1 | 3.1 | 5,833 | 5,571 | 4.7 |
| Pipavav | 2.8 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 169 | 130 | 29.7 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 24.9 | 440 | 324 | 35.8 |

[^30]Has already met PRCL's minimum guaranteed volumes for FY2012E
GPPL management cited a $78 \%$ increase in the number of rakes handled at the port and an $86 \%$ yoy increase in MMT terms. The company has already met the FY2012E minimum guaranteed volumes of 3 mn tons to PRCL in the past two quarters itself (June-end and Sept-end).

Revise estimates primarily on lower bulk volumes and EBITDA margins
We have revised our estimates to Rs1.15 and Rs2.6 from Rs1.2 and Rs2.6 for CY2011E and CY2012E, respectively. Key changes in assumptions include (1) lower bulk cargo volume estimate in CY2011E (to 3.7 mn tons from 4.2 mn tons earlier), (2) lower EBITDA margin assumption for CY2011E based on lower-than-expected expansion in CY2011E so far estimate full-year margin of $45.5 \%$ (versus $49.5 \%$ earlier), (3) lower interest cost for the year on repayment of Rs895 mn of loans and (4) marginally higher average realizations in CY2011E.

Estimates build in continued strong performance in 4QCY11 as well
Our full-year estimates imply a revenue growth requirement of 20\% yoy in 4QCY11 (to Rs1 bn) primarily driven by volume growth ( $20 \%$ for containers and 16-17\% for bulk). Our fullyear EBITDA assumption of $45.5 \%$ implies a strong margin expansion (both yoy as well as sequentially) to $49 \%$ in 4QCY11 (versus 44\% recorded in 9MCY11). We expect the company to record a net PAT of Rs487 mn in CY2011E, implying a net PAT of Rs184 mn in 4QCY11 (versus Rs111 mn in 4QCY10 and Rs133 mn in 3QCY11).

GPPL-4QCY11E - implied key numbers (Rs mn)

|  | 9MCY11 | 9MCY10 | \% change | 4QCY11E-implied | 4QCY10 | \% chg. | CY2011E | CY2010 | \% change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net operating income | 2,809 | 1,964 | 43.0 | 1,049 | 875 | 19.9 | 3,858 | 2,839 | 35.9 |
| Total expenditure | $(1,566)$ | $(1,222)$ | 28.2 | (535) | (491) | 9.0 | $(2,101)$ | $(1,713)$ | 22.7 |
| Operating expenses | $(1,099)$ | (809) | 35.8 | (395) | (331) | 19.3 | $(1,494)$ | $(1,140)$ | 31.0 |
| Employee costs | (260) | (196) | 32.7 | (66) | (73) | (8.9) | (326) | (269) | 21.4 |
| Admin and other exp. | (207) | (216) | (4.3) | (74) | (87) | (15.1) | (281) | (304) | (7.4) |
| EBITDA | 1,243 | 743 | 67.4 | 514 | 384 | 33.9 | 1,757 | 1,126 | 56.0 |
| Other income | 101 | 94 | 6.6 | 18 | 31 | (41.4) | 119 | 126 | (5.4) |
| PBDIT | 1,344 | 837 | 60.5 | 532 | 415 | 28.2 | 1,876 | 1,252 | 49.8 |
| Interest expense | (644) | $(1,096)$ | (41.2) | (204) | (176) | 16.0 | (848) | $(1,271)$ | (33.3) |
| Depreciation | (397) | (365) | 8.8 | (144) | (128) | 12.5 | (541) | (493) | 9.8 |
| PBT | 303 | (623) | NA | 184 | 111 | 65.5 | 487 | (512) | NA |
| Tax expense | - | - | NA | - | - |  | - | - | NA |
| PAT | 303 | (623) | NA | 184 | 111 | 65.5 | 487 | (512) | NA |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Key ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating exp./sales | 39.1 | 41.2 |  | 37.6 | 37.9 |  | 38.7 | 40.2 |  |
| Employee costs/sales | 9.3 | 10.0 |  | 6.3 | 8.3 |  | 8.5 | 9.5 |  |
| Admin and other exp./sales | 7.4 | 11.0 |  | 7.1 | 10.0 |  | 7.3 | 10.7 |  |
| EBITDA margin | 44.2 | 37.8 |  | 49.0 | 43.9 |  | 45.5 | 39.7 |  |
| PBT margin | 10.8 | (31.7) |  | 17.6 | 12.7 |  | 12.6 | (18.0) |  |
| PAT margin | 10.8 | (31.7) |  | 17.6 | 12.7 |  | 12.6 | (18.0) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volumes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bulk ('000 tons) | 2,790 | 2,571 | 8.5 | 900 | 770 | 16.9 | 3,690 | 3,341 | 10.4 |
| Container ('000 TEUs) | 440 | 324 | 35.8 | 170 | 142 | 19.6 | 610 | 466 | 30.9 |
| Total ('000 tons) | 8,068 | 6,457 | 24.9 | 2,942 | 2,477 | 18.7 | 11,010 | 8,935 | 23.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. realization (Rs/ton) | 348 | 304 | 14.4 | 357 | 353 | 1.0 | 350 | 318 | 10.3 |

[^31]Downgrade to REDUCE with a SOTP-based revised target price to Rs75/share
We have correspondingly revised our target price to Rs75/share (from Rs78 earlier). The target price of Rs75/share is comprised of (1) Rs65/share for the core port business (FCFE valuation), (2) Rs2.6/share for its with Pipavav Rail Corporation Ltd (PRCL, 1.5X book value) and (3) Rs6.4 from 50\% of the calculated depreciated replacement value receivable at the end of the concession period.

SOTP-based target price of Rs75/share
Sum-Of-Total-Parts valuation of GPPL

|  | Value | Stake | GPPL stake value | $\underline{\text { Per share }}$ | Method of valuation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Rs bn) | (\%) | (Rs bn) | (Rs) |  |
| Pipavav port | 27,696 | 100 | 27,696 | 65.4 | 1-year forward FCFE valuation |
| Pipavav Rail Corporation Ltd (PRCL) | 2,940 | 38 | 1,117 | 2.6 | 1.5X book value |
| DRV/ extension of concession agreement | 2,884 | 100 | 2,884 | 6.8 | 50\% of calculated DRV/ agreement extn |
| Total value for GPPL | 33,520 |  | 31,698 | 75 |  |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

We downgrade our rating to the company to REDUCE (from ADD earlier) as (1) stock outperformance leaves limited upside, (2) trading at relatively expensive valuation of 13X CY2013E EV/EBITDA, and (3) limited potential for upside to strong near-term as well as long-term estimates.

Profit, balance sheet and cash model of GPPL, December calendar year ends, 2009-15E (Rs mn)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011E | 2012E | 2013E | 2014E | 2015E | Strong FY2010-12E revenue CAGR of $32 \%$ led by container volume growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit model |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 2,207 | 2,839 | 3,858 | 4,979 | 6,147 | 7,354 | 8,122 |  |
| Total operating costs | $(1,831)$ | $(1,665)$ | $(2,101)$ | $(2,360)$ | $(2,737)$ | $(3,220)$ | $(3,722)$ |  |
| EBITDA | 376 | 1,174 | 1,757 | 2,619 | 3,411 | 4,134 | 4,400 | Operating leverage-led margin expansion; port business (esp. containers) has high proportion of fixed costs |
| EBITDA margin (\%) | 17.0 | 41.3 | 45.5 | 52.6 | 55.5 | 56.2 | 54.2 |  |
| Other income | 133 | 81 | 119 | 63 | 56 | 51 | 71 |  |
| Financial charges | $(1,157)$ | $(1,271)$ | (848) | (739) | (689) | (647) | (577) |  |
| Depreciation | (458) | (493) | (541) | (603) | (681) | (775) | (852) |  |
| Pre-tax profit | $(1,105)$ | (509) | 487 | 1,340 | 2,097 | 2,763 | 3,042 |  |
| Taxation | (1) | - | - | (221) | (418) | (551) | (606) | Lower interest cost on debt repayment from IPO proceeds |
| Adjusted PAT | $(1,106)$ | (547) | 487 | 1,119 | 1,679 | 2,213 | 2,436 |  |
| EPS (Rs) | (3.5) | (1.3) | 1.15 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 5.8 |  |
| Balance sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholders' funds | 3,111 | 7,359 | 7,846 | 8,965 | 10,644 | 12,857 | 15,292 |  |
| Equity share capital | 3,149 | 4,236 | 4,236 | 4,236 | 4,236 | 4,236 | 4,236 |  |
| Reserves and surplus | (38) | 3,123 | 3,610 | 4,730 | 6,408 | 8,621 | 11,057 | Lower balance sheet leverage post recent IPO |
| Loan funds | 10,891 | 7,973 | 6,759 | 6,669 | 6,459 | 5,859 | 5,139 |  |
| Total sources of funds | 14,002 | 15,332 | 14,605 | 15,635 | 17,103 | 18,716 | 20,432 |  |
| Total fixed assets | 12,986 | 12,907 | 13,143 | 13,769 | 15,695 | 16,754 | 18,178 |  |
| Investments | 830 | 830 | 830 | 830 | 830 | 830 | 830 |  |
| Cash and bank balances | 798 | 1,949 | 854 | 1,240 | 790 | 1,261 | 1,585 |  |
| Net current assets excl. cash | (612) | (354) | (221) | (204) | (212) | (129) | (161) |  |
| Total application of funds | 14,002 | 15,332 | 14,605 | 15,635 | 17,103 | 18,716 | 20,432 |  |

Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates


#### Abstract

USD/INR—worsening fundamentals to weigh on the Rupee. The rapidity with which the USD/INR has depreciated over the past 2 months has been surprising. More recent trends in the Indian Rupee indicate that the domestic currency continues to react strongly to negative news flows, while moving only modestly to positive news. We expect the ongoing global uncertainty as well as worsening domestic growth fundamentals to weigh on the Rupee in the coming year. The USD/INR is likely to trade in the 48.00-51.00 range in 2HFY12E, averaging 49.25 during this time. We expect USD/INR to remain under pressure and average 49.75 in FY2013E.


Rupee lags behind its Asian peers
The Indian Rupee has been the worst performer within the Asian currency block, depreciating by a sharp $11.7 \%$ since August. To an extent, the domestic unit's weakness is a result of safe-haven flows into the Dollar. The greenback has gained sharply during this time on its safe-haven appeal, as first global growth slowdown fears and then Greek default worries led to the heightened risk aversion. To add to the weak global cues, the deteriorating domestic fundamentals further accentuated the upward move in USD/INR. Besides the fragile global risk appetite, concerns of a hard landing for the Indian economy have affected capital inflows. This together with importrelated Dollar demand created a cash Dollar shortage in the onshore FX market, and pushed USD/INR above the 50.00 levels.

Domestic fundamentals to remain weak in the coming year
In FY2011, the Indian economy was hailed for its resilience and strong domestic fundamentals. However, FY2012E is turning out to be a completely different story for the Indian economy. The lack of progress on key reforms, the numerous scams and a worsening fiscal-monetary policy mix have dented the confidence in the Indian economy. We do not expect the policy environment in India to improve materially in the coming year. We believe that FY2013E could continue to be a challenging year for the Indian economy. This would manifest itself in lower capital inflows and a depreciated currency as confidence in the Indian economy remains poor.

Balance of payments risks shifting to the capital account
In FY2012E, we expect the current account deficit to remain in excess of $3 \%$ of GDP as a weaker Rupee drives up the import bill while exports lose their shine on waning global demand. On the capital account side, both pull and push factors appear to be missing given the deteriorating domestic and global fundamentals. We expect the overall balance of payments for FY2012E at US $\$ 4.5$ bn. We do not expect any drastic change in BoP dynamics in FY2013E, and expect the overall surplus on the BoP at US $\$ 6.7$ bn in FY2013E. The modest BoP surplus would manifest itself in a locked range for USD/INR with limited scope of any appreciation.

Dollar to gain from its safe-haven appeal
The EU Summit on October 26, 2011 addressed some of the key issues facing the Euro zone, but fell short on details. While the Euro bounced off sharply following the Summit, we expect these gains to be temporary. Going forward, we expect the Euro to come under renewed pressure on narrowing interest rate differentials. ECB will have to cut its policy rate down the road as the current sovereign debt crisis and the risk of a banking crisis pose the risk of a mild recession in the region. In the last ECB policy review, some ECB governing council members were in favor of a rate cut. Additionally, we do not expect the latest measures to be a panacea for the ongoing sovereign debt problems in the region. Thus sovereign and banking sector stress would be another source of weakness for the Euro. We expect EUR/USD to head lower and average 1.32 in 2HFY12E.

## QUICK NUMBERS

- USD/INR to remain under pressure, average 49.25 in 2HFY12E and 49.75 in FY2013E
- BoP to see modest surplus in FY2012E and FY2013E; risks on the capital account increasing
- Dollar to gain on safe-haven appeal as Euro sovereign and banking sectorrelated stresses to persist

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## Indian Rupee-worsening fundamentals to weigh on the currency

Since our last currency report on September 22 ('INR could witness further depreciation bias'), the Indian Rupee has definitely shown depreciation bias with negative global news and also in line with the global FX trends during these times. However, it has significantly failed to show any bias for appreciation in situations of improving risk environment and a consequent depreciation of the USD. In light of this, it is becoming more apparent that besides the global uncertainty, which has and will continue to play a major role in determining INR trends, the worsening domestic growth fundamentals have also been weighing on the domestic currency.

We expect that the bias for Dollar appreciation as a safe-haven currency and also due to ECB rate cuts is building up strongly. This and headwinds from the weakening domestic fundamentals are expected to keep the USD/INR on a depreciation bias. We thus expect USD/INR to trade in the 48.00-51.00 range in 2HFY12E. Further, we expect the USD/INR to remain under pressure in FY2013E and average 49.75 for the year.

We had highlighted in the September 22 comment the possibility of USD/INR breaching the 50.00 mark in the near term and thereafter testing the previous high of 52.20 . Our view has played out as USD/INR touched an intra-day high of 50.32 on October 21, 2011 before ending the day at 50.03 . However, at the time of our last report, we were also of the view that this upside to USD/INR would prove to be temporary and USD/INR would eventually settle in the 46.00-49.00 range in 2HFY12E. This was based on our expectations that Greece default concerns would ease boosting global risk appetite.

Exhibit 1: We expect USD/INR to average 47.27 in FY2012E and remain under pressure in FY2013E averaging 49.75
Quarterly estimates of USD/INR (average), March fiscal year-ends

|  | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 1QFY11 | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 | 2QFY12 | 3QFY12E | 4QFY12E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average Rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| USD/INR | 47.41 | 45.57 | 47.27 | 49.75 | 45.68 | 46.51 | 44.85 | 45.26 | 44.74 | 45.78 | 49.50 | 49.00 |
| EUR/USD | 1.41 | 1.32 | 1.38 | 1.28 | 1.27 | 1.29 | 1.36 | 1.37 | 1.44 | 1.41 | 1.35 | 1.30 |
| GBP/USD | 1.60 | 1.56 | 1.59 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.55 | 1.58 | 1.60 | 1.63 | 1.61 | 1.57 | 1.53 |
| USD/JPY | 92.88 | 85.66 | 78.13 | 77.50 | 92.1 | 85.8 | 82.6 | 82.3 | 81.6 | 77.7 | 76.3 | 77.0 |
| Average depreciation (-)/appreciation (+) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| USD/INR | (3.0) | 3.9 | (3.7) | (5.3) | 0.5 | (1.8) | 3.6 | (0.9) | 1.2 | (2.3) | (8.1) | 1.0 |
| EUR/USD | (0.7) | (6.4) | 4.0 | (7.0) | (8.0) | 1.6 | 5.0 | 0.9 | 5.1 | (1.9) | (4.5) | (3.7) |
| GBP/USD | (7.1) | (2.5) | 1.9 | (6.0) | (4.3) | 3.9 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.8 | (1.3) | (2.5) | (2.5) |
| USD/JPY | 6.2 | 7.8 | 8.8 | 0.8 | (1.5) | 6.8 | 3.8 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 4.8 | 1.9 | (1.0) |

Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research estimates

## USD/INR move—a rewind

The Indian Rupee has been the worst performer within the Asian currency block, depreciating by a sharp $11.7 \%$ since August with the swiftness and the rapidity of the depreciation especially surprising. The Rupee weakness in early August was largely in line with the trends in the global FX markets, as first the US debt ceiling impasse and then the US downgrade led to a marked deterioration in risk appetite. With investors flocking into safe-haven assets such as Dollar, Swiss Franc and Yen, emerging market asset classes declined, and their currencies weakened.

In the latter part of August, INR depreciated sharply, in contrast to the appreciation trends in the other Asian currencies. This was in part due to the bunching up of Dollar demand in relation to the Iran oil payments. Thus, despite the rally in domestic equities as also global Dollar weakness during this time, the Rupee remained under pressure. Though it was anticipated that as this demand eases out, USD/INR would return to its earlier levels, the domestic currency pair not only remained at elevated levels but headed further north. The sustenance of this upward pressure on USD/INR came after a key support level (45.80) was broken, also coinciding with news of Dollar demand by Indian corporate in onshore market.

Since the beginning of September, the trends in the Indian Rupee have fallen in line with those in the global FX markets. Fears of a Greece default came back on the radar after the country missed its deficit target and put to jeopardy the release of the EU/IMF bailout tranche. However, Rupee moves have been more exaggerated, as INR depreciated sharply on negative news flows but appreciated only modestly on positive news flows. This was possibly on account of deteriorating domestic fundamentals, and concerns of a sharp slowdown and a brewing fiscal problem, which pushed USD/INR above the 50.00 levels.

Exhibit 2: The Indian Rupee has lagged behind the Asian peers
Currency returns against the USD (August 2011 till date), \%


Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research

## Waning domestic fundamentals a risk for USD/INR

In FY2012E confidence in the Indian economy has been waning. Initially, scams and corruption issues dented sentiment. Further, the lack of progress on key reforms and a worsening fiscal-monetary policy mix have dented the confidence in the Indian economy and led to fears of a hard landing. We do not expect the policy environment in India to improve in any material fashion in the coming year. Even as the domestic policy interest rates have peaked, a downward trend looks unlikely until mid-FY2013E as we expect inflation to remain above RBI's comfort zone (4-6\%) until then. Additionally, progress on fiscal consolidation is likely to be far from desirable, as we do not expect any progress on key reforms such as the GST and administered fuel prices deregulation. All this could manifest in lower capital inflows and a depreciated currency as confidence in the Indian economy remains poor.

Balance of payments to be in surplus but risks shifting to the capital account

In our view, the overall balance of payments trends in FY2012E are also unlikely to be supportive of the domestic currency. In 1QFY12, capital inflows were healthy at US\$20.9 bn, which after covering the US $\$ 14.2$ bn deficit on the current account, led to a US\$5.4 bn surplus on the BoP. However, we do not expect the remaining quarters of FY2012E to show significant strengths on the capital flows, thereby leading to a bias for the USD/INR to depreciate.

India's merchandise trade deficit has widened from an average of US\$10.5 bn in 1QFY12 to US\$11.6 bn in 2QFY12 as per DGCI\&S data. However, Fll inflows have slowed, with total flows since July at US\$1.5 bn against US\$1.8 bn in 1QFY12. Given the heightened risk aversion from August onwards and the Dollar shortage in the domestic FX market, it is quite likely that capital inflows from other sources have also been subdued during this period.

Exhibit 3: The widening of the monthly basic balance has exerted upward pressure on USD/INR Adjusted Basic balance (net FII + trade deficit), (US\$ bn, LHS); USD/INR (RHS)


Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research

In the remaining of FY2012E, we expect the recent strong momentum in exports to give way as global demand weakens. There is already evidence of this, with monthly merchandise exports coming down to US\$24.9 bn in September 2011 from around US\$29 bn in June-July 2011. Further, the close to $12.6 \%$ depreciation in INR on a FYTD basis is likely to drive up the import bill. We thus see the trade balance widen to $8.3 \%$ of GDP in FY2012E from $7.6 \%$ of GDP in FY2011. On the capital account side, both pull and push factors appear to be missing given the deteriorating domestic and global fundamentals. We expect the overall balance of payments for FY2012E at US $\$ 4.5$ bn. In FY2013E, we expect the BoP to exhibit more or less similar trends and look for the total surplus on the BoP at US\$6.7 bn.

The risks to the BoP for FY2013E, in our view, are mainly on the capital account. This is a marked departure from FY2012E where the risks were mainly concentrated on the current account in the form of a widening trade gap on account of rising crude oil prices. Going forward, there is no clarity on the effectiveness of the current policy directions to save Greece from defaulting. In the event of a default, the risk aversion is likely to aggravate significantly, leading to safe-haven demand for USD. The other risk could be in the form of lower FDI and ECB, mainly due to the waning fundamentals of the domestic and global economy.

Exhibit 4: CAD/GDP likely to widen to above 3\%; funding CAD could become a concern as risks increasingly emerging on capital flows Components of balance of payments, March fiscal year-ends (in US\$ bn)

|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | 1QFY11 | 2QFY11 | 3QFY11 | 4QFY11 | 1QFY12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current account | (27.9) | (38.4) | (44.3) | (61.0) | (52.3) | (12.1) | (16.8) | (10.0) | (5.4) | (14.2) |
| GDP | 1,218 | 1,381 | 1,727 | 1,931 | 2,092 | 388 | 396 | 476 | 474 | 461 |
| CAD/GDP (\%) | (2.3) | (2.8) | (2.6) | (3.2) | (2.5) | (3.1) | (4.2) | (2.1) | (1.1) | (3.1) |
| Trade balance | (119.5) | (118.4) | (130.6) | (160.0) | (159.3) | (31.9) | (37.3) | (31.5) | (29.9) | (35.5) |
| Trade balance/GDP (\%) | (9.8) | (8.6) | (7.6) | (8.3) | (7.6) | (8.2) | (9.4) | (6.6) | (6.3) | (7.7) |
| - Exports | 189 | 182 | 250 | 319 | 367 | 55 | 52 | 66 | 77 | 80.6 |
| - Imports | 309 | 301 | 381 | 479 | 526 | 87 | 89 | 97 | 107 | 116.1 |
| o/w Oil imports | 94 | 87 | 101 | 148 | 136 | 26 | 22 | 24 | 29 | 31 |
| o/w Non-oil imports | 215 | 213 | 280 | 331 | 391 | 62 | 67 | 74 | 78 | 86 |
| Invisibles (net) | 92 | 80 | 86 | 99 | 107 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 24 | 21.3 |
| - Services | 54 | 36 | 48 | 57 | 64 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 15 | 12.1 |
| o/w Software | 44 | 48 | 57 | 65 | 72 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 17 | 14.2 |
| o/w Non-software | 10.2 | (12.5) | (9.1) | (8.0) | (8.0) | (3.0) | (0.9) | (3.1) | (2.2) | (2.1) |
| - Transfers | 45 | 52 | 53 | 55 | 57 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 13.6 |
| - Other invisibles | (7.1) | (8.0) | (15) | (13.0) | (14.0) | (2.9) | (4.2) | (4.0) | (3.9) | (4.3) |
| Capital account | 6.8 | 53.4 | 59.8 | 68.5 | 59.0 | 16.8 | 21.4 | 13.4 | 8.2 | 20.9 |
| \% of GDP | 0.6 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 4.5 |
| Foreign investment | 5.8 | 51.2 | 37.4 | 29.5 | 27.0 | 7.5 | 22.2 | 6.9 | 0.8 | 9.7 |
| - FDI | 19.8 | 18.8 | 7.1 | 20.0 | 15.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 7.2 |
| - FII | (15.0) | 29.0 | 28.2 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 3.5 | 18.7 | 6.1 | (0.0) | 2.3 |
| - ADRs/GDRs | 1.2 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Banking capital | (3.2) | 2.1 | 5.0 | 16.0 | 6.0 | 4.0 | (3.2) | 4.9 | (0.8) | 12.7 |
| - NRI deposits | 4.3 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 1.2 |
| Short-term credit | (2.0) | 7.6 | 11.0 | 13.0 | 11.0 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 3.1 |
| ECBs | 7.9 | 2.8 | 11.9 | 15.0 | 12.0 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 2.9 |
| External assistance | 2.4 | 2.9 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| Other capital account items | (4.1) | (13.1) | (10.4) | (8.0) | 0.0 | (3.8) | (4.3) | (4.8) | 2.4 | (7.8) |
| E\&O | 1.1 | (1.6) | (2.4) | (3.0) | 0.0 | (0.9) | (1.3) | 0.6 | (0.8) | (1.3) |
| Overall balance | (20.1) | 13.4 | 13.1 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 5.4 |
| memo items: |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average exchange rate (US\$/Rs) | 45.82 | 47.41 | 45.63 | 47.27 | 49.75 | 45.68 | 46.51 | 44.85 | 45.25 | 44.74 |
| Average Indian crude (US\$/bbl) | 84.0 | 70.0 | 85.1 | 110.0 | 100.0 | 78.3 | 74.9 | 85.3 | 102.0 | 112.7 |

Source: RBI, Kotak Economic Research estimates

## Dollar to show appreciation bias as global uncertainties persist

At the time of our last currency note, beginning July, we were bullish on the Euro despite the lurking sovereign risks as we viewed the interest rate differentials to favor the common currency. The ECB had signaled an exit from its crisis-level interest rates in response to the increasing inflationary pressures in the region, while the Fed maintained its zero interest rate policy stance in view of the fledgling recovery. Moreover, we expected that European policymakers would take the necessary steps to prevent sovereign tail risks from materializing, thereby making interest rate differentials as the key driver of global FX markets.

Since the beginning of August, the Dollar has appreciated sharply, benefiting from its safehaven status. To begin with, the heightened risk aversion was a result of renewed global slowdown and recession fears after economic indicators, particularly from the US, deteriorated sharply. The risk-off mode continued as the European sovereign debt crisis escalated and threatened to spread to the bigger Euro-zone member states such as Italy, and risks of a Greece default increased. Thus, EUR/USD tumbled from around 1.43-1.44 levels at the beginning of August to a low of 1.31-1.32 at the beginning of October, a decline of more than $8.0 \%$.

Exhibit 5: INR is likely to weaken on the back of Euro weakness
3-month rolling correlation of EUR/USD and USD/INR


Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research

Financial markets have been in a euphoric mode after the EU Summit on October 26, 2011 delivered a comprehensive plan to address the sovereign crisis (see below for details). The Euro in response to these announcements (see below for details) bounced off sharply and touched a high of 1.4247 , before settling at 1.4150 . We, however, believe that these gains could prove to be temporary and the Euro could come under renewed pressure going forward.

Our Euro bearish view is based on our expectation of an ECB rate cut down the road. Economic activity in the Euro area had already been decelerating; the ongoing sovereign debt crisis and the risk of a banking crisis have increased the risk of a mild recession in the region. In fact, in the October policy review, the ECB softened its stance on inflation and instead highlighted the growth risks. Additionally, the decision to hold interest rates at $1.50 \%$ was a consensus decision (not unanimous), implying that some ECB governing council members were in favor of a rate cut in the October meeting itself.

We thus expect the ECB to lower its policy interest rates from the current $1.50 \%$ in the coming months. An eventual reversal in ECB policy stance will turn interest rate differentials against the Euro and weigh on the common currency. We thus expect EUR/USD to head lower and average 1.32 in 2HFY12E.

Additionally, we do not expect the latest measures agreed upon by European policymakers to be a panacea for the ongoing sovereign debt problems in the region. We expect Europe to remain a source of volatility for the global financial markets and global economy in the foreseeable future, and impart news-based and data-based volatility. This would be another source of weakness for the Euro in the coming months.

Exhibit 6: Rate cut by the ECB may see Euro under pressure on narrowing interest rate differentials EU-US 2-year bond spread (bps, LHS); EUR/USD (RHS)


Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research

## EU Summit falls short on details

The EU Summit has addressed some of the most pressing issues of the ongoing European crisis. However, the Summit was strong on intent, but fell short on details. The proposed measures are sketchy and it would take time to work out the fine print. Additionally, there is little clarity on the timeline for the implementation of some of these measures. Some of the highlights at the Summit were

- To improve the debt sustainability of Greek debt, EU leaders proposed to increase haircut on Greek debt to 50\% (against the 21\% agreed upon in July 2011). The debt restructuring would be voluntary in nature in order to avoid triggering CDS-related payments. As per the officials, the higher haircut would help to reduce the Greek debt to around $120 \%$ of GDP by 2020 from around $143 \%$ in CY2010 (gross debt/GDP is expected to peak at 189\% in CY2012 as per IMF estimates).
- There is a possibility that the actual participation in the Greek debt restructuring is lower than that envisaged currently. As a result, the $120 \%$ of debt/GDP target by 2020 may not be achieved.
- Greece could be provided with additional aid by EU/IMF of EUR100 bn until 2014, which would include the cost of refinancing Greek banks. The new bailout package would be finalized before the end of the year.
- The EFSF would be leveraged by around 4-5 times, which would increase the EFSF's firepower to around EUR1 tn. This would be done by (1) providing credit enhancements to the new debt issued by the Euro-zone member states (would help to reduce the borrowing costs) and (2) increasing the funding arrangements through a combination of resources from public and private financial institutions and investors via SPVs (would boost the EFSF's capacity to extend loans, recapitalize banks and purchase bonds in the primary and secondary market).
- The plan to leverage the EFSF is dependent on investment by private investors and financial institutions. However, there is no clarity on how much private investor and funds are ready to commit.
- Banks are required to boost their capital ratios to $9.0 \%$ and take into account the market valuation of sovereign debt exposures, both as of September 30, 2011. Banks are expected to achieve this by June 30, 2012. As per EBA estimates, the European banks would require approximately EUR106 bn to meet this requirement. The additional capital requirement would first have to be met through private sources. In case this proves to be insufficient, national governments can provide the requisite support and if this means is also not available, the recapitalization can be funded via loans from the EFSF.
- The recapitalization process could push banks to deleverage, which would lower the supply of credit and further impede the recovery

Despite the recent proposals, the road ahead for Europe is still fraught with several risks and challenges. To begin with, even if Greece is successful in reducing its debt to GDP to 120\% by 2020, this is still very high and it does not guarantee a return to a sustainable debt trajectory. The deepening recession and severe austerity measures imposed on Greece as a part of the bailout agreement have seen Greece miss its deficit targets in the past, and these factors could create obstacles in the future as well. Additionally, the Euro-zone economy is decelerating, including the core economies of Germany and France. However, the slowdown notwithstanding, governments across the region are being compelled to undertake fiscal austerity to rein in the ballooning budget deficits. This could put growth under further pressure and risks tipping some of the member states into a recession. This is especially true of the periphery economies such as Greece where the burden of fiscal austerity is deepening the recession, which in turn is worsening the fiscal balances.

Exhibit 7: Peripheral bond markets are experiencing stress... Spread over 10-year German bund (in bps)


Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research

Exhibit 8: ...and has spilled over to the banking sector as well 3-month EURIBOR/OIS spread (bps)


[^32]| September 2011: Results calendar |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Sat |
| 31-Oct | 1-Nov | 2-Nov | 3-Nov | 4-Nov | 5-Nov |
|  | ACC | Allahabad Bank | Ashok Leyland | Apollo Hospital Enterprises | Carborudum Universal |
|  | Aditya Birla Nuvo | Andhra Bank | Jubilant foodworks | Bharti Airtel | City Union Bank |
|  | Ambuja Cements | Hindustan Motors | Manappuram Finance | Glaxosmithkline Consumers | India Infoline |
|  | Bajaj Electricals | Karur Vysya Bank | Prestige Estates | Glaxosmithkline Pharmaceuticals | Motherson Sumi |
|  | Central Bank of India | L\&T Finance Holding | SAIL | Marico | MTNL |
|  | Divi's Laboratories | Onmobile Global | SunTV Network | ONGC |  |
|  | Essar Oil | Piramal Life Sciences | Tata Teleservices |  |  |
|  | HPCL | Taj GVK Hotels \& Resorts | TVS Motor Co. |  |  |
|  | Jubilant Life Sciences | Uflex | Welspun Corp |  |  |
|  | Punjab National Bank |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rolta India |  |  |  |  |
| 7-Nov | 8-Nov | 9-Nov | 10-Nov | 11-Nov | 12-Nov |
| Future Capital Holding | Aban Offshore | Ansal Properties \& Infra | Cadila Healthcare | Adani Power | Bharati Shipyard |
| Jain Irrigation | ABB | Apollo Tyres | Cummins | Anant Raj Industries | Coal India |
| Madras Cement | Aurobindo Pharma | Bharat Forge | GVK Power \& Infra | Dishman Pharma | DB Realty |
| Parsvnath Developers | Bank of India | CESC | Hindalco Industries | Jet Airways | REC |
| Punj Llyod | Bosch | Glenmark Pharmaceuticals | IRB Infrastructure Developers | JK Cement | Shipping Corp of India |
| SKS Microfinance | Firstsource Solutions | GMR Infra | Pantaloon Retail | Lanco Infratech |  |
| United Spirits | Godrej Industries | IOCL | Shree Cements | MOIL |  |
|  | IDFC | JSW Energy | Tata Steel | Mundra Port \& SEZ |  |
|  | Reliance Power | Jyothy Laboratories | Tecpro Systems | Nitesh Estates |  |
|  |  | Keynote Corporate Services | VA Tech Wabag | REI Agro |  |
|  |  | Lupin |  | Tata Chemicals |  |
|  |  | Power Finance Corp |  |  |  |
|  |  | Ranbaxy Laboratories |  |  |  |
|  |  | Tata Communications |  |  |  |
|  |  | Voltas |  |  |  |
| 14-Nov | 15-Nov |  |  |  |  |
| Adani Enterprises | Tata Power |  |  |  |  |
| Aventis Pharma |  |  |  |  |  |
| BGR Energy Systems |  |  |  |  |  |
| GSPL |  |  |  |  |  |
| India Cements |  |  |  |  |  |
| LIC Housing Finance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mahindra \& Mahindra |  |  |  |  |  |
| Money Matters Financial Services |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oil India |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tata Motors |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: BSE, NSE, Kotak Institutional Equities

| Kotak Institutional Equities: Valuation summary of key Indian companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{31-\text { Oct-11 }}{\text { Price (Rs) }}$ | Rating | mkt cap. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { o/s } \\ \frac{\text { shares }}{} \\ \hline(m \mathrm{~m}) \end{gathered} .$ | Eps (RS) |  |  | EPS growth (\%) |  |  | PER(X) |  |  | Ev/EbITDA ( $x$ ) |  |  | Price/sv (x) |  |  | Dividend yield (\%) |  |  | RoE (\%) |  |  | Target price | Upside | $\frac{\text { ADVT-3mo }}{\text { (USs mn) }}$ |
| Automobiles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apolo Tyres | 58 | BuY | 29,036 | 596 | 504 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 9.7 | (26.1) | (13.7) | 28.5 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 20.1 | 14.7 | 16.3 | 85 | 47.6 | 3.6 |
| Astok Leyland | 27 | SEL | 72,770 | 1,994 | 2.661 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 68.1 | (11.9) | 12.8 | 11.5 | 13.1 | 11.6 | 7.9 | 8.3 | 7.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 21.8 | 17.4 | 18.2 | 26 | (4.9) | 3.4 |
| Bajij Auto | 1,730 | SELI | 500,633 | 10,281 | 289 | 90.4 | 109.2 | 119.0 | 43.9 | 20.8 | 9.0 | 19.1 | 15.8 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 12.3 | 11.3 | 10.1 | 7.4 | 5.7 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 84.9 | 54.1 | 44.2 | 1,665 | (3.8) | 16.6 |
| Bharat forge | 299 | ADD | 71,024 | 1,459 | 237 | 12.5 | 16.0 | 20.2 | 1.402.1 | 27.9 | 25.8 | 23.9 | 18.7 | 14.8 | 11.1 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.1 | - | - | 8.2 | 14.0 | 15.1 | 320 | 6.9 | 3 |
| Exide Industries | 121 | SELI | 103,220 | 2,116 | 850 | 7.5 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 18.0 | (39.5) | 35.6 | 16.3 | 26.9 | 19.8 | 11.7 | 18.0 | 13.7 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 25.5 | 13.4 | 16.3 | 100 | (17.5) | 6.9 |
| Hero Motocarp | 2,181 | SELI | 435,616 | 8,946 | 200 | 99.3 | 12.5 | 135.4 | (11.1) | 21.3 | 12.4 | 22.0 | 18.1 | 16.1 | 14.7 | 13.2 | 11.1 | 9.3 | 8.0 | 6.7 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 56.5 | 67.0 | 60.0 | 1,900 | (12.9) | 24.5 |
| Mahindra M Matindra | 865 | ADD | 531,325 | 10,911 | 614 | 41.7 | 46.9 | 52.2 | 22.7 | 12.5 | 11.2 | 20.7 | 18.4 | 16.6 | 15.8 | 13.4 | 11.9 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 27.3 | 24.5 | 22.6 | 900 | 4.0 | 34.5 |
| Marut Suzuki | 1.125 | ADD | 325,099 | 6,676 | 289 | 79.2 | 60.3 | 90.5 | (8.4) | (23.9) | 50.1 | 14.2 | 18.7 | 12.4 | 8.8 | 11.8 | 7.0 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 17.6 | 11.8 | 15.7 | 1,240 | 10.2 | 16.6 |
| Tata Motors | 198 | ADD | 659,846 | 13,551 | 3,325 | 27. | 23.1 | 23.9 | 737.9 | (15.0) | 3.6 | 7.3 | 8.6 | 8.3 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 66.1 | 34.2 | 27.3 | 180 | (9.3) | 60.6 |
| Automobiles |  | Cautious | 2,728,368 | 56,330 |  |  |  |  | 82.8 | (4.5) | 12.6 | 13.3 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 31.1 | 24.5 | 22.8 |  |  |  |
| Banks/Financial Institutions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Andhra Bank | 119 | BuY | 66,478 | 1,365 | 560 | 22.6 | 24.2 | 27.5 | 5.0 | 6.9 | 13.5 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.3 | - | - | - | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 23.2 | 19.4 | 19.2 | 190 | 59.9 | 1.5 |
| Axis Bank | 1,159 | buy | 491,945 | 10,103 | 424 | 82.5 | 96.1 | 111.8 | 33.0 | 16.4 | 16.3 | 14.0 | 12.1 | 10.4 | - | - | - | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 19.3 | 19.8 | 19.6 | 1,500 | 29.4 | 57.1 |
| Bajaj Finsen | 542 | ADD | 78,402 | 1.610 | 145 | 78.2 | 62.7 | 61.4 | 102.3 | (19.8) | (2.1) | 6.9 | 8.6 | 8.8 | - | - | - | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 37.2 | 21.8 | 16.4 | 650 | 19.9 | 2.8 |
| Bank of Baroda | 771 | bur | 302,913 | 6,221 | 393 | 108.0 | 110.1 | 127.0 | 29.1 | 1.9 | 15.4 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.1 | - | - | - | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 25.9 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 1,100 | 42.6 | 7.4 |
| Bank of fidia | 333 | BuY | 182,087 | 3,739 | 547 | 45.5 | 54.0 | 70.7 | 37.4 | 18.7 | 30.9 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 4.7 | - | - | - | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 17.3 | 17.2 | 19.5 | 470 | 41.2 | 4.7 |
| Canara Bank | 467 | bur | 206,837 | 4,248 | 443 | 90.9 | 80.9 | 101.5 | 23.3 | (10.9) | 25.4 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 4.6 | - | - | - | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 23.2 | 16.7 | 18.1 | 550 | 17.8 | 7.0 |
| Corporation Bank | 426 | BuY | 63,074 | 1,295 | 148 | 95.4 | 94.0 | 109.2 | 16.3 | (1.5) | 16.1 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.9 | - | - | - | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 21.9 | 18.2 | 18.4 | 630 | 48.0 | 0.7 |
| Federal Bank | 416 | Bur | 71,070 | 1.459 | 171 | 34.3 | 43.1 | 55.1 | 26.3 | 25.7 | 27.7 | 12.1 | 9.6 | 7.5 | - | - | - | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 12.0 | 13.7 | 15.8 | 500 | 20.3 | 3.2 |
| HDFC | 689 | REDUCE | 1,010,474 | 20,751 | 1.467 | 24.1 | 27.8 | 31.6 | 22.4 | 15.4 | 13.7 | 28.6 | 24.8 | 21.8 | - | - | - | 5.8 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 21.7 | 22.1 | 21.3 | 725 | 5.2 | 39.9 |
| HDFC Bank | 490 | ADD | 1,139,803 | 23,407 | 2,326 | 16.9 | 22.0 | 28.1 | 31.0 | 30.2 | 27.8 | 29.0 | 22.3 | 17.4 | - | - | - | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 16.7 | 18.7 | 20.5 | 560 | 14.3 | 38.2 |
| ICICII Bank | 931 | Bur | 1,072,517 | 22,025 | 1,152 | 44.7 | 56.9 | 60.0 | 23.9 | 27.2 | 5.4 | 20.8 | 16.4 | 15.5 | - | - | - | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 9.7 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 1,100 | 18.1 | 82.6 |
| IDFC | 133 | вur | 199,899 | 4,105 | 1.509 | 8.8 | 9.9 | 12.0 | 4.6 | 12.8 | 21.6 | 15.1 | 13.4 | 11.0 | - | - | - | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 14.7 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 150 | 13.2 | 18.3 |
| India Ifoline | 74 | selu | 24,223 | 497 | 327 | 7.4 | 4.8 | 6.5 | (9.3) | (34.5) | 33.8 | 10.0 | 15.3 | 11.5 | - | - | - | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 12.9 | 8.7 | 10.3 | 70 | (5.5) | 1.0 |
| Indian Bank | 217 | BuY | 93,260 | 1,915 | 430 | 38.8 | 40.9 | 48.3 | 10.5 | 5.5 | 18.1 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 4.5 | - | - | - | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 22.3 | 19.9 | 20.1 | 300 | 38.2 | 1.3 |
| Indian Oversess Bank | 102 | Bur | 63,360 | 1,301 | 619 | 17.3 | 20.1 | 29.1 | 33.6 | 15.8 | 45.1 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 3.5 | - | - | - | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 16.3 | 160 | 56.3 | 1.6 |
| Indusind Bank | 287 | вur | 133,592 | 2,743 | 466 | 12.4 | 15.6 | 18.2 | 45.2 | 26.1 | 16.6 | 23.1 | 18.4 | 15.7 | - | - | - | 3.6 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 20.8 | 18.1 | 17.8 | 325 | 13.4 | 3.6 |
| Jsk Bank | 814 | ADD | 39,473 | 811 | 48 | 126.9 | 141.8 | 152.8 | 20.1 | 11.8 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 5.3 | - | - | - | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 19.0 | 18.4 | 17.3 | 950 | 16.7 | 0.6 |
| LC Housing Finance | 234 | ADD | 111,138 | 2,282 | 475 | 20.5 | 22.9 | 27.5 | 47.2 | 11.4 | 20.4 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 8.5 | - | - | - | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 25.8 | 23.7 | 23.9 | 260 | 11.1 | 18.4 |
| Mahindra \& Matindra Financial | 674 | Buy | 69,053 | 1.418 | 102 | 45.2 | 55.7 | 70.7 | 26.1 | 23.2 | 26.9 | 14.9 | 12.1 | 9.5 | - | - | - | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 22.0 | 21.1 | 22.8 | 825 | 22.4 | 1.0 |
| Muthoot inance | 184 | Bur | 68.303 | 1,403 | 371 | 15.7 | 21.6 | 26.7 | 108.4 | 37.1 | 23.7 | 11.7 | 8.5 | 6.9 | - | - | - | 5.1 | 2.3 | 1.7 | - | - | - | 51.5 | 36.7 | 28.1 | 230 | 25.1 | - |
| Oriental Bank of Commerce | 290 | BuY | 84,567 | 1.737 | 292 | 51.5 | 48.0 | 59.5 | 13.7 | (6.9) | 23.9 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 4.9 | - | - | - | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 15.5 | 12.1 | 13.6 | 430 | 48.4 | 3.4 |
| pfC | 150 | BuY | 197,924 | 4,065 | 1,320 | 22.8 | 23.4 | 28.3 | 11.1 | 2.4 | 21.3 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 5.3 | - | - | - | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 18.4 | 17.0 | 16.7 | 225 | 50.1 | 10.2 |
| Punjib National Bank | 976 | Bur | 309,288 | 6,352 | 317 | 140.0 | 163.0 | 20.5 | 13.0 | 16.5 | 23.6 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 4.8 | - | - | - | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 24.4 | 23.5 | 24.2 | 1,500 | 53.6 | 7.4 |
| Reliance Capital | 370 | REDUCE | 91,116 | 1.871 | 246 | 9.3 | 16.5 | 24.8 | (25.3) | 77.0 | 50.4 | 39.8 | 22.5 | 14.9 | - | - | - | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 5.7 | 8.3 | 470 | 27.0 | 30.2 |
| Rural Electrification Corp. | 181 | вur | 178,273 | 3,661 | 987 | 26.0 | 29.0 | 32.5 | 28.1 | 11.5 | 12.3 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 5.5 | - | - | - | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 21.5 | 20.8 | 20.4 | 240 | 32.9 | 8.4 |
| Shiram Tansport | 614 | Reduce | 136,996 | 2.811 | 223 | 55.1 | 65.6 | 75.3 | 40.8 | 19.0 | 14.8 | 11.1 | 9.4 | 8.2 | - | - | - | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 28.1 | 26.8 | 25.2 | 700 | 14.1 | 7.0 |
| SKS Microfinance | 202 | RS | 14,867 | 305 | 74 | 15.7 | (39.1) | 3.9 | (41.8) | (349.4) | (109.9) | 12.9 | (5.2) | 52.1 | - | - | - | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.9 | - | - | - | 8.3 | (17.4) | 1.9 | - | - | 2.4 |
| State Bank of India | 1.906 | Bur | 1,210,499 | 24,859 | 635 | 130.2 | 195.6 | 25.1 | (9.9) | 50.3 | 30.9 | 14.6 | 9.7 | 7.4 | - | - | - | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 12.6 | 17.8 | 20.0 | 2,750 | 44.3 | 138.6 |
| Union Bank | 226 | BuY | 118,447 | 2,432 | 524 | 39.5 | 43.0 | 56.1 | (3.9) | 9.0 | 30.3 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 4.0 | - | - | - | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 20.9 | 19.0 | 21.2 | 340 | 50.5 | 5.5 |
| Yes Bank | 314 | buy | 109,108 | 2,241 | 347 | 20.9 | 26.2 | 31.9 | 39.6 | 25.3 | 21.5 | 15.0 | 12.0 | 9.9 | - | - | - | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 21.1 | 21.8 | 21.9 | 420 | 33.6 | 17.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACC | 1.195 | sem | 224,526 | 4,611 | 188 | 55.6 | 60.1 | 72.7 | (33.2) | 8.2 | 20.9 | 21.5 | 19.9 | 16.4 | 13.3 | 11.2 | 8.8 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 17.5 | 17.3 | 18.1 | 980 | (18.0) | 7.0 |
| Ambuia Cements | 155 | selu | 236,425 | 4,855 | 1.522 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 9.8 | (1.5) | (0.5) | 25.5 | 19.7 | 19.8 | 15.8 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 8.5 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 16.6 | 14.8 | 16.9 | 135 | (13.1) | 6.9 |
| Grasim Industries | 2,480 | BuY | 227,507 | 4.672 | 92 | 232.0 | 254.4 | 27.5 | (22.9) | 9.7 | 6.7 | 10.7 | 9.7 | 9.1 | 6.5 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 15.7 | 15.0 | 14.1 | 2,900 | 16.9 | 3.8 |
| India Cements | 81 | ADD | 24,728 | 508 | 307 | 1.9 | 8.3 | 9.2 | (81.2) | 339.0 | 10.4 | 42.6 | 9.7 | 8.8 | 15.0 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 1.4 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 82 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| Shree Cement | 1.896 | REDUCE | 66,051 | 1,356 | 35 | 57.2 | 83.1 | 132.9 | (72.5) | 45.5 | 59.8 | 33.2 | 22.8 | 14.3 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 10.7 | 14.5 | 20.7 | 1,730 | (8.8) | 0.9 |
| Ultratech Cement | 1,153 | ADD | 315,859 | 6,486 | 274 | 44.9 | 75.7 | 89.7 | (49.2) | 68.7 | 18.5 | 25.7 | 15.2 | 12.9 | 12.5 | 8.1 | 6.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 16.7 | 17.8 | 17.9 | 1,220 | 5.8 | 3.8 |
| Cement |  | Neutral | 1,095,095 | 22,489 |  |  |  |  | (23.7) | 24.2 | 17.6 | 18.7 | 15.1 | 12.8 | 9.8 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 12.2 | 13.6 | 14.1 |  |  |  |

Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Kotak Institutional Equities: Valuation summary of key Indian companies

| Company | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{31-\text { Oct-11 }}{\text { Price (Rs) }} \end{aligned}$ | Rating | Mkt cap. |  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { o/s } \\ \text { shares } \end{array} \\ (m \mathrm{~m}) \end{gathered}$ | EPS (RS) |  |  | EPS growth (\%) |  |  | PER (X) |  |  | EV/ERITDA ( x ) |  |  | Price/Bv ( X ) |  |  | Dividend y yield (\%) |  |  | RoE (\%) |  |  | Target |  | ADVT-3mo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (RS mn) | (USS mn) |  | 2011 E | 2012 F | 2013 E | 20115 | 2012 E | 2013 E | 20115 | 2012 E | 2013 | 2011 E |  | 2013 E | E |  | 2013 E | 2011 E |  |  | 2011 | 2012E | 2013E | $\frac{(\mathrm{RS})}{}$ | (\%) | (USS mn) |
| Consumer products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian Paints | 3,160 | SEL | 303,063 | 6,224 | 96 | 80.8 | 97. | 111.8 | 13.0 | 20.1 | 15.2 | 39.1 | 32.6 | 28.3 | 26.1 | 22.3 | 17.6 | 14.8 | 11.3 | 9.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 43.9 | 40.8 | 36.6 | 2,900 | (8.2) | 4 |
| Colgate-Palmolive (India) | 1.002 | SEL | 136,285 | 2,799 | 136 | 29.6 | 32.5 | 39.1 | (4.9) | 9.9 | 20.3 | 33.9 | 30.8 | 25.6 | 29.5 | 26.4 | 21.3 | 35.5 | 36.1 | 28.8 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 113.4 | 116.1 | 124.9 | 900 | (10.2) | 1.5 |
| Dabur India | 101 | SEL | 176,300 | 3.620 | 1,740 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 20.6 | 31.0 | 27.5 | 22.8 | 25.0 | 20.7 | 17.3 | 13.4 | 10.4 | 8.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 51.2 | 43.3 | 40.8 | 110 | 8.6 | 2.9 |
| Glaxosmithkline Consumer (a) | 2,357 | ADD | 99,108 | 2.035 | 42 | 71.3 | 83.2 | 104.0 | 28.8 | 16.7 | 25.0 | 33.1 | 28.3 | 22.7 | 23.7 | 20.4 | 17.1 | 10.6 | 9.0 | 7.6 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 32.2 | 33.5 | 35.5 | 2,900 | 23.1 | 1.0 |
| Godre Consumer Products | 437 | ADD | 141,522 | 2,906 | 324 | 14.9 | 17.6 | 22.5 | 31.3 | 18.6 | 27.6 | 29.4 | 24.8 | 19.4 | 24.9 | 19.0 | 14.4 | 8.2 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 35.9 | 28.6 | 29.1 | 510 | 16.6 | 2.3 |
| Hindustan Unilever | 376 | ADD | 811,516 | 16,665 | 2,159 | 9.9 | 11.8 | 14.2 | 4.8 | 19.7 | 19.7 | 38.0 | 31.8 | 26.5 | 32.5 | 26.0 | 20.7 | 30.8 | 26.5 | 22.7 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 66.3 | 89.8 | 92.4 | 420 | 11.8 | 20.0 |
| ITC | 213 | ADD | 1,637,136 | 33,620 | 7.681 | 6.4 | 7.9 | 9.0 | 20.7 | 22.5 | 14.1 | 33.3 | 27.1 | 23.8 | 22.1 | 18.5 | 16.0 | 9.8 | 8.4 | 7.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 33.2 | 34.9 | 34.3 | 230 | 7.9 | 34.6 |
| Jubilant Foodworks | 807 | SELI | 52,803 | 1,084 | 65 | 11.2 | 16.6 | 24.1 | 99.6 | 48.6 | 45.1 | 72.0 | 48.5 | 33.4 | 44.0 | 26.8 | 18.7 | 27.5 | 17.6 | 11.5 | - | - | - | 46.6 | 44.2 | 41.6 | 750 | (7.1) | 31.0 |
| Jyothy Laboratories | 143 | ADD | 11,551 | 237 | 81 | 10.5 | 9.4 | 11.8 | (5.0) | (10.1) | 25.2 | 13.7 | 15.2 | 12.1 | 10.8 | 9.5 | 7.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 12.3 | 11.1 | 12.9 | 220 | 53.6 | 0.4 |
| Marico | 155 | ADD | 95,110 | 1,953 | 615 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 6.7 | (12.8) | 31.2 | 32.0 | 39.9 | 30.4 | 23.0 | 24.5 | 21.2 | 16.0 | 10.1 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 30.3 | 29.8 | 30.5 | 175 | 13.2 | 1.0 |
| Nestel India (a) | 4,244 | sell | 409,174 | 8.403 | 96 | 86.8 | 103.6 | 123.2 | 16.7 | 19.3 | 18.9 | 48.9 | 41.0 | 34.5 | 32.5 | 26.7 | 22.0 | 47.8 | 34.8 | 26.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 116.5 | 98.3 | 86.8 | 3,500 | (17.5) | 1.9 |
| Tata Global Eeverages | 93 | ADD | 57,264 | 1,176 | 618 | 4.0 | 5.6 | 6.6 | (34.6) | 42.6 | 16.8 | 23.4 | 16.4 | 14.0 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 7.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 6.5 | 8.9 | 10.0 | 110 | 18.8 | 3.8 |
| Titan Industries | 217 | ADD | 192,916 | 3,962 | 888 | 4.8 | 6.8 | 8.3 | 69.1 | 40.4 | 22.0 | 44.9 | 32.0 | 26.2 | 32.8 | 22.2 | 17.7 | 17.7 | 13.1 | 10.1 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 47.1 | 47.2 | 43.5 | 240 | 10.4 | 17.5 |
| United Spirits | 878 | ADD | 110,265 | 2,264 | 126 | 29.5 | 39.2 | 50.6 | 8.3 | 32.8 | 29.0 | 29.7 | 22.4 | 17.3 | 15.5 | 11.9 | 10.2 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 9.1 | 10.7 | 12.5 | 1,100 | 25.3 | 5.2 |
| Consumer products |  | Neutral | 4,234,013 | 86,950 |  |  |  |  | 15.6 | 21.2 | 18.5 | 35.4 | 29.3 | 24.7 | 24.7 | 20.3 | 16.8 | 10.9 | 9.3 | 8.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 30.7 | 31.8 | 32.4 |  |  |  |
| Constructions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NRCL | 42 | BuY | 11.081 | 228 | 267 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 6.6 | (25.2) | (4.1) | 15.6 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 8.2 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 75 | 80.7 | 5.3 |
| Nagariuna Construction Co. | 53 | bur | 13,663 | 281 | 257 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 7.7 | (29.7) | (7.8) | 30.8 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 100 | 87.8 | 1.3 |
| Punj Loyd | 59 | Reduce | 20,171 | 414 | 340 | (1.5) | 5.5 | 7.4 | (56.6) | (467.8) | 34.9 | (40.0) | 10.9 | 8.1 | 13.0 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | (0.1) | 0.8 | 1.1 | (1.7) | 6.1 | 7.7 | 65 | 9.4 | 5.1 |
| Sadbhev Engineering | 133 | Bur | 19.874 | 408 | 150 | 7.8 | 10.8 | 11.9 | 51.0 | 38.9 | 10.6 | 17.1 | 12.3 | 11.1 | 10.2 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 18.1 | 20.4 | 18.6 | 180 | 35.7 | 0.3 |
| Construction |  | Attractive | 64,789 | 1,331 |  |  |  |  | (1.1) | 67.6 | 23.4 | 16.7 | 10.0 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 4.8 | 7.6 | 8.7 |  |  |  |
| Energy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aban oftshore | 431 | BuY | 18,767 | 385 | 44 | 134.2 | 99.1 | 102.6 | 25.9 | (26.1) | 3.5 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 33.3 | 21.9 | 17.9 | 670 | 55.4 | 7.5 |
| Bharat Petroleum | 623 | ADD | 225,095 | 4.623 | 362 | 38.9 | 33.0 | 49.5 | (32.5) | (15.2) | 49.9 | 16.0 | 18.9 | 12.6 | 10.4 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 9.2 | 7.3 | 10.4 | 720 | 15.6 | 6.0 |
| Cairn india | 298 | Reduce | 567,342 | 11,651 | 1.902 | 33.3 | 40.4 | 49.3 | 501.1 | 21.2 | 22.2 | 9.0 | 7.4 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | - | 1.7 | 5.0 | 16.9 | 17.7 | 19.5 | 295 | (1.1) | 12.3 |
| Castrol India (a) | 493 | SELI | 121,822 | 2,502 | 247 | 19.8 | 19.7 | 21.6 | 28.5 | ${ }^{(0.6)}$ | 9.9 | 24.9 | 25.0 | 22.8 | 15.9 | 17.1 | 15.2 | 23.6 | 22.0 | 20.4 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 100.2 | 91.0 | 93.0 | 410 | (16.8) | 0.8 |
| GAlL (ndia) | 423 | Bur | 536,440 | 11,016 | 1,268 | 28.2 | 31.8 | 33.8 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 6.5 | 15.0 | 13.3 | 12.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 17.5 | 17.1 | 15.8 | 535 | 26.5 | 9.4 |
| GSPL | 100 | SEL | 56,118 | 1,152 | 563 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 21.7 | (4.0) | (1.2) | 11.2 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 25.2 | 19.3 | 16.4 | 92 | (7.8) | 3.5 |
| Hindustan Petroleum | 333 | ADD | 112,941 | 2.319 | 339 | 40.8 | 20.3 | 33.9 | (20.8) | (50.4) | 67.3 | 8.2 | 16.4 | 9.8 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 9.0 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 430 | 29.1 | 6.7 |
| Indian Oil Corporation | 291 | buy | 706,533 | 14,509 | 2,428 | 32.4 | 28.4 | 32.1 | (34.0) | (12.5) | 12.9 | 9.0 | 10.3 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 13.3 | 10.8 | 11.3 | 385 | 32.3 | 4.1 |
| Oil India | 1.299 | BuY | 312,308 | 6,414 | 240 | 120.0 | 171.7 | 190.1 | 4.2 | 43.1 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 5.4 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 16.2 | 20.1 | 19.4 | 1,750 | 34.7 | 1.9 |
| Oil \& Natural Gas Corporation | 278 | Bur | 2,375,440 | 48,782 | 8,556 | 24.7 | 37.2 | 40.8 | 7.4 | 50.8 | 9.7 | 11.3 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 14.3 | 19.1 | 18.3 | 380 | 36.9 | 25.7 |
| Petronet LNG | 161 | SELI | 120,938 | 2.884 | 750 | 8.1 | 13.3 | 12.8 | 50.3 | 64.1 | (3.5) | 19.9 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 11.5 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 20.9 | 28.1 | 21.9 | 135 | (16.3) | 9.6 |
| Reliance Industries | 878 | ADD | 2,615,977 | 53,722 | 2,981 | 62.0 | 70.3 | 71.1 | 24.8 | 13.5 | 1.1 | 14.2 | 12.5 | 12.3 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 12.0 | 1,000 | 14.0 | 9.1 |
| Industrials |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ABB | 710 | sell | 150,444 | 3,990 | 212 | 3.0 | 17.1 | 26.4 | (88.2) | 473.2 | 54.5 | 23.9 | 41.5 | 26.9 | 172.4 | 27.8 | 17.3 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 2.6 | 14.1 | 19.0 | 660 | (7.0) | 1.8 |
| BGR Energy Systems | 331 | reduce | 23,865 | 490 | 72 | 44.8 | 40.4 | 39.0 | 60.0 | (9.7) | (3.5) | 7.4 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 39.0 | 27.4 | 21.9 | 400 | 21.0 | 4.9 |
| Bharat Electronics | 1.566 | ADD | 125,276 | 2,573 | 80 | 107.3 | 127.2 | 134.5 | 11.6 | 18.6 | 5.7 | 14.6 | ${ }^{12.3}$ | 11.6 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 4.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 18.2 | 18.3 | 16.9 | 1.850 | 18.1 | 0.9 |
| Bharat Heary Electicials | 318 | Reduce | 777,847 | 15,974 | 2.448 | 24.6 | 25.3 | 27.5 | 39.7 | 3.0 | 8.5 | 12.9 | 12.6 | 11.6 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 33.3 | 27.6 | 24.6 | 360 | 13.3 | 24.9 |
| Crompton Greaves | 140 | ADD | 89,553 | 1.839 | 642 | 14.3 | 9.3 | 11.2 | 11.5 | (34.8) | 20.1 | 9.7 | 149 | 12.4 | 6.3 | 9.0 | 7.2 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 31.7 | 17.0 | 17.7 | 160 | 14.6 | 9.4 |
| Larsen \& Toubro | 1.413 | REDUCE | 860,396 | 17,669 | 609 | 67.7 | 78.3 | 87.5 | 18.1 | 15.6 | 11.8 | 20.9 | 18.1 | 16.1 | 15.0 | 11.6 | 10.6 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 17.0 | 16.3 | 15.5 | 1.425 | 0.8 | 72.1 |
| Maharastra Seamless | 337 | BuY | 23,744 | 488 | 71 | 46.1 | 41.6 | 46.7 | 19.3 | (9.7) | 12.3 | 7.3 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 13.3 | 11.1 | 11.5 | 460 | 36.6 | 0.3 |
| Siemens | 855 | SEL | 288,238 | 5.919 | 337 | 22.4 | 28.9 | 32.5 | 39.5 | 28.8 | 12.3 | 38.1 | 29.6 | 26.3 | 22.5 | 18.9 | 16.5 | 8.9 | 7.2 | 6.0 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 25.2 | 26.9 | 24.8 | 830 | (2.9) | 2.7 |
| Suzon Energy | 39 | Reduce | 67,290 | 1.382 | 1.746 | (6.0) | 1.9 | 3.8 | (4.6) | (132.4) | 96.6 | (6.4) | 19.8 | 10.1 | 20.0 | 7.3 | 6.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | - | 0.5 | 0.5 | (15.8) | 4.9 | 9.2 | 40 | 3.8 | 16.0 |
| Tecpro Systems | 222 | ADD | 11,180 | 230 | 50 | 27.0 | 29.4 | 32.7 | 24.2 | 8.9 | 11.4 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.2 | - | - | - | 26.8 | 20.5 | 19.6 | 300 | 35.4 | 0.1 |
| Thermax | 465 | ADD | 55,357 | 1.137 | 119 | 31.6 | 33.9 | 33.7 | 44.3 | 7.2 | (0.7) | 14.7 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 9.7 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 31.5 | 27.8 | 23.2 | 515 | 10.8 | 1.5 |
| volas | 100 | Bur | 33,008 | 678 | 331 | 9.8 | 8.8 | 9.5 | (14.3) | (9.9) | 7.5 | 10.2 | 11.3 | 10.5 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.7 | (0.0) | 26.1 | 19.8 | 18.3 | 135 | 35.3 | 3.3 |
| Industrials |  | Cautious | 2,506,200 | 51,467 |  |  |  |  | 25.5 | 19.1 | 12.6 | 19.0 | 16.0 | 14.2 | 12.1 | 10.1 | 8.9 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 17.7 | 17.8 | 17.3 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Container Corporation | 985 | ADD | 128,030 | 2.629 | 130 | 67.6 | 71.7 | 77.9 | 11.7 | 6.1 | 8.7 | 14.6 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 10.5 | 9.2 | 8.1 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 18.9 | 17.5 | 16.8 | 1,150 | 16.8 | 1.0 |
| GMR infastructure | 28 | RS | 101,770 | 2,090 | 3,667 | (0.0) | (0.4) | 0.5 | (102.0) | 3,980.8 | (24.5) | (3,201.5) | (78.5) | 54.7 | 12.8 | 11.1 | 8.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | - | - | - | (0.0) | (2.0) | 2.8 | - | - | 2.7 |
| Guirat Pipava Port | 72 | reduce | 30,306 | 622 | 424 | (1.2) | 1.2 | 2.6 | (65.8) | (195.8) | 129.7 | (59.6) | 62.2 | 27.1 | 30.2 | 20.1 | 13.3 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.4 | - | - | - | (9.1) | 8.9 | 13.7 | 75 | 4.8 | 0.9 |
| GVk Power \& Infastucture | 14 | RS | 22,425 | 461 | 1.579 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.3 | ${ }^{(0.6)}$ | 1.6 | (73.4) | 14.5 | 14.2 | 53.5 | 17.2 | 15.8 | 18.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | - | 2.1 | 2.5 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 1.2 | - | - | 3.4 |
| 1RB Infastructure | 164 | BuY | 54,624 | 1,122 | 332 | 13.6 | 12.1 | 15.7 | 30.4 | (10.7) | 29.1 | 12.1 | 13.5 | 10.5 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 6.3 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.9 | - | - | 19.3 | 13.4 | 13.4 | 200 | 21.7 | 7.0 |
| Mundra Port and SEZ | 164 | ADD | 330,761 | 6,792 | 2,017 | 4.6 | 6.8 | 10.5 | 36.3 | 50.3 | 53.2 | 36.0 | 24.0 | 15.6 | 28.8 | 19.4 | 13.8 | 7.6 | 6.0 | 4.6 | - | - | - | 23.2 | 28.0 | 33.5 | 175 | 6.7 | 5.5 |
| Infrastructure |  | Cautious | 667,916 | 13,7 |  |  |  |  | 16.9 | 18.8 | 42.9 | 28.4 | 23.9 | 16.7 | 15.9 | 13.1 | 10.4 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 12.1 |  |  |  |


| Company | $\frac{31-0 t-11}{\text { Price (Rs) }}$ | Rating | Mkt cap. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 0/5 } \\ \text { shares } \end{gathered}$ | EPS (RS) |  |  | EPS growth (\%) |  |  | PER(X) |  |  | EV/EBTITA ( X ) |  |  | Price/Bv ( X ) |  |  | Dividend yield (\%) |  |  | RoE (\%) |  |  | Target |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { price }}{\text { (Rs) }}$ |  |  |  | Upside | ${ }_{\text {ADVT-3mo }}^{\text {(USS mn) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Media |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DB Corp | 221 | BuY | 40,459 | 831 |  | 183 | 14.1 | 11.6 |  |  |  | 14.2 | 32.7 | (18.0) | 22.9 | 15.7 | 19.1 | 15.5 | 10.2 | 11.2 | 9.2 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 35.0 | 24.4 | 27.2 | 320 | 45.0 | 0.7 |
| Dishtv | 76 | ADD | 80,560 | 1,654 | 1,062 | (1.7) | 0.3 | 1.2 | (32.4) | (119.5) | 282.3 | (44.5) | 233.7 | 61.1 | 37.6 | 16.6 | 11.9 | 36.1 | 31.3 | 20.7 | - | - | - | (56.9) | 14.3 | 40.8 | 95 | 25.2 | 6.2 |
| Eros Interational | 255 | ADD | 24,691 | 507 | 97 | 11.8 | 15.8 | 19.9 | 19.0 | 34.0 | 25.9 | 21.6 | 16.1 | 12.8 | 15.1 | 11.4 | 8.3 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.4 | - | - | - | 24.9 | 20.2 | 20.5 | 270 | 6.0 | 2.6 |
| Hindustan Media Ventures | 132 | BuY | 9,721 | 200 | 73 | 7.3 | 10.1 | 12.2 | 198.0 | 39.0 | 20.6 | 18.1 | 13.1 | 10.8 | 8.7 | 7.4 | 5.5 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 23.3 | 17.9 | 18.4 | 220 | 66.1 | 0.1 |
| нт Media | 143 | ADD | 33,687 | 692 | 235 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 10.4 | 24.8 | 11.7 | 22.2 | 18.8 | 16.8 | 13.8 | 8.8 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 14.9 | 13.8 | 15.9 | 190 | 32.5 | 0.2 |
| Jagran Prakashan | 109 | BuY | 34,440 | 707 | 316 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 8.0 | 16.7 | (1.4) | 18.7 | 16.0 | 16.2 | 13.7 | 9.5 | 9.3 | 7.9 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 32.8 | 28.5 | 30.8 | 160 | 46.9 | 0.2 |
| Sun TV Network | 260 | buy | 102,520 | 2,105 | 394 | 19.5 | 21.0 | 25.1 | 48.1 | 7.7 | 19.2 | 13.3 | 12.4 | 10.4 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 5.9 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 5.4 | 36.5 | 33.4 | 34.8 | 440 | 69.1 | 6.3 |
| Zee Entertaiment Enterpises | 122 | buy | 119,263 | 2,449 | 978 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 7.7 | 10.0 | 6.4 | 23.3 | 20.9 | 19.6 | 15.9 | 14.0 | 12.9 | 10.2 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 14.2 | 14.3 | 16.9 | 160 | 31.3 | 3.9 |
| Media |  | Neutral | 445,340 | 9,145 |  |  |  |  | 51.8 | 17.1 | 25.2 | 22.4 | 19.2 | 15.3 | 12.1 | 10.4 | 8.3 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 18.3 | 19.5 | 22.2 |  |  |  |
| Metals \& Mining |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal India | 332 | ADD | 2,097,033 | 43,065 | 6,316 | 17.3 | 24.1 | 29.3 | 13.6 | 39.1 | 21.9 | 19.2 | 13.8 | 11.3 | 11.2 | 8.1 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 35.1 | 38.2 | 36.7 | 454 | 36.7 | 36.9 |
| Hindalco industries | 136 | ADD | 260,331 | 5,346 | 1,915 | 12.8 | 18.3 | 17.6 | (36.0) | 43.3 | (4.0) | 10.6 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 9.7 | 11.4 | 10.0 | 175 | 28.7 | 29.1 |
| Hindustan Zinc | 126 | ADD | 530,600 | 10,898 | 4,225 | 11.6 | 12.6 | 13.8 | 21.8 | 8.0 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 10.0 | 9.1 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 24.3 | 21.7 | 20.2 | 140 | 11.5 | 2.7 |
| Jindal Steel and Power | 563 | REDUCE | 525,990 | 10,794 | 934 | 40.2 | 41.5 | 47.9 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 15.5 | 14.0 | 13.5 | 11.7 | 10.3 | 9.6 | 8.7 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 30.9 | 24.5 | 22.6 | 565 | 0.4 | 26.7 |
| sw Steel | 654 | Sell | 147,691 | 3,033 | 226 | 78.6 | 43.9 | 92.2 | (2.2) | (44.2) | 110.1 | 8.3 | 14.9 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 6.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 13.6 | 8.9 | 11.5 | 560 | (14.3) | 39.8 |
| National Aluminium Co. | 64 | sell | 164,943 | 3,387 | 2,577 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 36.3 | 20.5 | (4.1) | 15.4 | 12.8 | 13.4 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 9.9 | 11.1 | 10.0 | 65 | 1.6 | 0.4 |
| Sesa Goa | 207 | REDUCE | 185,516 | 3,810 | 895 | 47.0 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 59.8 | (16.4) | 0.2 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 36.8 | 19.5 | 17.6 | 215 | 3.7 | 16.9 |
| Sterlite Industies | 127 | BuY | 428,049 | 8,790 | 3,361 | 15.2 | 12.9 | 13.9 | 26.2 | (14.6) | 7.6 | 8.4 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 3.7 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 13.0 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 165 | 29.6 | 19.2 |
| Tata Steel | 483 | buy | 468,997 | 9,631 | 971 | 75.3 | 68.7 | 76.9 | $(2,258.1)$ | (8.8) | 12.0 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 5.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 24.7 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 625 | 29.5 | 52.2 |
| Metals $\&$ Mining |  | Attractive | 4,888,810 | 98,754 |  |  |  |  | 39.1 | 9.4 | 13.0 | 11.6 | 10.6 | 9.4 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 19.0 | 17.7 | 17.2 |  |  |  |
| Pharmaceutical |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apollo Hospitals | 520 | ADD | 72,204 | 1,483 | 139 | 13.2 | 17.8 | 21.4 | 21.0 | 34.5 | 19.9 | 39.3 | 29.2 | 24.3 | 17.9 | 13.6 | 11.2 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | - | - | - | 9.8 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 650 | 25.0 | 1.6 |
| Biocon | 351 | BuY | 70,220 | 1,442 | 200 | 18.4 | 19.4 | 21.4 | 23.9 | 5.6 | 10.3 | 19.1 | 18.1 | 16.4 | 11.0 | 10.4 | 9.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 2.8 | - | - | - | 19.4 | 17.9 | 17.4 | 445 | 26.7 | 2.0 |
| Cipla | 295 | REDUCE | 237,183 | 4.871 | 803 | 12.3 | 15.0 | 16.5 | (10.0) | 21.8 | 9.8 | 24.0 | 19.7 | 17.9 | 20.7 | 14.3 | 12.2 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 15.4 | 16.6 | 16.4 | 310 | 4.9 | 8.0 |
| Cadia Healthcare | 765 | REDUCE | 156,715 | 3,218 | 205 | 34.7 | 38.2 | 45.1 | 40.6 | 9.9 | 18.2 | 22.0 | 20.0 | 17.0 | 19.1 | 16.3 | 12.8 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 37.5 | 31.7 | 29.6 | 900 | 17.6 | 1.8 |
| Dishman Pharma \& chemicals | 52 | REDUCE | 4,225 | 87 | 81 | 9.8 | 8.0 | 8.7 | (31.8) | (18.3) | 8.0 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 7.7 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | - | - | - | 9.6 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 70 | 34.7 | 0.1 |
| Divi's Laboratores | 771 | ADD | 102,87 | 2,01 | 133 | 32.4 | 36.7 | 45.0 | 25.7 | 13.5 | 22.4 | 23.8 | 21.0 | 17.1 | 19.7 | 15.1 | 12.4 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 4.2 | - | - | - | 25.9 | 25.0 | 26.2 | 830 | 7.7 | 2.0 |
| Dr Reddy's Laboratories | 1,671 | REDUCE | 283,961 | 5,831 | 170 | 64.9 | 82.8 | 98.9 | 932.5 | 27.5 | 19.4 | 25.7 | 20.2 | 16.9 | 18.0 | 13.5 | 11.2 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 24.8 | 27.1 | 25.8 | 1,660 | (0.6) | 10.7 |
| Glaxosmithkine Pharmaceuticals (a) | 2,058 | Reduce | 174,285 | 3,579 | 85 | 68.3 | 78.2 | 88.6 | 15.5 | 14.6 | 13.3 | 30.1 | 26.3 | 23.2 | 20.0 | 17.7 | 15.2 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 30.9 | 32.6 | 33.9 | 2,220 | 7.9 | 1.4 |
| Glenmark Pharmaceuticals | 309 | ADD | 83,599 | 1,717 | 270 | 17.0 | 26.2 | 23.5 | 33.6 | 54.5 | (10.3) | 18.2 | 11.8 | 13.2 | 20.4 | 13.6 | 11.6 | 4.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 | - | - | - | 20.6 | 29.8 | 21.2 | 395 | 27.8 | 3.6 |
| Jubiant Life Sciences | 196 | REDUCE | 31,271 | 642 | 159 | 14.4 | 16.5 | 22.7 | (45.6) | 14.5 | 37.6 | 13.6 | 11.9 | 8.6 | 11.0 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 12.3 | 11.7 | 14.2 | 205 | 4.4 | 0.7 |
| Lupin | 470 | ADD | 210,740 | 4,328 | 448 | 19.2 | 22.3 | 26.3 | 25.6 | 15.9 | 18.0 | 24.4 | 21.1 | 17.9 | 20.5 | 17.7 | 13.0 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 29.5 | 27.5 | 25.7 | 530 | 12.7 | 8.8 |
| Ranbaxy Laboratories | 502 | SEll | 212,423 | 4,362 | 423 | 40.6 | 16.9 | 20.8 | 475.0 | (58.3) | 22.7 | 12.4 | 29.6 | 24.2 | 15.1 | 25.7 | 20.0 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 2.9 | - | - | - | 34.5 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 435 | (13.4) | 7.2 |
| Sun Pharmaceuticals | 504 | ADD | 522,408 | 10,728 | 1.036 | 17.5 | 20.1 | 24.3 | 34.4 | 14.8 | 20.8 | 28.8 | 25.1 | 20.7 | 24.5 | 19.7 | 16.0 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 21.0 | 20.2 | 20.7 | 560 | 11.0 | 11.6 |
| Pharmaceuticals |  | Cautious | 2,161,521 | 44,389 |  |  |  |  | 43.1 | 7.1 | 16.7 | 22.6 | 21.1 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 15.0 | 12.2 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 16.0 | 14.6 | 14.7 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DLF | 242 | buy | 415,184 | 8.526 | 1,715 | 9.1 | 11.9 | 15.7 | (14.5) | 31.3 | 31.8 | 26.7 | 20.3 | 15.4 | 17.1 | 13.5 | 10.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 7.5 | 9.2 | 270 | 11.5 | 34.6 |
| Housing Development \& infastucture | 100 | BuY | 44,389 | 912 | 445 | 19.8 | 28.7 | 34.3 | 24.0 | 44.8 | 19.7 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | - | 1.0 | 1.5 | 10.0 | 12.3 | 12.7 | 150 | 50.4 | 19.6 |
| Indiabuls Real Estate | 75 | RS | 30,148 | 619 | 402 | 4.0 | 8.5 | 15.4 | $(1,095.5)$ | 114.1 | 81.5 | 18.9 | 8.8 | 4.9 | 13.4 | 10.7 | 4.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 5.0 | - | - | 8.2 |
| Mahindra Life Space Developer | 306 | BuY | 12,504 | 257 | 41 | 24.9 | 30.8 | 37.5 | 30.2 | 23.7 | 21.6 | 12.3 | 9.9 | 8.2 | 9.3 | 6.7 | 5.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 10.4 | 11.6 | 12.7 | 450 | 46.9 | 0.2 |
| Oberoi Realty | 234 | BuY | 77,227 | 1,586 | 330 | 15.7 | 17.2 | 27.4 | 14.8 | 9.7 | 59.3 | 14.9 | 13.6 | 8.5 | 11.0 | 9.5 | 5.1 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 19.9 | 15.8 | 21.4 | 310 | 32.3 | 0.3 |
| Phoenix Mills | 201 | buy | 29,128 | 598 | 145 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 10.7 | 53.0 | 17.2 | 44.1 | 31.8 | 27.1 | 18.8 | 23.5 | 19.6 | 14.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 8.9 | 300 | 49.2 | 0.2 |
| Puravankara Projects | 80 | ADD | 17,074 | 351 | 213 | 5.5 | 9.0 | 10.9 | (18.9) | 62.8 | 21.5 | 14.5 | 8.9 | 7.3 | 19.1 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 8.0 | 12.0 | 13.1 | 80 |  | 0.0 |
| Sobha Developers | 254 | BuY | 24,943 | 512 | 98 | 18.8 | 20.6 | 27.2 | 33.8 | 9.2 | 32.2 | 13.5 | 12.4 | 9.4 | 11.7 | 10.6 | 7.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 12.4 | 370 | 45.5 | 0.6 |
| Unitech | 30 | RS | 78,358 | 1,609 | 2,616 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.7 | (23.4) | 12.8 | 4.9 | 12.9 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 14.3 | 11.6 | 9.5 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | - | 0.7 | 1.0 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.4 | - | - | 14.4 |
| Property |  | Cautious | 766,08 | 15,74 |  |  |  |  | 5.3 | 42.1 | 31.3 | 17.9 | 12.6 | 9.6 | 13.9 | 10.1 | 7.5 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 6.1 | 8.0 | 9.5 |  |  |  |

Kotak Institutional Equities: Valuation summary of key Indian companies


Notes:
(a) For banks we have used adisted book values.
(b) 2010 means calendar 1 and 2012 for ese particular compan

Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates
"Each of the analysts named below hereby certifies that, with respect to each subject company and its securities for which the analyst is responsible in this report, (1) all of the views expressed in this report accurately reflect his or her personal views about the subject companies and securities, and (2) no part of his or her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed in this report: Kawaljeet Saluja, Indranil Pan, Hitesh Goel, Manoj Menon, M.B. Mahesh, Gundeep Singh, Jasdeep Walia, Supriya Subramanian. "


Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

## Ratings and other definitions/identifiers

Definitions of ratings
BUY. We expect this stock to deliver more than $17.5 \%$ returns over the next 12 months.
ADD. We expect this stock to deliver 7.5-17.5\% returns over the next 12 months.
REDUCE. We expect this stock to deliver 0-7.5\% returns over the next 12 months.
SELL. We expect this stock to deliver less than 0\% returns over the next 12 months.
Our target prices are also on a 12-month horizon basis.

## Other definitions

Coverage view. The coverage view represents each analyst's overall fundamental outlook on the Sector. The coverage view will consist of one of the following designations: Attractive, Neutral, Cautious.

## Other ratings/identifiers

NR = Not Rated. The investment rating and target price, if any, have been suspended temporarily. Such suspension is in compliance with applicable regulation(s) and/or Kotak Securities policies in circumstances when Kotak Securities or its affiliates is acting in an advisory capacity in a merger or strategic transaction involving this company and in certain other circumstances.

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NC $=$ Not Covered. Kotak Securities does not cover this company.
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[^1]:    Source: Company

[^2]:    Source: Company, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

[^3]:    Source: Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

[^4]:    Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

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[^10]:    Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities

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[^27]:    Source: Kotak Institutional Equities

[^28]:    Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

[^29]:    Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities

[^30]:    Source: Indian Ports Association, Company

[^31]:    Source: Company, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

[^32]:    Source Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research

